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1 2	THE CITY OF NEW YORK DEPARTMENT OF
3	NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING AND OPPORTUNITY TO
4 5	COMMENT ON: PROPOSED RULES GOVERNING THE DISTRIBUTION
6	OF ADVERTISEMENTS ON PRIVATE PROPERTY
7	X
9	125 Worth Street Second Floor Auditorium New York, New York
10 11 12	Wednesday, June 4, 2008
13 14 15	The above entitled matter came on for hearing at 9:30 a.m.
16 17 18	BEFORE: ANDREA CICCONE, Director of Intergovernmental Affairs
19 20 21	
22 23 24	
25 0002	MO OLOGONIE O L
1 2 3 4	MS. CICCONE: Good morning and welcome. My name is Andrea Ciccone. I am the Director of Intergovernmental
4 5	Affairs in the Bureau of Legal Affairs at the Department of Sanitation.
6 7	Thank you for attending the Department's hearing this morning.
8 9	The Department is conducting this hearing in accordance with the
10 11	requirements of the City Administration Procedure Act. The
12 13	purpose of this hearing is to receive comments from the public on the
14 15	Department's proposed rules governing the distribution of advertisements on
16 17	private property. The Department published the proposed rules in the
18 19	City Record on April 30, 2008. It also electronically transmitted and,
20 21	in some instances, mailed by first-class mail, copies of the rules,
22 23	to all New York City local elected officials, the state elected officials
24 25 0003	who sponsored the underlying new state legislation, all fifty-nine community
1	PROCEEDINGS board managers, and several media
2 3 4	organizations in the City. Acting pursuant to his
	Page 1

Charter-conferred authority under Section 753 of the New York City Charter, the Sanitation Commissioner is authorized to adopt rules relating to street and sidewalk cleanliness. In New York City, the owners of private homes and multiple dwellings are responsible for maintaining and keeping their properties in a clean manner. This includes the areas behind owners' property lines or fences that are visible from the street, and the public sidewalks abutting their properties and 18 inches from the curb line. Ther There are many property owners in neighborhoods across the City who take substantial personal and civic pride in the appearance of their properties, and carefully monitor and sweep in front of their properties to make sure they

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are clean and free from sidewalk and street litter debris. However, unsolicited advertisements that are placed on doorsteps or other areas of private property can be blown away by the wind, causing litter to accumulate on the streets and sidewalks that abut homes and apartment buildings. This causes a serious visual and physical blight upon communities across New York City.

To address the littering problem associated with the distribution of advertisements to private residences, while preserving the privacy of persons who do not wish to be solicited at their homes or apartments, the Governor signed into law Chapter 3 of the Laws of 2008 on January 28, 2008. This new state law amends Section 397-A of the New York State General Business Law which was added to Chapter 585 of the Laws of 2007. Section 397-A makes it unlawful

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for any person to distribute unwanted advertisements to a one, two, or three-family home if the property owner posts a sign expressly prohibiting the delivery of such materials. The new state law specifically requires that this sign be at least 5 inches by 7 inches in size, and contain the words, "Do Not Place Unauthorized Materials On This Property." The state law also requires the property owner to conspicuously post this sign on his or her property.

Similarly, the new state law provides that, in a multiple dwelling in which some unit owners or tenants have consented to prohibiting the delivery of unsolicited advertisements, the property owner may post, in a conspicuous location, a sign at least 5 inches by 7 inches in size identifying the number of unit occupants who wish to receive

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unsolicited materials, and the location where the materials must be placed.

Additionally, the state law creates a rebuttable presumption that the person whose name, telephone number, or other identifying information appearing on any unsolicited advertisement placed at two or more premises is liable for violating this state law. Also pursuant to the new state law, on February 20, 2008, Mayor Michael Bloomberg designated the New York City Department of Sanitation to locally enforce the new_state law requirements The state law provides in this City. that all summonses issued in the City of New York are returnable to the New York City Environmental Control Board, and authorizes the Department of Sanitation to serve all summonses either by personal delivery or by certified, registered mail with return

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delivery receipt.

