The City Of New York Office of the Comptroller John C. Liu, Comptroller



# QUARTERLY CASH REPORT

January-March 2010
Third Quarter of FY 2010

## Summary

#### Overview

- The opening daily cash balance for the third quarter of FY 2010 was \$5.092 billion, or \$2.272 billion more than the \$2.820 billion of cash-on-hand at the start of the third quarter of FY 2009. It was, however, the lowest third quarter level in all other years since the opening balance of the third quarter of FY 2005. Opening balances for the third quarter of the City's fiscal year are affected by the timing of real property tax collections. The opening balance for the third quarter of FY 2010 also included the impact of the implementation of an upgrade to the City's Financial Management System (FMS3) and a delay in state aid. The third quarter of FY 2010 closing daily cash balance of \$6.188 billion was the lowest closing balance since the third quarter of FY 2004. The closing balances for the third quarter of the City's fiscal year include state aid received by the City due to the end of the state's fiscal year.
- o The average daily cash balance of \$5.426 billion for the third quarter of FY 2010 was \$110 million less than the average daily cash balance for the third quarter of FY 2009. Daily cash balances during the third quarter of FY 2010 were above the levels in the third quarter of FY 2009 until mid-January when they dipped under and then remained lower, with a few exceptions, through the end of the quarter. The average daily cash balance during the third quarter of FY 2010 was the lowest since the third quarter of FY 2004.
- Daily cash balances during the first nine months of FY 2001-FY 2004, inclusive of short-term borrowings, were well below the levels of daily cash balances during the first nine months of FY 2005-FY 2010 when short-term borrowing was not required to meet operating needs. Total cash receipts exceeded total cash expenditures during the first nine months of eight of the last ten years. The average daily cash balance increased during the first nine months of each year from \$2.102 billion in the first nine months of FY 2001 to \$6.882 billion in the first nine months of FY 2010.

#### **Cash Receipts**

- Cash receipts totaled \$18.439 billion and averaged \$302 million daily during the third quarter of FY 2010. This was an increase of \$2.061 billion in total receipts and \$38 million in average daily cash receipts compared with the third quarter of FY 2006, and a decrease of \$4.053 billion in total receipts and \$67 million in average daily receipts from the third quarter of FY 2009.
- The decrease of \$4.053 billion in cash receipts during the third quarter of FY 2010 from the third quarter of FY 2009 was mostly attributable to lower real property taxes (\$1.977 billion), federal and state aid (\$1.057 billion), miscellaneous (\$107 million), and other receipts (\$1.029 billion). The tax bills for semi-annual and third quarter real property tax collections were available in November of FY 2010 compared with FY 2009 when delayed billing resulted in higher collections in the third quarter. Federal aid in the third quarter of FY 2010 was \$310 million more than in the third quarter of FY 2009. This was offset by \$1.367 billion in lower state aid in the third quarter of FY 2010 mostly due to the state's cash flow problems. During the third quarter of FY 2010, NYS education aid did not include a June advance payment. In the third quarter of FY 2009, the City received a June education advance of \$772 million. Miscellaneous receipts included \$134 million from the Battery Park City Authority during the third quarter of FY 2010. This increase was offset by lower senior and community college fees than in the third quarter of FY 2009 and the receipt in the third quarter of FY 2009 of \$175 million in restitution settlements. The decrease in other receipts during the third quarter of FY 2010 compared with the same period in FY 2009, included lower

- reimbursements to the New York City Central Treasury for capital expenditures.
- Total daily cash receipts of \$55.004 billion for the first nine months of FY 2010 were \$6.625 billion, or 14 percent, more than in the first nine months of FY 2006 and \$2.299 billion, or 4 percent, less than in the first nine months of FY 2009. Average daily cash receipts increased \$36 million in the first nine months of FY 2010 compared with the first nine months of FY 2006 and decreased \$12 million from the first nine months of FY 2009. The three largest sources of cash receipts, real property tax, personal income tax, and NYS education aid, accounted for 39 percent of total receipts in the first nine months of FY 2010 and 40 percent during the first nine months of the last five years. Excluding reimbursements for capital expenditures daily cash receipts were \$1.170 billion less during the first nine months of FY 2010 than in the same months of FY 2009.
- o In the first nine months of FY 2010, the City received \$592 million identified as federal stimulus funding, excluding capital. The largest portion of funding was \$413 million for education.

#### **Cash Expenditures**

- Cash expenditures, including capital expenditures, totaled \$17.343 billion and averaged \$284 million daily during the third quarter of FY 2010. Total cash expenditures and average daily cash expenditures increased \$1.842 billion and \$34 million compared with the third quarter of FY 2006, and decreased \$207 million and \$4 million from the third quarter of FY 2009.
- o Personal service expenditures include gross payroll and other personal services. Personal service expenditures totaling \$8.586 billion in the third quarter of FY 2010 were \$756 million more than in the third quarter of FY 2006 and \$115 million less than in the third quarter of FY 2009. Fluctuations in personal service expenditures include changes to salaries and headcount. Gross payroll was \$5.603 billion and accounted for 65 percent of personal services in the third quarter of FY 2010, increasing 4 percent over the third quarter of FY 2006 and decreasing 4 percent from the third quarter of FY 2009. The third quarter of FY 2009 included collective bargaining increases and 4,565 more employees. Other personal services have been growing at a faster pace than gross payroll. Other personal services were \$2.983 billion and accounted for 35 percent of personal services in the third quarter of FY 2010, increasing 23 percent and 4 percent over the third quarters of FY 2006 and FY 2009.
- Other-than-personal-service expenditures totaling \$5.391 billion in the third quarter of FY 2010 increased \$112 million, or 2 percent, and decreased \$454 million, or 8 percent, compared with the third quarters of FY 2006 and FY 2009. The components of other-than-personal-services are public assistance, medical assistance, other social services, and vendor and other. In the five-year period from the third quarter of FY 2006 to the third quarter of FY 2010, public assistance increased 4 percent, medical assistance decreased 2 percent, other social services decreased 11 percent, and vendor and other increased 5 percent. The implementation of FMS3 moved payments from the third quarter of FY 2010 to the second quarter of FY 2010. In the third quarter of FY 2010 compared with the third quarter of FY 2009, public assistance was \$30 million greater, medical assistance was \$272 million less after reduction for federal stimulus funding, other social services were \$109 million less, and vendor and other was \$103 million less.
- o Cash expenditures of \$54.655 billion in the first nine months of FY 2010 were \$8.068 billion, or 17 percent, more than in the first nine months of FY 2006 and \$126 million, or less than 1 percent, more than in the first nine months of FY 2009. Average daily cash expenditures increased \$44 million during the first nine months of FY 2010 compared with the first nine months of FY 2006 and \$1 million over the first nine months of FY 2009. Daily expenditures

as a percent of daily cash balances during the first nine months of FY 2010 increased by 5 percentage points over the first nine months of FY 2006 and 3 percentage points over the same nine months of FY 2009. During the first nine months of FY 2006-FY 2010, personal service expenditures grew 14 percent and were 49 percent of total expenditures, and other-than-personal-service expenditures grew 12 percent and were 34 percent of total expenditures. Excluding capital expenditures, cash expenditures were \$654 million less in the first nine months of FY 2010 than in the first nine months of FY 2009.

o Through the first nine months of FY 2010, \$756 million in cash expenditures have been identified as eligible for federal stimulus funding as follows: \$489 million in personal service expenditures, \$229 million in other-than-personal-service expenditures, and \$38 million in capital expenditures.

## **Capital Expenditures and Reimbursements**

- O During the third quarter of FY 2010, total capital expenditures of \$2.260 billion, inclusive of City-funded capital expenditures, were 13 percent of total cash expenditures compared with 9 percent in the third quarter of FY 2006 and 11 percent in the third quarter of FY 2009. Total capital expenditures were \$840 million and \$318 million greater than during the third quarters of FY 2006 and FY 2009. In the third quarter of FY 2010, the City-funded portion of capital expenditures totaled \$2.108 billion, \$794 million and \$681 million more than during the third quarters of FY 2006 and FY 2009. Payments to the School Construction Authority totaled \$800 million (\$742 million were City-funded) in the third quarter of FY 2006 and \$400 million (\$11 million were City-funded) in the third quarter of FY 2009.
- o In the first nine months of FY 2010, total capital expenditures of \$7.488 billion were \$2.936 billion and \$780 million greater than in the first nine months of FY 2006 and FY 2009. The City-funded portion of these expenditures was \$2.599 billion and \$2.423 billion greater than in FY 2006 and FY 2009. The City paid the School Construction Authority \$1.4 billion, \$2 billion, and \$2.250 billion in the first nine months of FY 2006, FY 2009, and FY 2010. These payments were 31 percent, 30 percent, and 30 percent of total capital expenditures in the first nine months of FY 2006, FY 2009, and FY 2010. In FY 2007, capital expenditures in the City's Five-Year Educational Facilities Capital Plan were reclassified in the most part from City to non City-funded capital expenditures. However, in the first nine months of FY 2010, School Construction Authority payments relating to the remainder of this Plan were City-funded.
- All capital expenditures are initially paid from the New York City Central Treasury and then reimbursed mostly from the proceeds of general obligation, Transitional Finance Authority, and New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority debt and Expanding Our Children's Education and Learning (EXCEL) capital grant funds from the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York. During the third quarter of FY 2010, reimbursements of \$1.341 billion were 62 percent of reimbursable capital expenditures and 7 percent of total cash receipts. This compares with reimbursements of \$953 million in the third quarter of FY 2006 that were 73 percent of reimbursable capital expenditures and 6 percent of total cash receipts and \$2.451 billion in the third quarter of FY 2009 that were 135 percent of reimbursable capital expenditures and 11 percent of total cash receipts. Reimbursements during the first nine months of FY 2010 were \$6.402 billion, \$2.779 billion more and \$1.127 billion less than in the first nine months of FY 2006 and FY 2009. During the first nine months of FY 2006 and FY 2010, reimbursements were \$587 million and \$634 million less than reimbursable capital expenditures, while in the first nine months of FY 2009, they were \$1.252 billion greater. In the first nine months of FYs 2006 through FY 2010, general obligation bonds funded 42 percent, New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority proceeds 28 percent, Transitional Finance Authority debt 14 percent, and

Transitional Finance Authority Building Aid bonds and the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York funding 16 percent of reimbursements. In the first nine months of FY 2010, general obligation debt funded 35 percent, New York City Municipal Finance Authority proceeds 32 percent, Transitional Finance Authority debt 30 percent, and Transitional Finance Authority Building Aid bonds and the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York funding 3 percent of reimbursements.

