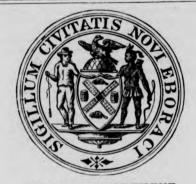
THE CITY RECORD.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

VOL. I.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 28, 1873.

NUMBER 29.



HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT, No. 301 MOTT ST., NEW YORK, July 25, 1873. The Board of Health met this day.

Orders. Two hundred orders for the abatement of nuisances were made.

Reports Received.

From the Sanitary Superintendent:
On removal of stalls and stands around Wash-

ington market.
On special inspections near North River, between 38th and 42d streets.
On decayed sausages in bonded warehouse,
No. 102 Greenwich street.

On dangerous condition of roofs of Washing-

ton market. on market.
On night soil boat, foot of Rivington street.
On execution of order No. 5591, Form 1, Cur-

On complaint against the Architectural Iron

On complaint against night scavanger.
On condition of certain pavements.
On applications for permits.
On manure dumping at East River and 45th

From the Attorney:
On suit for injunction against the removal of the stalls and stands around Washington market.

Communications from City Departments. From the Police Department: Report of arrests for violation of the sanitary

In respect to protection of the officers and agents of the Board of Health. On pork packing establishment, 212 and 214

Reports Referred to Other Departments for the Necessary Action.

To His Honor the Mayor:
On complaint against night scavenger.
To Department of Public Works:
On the condition of certain pavements. Permits Granted.

To cure with salt, calves' rennets, at 792 1st avenue.

To slaughter animals south side 44th street,

near 1st avenue.

To render lard at 519 W. 33d street.

Bills Audited.

Resolutions.

That the Secretary be directed to notify the owners, lessees and occupants of the stalls and stands around Washington market and in the adjoining streets, erected in the street or upon the sidewalk in violation of law or ordinance to remove the same forthwith, and that the following form of order be adopted and entered:

HEALTH DEPARTMENT, New York, July 25, 1873.

SIR—Your attention is hereby called to the accompanying extracts from the minutes of a meeting of the Board of Health, and you are hereby ordered to remove forthwith from the street and sidewalk the stall or stand occupied by you.

By order of the Board, GEORGE S. HASTINGS Secretary pro tem.

That in order that no unnecessary injury to property be occasioned in the matter of the removal ordered of the stalls and stands around Washington Market, in the neighboring streets which have not yet been removed, the Secretary be directed to again call the attention of the owners and occupants of the stalls and stands yet remaining to the orders of the Board for their re-moval, and to the necessity of removing this nuisance immediately.

That in case the aforesaid stalls and stands are

not forthwith removed by the owners and occu-pants thereof, Inspector Gridley be authorized and directed to proceed at once and at any time after twelve o'clock, noon, Saturday next, to remove the same in the same manner as were re-moved the other stalls and stands embraced in the former order of the Board, and that he may

was inflicted by persons acting for this Board, and that he be authorized to incur any necessary expense therein with the approval of the Finance

That the thanks of this Board be tendered to That the thanks of this Board be tendered to the police for the very efficient services rendered by them during Wednesday night and Thursday morning, July 23d and 24th, 1873, for their active and hearty co-operation in effecting the reform designed and so far accomplished by the Board at Washington Market; to Inspector Walling, Captains Copeland, Van Dusen, Caffray, Williamson, Ullman, Petty, Kennedy, Williams, Garland, Tule, Ferris and Irving, and to the officers and men under their command.

That the Sanitary Superintendent be directed to place an inspector on the rendering boat, to be relieved from time to time, so that he may ascertain when and where the rendering is con-

ascertain when and where the rendering is conducted; and that if it should be found that rendering is carried on anywhere in New York and its waters, or that offensive gases are liberated, the inspector be ordered to cause the arrest of all the persons directly or indirectly engaged in such rendering or other offensive operation; and, further, to report to the Attorney of this Board such facts as may serve as a basis of a warrant for the arrest of the officers of the Rendering

Company.

That the Sanitary Superintendent be directed to cause the district bounded by Thirty-eighth street, the North river, Forty-second street and Eleventh avenue, to be patrolled hourly, day and night, by inspectors of his department, and the said inspectors be directed to cause the unand night, by inspectors of his department, and that said inspectors be directed to cause the immediate arrest of any and all persons found directly or indirectly engaged in violating the Sanitary Code, and that they be also directed to report to the attorney of this Board the eircumstances of each and every violation as the basis of a warrant for the arrest of the proprietors or other persons under whose orders such violations

take place.

Also, that the said inspectors be directed to pay especial attention to the manure dumping ground, the works of William H. McNiel, the different slaughter houses, the hog and sheep yards, and the works of the Metropolitan Gaslicht Company.

ight Company
That Inspector Gridley be directed to execute
Order No. 6028, form 1, Current Series, relating
to the offensive sheds of W. H. McNeil, and

that he may incur any necessary expense therein with the approval of the Finance Committee.

That —— Alvord and Wm. Whollahan be appointed as special inspectors, to serve during the pleasure of this Board, at salaries of \$100 per month.

month.

That J. J. McNally be allowed the sum of 550 for his services as special inspector, attached to the Disinfecting Corps for the two weeks ending July 19, 1873.