Al though Chapter 585 creates the prohibited act of unlawfully distributing advertisements to property owners who have conspicuously posted a visible sign on their properties, both Chapter 585 and Chapter 3 are silent regarding the implementation and enforcement of certain provisions of Section 397-A of the New York State General Business Law. Accordingly, the purpose of this rule is to set forth the procedures for owners of one, two and three-family dwellings, and multiple dwellings, to inform the Department of any violation that has occurred at the owner's property in order for the Department enforcement agents to take necessary enforcement action against the responsible party.

The following are some of the highlights of the proposed rule: First, the rule establishes a

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process by which property owners may obtain a property owner complaint affidavit form through the Department of Sanitation's website or by calling the 3-1-1 action center, and subsequently submit this form to the Department for appropriate enforcement action;

Second, the rule clarifies that, for purposes of enforcement, the advertisement must be of the type that it does not contain any news, editorial content or information other than material concerning the business, or services or products offered by the busi ness. Where one or more documents are packaged together either by a plastic bag or wrapper, or a rubber band or similar device, each document will be analyzed separately to determine whether it constitutes an advertisement; and Third, the rule provides that,

in addition to submission by a

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property owner of a complaint affidavit form, an enforcement agent may also issue a summons based on his or her personal observation of any violation of state law governing the distribution of advertisements on private property.

Also present at this morning's hearing is Jim Macron, counsel to the New York City Environmental Control Board. On April 30, 2008, the Environmental Control Board jointly published in the City Record a proposed rule to revise the Sanitation Penalty Schedule under Section 31-122 of Subdivision G of Chapter 31 of Title 15 of the Rules of the City of New York by adding one charge for violating Section 397-A of the New York State General Business Law that prohibits the placement of unsolicited advertisements at two or more premises. This new charge, corresponding to the provisions of the

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new law, is being added to the Sanitation Penalty Schedule so that the Department of Sanitation may enforce against such violations that carry a minimum civil penalty of \$250.00 for each summons issued.

A Court Reporter is present today and will record the hearing. You may present an oral statement or submit written comments concerning the

7986 department. sanitation 060408. txt proposed rules. Please sign in at the 13 entrance of the room if you wish to 14 present an oral statement today. 15 have been accepting written comments on the proposed rules since we published them in the City Record, and 16 17 18 will continue to do so through the 19 close of business today. 20 The Department will make 21 available a copy of all written comments received by the Department, 22 23 together with today's hearing 24 transcript, for viewing on its website 25 by mid-June. 0011 PROCEEDI NGS 12345678 The Department will carefully consider all the comments it receives today and all written comments received through the close of business Following the consideration, we will issue proposed final rules and publish them in the City Record. 9 rules will then become effective thirty days after this publication.
I will begin calling those of 10 11 12 you who wish to speak this morning in 13 the order in which you have signed in. When you speak, please state your name and affiliation. Also, please speak slowly and clearly so that the Court 14 15 16 Reporter can understand and accurately record your statement. We also ask 17 18 19 that you limit your statement to five 20 mi nutes. 21 Before we begin calling 22 individuals to speak, however, I would 23 first like to read into the hearing 24 transcript record a joint letter which 25 the Department received from New York 0012 1 PROCEEDI NGS State Senator Frank Padavan of Queens 2345678 and New York State Assemblyman Mark Weprin of Queens, who sponsored the state law regulating the distribution of advertisements to residents. letter is addressed to the Deputy Commissioner for the Bureau of Legal Affairs for the Department, and states 9 as follows: 10 11 Dear Commissioner Orlin: 12 We are writing concerning 13 Chapter 3 of the Laws of 2008 14 regarding the distribution of unsolicited advertising on private property and the public hearing being held on the proposed rules to 15 16 17 18 effectuate the law. First, we feel it is important 19 20 for your Department to realize the

widespread public support for this

legislation. From our personal

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7986 department.sanitation 060408.txt observations, to complaints from community boards, civic organizations

and our neighbors, unwanted

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literature, advertisements and fliers left on private property is not only a blight throughout Queens but a safety issue as well. Not unlike the calls to telemarketers until the "Do Not Call" registry was adopted, we felt legislation was necessary to alleviate this nuisance of unwanted litter. As a matter of fact, once the law was signed our offices made the pertinent signs available and over four thousand citizens in our District alone have already placed such signs on their property.