## **Financings**

- O The City issued \$900 million of general obligation bonds during the third quarter of FY 2010, bringing the total for the first nine months of FY 2010 to \$4.518 billion. The \$900 million funded the City's capital program and consisted of \$31 million of tax-exempt fixed rate, \$150 million of tax-exempt adjustable rate, \$75 million of taxable fixed rate, and \$644 million of taxable fixed rate Build America Bonds.
- o In the third quarter of FY 2010, the Transitional Finance Authority sold \$1.4 billion in debt as follows: \$148 million of tax-exempt adjustable rate, \$130 million of taxable fixed rate, and \$622 million of taxable fixed rate Build America Bonds to fund the City's capital program and \$500 million of tax-exempt fixed rate bonds to refund outstanding debt yielding \$39 million in budget savings over the life of the bonds. The total debt issued by the Transitional Finance Authority in the first nine months of FY 2010 was \$3.956 billion.

## **List of Tables**

Table 1. Cash Position in the New York City Central Treasury, 3QFY01-3QFY10	7
Table 2. Average Daily Cash Balances in the New York City Central Treasury, 3QFY01-	
3QFY10	7
Table 3. Cash Position in the New York City Central Treasury, YTDFY01-YTDFY10	
Table 4. Average Daily Cash Balances in the New York City Central Treasury, YTDFY01-	0
YTDFY10	9
Table 5. Total and Average Daily Cash Receipts, 3QFY06-3QFY10	
Table 6. Cash Receipts by Category, 3QFY09 and 3QFY10	
Table 7. Cash Receipts by Category, 3QFY01-3QFY10	
Table 8. Major Tax Receipts, 3QFY01, 3QFY06, 3QFY09, and 3QFY10	
Table 9. Major Cash Sources by Month, 3QFY10	
Table 10. Selected Cash Receipts, 3QFY06-3QFY10	
* ~ ~	
Table 11. Total and Average Daily Cash Receipts, YTDFY06-YTDFY10	
Table 12. Selected Cash Receipts, YTDFY06-YTDFY10	. 14
Table 13. Cash Receipts, Net of Reimbursements for Capital Expenditures, YTDFY10	15
YTDFY10Table 14. Total and Average Daily Cash Expenditures, 3QFY06-3QFY10	15
Table 15. Cash Expenditures by Category, 3QFY09 and 3QFY10	
1	
Table 16. PS Cash Expenditures and Headcount, 3QFY01-3QFY10	
Table 17. OTPS Cash Expenditures, 3QFY01-3QFY10	
Table 18. Total and Average Daily Cash Expenditures, YTDFY06-YTDFY10	
Table 19. Daily Expenditures as a Percent of Daily Cash Balances, YTDFY01-YTDFY10	
Table 20. PS and OTPS Cash Expenditures, YTDFY06-YTDFY10	
Table 21. Cash Expenditures, Net of Capital Expenditures, YTDFY09 and YTDFY10	
Table 22. Capital Expenditures as a Percent of Total Expenditures, 3QFY01-3QFY10	. 20
Table 23. Total Capital Expenditures and Average Daily Total Capital Expenditures,	
3QFY06-3QFY10	. 21
Table 24. City-funded Capital Expenditures and Average Daily City-funded Capital	
Expenditures, 3QFY06-3QFY10	
Table 25. Payments to the SCA, 3QFY01-3QFY10	
Table 26. Reimbursements to the New York City Central Treasury for Capital Expenditures	Ι,
<i>3QFY10</i>	. 22
Table 27. Reimbursements to the New York City Central Treasury for Capital Expenditures	,
<i>3QFY01-3QFY10</i>	
Table 28. Percent of Reimbursements by Debt Category, 3QFY01-3QFY10, 3QFY06-3QFY	′ <i>10</i> ,
and 3QFY10	. 23
Table 29. Capital Expenditures, YTDFY09 and YTDFY10	. 23
Table 30. Total Capital Expenditures and Average Daily Total Capital Expenditures,	
YTDFY06-YTDFY10	. 24
Table 31. City-funded Capital Expenditures and Average Daily City-funded Capital	
Expenditures, YTDFY06-YTDFY10	. 24
Table 32. Payments to the SCA, YTDFY01-YTDFY10	. 24
Table 33. Reimbursements to the New York City Central Treasury for Capital Expenditures	. <del></del> !.
YTDFY01-YTDFY10	
Table 34. Percent of Reimbursements by Debt Category, YTDFY01-YTDFY10, YTDFY06-	
YTDFY10, and YTDFY10	. 26
,	

Table 35. GO and TFA Issues, YTDFY06-YTDFY10	26
Table 36. GO Bond Issues, YTDFY09 and YTDFY10	27
Table 37. Budget Savings from GO Refundings, YTDFY06-YTDFY10	27
List of Charts	
Chart 1. Daily Cash Balances in the New York City Central Treasury, 3QFY01, 3QFY06,	
<i>3QFY09, and 3QFY10</i>	8
Chart 2. Cash Position in the New York City Central Treasury, YTDFY01-YTDFY10	9
Chart 3. Daily Expenditures as a Percent of Daily Cash Balances, YTDFY01-YTDFY10	19
Chart 4. Total Capital Expenditures as a Percent of Total Expenditures, 3QFY01-3QFY10.	20
Chart 5. Reimbursements for City-funded Capital Expenditures and TFA Building Aid &	
DASNY funded SCA Expenditures, YTDFY06-YTDFY10	26

## I. Cash Balances<sup>1</sup>

## A. <u>OVERVIEW</u>

## 1. January-March 2010, Third Quarter of FY 2010 (3QFY10)

The cash position in the New York City Central Treasury during the 3QFY01-3QFY10 is shown in Tables 1 and 2.

Table 1. Cash Position in the New York City Central Treasury, 3QFY01-3QFY10

(\$ in millions)

	3QFY01	3QFY02	3QFY03	3QFY04	3QFY05	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10
Opening Balance	\$ 1,795	\$ 1,768	\$ 2,719	\$ 4,142	\$ 4,959	\$ 7,745	\$ 6,856	\$ 6,750	\$ 2,820	\$ 5,092
Total Receipts	14,121	13,035	12,648	15,006	17,204	16,378	20,031	20,539	22,492	18,439
Total Expenditures <sup>a</sup>	11,096	12,037	12,766	14,092	13,813	15,501	15,953	17,232	17,550	17,343
Closing Balance	\$ 4,820	\$ 2,766	\$ 2,601	\$ 5,056	\$ 8,350	\$ 8,622	\$10,934	\$10,057	\$ 7,762	\$ 6,188

a. Total expenditures include capital expenditures.

Table 2. Average Daily Cash Balances in the New York City Central Treasury, 3QFY01-30FY10

(\$ in millions)

	3QFY01	3QFY02	3QFY03	3QFY04	3QFY05	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10
January	\$3,248	\$3,602	\$3,812	\$5,805	\$6,563	\$8,258	\$9,293	\$8,768	\$5,916	\$7,004
February	2,720	2,709	2,857	4,728	6,025	6,826	8,466	8,340	5,625	5,280
March	2,842	2,390	2,410	3,673	5,698	6,107	8,022	7,847	5,112	4,244
3Q Total	\$2,942	\$2,907	\$3,032	\$4,684	\$6,077	\$7,021	\$8,588	\$8,318	\$5,536	\$5,426

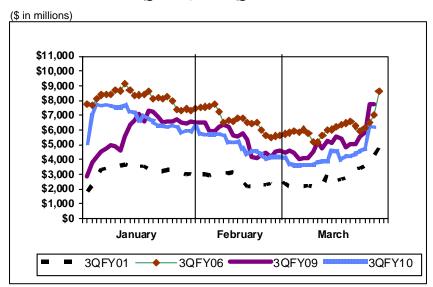
Receipts exceeded expenditures from the 3QFY01 to the 3QFY10, with the exception of the 3QFY03 when state payments were delayed. Third quarter opening balances are affected by the timing of real property collections and closing balances include state aid received by the City due to the end of the state's fiscal year. The opening balance for the 3QFY10 also included the impact of the implementation of an upgrade to the City's Financial Management System (FMS3) and a delay in state aid. The 3QFY10 closing daily cash balance of \$6.188 billion was the lowest closing balance since the 3QFY04.