That section 2 of the rules and regulations be amended by adding at the end of the first sentence thereof, between the words "meeting' and "at," the following: "And also a special meeting may be held at any time when all the Commissioners are present, with or without previous notice of the object of the meeting;" and section 3 of the said rules and regulations be also amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Two hours' notice by telegraph, given by the President or the Secretary, addressed to by the President or the Secretary, addressed to the residences of the Commissioners, of a call to a special meeting, shall be in lieu of any other notice."

That in accordance with the recommendation of the Sanitary Superintendent, on the complaint against the premises of the Architectural Iron Works, corner East Fourteenth street and Avenue C, the time for compliance with the orders of this Board, and abatement of the evil compliance of the extended plants down

plained of, be extended ninety days.

By order of the Board.

GEORGE S. HASTINGS,

Secretary, pro tem.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

The Board of Police met on the 25th day of July, 1873. Present—Messrs. Smith, Gardner, Duryce and Russell, Commissioners.

Dismissals.

Patrolman Patrick Conway, Eighteenth precinct. Patrolman John Reilley, Twentieth precinct. Reprimand.

Sergeant E. R. Delamater, Thirtieth precinct. Complaint Dismissed. Patrolman Edward Graham, Eighteenth precinct.

Bills Referred to the Finance Committee. R. C. Brown \$3 50
R. C. Brown 54 or
R. C. Brown 54 or
R. C. Brown 46 59
E. M. Van Tassel 18 88
M. B. Brown 25 00
Peter Woods & Bro 2447 11
Newark I. Rubber Manufacturing Co 48 00 Parades Allowed.

N. Y. Turner's school—picnic. ather Matthew T. A. B. Society—funeral.

Resolved, That no transfers of captains be made except at a full meeting of the Board. Transfers ordered.

Patrolman Dennis Leary, from Twenty-ninth to the former order of the Board, and that he may therein incur any necessary expense with the approval of the Finance Committee.

That Inspector Gridley be ordered to repair the unintentional damage to the roof of Washington Market, on the West street side, which Leaves of Absence Granted.

Patrolman A. Browning, Eighth precinct, one day ithout pay. Patrolman M. Humphrey, Sixteenth precinct, ten days without pay.
Patrolman S. Ketchum, Twenty-first precinct, one day

without pay.

Sergeant Swift, Eleventh precinct, one-half day.
Sergeant Hooker, Twenty-sixth precinct, one-half day.
Sergeant Davidson, Twenty-ninth precinct, twenty

John A. Heron, as patrolman, Nineteenth precinct. Communication from M. Lefferts, President of the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company, asking permission to run a single wire from the Central (Telegraph) Office to their office No. 61 Broadway. Referred to the Committee on Station

Houses.

Resolved, That honorable mention be made of Patrolman Michael Walsh, Seventh precinct, for his promptitude and bravery in rescuing John Dennan from drowning, at the foot of Market street, on the 21st of July inst.

Whereas, Unauthorized and irresponsible armed bodies of men, accustomed to drill, and figure street where a command of descripts lead.

often acting under command of desperate leaders, are a perpetual nuisance to the legal authorities, and that it is not compatible with public safety in a city filled with a powerful dangerous class, and subject to sudden excitement, to allow armed organizations to meet, drill, and attain the discipline of regular troops, unless they the discipline of regular troops, unless they were organized under and by virtue of law, and subject to proper and responsible command; therefore-

Resolved, That this Board will not grant a permit to any organized body of men, with arms, to parade in the streets of this city, except the organizations excepted by chapter 590 of the Laws of 1872, and other legally organized military bodies from other States.

Resolved, That leave of absence will be granted to one sergeant, one detective, and five patrolmen, without pay, to attend the campmeeting at Sing Sing in August next.

Communication from the Comptroller, calling for an estimate in writing for the year 1874. Resolved, That this Board will not grant a

for an estimate in writing for the year 1874, including a statement of each of the salaries of

including a statement of each of the salaries of the officers, clerks, employees and subordinates of this department, was referred to the Treasurer.

Statement of the Comptroller, dated July 19th, showing appropriations and expenditures to date of statement for account of Police Department for 1873, was referred to the Treasurer.

Communication from Thomas F. Devoe, Superintendent of Markets, suggesting changes of detailed men at the markets. On file.

detailed men at the markets. On file.

Communication from the Health Department.

being complaints against goats in Sextieth and Sixty-third streets, and Ninth and Tenth ave-Ordered sent to the captain of the pre-

Communication from Myer Stern and others, recommending Dr. Burtis M. Keeney for position as surgeon. Referred to the Committee on Sur-

Bills Referred to Finance Committee.
 Reeves & Co.
 \$57 25

 S. Raynor & Co.
 17 50

 King & Co.
 276 35

 Samuel Van Winkle.
 69 95

Daily reports of the Superintendents of Boats

July 24th and 25th) were referred to the Committee on Street Cleaning.

Proposal of Charles S. Medary, 120 Broadway, to furnish linen hose lined with rubber, at 95 cents per foot, was referred to the Committee on Street Cleaning.