In respect to the proposed rules, we are in general agreement and commend your Department for its efforts in this regard. There is, however, one issue which we feel may have an impact on our constituents not filing a complaint and that is the requirement of it being notarized. It may be difficult for one reason or another for people to get to a Notary.

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To that end, we would maintain that if the complaint makes it clear that the signer swore to the truth thereof under penalty of perjury, this would be sufficient for your Department to act. Of course, if the complainant had to later appear in an administrative hearing or if your Department felt a notarized affidavit was necessary to obtain a conviction, the individual would have to comply. The point is the requirement of a notarized complaint in the first instance may well discourage citizens to file complaints. Therefore, we would ask your Department to consider deleting such requirement from the proposed rules.

Should you have any questions or require anything further, please do not hesitate to contact us. As we will both be in session in Albany on June 4, we would ask you to include this letter as part of the hearing.

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Lastly, we have enclosed a recent unwanted flier left on a constituent's lawn as an example of this unsightly litter.

Cordially, Frank Padavan Senator of the 11th District. Mark Weprin,

Assembly District 24

Now I will begin by asking Mr.

William Marquardt to speak first.

MR. MARQUARDT: My name is
William Marquardt, M-A-R-Q-U-A-R-D-T,
and I'm here representing only myself,
except that I know that many members
of the community in the area where I
live, including two local community
resident associations, are very
concerned about these issues.

My concern is that we have a number of laws on the books now relating to improving the quality of life, but we simply are not enforcing them. For example, the bill passed about cars sounds good. It says you don't have to see the person putting

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it on the car; but I have tried and I am unable to get any city agency to provide summonses about this, period. It's very frustrating and I'm concerned that this will become simply another example of a law being passed and nothing being done with regard to enforce it.

I have here some photos. I have examples, but these are some photos. I have a number of them here and you can pass them around. I'm showing that they are just left on the step where people walk, in front of doors, and covering the entrance to the doors. You can pass these around. These are more typical. But here is an example. I took all these photos myself. I did not touch any of these up before taking the photos. It's exactly just the way they are. I'm going to start my prepared remarks.

There are two major problems with the proposed rule. First, the

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rules change the definition of advertising, which may be subject to prohibition, from the definition given in the state law. You read the two definitions, they're quite different. And this creates a loophole. The proposed rule states that only advertisements which do not contain any news will be covered by the law. Now, this will allow an advertiser to exempt his advertising from enforcement simply by adding some item in small print, such as who won the World Series.

The second problem is that the rules shift responsibility for enforcement from the Department of

7986 department. sanitation 060408. txt Sanitation to the property owner. 20 rules exempt DSNY, the Department of 21 22 Sanitation, from any requirement to inspect the property. Now I understand the staffing problems, the budget concerns and so forth. 23 24 25 However, it is apparent to me that the 0018 PROCEEDI NGS 2 3 Department of Sanitation desires to avoid having to devote any significant 4 5 6 7 personnel resources for additional enforcement of this new law. furthermore, it provide a loophole to make it easy for advertisers to exempt 8 9 their advertisement from enforcement. The proposed rules place very deterrent burdens on the property 10 11 owners for making a complaint. we've heard earlier, you must obtain 12 complaint forms, a single form; fill 13 14 out the form; get it notarized; submit the advertising; submit a list of current occupants; state whether or 15 16 not they consent to the prohibition 17 18 against the advertiser; and be 19 prepared to come before the 20 Environmental Control Board to testi fy 21 Ít is extremely unlikely that 22 23 any landlord in a walk-up apartment 24 building, which is the area of my 25 primary concern, is going to do this; 0019 PROCEEDI NGS 1 234567 nor would he want to pay one of his salaried employees to serve as his Luxury buildings with doormen do not have problems with unsolicited advertising because the doorman is constantly observing and controlling the situation. Some may still feel it 8 is the responsibility of the property 9 10 owner to keep his property clean. 11 Unfortunately, however, most walk-up 12 buildings have owners who just do not 13 care because they know their apartment 14 will remain rented regardless. 15 Therefore, it is imperative that the city enforce the new law in a way that will give the tenant means to obtain 16 17 18 enforcement. 19 I found nothing in the state law 20 which would prohibit the city from 21 adopting the same simple procedure for 22 unsolicited advertising which 23 currently is used by the Department of Sanitation for trashy sidewalks. 24 25 Namely, any citizen may call 3-1-1 to 0020 PROCEEDI NGS 1 2 report a trash sidewalk, and