The average daily cash balance during the 3QFY10 of \$5.426 billion was \$2.484 billion more than in the 3QFY01 and \$1.595 billion and \$110 million less than in the 3QFY06 and the 3QFY09, respectively.

<sup>1.</sup> The data in this report are based on the book balances in the New York City Central Treasury as calculated by the Bureau of Financial Analysis, Office of the New York City Comptroller. Receipts are reported based on cash receipts and the analysis of bank deposits. Expenditures are reported on warrants issued. Receipts and expenditures are net of debt service and note funding.

Chart 1 depicts daily cash balances during the 3QFY01, the 3QFY06, the 3QFY09, and the 3QFY10. Closing daily cash balances varied by \$2.665 billion in the 3QFY01, \$3.969 billion in the 3QFY06, \$3.993 billion in the 3QFY09, and \$4.154 billion in the 3QFY10. Daily cash balances during the 3QFY10 were above the levels in the 3QFY09 until mid-January when they dipped under and then remained lower, with a few exceptions, through the end of the quarter.

Chart 1. Daily Cash Balances in the New York City Central Treasury, 3QFY01, 3QFY06, 3QFY09, and 3QFY10



## 2. <u>July 2009-March 2010</u>, Year-to-Date FY 2010 (YTDFY10)

Tables 3 and 4 show the cash position in the Central Treasury YTDFY01-YTDFY10.

Table 3. Cash Position in the New York City Central Treasury, YTDFY01-YTDFY10

YTD	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
Opening Balance <sup>a</sup>	\$ 1,453	\$ 3,066	\$ 4,433	\$ 2,502	\$ 4,208	\$ 6,830	\$ 6,386	\$ 4,473	\$ 4,988	\$ 5,839
Total Receipts	37,704	36,599	38,906	43,147	47,271	48,379	51,746	56,072	57,303	55,004
Total Expenditures <sup>b</sup>	34,337	36,899	40,738	40,593	43,129	46,587	47,198	50,488	54,529	54,655
Closing Balance	\$ 4,820	\$ 2,766	\$ 2,601	\$ 5,056	\$ 8,350	\$ 8,622	\$10,934	\$10,057	\$ 7,762	\$ 6,188

a. Opening balances are before City audits.

b. Total expenditures include capital expenditures.

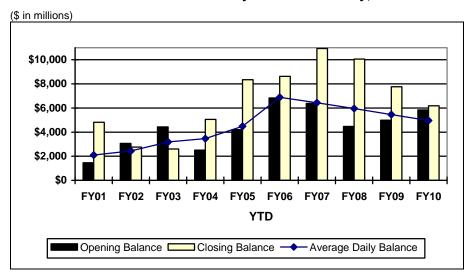
Table 4. Average Daily Cash Balances in the New York City Central Treasury, YTDFY01-YTDFY10

(\$ in millions)										
	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
1Q	\$2,197	\$2,696	\$3,893	\$2,900	\$4,348	\$7,738	\$6,293	\$5,567	\$6,426	\$6,348
2Q	1,134	1,700	2,580	2,822	2,992	5,825	4,377	3,960	4,348	3,046
3Q	2,942	2,906	3,032	4,684	6,077	7,021	8,588	8,318	5,536	5,426
YTD Total	\$2,102	\$2,437	\$3,180	\$3,466	\$4,487	\$6,882	\$6,441	\$5,957	\$5,453	\$4,963

Total receipts exceeded total expenditures in eight of the last ten years. For the first nine months of the fiscal year, total receipts in FY01, and FYs 2004-2010 were \$3.367 billion, \$2.554 billion, \$4.142 billion, \$1.792 billion, \$4.548 billion, \$5.584 billion, \$2.774 billion, and \$349 million more than total expenditures. Average daily cash balances increased from YTDFY01 to YTDFY06 and decreased YTD each year thereafter.

Chart 2 shows the cash position in the Central Treasury YTDFY01-YTDFY10. Daily cash balances YTDFY01-YTDFY04, inclusive of short-term borrowings, were well below the levels of cash-on-hand YTDFY05-YTDFY10 when short-term borrowing was not required to meet operating needs. YTDFY06 had the best level of daily cash balances.

Chart 2. Cash Position in the New York City Central Treasury, YTDFY01-YTDFY10



## **B. CASH RECEIPTS**

## 1. January-March 2010, 3QFY10

Table 5 shows total cash receipts and average daily cash receipts during the 3QFY06-3QFY10. Cash receipts totaled \$18.439 billion and averaged \$302 million daily in the 3QFY10. Total cash receipts and average daily cash receipts increased \$2.061 billion and \$38 million from the 3QFY06 to the 3QFY10.

Table 5. Total and Average Daily Cash Receipts, 3QFY06-3QFY10

(\$ in millions)

(Ψ III IIIIIII OTIO)										
		Т	otal Receip	ts			Average	Daily F	Receipts	
	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
January	\$ 4,935	\$ 7,572	\$ 7,664	\$ 9,156	\$ 6,423	\$247	\$361	\$365	\$458	\$338
February	3,248	3,643	4,032	3,833	3,577	171	192	202	202	188
March	8,195	8,816	8,843	9,503	8,439	356	401	421	432	367
3Q Total	\$16,378	\$20,031	\$20,539	\$22,492	\$18,439	\$264	\$323	\$331	\$369	\$302

Table 6 shows monthly cash receipts during the 3QFY09 and the 3QFY10 by category. Cash receipts decreased \$4.053 billion in the 3QFY10 from the 3QFY09 due to lower real property tax collections, federal and state aid, miscellaneous, and other receipts. Cash receipts were \$2.733 billion less in January 2010 than in January 2009, \$256 million less in February 2010 than in February 2009, and \$1.064 billion less in March 2010 than in March 2009.

Table 6. Cash Receipts by Category, 3QFY09 and 3QFY10

(\$ in millions)

	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	3QFY09 Total	Jan. 2010	Feb. 2010	Mar. 2010	3QFY10 Total	Diff. 3Q Total FY10/09
Real Property Tax	\$4,192	\$ 99	\$ 862	\$ 5,153	\$2,188	\$ 65	\$ 923	\$ 3,176	\$(1,977)
Other Taxes	2,620	1,258	2,318	6,196	2,502	1,420	2,336	6,258	62
Federal and State Aid	754	878	4,683	6,315	886	966	3,406	5,258	(1,057)
Debt Service Funding	0	0	(31)	(31)	0	0	0	0	31
Miscellaneous	411	571	587	1,569	314	319	829	1,462	(107)
Intergovernmental Aid	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	24	24
Other	1,179	1,027	1,084	3,290	509	807	945	2,261	(1,029)
Total	\$9,156	\$3,833	\$9,503	\$22,492	\$6,423	\$3,577	\$8,439	\$18,439	\$(4,053)

Table 7 displays cash receipts by major category during the 3QFY01-3QFY10.

Table 7. Cash Receipts by Category, 3QFY01-3QFY10

	3QFY01	3QFY02	3QFY03	3QFY04	3QFY05	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10
Real Property Tax	\$ 2,558	\$ 3,111	\$ 3,127	\$ 3,103	\$ 3,590	\$ 2,121	\$ 2,820	\$ 2,737	\$ 5,153	\$ 3,176
Other Taxes	4,304	3,814	3,613	4,550	5,253	5,896	7,408	7,331	6,196	6,258
Total Taxes	6,862	6,925	6,740	7,653	8,843	8,017	10,228	10,068	11,349	9,434
Federal and State Aid	5,374	3,641	4,195	5,410	5,745	6,025	5,894	6,568	6,315	5,258
Debt Service Funding <sup>a</sup>	(998)	(1,113)	(2,315)	(2,205)	(951)	(677)	(146)	(4)	(31)	0
Miscellaneous	885	884	1,060	1,048	1,354	1,083	1,393	1,417	1,569	1,462
Intergovernmental Aid	66	337	149	761	202	0	0	0	0	24
Other	1,932	2,361	2,819	2,339	2,011	1,930	2,662	2,490	3,290	2,261
Total	\$14,121	\$13,035	\$12,648	\$15,006	\$17,204	\$16,378	\$20,031	\$20,539	\$22,492	\$18,439

a. Includes Revenue Anticipation Note (RAN) funding of \$750 million in March 2001, \$471 million in March 2002, \$1.5 billion in March 2003, and \$1.250 billion in March 2004 and Tax Anticipation Note (TAN) funding of \$250 million in the 3QFY04.

## a. Taxes<sup>2</sup>

Tax receipts totaled \$9.434 billion during the 3QFY10. This was 18 percent more than during the 3QFY06 and 17 percent less than during the 3QFY09.

Real property taxes were \$1.977 billion less in the 3QFY10 than in the 3QFY09. During the 3QFY10, real property taxes totaling \$3.176 billion accounted for 34 percent of tax receipts compared with \$5.153 billion of real property taxes which were 45 percent of total taxes during the 3QFY09. In FY09, delayed semi-annual and 3Q billing and change in the required timing of payments shifted payments from the 2Q to the 3Q. In FY10, real property tax bills were available at the end of November, increasing 2Q collections and decreasing 3Q collections.