sanitation will inspect the location

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and possibly issue a summons.

For an unsolicited advertisement, if a property owner has a sign designating a location or a receptacle, and if the advertisement has not been placed as designated, any citizen should be able to call 3-1-1 and make a complaint. Forget about the exact number of ads. Tenants and the public are concerned about the trashy appearance and safety hazard of the depositing of advertising on their steps and vestibule floors.

If the proposed rules are adopted, the City and the Department will be in a potentially -- a potentially vulnerable legal condition. Because they become now part of the act. They're players in the process. If someone falls and is seriously or fatally injured, a personal injury attorney could claim

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that the burdensome requirements the City placed on the property owner played a direct role in perpetuating hazardous conditions. Personal injury attorneys sue everyone in sight, especially the deepest pockets.

especially the deepest pockets.

Injury caused by falls on steps are common, almost epidemic. In recent years over one million people in the United States have received hospital treatment for stair-related injuries, which can be as severe as an injury suffered in a car accident or an assault.

If necessary, the state law should be amended to specify that the posted sign optionally may specify only the location of the receptacle where the advertising is to be placed, without necessarily specifying the number of advertisements allowed. This would eliminate the burdensome administrative requirement on the building owners to maintain current

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written proof of the number of residents who do not consent to the prohibition.

Also, there is the issue of how frequently the receptacle must be emptied, which is not addressed by either the state law or proposed rule. This is an important point. Because if the advertiser finds the receptacle full to capacity, and he deposits the advertising on the vestibule floor or stoop, the entire intent of the law has been subverted. On the other

7986 department. sanitation 060408. txt 15 hand, if the advertiser is not able to 16 leave the advertisement because they 17 do not fit in the receptacle, 18 advertisers may consider their rights 19 to have been violated. 20 I appreciate very much the time 21 that has been allowed for me to speak 22 And I want to say that I 23 recognize the very fine work the 24 Department of Sanitation does in many 25 areas, cleaning up after parades and 0023 PROCEEDI NGS 1 2 3 getting the garbage cleaned up and the snow off the streets in a very 4 5 6 7 responsible manner. But I do have a concern which I voiced here in my Thank you again. remarks. MS. CICCONE thank you very 8 much, Mr. Marquardt. I will pass 9 those compliments on to our sanitation commissioner too. 10 I would like to call Jason 11 Buckweitz, representative for 12 13 Councilman Vincent Gentile of Brooklyn, to come to the podium. 14 MR. BUCKWEITZ: Good morning. 15 am in support of promulgating rules by 16 17 the City Department of Sanitation for the state's lawn litter law, and in support of the Environmental Control 18 19 20 Board's proposed rule to establish a 21 \$250 civil penalty. However, I am opposed to one aspect in the proposed 22 23 rule that makes this law nearly 24 unworkable unless the section in 25 question, Section 16-02 of Chapter 16 0024 PROCEEDI NGS 1 234567 of the Rules of the City of New York, is amended. Section 16-02 predicates the issuance of a notice of violation of the lawn litter law on the submission of a notarized complaint affidavit 8 form submitted by the property owner, 9 along with the unsolicited 10 adverti sement. This need for a 11 notarized form as a predicate to filing a complaint and issuance of a 12 13 violation is burdensome on the property owner and will result in far 14 15 too many actual violations being 16 overlooked and forgotten because of 17 the effort required to file a complaint. This burden of obtaining a notary will put a damper on the effort to curb this type of unsolicited advertising and will significantly 18 19 20 21 22 lessen, if not eliminate, the 23 significance of this new law. 24 this proposed rule should be amended 25 to require a signature of the property

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owner who attests to the validity of the information on the complaint and to his/her signature based on information and belief. Thi s affirmation should further state that false statements or supplying a false identification could result in criminal charges against the si gnatory.

This affirmation instills the same concern for the affidavit's veracity as the proposed rule for a notarized complaint, yet allows the homeowner or owner's designated agent the ability to easily comply with the rules for submission of a complaint The need for a convenient, yet verified process, is even more necessary and evident when one location is beset by a series of violations of this law over a period of days or weeks. There must be an easy and efficient way for petitioners to file a complaint, while still

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maintaining the affidavit's legal status and veracity, or else homeowners or their agents will not use this new law to its fullest. provision, if not amended, would serve to undercut the law's intent and the number of complaints filed.

Accordingly, this provision must be amended in the way suggested or in some other way that would not deter Thank you. peti ti oners.

MS. CI CCONE: Thank you very Right now we don't have Jason. any other speakers but we're going to hold the microphone open pending any other individuals that wish to speak.

MR. MARQUARDT: Can I just add one or two sentences?

MS. CICCONE: Mr. Marquardt wishes to add some further comments. MR. MARQUARDT: In my opinion the requirement for a property owner to maintain this administrative -- to hold off to the tenant and maintain

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these written records, and a requirement that we may have to come down and testify, are far greater deterrents than getting a notary.
notary is fairly easy to find in
comparison. And I don't think single-family homeowners are going to want to take time off from work to come down and testify.

MS. CICCONE: Thank you again. I would like to call Mr. Marquardt to

the microphone.

MR. MARQUARDT: I would look to state for the record that the location for the photos that I took, they were between First and Second Avenue from 87th Street to 95th Street. Most of them were in the 91st Street to 95th Street area -- maybe all of them, because I didn't submit all of the photos that I took. The one which is the most egregious, which has them all over the sidewalk, the exact address of that, if I recall correctly, is 319

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East 95th Street.

MS. CICCONE: Thank you again. I'd like to call our third speaker this morning Mr. Murray Berger, representing the Kew Gardens Civic Association.

MR. BERGER: Thank you. The directions are reversed this morning. May I ask to whom I'm speaking? I like to know whom I'm addressing.

MR. MACRON: Jim Macron with the Environmental Control Board; Juliette Neisser from the Environmental Control Board; and Liz Nolan from the Environmental Control Board.

MR. BERGER: I'm Murray Berger, executive chairman of the Kew Gardens Civic Association. I would like to preface, I would like to say that if the Department wanted to design a law that is impossible to enforce by its own weight, it couldn't have done a more effective job.

Asking the average or even the

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nonaverage homeowner, in Queens or elsewhere, to go get an affidavit, you should be able to at least -- or even downloading the application form is not unreasonable. Asking for an affidavit at this time is actually stupid. Even though I couldn't say this anymore -- to go for an affidavit when the banks don't have notaries anymore, and to have to go and locate one in the shopping center somewhere and pay two, two and a half dollars for it. It's strictly a burden that should not be imposed on a homeowner who is reporting a violation of the law. I think the laws are probably designed by lawyers who don't have a problem getting a notary.