Tax collections, excluding real property tax, after declining 1 percent in the 3QFY08 and 15 percent in the 3QFY09 increased \$62 million, or 1 percent, in the 3QFY10. Table 8 shows major tax receipts during the last ten-year, five-year, and one-year time frames. Personal income tax (PIT) collections in the 3QFY10 reflected the decrease in refunds issued by the state and general corporation tax a decrease in audit revenue.

Table 8. Major Tax Receipts, 3QFY01, 3QFY06, 3QFY09, and 3QFY10

(\$ in millions)

	3QFY01	3QFY06	3QFY09	3QFY10	% Change 3QFY10/ 3QFY01	% Change 3QFY10/ 3QFY06	% Change 3QFY10/ 3QFY09
Personal Income Tax	\$1,738	\$1,967	\$2,117	\$2,415	39.0%	22.8%	14.1%
General Corporation Tax	738	1,009	1,180	856	16.0	(15.2)	(27.5)
Unincorporated Business Tax	222	338	611	483	117.6	42.9	(20.9)
Banking Corporation Tax	87	311	465	458	426.4	47.3	(1.5)
Sales Tax	815	986	1,020	1,178	44.5	19.5	15.5
Mortgage and Real Property Transfer Taxes	226	612	232	246	8.8	(59.8)	6.0

School Tax Relief (STAR) aid is budgeted in other taxes. The City received \$186 million in STAR aid in January 2010.

#### b. Federal and State Aid

Combined federal and state aid decreased \$1.057 billion in the 3QFY10 from the 3QFY09. Federal aid totaled \$1.864 billion and state aid totaled \$4.451 billion during the 3QFY09 and \$2.174 billion and \$3.084 billion during the 3QFY10.

Federal aid was \$310 million greater in the 3QFY10 compared with the 3QFY09. The City received the first federal stimulus funds in March 2009, when the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) provided \$161 million for Medicaid relief. Subsequently, instead of receiving funding, Medicaid payments have been reduced. During FY10, other

<sup>2.</sup> In this report, tax cash receipts, with the exception of personal income tax, are gross of refunds. Real property tax and personal income tax are gross of any debt funding. Sales tax includes the state distribution, the local share, and interest income less debt service funding, if any.

federal stimulus funding began. In the 3QFY10, \$470 million was paid to the City.

State aid was \$1.367 billion less in the 3QFY10 than during the 3QFY09. The 3Q of the City's FY coincides with the end of the state's FY on March 31<sup>st</sup>. This can result in large payments of NYS aid to the City, including advances of future payments. However, in FY10, the state has experienced cash flow problems resulting in delayed payments to localities.

From the 3QFY06 through the 3QFY10, the City received over \$20 billion in NYS aid. The largest component, 69 percent, was NYS education aid.

(\$ in millions)						
	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10	Total
NYS Education	\$2,798	\$2,988	\$3,283	\$3,187	\$1,970	\$14,226
Total NYS Aid	4,128	4,021	4,796	4,451	3,084	20,480

NYS education aid of \$3.187 billion accounted for 72 percent of NYS aid in the 3QFY09. During the 3QFY10, NYS education aid declined \$1.217 billion to \$1.970 billion, or 64 percent of NYS aid. NYS education aid in the 3QFY10 included: general aid of \$1.034 billion, video lottery terminal (VLT) aid of \$119 million, textbook aid of \$54 million, and excess cost aid of \$610 million. General aid was \$1.215 billion lower than in the 3QFY09, which included an advance from June 2009 of \$772 million.

During the 3QFY10, the City received \$89 million in higher education aid<sup>3</sup>, a decrease of \$247 million from the 3QFY09.

#### c. Debt Service Funding

General obligation (GO) debt service is withheld from real property tax collections, and Transitional Finance Authority (TFA) debt service is withheld from PIT. Total debt withholding was \$31 million for TFA debt in the 3QFY09. There was no debt service withholding in the 3QFY10.

#### d. Miscellaneous

Miscellaneous cash receipts were \$107 million less during the 3QFY10 than in the 3QFY09. Senior college fees and community college fees were \$54 million and \$6 million lower in the 3QFY10 compared with the 3QFY09. In the 3QFY09, the City received \$175 million in restitution from the settlement of criminal cases against Tyco of \$109 million and Lloyds Bank of \$66 million. In the 3QFY10, the loss of these one-time cash receipts was offset by the receipt of \$134 million from the Battery Park City Authority.

#### e. Other

In January 2010, the City received \$24 million from the state for Aid and Incentives for Municipalities (AIM) that was delayed by the state from December 2009.

<sup>3.</sup> On April 1, 2010, NYS Higher Education aid of \$479 million was received.

Other receipts decreased \$1.029 billion from the 3QFY09 to the 3QFY10, largely due to lower reimbursements to the general fund for capital expenditures.

Table 9 shows the major cash sources in each month during the 3QFY10 and Table 10 shows selected cash receipts during the 3QFY06-3QFY10.

Table 9. Major Cash Sources by Month, 3QFY10

(\$ in millions)

January 2010		February 2010		March 2010	
Real Property Tax	\$2,188	Personal Income Tax	\$732	NYS Education	\$1,785
Personal Income Tax	1,212	Federal Education	579	Real Property Tax	923
Unincorporated Business Tax	429	Sales Tax	445	General Corporation Tax	727
Sales Tax	359	NYS Education	84	Personal Income Tax	471
NYS Welfare	246	NYS Welfare	81	Federal Welfare	427
Federal Education	233	Fines and Forfeitures	74	NYS Welfare	418
STAR	186	Water and Sewer Fees	67	Sales Tax	375
Federal Welfare	164	Real Property Tax	65	Banking Corporation Tax	358
NYS Education	101	General Corporation Tax	52	Federal Education	319
Fines and Forfeitures	82	Banking Corporation Tax	42	Senior College Fees	241
General Corporation Tax	77			Commercial Rent Tax	146
Water and Sewer Fees	68			Battery Park City Authority	134
Banking Corporation Tax	59			NYS Health	116
NYS AIM	24			Water and Sewer Fees	104
				Fines and Forfeitures	95
				NYS Higher Education	89
				Community College Fees	76
				Hotel Tax	76
				Utility Tax	52

Table 10. Selected Cash Receipts, 3QFY06-3QFY10

·	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10
Real Property Tax	\$2,121	\$2,820	\$2,737	\$5,153	\$3,176
Personal Income Tax	1,967	2,431	2,707	2,117	2,415
NYS Education	2,798	2,988	3,283	3,187	1,970
Sales Tax	986	1,010	1,055	1,020	1,178
Federal Education	789	718	773	580	1,131
General Corporation Tax	1,009	1,383	1,629	1,180	856
NYS Welfare	756	586	650	697	745
Federal Welfare	737	810	652	871	605
Unincorporated Business Tax	338	480	534	611	483
Banking Corporation Tax	311	466	374	465	458
Fines and Forfeitures	205	216	242	231	251
Senior College Fees	27	173	107	295	242
Water and Sewer Fees	200	163	186	188	239
STAR	295	363	0	149	186
Commercial Rent Tax	120	111	132	159	154
NYS Health	201	188	181	139	117
NYS Higher Education	193	134	560	336	89
Community College Fees	2	56	33	85	78

## 2. July 2009-March 2010, YTDFY10

Table 11 shows total cash receipts and average daily cash receipts YTDFY06-YTDFY10. Total cash receipts YTDFY10 were \$6.625 billion, or 14 percent, more than in YTDFY06 and \$2.299 billion, or 4 percent, less than YTDFY09. Average daily cash receipts increased \$36 million YTDFY10 compared with YTDFY06 and decreased \$12 million from YTDFY09.

Table 11. Total and Average Daily Cash Receipts, YTDFY06-YTDFY10

(\$ in millions)

		T	otal Receip	ts			Average Daily Receipts					
	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10		
1Q	\$16,537	\$15,170	\$16,821	\$19,750	\$17,332	\$258	\$241	\$267	\$309	\$271		
2Q	15,464	16,545	18,712	15,061	19,233	258	276	307	247	315		
3Q	16,378	20,031	20,539	22,492	18,439	264	323	331	369	302		
YTD Total	\$48,379	\$51,746	\$56,072	\$57,303	\$55,004	\$260	\$280	\$301	\$308	\$296		

Table 12 shows selected cash receipts YTDFY06-YTDFY10. The three largest sources of YTD cash receipts for the five years were real property tax, PIT, and NYS education aid. These sources accounted for 40 percent of total YTD receipts over the five-year period.