Then, the presumption that the adjudicating officer might call the

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7986 department. sanitation 060408. txt homeowner to testify is certainly a 23 threat that would hang over any homeowner -- who would certainly not 24 25 want to get involved with either the 0030 PROCEEDI NGS 1 2 city or elsewhere to testify that somebody garbaged his lawn. And 4 5 6 7 that's the truth with an unreasonable request. The affidavits are -- the notarizations are uncalled for because the homeowners can be verified by asking them to submit a recent tax 8 9 10 bill which would have his name and 11 address -- or for the Department, the reporting officer to look on the 12 It wouldn't be hard to find 13 him, and check out the property plot 14 15 and lot of the address, and identify the homeowner. So this is a lot of 16 duplication that merely creates 17 obstacles to easy enforcement to what should be an easy law. 18 19 20 On the enforcement issue I would 21 like to say that when I saw that the 22 sanitation enforcement officers can 23 give tickets when they catch a violation or a violatór red-handed, 24 25 but it would have to be pretty rare of 0031 PROCEEDI NGS 2 those enforcement officers in the It should be delegated as well to the police, so that, if they see 4 5 6 7 the kid or whoever distributing, they can stop it and stop the violation. I was asked to come up with a suggestion: What about people who want to receive the mail or the literature? And my suggestion there 8 9 10 was to require distributors or 11 12 advertisers who want it to put a 13 supplied mailbox similar to what the 14 newspapers do when the people 15 subscribe to a newspaper delivery -have a legitimate marked box on their 16 lawn or elsewhere on the property or a 17 18 receptacle for receiving advertising. 19 That poses a problem because one of the big problems, one of the major reasons homeowners object is because 20 21 22 of the accumulation of garbage when 23 they're away for a weekend or a week, 24 and the house becomes vulnerable for 25 break-ins. And how do you have your 0032 PROCEEDI NGS 2 3 mailbox without it spewing piles of paper, which would add to the 4 accumulation of mail around the box to

show you were away for weeks?

I have one other thought which I

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7986 department. sanitation 060408. txt -- forgive me. It's not coming back 8 to me, so I'll stop right now. Thank 9 you. I hope we could accomplish this. Thank you. Oh, I think I know what I was going to say.

It's beyond the jurisdiction of 10 11 12 the Department of Sanitation. It's 13 the creation of Albany. 14 But by 15 extension of the sign that's required 16 to be on the lawn of the homeowner, 17 would that not imply for anybody that 18 you may not litter my lawn but you may defecate on my lawn, you may break my window? I'm assuming you got specific violations of the administrative code 19 20 21 or the sanitation code if you weren't 22 for it, implying that it's okay to 23 24 violate all the other violations, all 25 the other restrictions of the 0033 1 PROCEEDI NGS sanitation code and other codes. 3 seeking that one violation is implicit 4 5 6 7 to violate codes. Thank you very much. If you have questions I'll be happy to answer them. $\,$ MS. CICCONE: Thank you very much Mr. Berger. Do we have anybody 8 9 10 else that would like to make any 11 statements? 12 MR. MARQUARDT: I have information from the Post Office about 13 using a Post Office box if you'd like 14 15 me to talk about that. MS. CI CCONE: If you'd like to, 16 17 you can. 18 MR. MARQUARDT: I made an 19 inquiry to the local Postal Authority, 20 you know. Steve Montana, a public relations person there, forwarded my inquiry to someone else and I got an 21 22 23 email reply as to whether someone can, 24 a property owner can go to some sort 25 of, like, Home Depot and purchase a 0034 PROCEEDI NGS 1 2 mailbox for these advertisements. 3 4 5 6 7 8 they said, yes, that's fine, you can use such a mailbox. He said just put a label on the box saying for unsolicited advertisements only, not for U.S. mail. MS. CICCONE: Our fourth speaker 9 today, we would like to welcome 10 Councilman Simcha Felder of Brooklyn. 11 MR. FELDER: Thank you for the 12 opportunity to speak here today. So, the first thing, it's been a very long road getting to this point -- I think opportunity to speak here today. 13 14 15 that everyone would agree. I want to thank the sponsors in Albany for the 16 17 bill, Senator Padavan and Assemblyman

Weprin, and of course Commissioner Doherty and the Department of Sanitation for working on a very complicated issue. What seemed to be to me very simple at the outset, but became much more complicated, certainly, on the issues of freedom of speech. And I thank Carmen Tagnetta

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from the city council for steering me in the right direction on this issue and trying to make sure that we get something done that will actually work.

So the bottom line is that the lawn bill, the lawn leaf bill has been in effect for more than a month now and it needs to be enforceable; that's the issue. You have to enforce the rul es. People won't have to testify or may testify about the problems with the Department's proposed rules as they exist now. And they stem from the struggles to protect both the bill, both the Bill of Rights and the rights of the property owners, which

is a very, very complicated issue. Indeed, the proposed rules require that homeowners jump through hoops to make formal complaints and the effectiveness of these procedures will need to be monitored and approved upon accordingly in the future.

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However, I think what's most important today is that we make sure that the enforcement agents have the tools necessary to enforce the law and impose fines, which these rules in effect do as they exist now.

Moving forward, it will be incumbent upon the Department to direct their agents. This is very important. I think it will be very important for the Department to direct their agents to issue these violations based upon their own observations and to do so with vigilance, both seeking to catch violators in the act or to observe material already distributed So I just thought for a in violation. moment I want to make sure that, as things stand now, the Department has the right to direct its agents to issue violations, both whether they see somebody distributing this junk or not.

And the effectiveness of this

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bill is -- I don't want to say it's

exactly like the pooper scooper law, but once a number of these violations are issued without the complaint by the homeowner, they're going to stop doing it in certain places. It's not going to take much because the profit on the distribution is, you know, is a very small profit margin. And if somebody gets hit with a ticket for \$250, whatever else, they're going to direct their distributors to stop doing it. So it's imperative that the Department make sure that their agents issue these violations.

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I'm not suggesting in any way that there should be special agents, you know, called the flier agents or anything like that. But to just have agents out there and not give them the -- not only the authority, but to encourage them to issue these violations just as the same way that they're encouraged to issue violations

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for garbage on the street.

We don't want to send people out, but it's very important that the word get out. That's what is important, that the word get out to distributors that it's serious. And if somebody has a card up saying he doesn't want the stuff, that they have to honor that. That's what it's And having it done only about. through the, you know, signing something and there's no right is not That is an added benefit enough. that's giving people the benefit of being able to do it that way. But unless the Department does it the way I just suggested it will be meaningless. I belabored it but I wanted to belabor it.

So, additionally, I would say it's incumbent upon the Department not only making complaints available by 3-1-1, but to take and to respond to general complaints that distributors

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are hidden and ticketed in certain blocks and neighborhoods and directly having enforcement agents to these areas as it would with any other areas.

Just to be clear, I am again not trying to advocate that we have special agents going out only for this purpose. But there are going to be blocks, as there are todăy, that have an overwhelming number of homes for these signs, and they keep on getting Page 16

fliers despite the signs. The Department should be able -- they should be able to call, and the Department should be able to respond by saying we normally don't send out an agent just for this purpose, but in this case it would make sense to do so.

I'm thrilled with everything I've heard. I'm thrilled and I'm thankful that we're finally at reach on enforcement of the lawn litter law.

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No one is going to say the proposals are perfect and my advocacy -- on any issue, nothing is perfect. I daresay even here the only thing that is perfect is God. But nothing else is perfect, certainly not this law. What is really most important now is that the agents have the ability to enforce the law and that we as citizens and elected officials hold the Department accountable from here on for such enforcement.

Again, I thank all those that I thanked before, again, for making something this complicated into something that will actually be a reality.

MS. CICCONE: Councilman Felder, thank you very much. As always we do appreciate your comments and we thank you for coming and taking the time from your busy schedule this morning.

Do we have anyone else who would like to speak?

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It is now 12:30 p.m.. This will conclude our hearing today. Once again, I would like to state that the Department will continue to accept all written comments on today's proposed rule, together with the Environmental Control Board's rule, through the close of business today. Thank you very much for attending.

(Time notd: 12:30 p.m.)

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23 24 25 CERTIFICATION

I, SHERRY SPALLIERO, a Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public, within and for the State of New York, do hereby certify that I reported the proceedings in the within-entitled matter, on Wednesday, June 4, 2008, at 125 Worth Street, New York, New York, and that this is an accurate transcription of these proceedings.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, 2008.

SHERRY SPALLIERO,