Table 12. Selected Cash Receipts, YTDFY06-YTDFY10

(\$ in millions)

	YTDFY06	YTDFY07	YTDFY08	YTDFY09	YTDFY10	Total	% Change YTDFY10/ YTDFY06	5- Year Average	5-Year Average as a % of Total Receipts YTDFY06- YTDFY10
Real Property Tax	\$10,699	\$ 9,844	\$10,715	\$11,620	\$11,566	\$ 54,444	8.1%	\$10,889	20.3%
Personal Income Tax	5,085	5,623	6,078	5,473	5,366	27,625	5.5	5,525	10.3
NYS Education	4,704	5,065	5,615	5,791	4,600	25,775	(2.2)	5,155	9.6
Sales Tax	3,078	3,173	3,371	3,376	3,485	16,483	13.2	3,297	6.1
General Corporation Tax	2,209	3,420	3,358	2,743	2,311	14,041	4.6	2,808	5.2
Federal Welfare	2,039	1,876	1,641	1,939	2,007	9,502	(1.6)	1,900	3.5
NYS Welfare	1,493	1,410	1,688	1,517	1,849	7,957	23.8	1,591	3.0
Federal Education	1,362	1,437	1,241	1,300	1,599	6,939	17.4	1,388	2.6
Unincorporated Business Tax	748	980	1,131	1,211	1,034	5,104	38.2	1,021	1.9
Water and Sewer Fees	795	771	838	899	989	4,292	24.4	858	1.6
STAR	857	861	866	492	407	3,483	(52.5)	697	1.3
Total YTD Receipts	\$48,379	\$51,746	\$56,072	\$57,303	\$55,004	\$268,504	13.7%	\$53,701	100.0%

## a. Federal Stimulus Funding

YTDFY10, the City received \$592 million identified as federal stimulus funding (excluding capital) as follows:

Total	\$592
Other	77
Education	413
Social Services	89
Community Development	\$ 13
(\$	

## b. Net Cash Receipts

Table 13 shows the decrease in net cash receipts in YTDFY10 compared with YTDFY09.

Table 13. Cash Receipts, Net of Reimbursements for Capital Expenditures, YTDFY09 and YTDFY10

(\$ in millions)			
			Diff.
			FY10/
	FY09	FY10	FY09
July	\$ 7,588	\$ 6,968	\$ (620)
August	2,968	2,899	(69)
September	6,838	5,525	(1,313)
1Q Total	17,394	15,392	(2,002)
October	3,283	4,140	857
November	3,013	3,109	96
December	6,041	8,863	2,822
2Q Total	12,337	16,112	3,775
1H Total	29,731	31,504	1,773
January	8,139	6,209	(1,930)
February	3,112	3,009	(103)
March	8,790	7,880	(910)
3Q Total	20,041	17,098	(2,943)
YTD Total	\$49,772	\$48,602	\$(1,170)

## C. CASH EXPENDITURES (INCLUDING CAPITAL)

## 1. January-March 2010, 3QFY10

Table 14 shows total cash expenditures and average daily cash expenditures during the 3QFY06-3QFY10. Cash expenditures totaled \$17.343 billion and averaged \$284 million daily in the 3QFY10. Total cash expenditures and average daily cash expenditures increased \$1.842 billion and \$34 million from the 3QFY06 to the 3QFY10.

Table 14. Total and Average Daily Cash Expenditures, 3QFY06-3QFY10

(\$ in millions)

		Tota	I Expendite	ures		Average Daily Expenditures					
	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	
January	\$ 5,353	\$ 5,699	\$ 5,855	\$ 5,473	\$ 5,337	\$268	\$271	\$279	\$274	\$281	
February	5,110	4,778	5,213	6,195	5,746	269	251	261	326	302	
March	5,038	5,476	6,164	5,882	6,260	219	249	294	267	272	
3Q Total	\$15,501	\$15,953	\$17,232	\$17,550	\$17,343	\$250	\$257	\$278	\$288	\$284	

Table 15 shows monthly cash expenditures during the 3QFY09 and the 3QFY10 by category. Cash expenditures decreased \$207 million in the 3QFY10 from the 3QFY09; lower expenditures for gross payroll, medical assistance (MA), other social services, and vendor and other were offset by higher other personal services, public assistance (PA), and all other payments. Cash expenditures were \$136 million less in January 2010 than in January 2009, \$449 million less in February 2010 than in February 2009, and \$378 million more in March 2010 than in March 2009.

Table 15. Cash Expenditures by Category, 30FY09 and 30FY10

(\$ in millions)

	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	Mar. 2009	3QFY09 Total	Jan. 2010	Feb. 2010	Mar. 2010	3QFY10 Total	Diff. 3Q Total FY10/09
Gross Payroll	\$1,921	\$1,940	\$1,963	\$ 5,824	\$1,818	\$1,935	\$1,850	\$ 5,603	\$(221)
Other Personal Services	931	964	982	2,877	975	776	1,232	2,983	106
Public Assistance	192	182	186	560	206	182	202	590	30
Medical Assistance	356	525	428	1,309	290	305	442	1,037	(272)
Other Social Services	117	208	242	567	90	169	199	458	(109)
Vendor and Other	1,066	1,149	1,194	3,409	828	1,190	1,288	3,306	(103)
All Other	890	1,227	887	3,004	1,130	1,189	1,047	3,366	362
Total	\$5,473	\$6,195	\$5,882	\$17,550	\$5,337	\$5,746	\$6,260	\$17,343	\$(207)

## a. Personal Service Expenditures

Personal service (PS) expenditures for gross payroll and other personal services include payroll, payroll taxes, pension costs, social security, health benefits, and supplemental welfare benefits.

As shown in Table 16, PS expenditures increased from the 3QFY01 to the 3QFY10 reflecting salary increases and changes in headcount. The 3QFY01-3QFY04 each had seven bi-weekly payrolls and the 3QFY05-3QFY10 each had six bi-weekly payrolls. Headcount increased 24,392 from the start of the 3QFY01 to the start of the 3QFY10. PS totaled \$8.586 billion in the 3QFY10, \$2.905 billion, or 51 percent, more than in the 3QFY01, \$756 million, or 10 percent, more than in the 3QFY06, and \$115 million, or 1 percent, less than in the 3QFY09.

Table 16. PS Cash Expenditures and Headcount, 30FY01-30FY10

(\$ in millions)

	3QFY01	3QFY02	3QFY03	3QFY04	3QFY05	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10
Gross Payroll	\$4,594	\$4,918	\$4,592	\$4,571	\$4,338	\$5,404	\$5,139	\$5,284	\$5,824	\$5,603
Other Personal Services	1,087	1,409	1,547	1,846	2,061	2,426	2,319	2,631	2,877	2,983
Total PS	\$5,681	\$6,327	\$6,139	\$6,417	\$6,399	\$7,830	\$7,458	\$7,915	\$8,701	\$8,586
Opening Headcount	252,764	250,489	244,485	258,177	263,679	266,028	269,967	275,063	281,721	277,156
# of Bi-weekly Payrolls	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6

Gross payroll accounted for 81 percent of total PS in the 3QFY01, 69 percent in the 3QFY06, 67 percent in the 3QFY09, and 65 percent in the 3QFY10. Gross payroll totaled \$5.603 billion in the 3QFY10, increases of 22 percent and 4 percent over the 3QFY01 and the 3QFY06 and a decrease of 4 percent from the 3QFY09. The 3QFY09 included collective bargaining increases and retroactive payments of approximately \$150 million for DC37 members, correction officers, firefighters, sanitation workers and officers, police captains, and staff analysts. Headcount was 4,565 less in the 3QFY10 than during the 3QFY09.

Other personal services have grown at a faster pace than gross payroll. Other personal services were 19 percent of total PS in the 3QFY01, 31 percent in the 3QFY06, 33 percent in the 3QFY09, and 35 percent in the 3QFY10. Other personal services were

\$2.983 billion in the 3QFY10, a gain of 174 percent, 23 percent, and 4 percent over the 3QFY01, the 3QFY06, and the 3QFY09. Payments to the pension funds were \$139 million in the 3QFY01, \$1.009 billion in the 3QFY06, \$1.527 billion in the 3QFY09, and \$1.677 billion in the 3QFY10. Social security payments were \$283 million in the 3QFY01, \$421 million in the 3QFY06, \$446 million in the 3QFY09, and \$404 million in the 3QFY10. Beginning in FY07, the Retiree Health Benefits Trust Fund (RHBTF) paid the monthly cost of health and welfare benefits for most retirees. Payments for health benefits were \$443 million in the 3QFY01, \$685 million in the 3QFY06, \$637 million in the 3QFY09, and \$668 million in the 3QFY10. Health benefits in the 3QFY09 included a \$48 million payment to the RHBTF. Another \$9 million was paid to the RHBTF for welfare fund benefits.

## **b.** Other-Than-Personal-Service Expenditures

Table 17 shows other-than-personal-service (OTPS) expenditures for PA, MA, other social services, and vendor and other during the 3QFY01-3QFY10.

Table 17. OTPS Cash Expenditures, 3QFY01-3QFY10

(\$ in millions)

	3QFY01	3QFY02	3QFY03	3QFY04	3QFY05	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10
Public										
Assistance	\$598	\$498	\$644	\$562	\$632	\$567	\$521	\$530	\$560	\$590
# of Cash										
Recipients*	537,841	462,595	421,242	431,052	428,208	414,556	380,740	349,816	343,144	358,190
Medical										
Assistance	\$687	\$786	\$905	\$882	\$999	\$1,057	\$1,634	\$1,672	\$1,309	\$1,037
# of Medicaid										
Enrollees*	1,588,228	1,661,680	2,118,414	2,366,511	2,526,829	2,632,497	2,566,774	2,565,826	2,622,283	2,818,225
Other Social										
Services	\$411	\$482	\$471	\$502	\$479	\$512	\$585	\$619	\$567	\$458
Vendor and										
Other	\$2,180	\$2,368	\$2,414	\$2,462	\$2,776	\$3,143	\$3,326	\$3,569	\$3,409	\$3,306
Total OTPS	\$3,876	\$4,134	\$4,434	\$4,408	\$4,886	\$5,279	\$6,066	\$6,390	\$5,845	\$5,391

\*Source: NYC Human Resources Administration as of the start of the quarter.

Total OTPS increased 39 percent from \$3.876 billion in the 3QFY01 to \$5.391 billion in the 3QFY10. In the ten-year time frame, PA declined \$8 million, or 1 percent, reflecting a lower number of recipients; MA increased \$350 million, or 51 percent, when the number of MA enrollees increased by over 1.2 million<sup>4</sup>; other social service payments grew \$47 million, or 11 percent, and vendor and other increased \$1.126 billion, or 52 percent.

From the 3QFY06 to the 3QFY10, total OTPS expenditures rose \$112 million, or 2 percent. In the five-year period, PA increased \$23 million, or 4 percent, MA decreased \$20 million, or 2 percent, other social services decreased \$54 million, or 11 percent, and vendor and other rose \$163 million, or 5 percent.

<sup>4.</sup> MA included \$590 million in intergovernmental transfers (IGTs) to the state for Health and Hospitals Corporation (HHC) enhanced Medicaid in the 3QFY07, \$544 million in the 3QFY08, \$165 million in the 3QFY09, and \$125 million in the 3QFY10. IGTs allow the HHC to receive matching federal funds under an enhancement to Medicaid paid to hospitals serving a large uninsured population.

During the 3QFY10, total OTPS expenditures declined \$454 million, or 8 percent, from the 3QFY09. The implementation of FMS3 moved payments from the 3QFY10 to the 2QFY10. PA was \$30 million greater, MA was \$272 million less after reduction for federal stimulus funding, other social services were \$109 million less, and vendor and other was \$103 million less than in the 3QFY09.

## c. All Other

All other expenditures include capital expenditures and tax refunds. Tax refunds totaling \$594 million increased \$84 million in the 3QFY10 over the 3QFY09. (The 3QFY09 included \$35 million for the payment of the \$400 real property tax rebate.)

## 2. July 2009-March 2010, YTDFY10

Table 18 shows total daily cash expenditures and average daily cash expenditures YTDFY06-YTDFY10. Total cash expenditures of \$54.655 billion YTDFY10 were \$8.068 billion, or 17 percent, more than YTDFY06 and \$126 million, or less than 1 percent, more than YTDFY09. Average daily cash receipts increased \$44 million in YTDFY10 compared with YTDFY06 and \$1 million over YTDFY09.

Table 18. Total and Average Daily Cash Expenditures, YTDFY06-YTDFY10

(\$ in millions)										
	Total Expenditures								enditur	es
	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
1Q	\$16,071	\$15,392	\$15,608	\$18,368	\$18,575	\$251	\$244	\$248	\$287	\$290
2Q	15,015	15,853	17,648	18,611	18,737	250	264	289	305	307
3Q	15,501	15,953	17,232	17,550	17,343	250	257	278	288	284
YTD Total	\$46,587	\$47,198	\$50,488	\$54,529	\$54,655	\$250	\$255	\$271	\$293	\$294

Table 19 and Chart 3 show the averages of daily expenditures as a percent of daily cash balances YTDFY01 to YTDFY10. The relationship between the City's expenditures and daily cash balances during a fiscal year improved from YTDFY01 through YTDFY06, falling by 9 percentage points. Since YTDFY06, daily expenditures as a percent of cash balances have increased to 9 percent in YTDFY10 from 4 percent and were 3 percentage points above YTDFY09.

Table 19. Daily Expenditures as a Percent of Daily Cash Balances, YTDFY01-YTDFY10

	Daily Expenditures as a Percent of Daily Cash Balances												
YTDFY01 YTDFY02 YTDFY03 YTDFY04 YTDFY05 YTDFY06 YTDFY07 YTDFY08 YTDFY09 YTDFY10													
13%	9%	8%	7%	6%	4%	4%	5%	6%	9%				

Chart 3. Daily Expenditures as a Percent of Daily Cash Balances, YTDFY01-YTDFY10

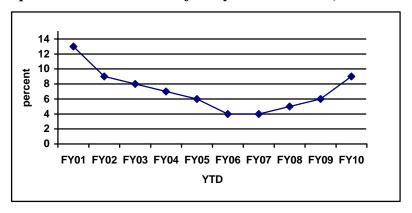


Table 20 shows PS and OTPS expenditures YTDFY06-YTDFY10. PS increased 14 percent between YTDFY06 and YTDFY10 and accounted for 49 percent of YTD total expenditures in the five-year period. OTPS increased 12 percent YTDFY10 over YTDFY06 and was 34 percent of YTD total expenditures.

Table 20. PS and OTPS Cash Expenditures, YTDFY06-YTDFY10

(\$ in millions)

	YTDFY06	YTDFY07	YTDFY08	YTDFY09	YTDFY10	Total
PS	\$23,439	\$22,672	\$24,206	\$26,664	\$26,745	\$123,726
% of Total YTD Expenditures	50.3%	48.0%	47.9%	48.9%	48.9%	48.8%
OTPS	\$15,823	\$16,982	\$17,738	\$17,866	\$17,649	\$86,058
% of Total YTD Expenditures	34.0%	36.0%	35.1%	32.8%	32.3%	34.0%
YTD Total Expenditures	\$46,587	\$47,198	\$50,488	\$54,529	\$54,655	\$253,457

#### a. Federal Stimulus Expenditures

YTDFY10, \$756 million in cash expenditures have been identified as eligible for federal stimulus funding as follows: payments for PS totaled \$489 million, OTPS \$229 million, and capital \$38 million.

## b. Net Cash Expenditures

Table 21 shows the change in net cash expenditures between YTDFY09 and YTDFY10.

Table 21. Cash Expenditures, Net of Capital Expenditures, YTDFY09 and YTDFY10

(\$ in millions) Diff. FY10/ FY09 FY10 FY09 July \$ 5,587 \$ 5,602 \$ 15 5,531 5,371 (160)August September 4,942 5,074 132 1Q Total 16,060 16,047 (13)October 5,659 5,516 (143)November 5,005 5,264 259 5,257 December 5,489 (232)2Q Total 16,153 (116) 16,037 1H Total 32,213 32.084 (129)4,953 4,538 (415)January February 5,322 4,931 (391)March 5,333 5,614 281 3Q Total 15,608 15,083 (525)YTD Total \$47,821 \$47,167 \$(654)

## II. Capital Expenditures

## A. CAPITAL

## 1. January-March 2010, 3QFY10

Chart 4 and Table 22 show capital expenditures as a percent of total expenditures during the 3QFY01-3QFY10. Total capital expenditures, inclusive of City-funded capital expenditures, as a percent of total expenditures reached 13 percent in the 3QFY10, the highest level in the ten-year period. City-funded capital expenditures were 12.2 percent of total expenditures during the 3QFY10.

Chart 4. Total Capital Expenditures as a Percent of Total Expenditures, 3QFY01-3QFY10

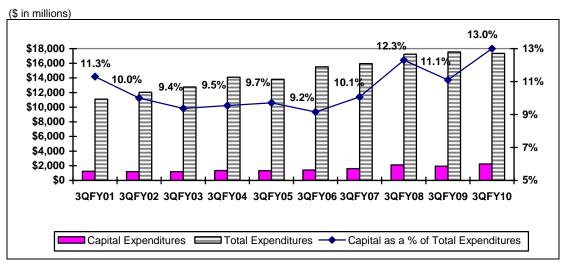


Table 22. Capital Expenditures as a Percent of Total Expenditures, 3QFY01-3QFY10

(\$ in millions)										
	3QFY01	3QFY02	3QFY03	3QFY04	3QFY05	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10
3Q City- funded Capital Expenditures	\$1,102	\$1,110	\$1,095	\$1,238	\$1,255	\$1,314	\$1,130	\$1,240	\$1,427	\$2,108
3Q City- funded Capital Expenditures as a % of 3Q Total Expenditures	9.9%	9.2%	8.6%	8.8%	9.1%	8.5%	7.1%	7.2%	8.1%	12.2%
3Q Total Capital Expenditures	\$1,251	\$1,205	\$1,196	\$1,345	\$1,341	\$1,420	\$1,606	\$2,114	\$1,942	\$2,260
3Q Total Capital Expenditures as a % of 3Q Total	Ψ1,201	¥1,200	ų.,100	¥1,040	¥1,041	ψ.,τ20	¥ ·,000	Ψ=,11-	ψ1,072	ψ2,200
Expenditures	11.3%	10.0%	9.4%	9.5%	9.7%	9.2%	10.1%	12.3%	11.1%	13.0%
3Q Total Expenditures	\$11,096	\$12,037	\$12,766	\$14,092	\$13,813	\$15,501	\$15,953	\$17,232	\$17,550	\$17,343

Tables 23 and 24 show total and City-funded capital expenditures and average daily total and City-funded capital expenditures during the 3QFY06-3QFY10. Total capital expenditures increased \$840 million and the City-funded portion increased \$794 million from the 3QFY06 to the 3QFY10.<sup>5</sup>

Table 23. Total Capital Expenditures and Average Daily Total Capital Expenditures, 30FY06-30FY10

(\$ in millions)

		Total Ca	pital Expe	enditures	Average	e Daily To	otal Capi	tal Expen	ditures	
	FY06	1111 1111					FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
January	\$ 350	\$ 865	\$ 827	\$ 520	\$ 799	\$18	\$41	\$39	\$26	\$42
February	756	371	507	873	815	40	20	25	46	43
March	314	370	780	549	646	14	17	37	25	28
3Q Total	\$1,420	\$1,606	\$2,114	\$1,942	\$2,260	\$23	\$26	\$34	\$32	\$37

Table 24. City-funded Capital Expenditures and Average Daily City-funded Capital Expenditures, 3QFY06-3QFY10

(\$ in millions)

	City-	funded C	apital Ex	penditure	s	Average	Daily City-	funded Ca	pital Expe	nditures
	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
January	\$ 306	\$464	\$ 393	\$ 477	\$ 794	\$15	\$22	\$19	\$24	\$42
February	726	325	475	440	721	38	17	24	23	38
March	282	341	372	510	593	12	16	18	23	26
3Q Total	\$1,314	\$1,130	\$1,240	\$1,427	\$2,108	\$21	\$18	\$20	\$23	\$35

## a. Third Quarter Payments to the School Construction Authority

Table 25 shows payments by the City to the School Construction Authority (SCA) for capital education expenditures in the 3QFY01-3QFY10. Payments to the SCA accounted for 28 percent of total 3Q capital expenditures in this ten-year time frame, 30 percent of total 3Q capital expenditures in the last five years, and 35 percent during the 3QFY10.

Table 25. Payments to the SCA, 3QFY01-3QFY10

	3QFY01	3QFY02	3QFY03	3QFY04	3QFY05	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10	Total 3QFY01- 3QFY10
City-funded	\$350	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$400	\$ 37	\$ 17	\$ 11	\$742	\$2,757
TFA & DASNY	0	0	0	0	0	0	333	766	384	56	1,539
Other	50	0	0	0	0	0	30	17	5	2	104
Total	\$400	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$400	\$400	\$800	\$400	\$800	\$4,400
SCA as a % of Total 3Q Capital											
Expenditures	32.0%	24.9%	25.1%	22.3%	22.4%	28.2%	24.9%	37.8%	20.6%	35.4%	28.1%

<sup>5.</sup> In FY07, expenditures in the City's Five-Year Educational Facilities Capital Plan were reclassified from City to non City-funded expenditures.

## b. <u>Third Quarter Reimbursements for Capital Expenditures to the New York City</u> Central Treasury

City-funded capital expenditures are financed primarily from the proceeds of GO, New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority (NY Water), and TFA debt. From FY07 to FY09, capital expenditures for the Five-Year Educational Facilities Capital Plan were financed primarily by TFA Building Aid bonds and Expanding Our Children's Education and Learning (EXCEL) capital grant funds from the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York (DASNY). All capital expenditures are initially paid from the Central Treasury. Table 26 shows reimbursements of \$1.341 billion to the Central Treasury during the 3QFY10.

Table 26. Reimbursements to the New York City Central Treasury for Capital Expenditures, 30FY10

(\$ in millions)				
	Jan. 2010	Feb. 2010	Mar. 2010	Total 3QFY10
GO	\$214	\$ 91	\$ 19	\$ 324
NY Water	0	377	246	623
TFA	0	100	294	394
Sub-total	214	568	559	1,341
TFA Building Aid	0	0	0	0
DASNY	0	0	0	0
Sub-total	0	0	0	0

\$214

Total

Table 27 shows reimbursements to the Central Treasury during the 3QFY01-3QFY10. During the 3QFY10, reimbursements were \$823 million less than reimbursable capital expenditures and accounted for 7 percent of total receipts.

\$568

\$559

\$1,341

Table 27. Reimbursements to the New York City Central Treasury for Capital Expenditures, 3QFY01-3QFY10

,	3QFY01	3QFY02	3QFY03	3QFY04	3QFY05	3QFY06	3QFY07	3QFY08	3QFY09	3QFY10	Total
GO	\$ 522	\$ 620	\$1,004	\$1,083	\$ 858	\$548	\$ 279	\$ 753	\$ 969	\$ 324	\$ 6,960
NY Water	257	217	314	273	302	403	218	538	647	623	3,792
TFA	656	934	619	0	0	0	479	30	7	394	3,119
Sub-total	1,435	1,771	1,937	1,356	1,160	951	976	1,321	1,623	1,341	13,871
TFA Building Aid	0	0	0	0	0	0	233	89	828	0	1,150
DASNY	0	0	0	0	0	0	84	145	0	0	229
Sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	0	317	234	828	0	1,379
Other	13	3	15	12	23	2	0	0	0	0	68
Total	\$1,448	\$1,774	\$1,952	\$1,368	\$1,183	\$953	\$1,293	\$1,555	\$2,451	\$1,341	\$15,318
3Q Reimbursable Capital Expenditures	\$1,102	\$1,110	\$1,095	\$1,238	\$1,255	\$1,314	\$1,463	\$2,006	\$1,811	\$2,164	\$14,558
3Q Reimbursements Less 3Q Reimbursable Capital Expenditures	\$346	\$664	\$857	\$130	\$(72)	\$(361)	\$(170)	\$(451)	\$640	\$(823)	\$760
3Q Reimbursements as a % of 3Q Reimbursable Capital Expenditures	131.4%	159.8%	178.3%	110.5%	94.3%	72.5%	88.4%	77.5%	135.3%	62.0%	105.2%
3Q Reimbursements as a % of Total 3Q Receipts	10.3%	13.6%	15.4%	9.1%	6.9%	5.8%	6.5%	7.6%	10.9%	7.3%	9.0%

Table 28 shows the percent of reimbursements by debt category. In the ten-year time frame, GO debt provided 45 percent of the reimbursements, NY Water proceeds 25 percent, TFA debt 20 percent, and TFA Building Aid and DASNY funding 9 percent. In the last five years, GO debt provided 38 percent of the reimbursements, NY Water proceeds 32 percent, TFA debt 12 percent, and TFA Building Aid and DASNY funding 18 percent. During the 3QFY10, GO debt provided 24 percent of the reimbursements, NY Water proceeds provided 47 percent, and TFA debt 29 percent.

Table 28. Percent of Reimbursements by Debt Category, 3QFY01-3QFY10, 3QFY06-3QFY10, and 3QFY10

(percent)			
	3QFY01- 3QFY10	3QFY06- 3QFY10	3QFY10
GO	45.4%	37.8%	24.2%
NY Water	24.8	32.0	46.4
TFA	20.4	12.0	29.4
TFA Building Aid and DASNY	9.0	18.2	0.0
Other	0.4	0.0	0.0
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

## 2. <u>July 2009-March 2010, YTDFY10</u>

Table 29 shows total capital expenditures increased \$780 million YTDFY10 compared with YTDFY09 and the City-funded portion of capital expenditures was \$2.423 billion greater. The increase in City-funded capital expenditures was mainly due to the classification of payments to the SCA. YTDFY09, SCA payments were classified mostly as non City-funded capital expenditures to be reimbursed from the proceeds of TFA Building Aid debt and DASNY funding. YTDFY10, SCA expenditures were related to the remainder of the Five-Year Educational Facilities Capital Plan for FY05-FY09 and were mostly City-funded.

Table 29. Capital Expenditures, YTDFY09 and YTDFY10

(\$ in millions) FY09 FY10 Diff. FY10/FY09 City-City-City-Total funded Total funded **Total** funded Capital Capital Capital Capital Capital Capital July \$ 219 \$ 921 \$ 699 \$ 480 935 \$(14) 506 479 600 549 94 70 August 453 140 September 867 1,007 964 511 2,528 1Q Total 2,308 1,412 2,212 220 800 494 860 389 366 October 534 923 November 856 449 788 730 281 (68)December 1,068 604 989 899 (79)295 2Q Total 2,458 1,547 2,700 2,489 242 942 2,959 4,701 462 1,742 1H Total 4,766 5,228 520 477 799 794 279 317 January February 873 440 815 721 (58)281 March 549 510 646 593 97 83 2,260 1,942 1,427 2,108 318 681 3Q Total YTD Total \$6,708 \$2,423 \$4,386 \$7,488 \$6,809 \$780

Tables 30 and 31 show total and City-funded capital expenditures and average daily total and City-funded capital expenditures YTDFY06-YTDFY10. Total capital expenditures grew 64 percent and City-funded capital expenditures increased 62 percent from YTDFY06 through YTDFY10. Average daily capital expenditures were \$16 million more YTDFY10 than in YTDFY01 and average daily City-funded capital expenditures were \$14 million more.

Table 30. Total Capital Expenditures and Average Daily Total Capital Expenditures, YTDFY06-YTDFY10

(\$	in	mil	lions)
(4	•••		,

		Total Ca	pital Expe	nditures	Average	e Daily To	otal Capi	tal Expen	ditures	
	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	
1Q	\$1,730	\$1,499	\$1,562	\$2,308	\$2,528	\$27	\$24	\$25	\$36	\$40
2Q	1,402	1,634	2,057	2,458	2,700	23	27	34	40	44
3Q	1,420	1,606	2,114	1,942	2,260	23	26	34	33	37
YTD Total	\$4,552	\$4,739	\$5,733	\$6,708	\$7,488	\$24	\$26	\$31	\$36	\$40

Table 31. City-funded Capital Expenditures and Average Daily City-funded Capital Expenditures, YTDFY06-YTDFY10

1.8	ın	mıl	lions	3

	Cit	y-funded	Capital E	xpenditui	res	Average	Daily City-	funded Ca	pital Expe	nditures
	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
1Q	\$1,612	\$ 973	\$1,107	\$1,412	\$2,212	\$25	\$15	\$18	\$22	\$35
2Q	1,284	1,124	1,205	1,547	2,489	21	19	20	25	41
3Q	1,314	1,130	1,240	1,427	2,108	21	18	20	23	35
YTD Total	\$4,210	\$3,227	\$3,552	\$4,386	\$6,809	\$23	\$17	\$19	\$24	\$37

## a. Year-to-Date Payments to the SCA

Table 32 shows payments of \$14 billion to the SCA YTDFY01-YTDFY10. Payments to the SCA of \$2.250 billion YTDFY10 were 30 percent of total YTDFY10 capital expenditures.

Table 32. Payments to the SCA, YTDFY01-YTDFY10

YTD	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	Total
City-funded	\$ 886	\$1,200	\$1,125	\$849	\$896	\$1,396	\$ 67	\$ 73	\$ 70	\$2,010	\$ 8,572
TFA & DASNY	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,103	1,907	1,891	227	5,128
Other	199	0	0	51	4	4	30	20	39	13	360
Total	\$1,085	\$1,200	\$1,125	\$900	\$900	\$1,400	\$1,200	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,250	\$14,060
YTD SCA as a % of YTD Total											
Capital Expenditures	29.8%	30.8%	27.4%	23.0%	21.2%	30.8%	25.3%	34.9%	29.8%	30.0%	28.7%

## b. <u>Year-to-Date Reimbursements for Capital Expenditures to the New York City</u> Central Treasury

Tables 33 and 34 and Chart 5 show reimbursements to the Central Treasury for capital expenditures YTDFY01-YTDFY10.

Reimbursements reached a high of \$7.529 billion YTDFY09 and totaled \$6.402 billion YTDFY10. From YTDFY01 to YTDFY10, reimbursements totaled \$45 billion of which GO debt provided 45 percent, NY Water proceeds 26 percent, TFA debt 19 percent, and TFA Building Aid and DASNY funding 9 percent. In the last five years, GO debt provided 42 percent of the reimbursements, NY Water proceeds 28 percent, TFA debt 14 percent, and TFA Building Aid and DASNY funding 16 percent. YTDFY10, GO debt provided 35 percent of the reimbursements, NY Water proceeds 32 percent, TFA debt 30 percent, and TFA Building Aid and DASNY funding 3 percent.

YTDFY10, reimbursements were \$634 million less than reimbursable expenditures and 12 percent of total YTD receipts.

Table 33. Reimbursements to the New York City Central Treasury for Capital Expenditures, YTDFY01-YTDFY10

2	in	mil	lion	le)
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(\$ in millions)											
YTD	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	Total
GO	\$1,263	\$1,677	\$1,231	\$2,335	\$2,667	\$2,614	\$ 671	\$2,179	\$3,510	\$2,257	\$20,404
NY Water	677	658	817	862	1,100	1,007	911	1,460	1,990	2,019	11,501
TFA	1,247	1,947	1,135	281	0	0	1,240	524	14	1,938	8,326
Other	48	75	317	44	54	2	0	0	0	0	540
Sub-total	3,235	4,357	3,500	3,522	3,821	3,623	2,822	4,163	5,514	6,214	40,771
TFA Building Aid	0	0	0	0	0	0	534	740	1,648	182	3,104
DASNY	0	0	0	0	0	0	297	466	367	6	1,136
Sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	0	831	1,206	2,015	188	4,240
Total	\$3,235	\$4,357	\$3,500	\$3,522	\$3,821	\$3,623	\$3,653	\$5,369	\$7,529	\$6,402	\$45,011
											,
YTD Reimbursable											
Capital											Ì
Expenditures	\$3,136	\$3,654	\$3,816	\$3,564	\$3,925	\$4,210	\$4,329	\$5,459	\$6,277	\$7,036	\$45,406
YTD Reimbursements											Ì
Less											Ì
YTD Reimbursable			<b>*</b> /	****	*****	<b>*</b> /	*****	* / \		*	
Capital Expenditures	\$99	\$703	\$(316)	\$(42)	\$(104)	\$(587)	\$(676)	\$(90)	\$1,252	\$(634)	\$(395)
YTD Reimbursements											Ì
as a % of											Ì
YTD Reimbursable											Ì
Capital	102.20/	110.00/	04.70/	00.00/	07.40/	06 40/	0.4.40/	00.40/	110.00/	04.00/	00.40/
Expenditures VTD Daimhuraamanta	103.2%	119.2%	91.7%	98.8%	97.4%	86.1%	84.4%	98.4%	119.9%	91.0%	99.1%
YTD Reimbursements as a % of YTD Total											Ì
Receipts	8.6%	11.9%	9.0%	8.2%	8.1%	7.5%	7.1%	9.6%	13.1%	11.6%	9.5%
vereihra	0.070	11.970	5.070	0.270	0.170	1.370	1.170	5.070	13.170	11.070	9.5%

Chart 5. Reimbursements for City-funded Capital Expenditures and TFA Building Aid & DASNY funded SCA Expenditures, YTDFY06-YTDFY10

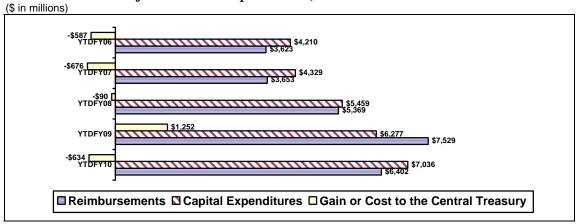


Table 34. Percent of Reimbursements by Debt Category, YTDFY01-YTDFY10, YTDFY06-YTDFY10, and YTDFY10

(percent)			
	YTDFY01-YTDFY10	YTDFY06-YTDFY10	
			YTDFY10
GO	45.3%	42.2%	35.3%
NY Water	25.6	27.8	31.5
TFA	18.5	14.0	30.3
TFA Building Aid and DASNY	9.4	16.0	2.9
Other	1.2	0.0	0.0
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

## B. FINANCINGS

Table 35 summarizes GO and TFA debt sold YTDFY06-YTDFY10.

Table 35. GO and TFA Issues, YTDFY06-YTDFY10

(\$ in millions)										
	YTDFY06	YTDFY07	YTDFY08	YTDFY09	YTDFY10	Total				
GO	\$3,257	\$1,948	\$4,625	\$4,235	\$4,518	\$18,583				
TFA	597	2,300	0	0	3,956	6,853				
TFA Building Aid	0	1,300	0	1,670	0	2,970				
Total	\$3,854	\$5,548	\$4,625	\$5,905	\$8,474	\$28,406				

## a. <u>GO</u>

Table 36 shows GO debt issuances YTDFY09 of \$4.235 billion and YTDFY10 of \$4.518 billion. The \$900 million of GO debt sold in the 3QFY10 to fund the City's capital program consisted of \$31 million of tax-exempt fixed rate, \$150 million of tax-exempt adjustable rate, \$75 million of taxable fixed rate, and \$644 million of taxable fixed rate Build America Bonds.

Table 36. GO Bond Issues, YTDFY09 and YTDFY10

(\$ in millions)

Month		YTDFY09		YTDFY10			
Sale	Tax-			Tax-			
Closed	Exempt	Taxable	Total	Exempt	Taxable	Total	
July	\$ 75	\$ 0	\$ 75	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
August	833	165	998	0	0	0	
September	1,050	90	1,140	0	0	0	
1Q Total	1,958	255	2,213	0	0	0	
October	500	50	550	1,100	970	2,070	
November	400	25	425	0	0	0	
December	300	8	308	900	648	1,548	
2Q Total	1,200	83	1,283	2,000	1,618	3,618	
1H Total	3,158	338	3,496	2,000	1,618	3,618	
January	19	0	19	0	0	0	
February	0	0	0	0	0	0	
March	600	120	720	181	719	900	
3Q Total	619	120	739	181	719	900	
YTD Total	\$3,777	\$458	\$4,235	\$2,181	\$2,337	\$4,518	

As shown in Table 37, the City will achieve \$575 million in budget savings over the life of the GO refunding bonds sold YTDFY06-YTDFY10.

Table 37. Budget Savings from GO Refundings, YTDFY06-YTDFY10

(\$ in millions)

	YTDFY06	YTDFY07	YTDFY08	YTDFY09	YTDFY10	Total
Budget Savings	\$ 113	\$ 72	\$ 162	\$ 19	\$ 209	\$ 575
GO Refundings	1,422	1,128	2,201	250	2,000	7,001

## b. <u>TFA</u>

The TFA issued no long-term revenue debt YTDFY09 compared with \$3.956 billion sold YTDFY10. In the 3QFY10, \$1.4 billion in TFA revenue debt was sold as follows: \$148 million of tax-exempt adjustable rate, \$130 million of taxable fixed rate, and \$622 million of taxable fixed rate Build America Bonds to fund the City's capital program and \$500 million of tax-exempt fixed rate bonds to refund outstanding debt yielding \$39 million in budget savings over the life of the bonds.

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