Adjourned.

Adjourned.

D. B. HASBROUCK. Acting Chief Clerk.

BUREAU OF ELECTIONS. The Board of Police met on the 15th day of July, 1873. Present—Messrs. Smith, Gardner, Duryee and Russell, Commissioners.

The following proposals for "Oath Books"

nine dollars and fifty cents (49 50), they being the lowest bidders.

Adjourned.

D. B. HASBROUCK, Acting Chief Clerk.

BUREAU OF ELECTIONS.

The Board of Police met on the 23d day of July, 1873. Present—Messrs. Smith, Gardner, Duryee and Russell, Commissioners.

The following proposals for Registry Books, &c., were opened:

No. 1—Kennard & Hay, Stationery Manufacturing and Printing Co.:

No. 3-Carl & Grener: No. 5—Jas. O. Smith & Sons. :

4000 registry books ... \$1,666 66

5000 election law ... 480 00

201 25—\$2,367 91 No. 6-Anson Herrick's Sons: No. 7-Martin B. Brown:

Whereupon, it was
Resolved, That the contract for making 4,000
"Registers," and for printing 5,000 copies of the
Election Law, and 1,000 copies of the Election
Districts pamphlet, in all respects equal to sample in the Bureau of Elections, be awarded to
Martin B. Brown for the sum of seventeen hundred dollars (\$1,700 00), he being the lowest
bidder.

Adjourned.

D. B. HASBROUCK, Acting Chief Clerk.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

The following opinions were furnished by the Counsel to the Corporation during the week ending July 25, 1873.

AUTHORITY TO REGULATE AND GRADE TENTH AVENUE ABOVE ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY FIFTH STREET.

LAW DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION, July 16th, 1873.

Hon. Andrew H. Green, Comptroller of the City of New York:

City of New York:

SIR—Your letter of July 10th, in relation to the authority of the Department of Public Works to regulate and grade Tenth avenue, above One Hundred and 1 fty-fifth street, has received my careful attention.

The Commissioner of Public Works, in letter to you, dated July 7th, claims that by section 8, chapter 565, Laws 1865, the Commissioners of Central Park were authorized to regulate, grade and improve said street, in such manner as they deemed pr per, which power was transferred to the Commissioner of Public Works by chapter 872 of the Laws of 1872.

deemed pr per, which power was transferred to the Commissioner of Public Works by chapter 872 of the Laws of 1872.

Chapter 565 of the Laws of 1865, conferred upon the Commissioners of the Central Park exclusive power to lay out streets, roads, public squares and places within that part of the City of New York northward of the southerly line of One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street, of such width, extent and direction, and upon such grades as to the shall seem most conducive to the public good.

Section 2 provides for making, certification and filing of the maps of the streets, &c., laid out by said Commissioners.

Section 3 provides that the maps so made, certified and tiled, shall be final and conclusive, as to the location, width and grades of said streets, &c., as well in respect to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, as in respect to the owners and occupants of 'ands, tenements and hereditaments within the boundaries aforesaid, or affected by said treets words while sequences and larges and in

of lands, tenements and hereditaments within the boundaries aforesaid, or affected by said streets, roads, public squares and places, and in respect to all other persons whomsoever.

Section 4 authorizes the Commissioners of the Central park, for and in behalf of the Mayor, &c., to acquire title to the lands required for the streets, &c., so laid down.

Section 8 authorizes the Commissioners of the Central Park, upon the requisition of title

Section 8 authorizes the Commissioners of the Central Park, upon the requisition of title pursuant to said act, or whenever thereafter the said Commissioners shall deem it the public interest to do so, to cause such of said streets, roads, squares or places, as they shall designate, to be regulated, graded and improved as streets, or as country roads, or in such manner as the Commissioners may deem for the public interest, and may direct, and for that purpose, and in and about such regulating, grading and improvements the Commissioners of the Central Park shall have, possess and enjoy all the powers now or heretofore possessed, enjoyed or exercised now or heretofore possessed, enjoyed or exercised by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of by the Mayor, Aldermen and Common and the City of New York as to other streets and the City of New York Commissioners in respect to roads, and by such Commissioners in respect to the Central Park in said city.

The Commissioners of the Central Park, under the laws in relation to the improvement of said Park, were then empowered to procure the work necessary for the improvement thereof, by days work, or by contract, as they deemed

By this act, said Commissioners are invested with the same power, in relation to the improve-ment of the streets laid out by them under the act, and opened pursuant thereto.

If, therefore, Tenth avenue, north of One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street, has been laid out by the Commissioners of the Central Park under and pursuant to the statute, Chapter 586, Laws of 1865; and title thereto acquired pursuant to section 4 of the act, the said Commissioners had the power to procure said work without contract, or in any manner they deemed the public interest to require

Tenth avenue was first laid down on the map made by the Commissioners under the act of 1807, extending northward in a straight line from One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street to the

Harlem River.

The Commissioners of the Central Park, in The Commissioners of the Central Park, in laying out the city, north of One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street, under Chapter 565, of the Laws of 1865, also laid out Tenth avenue, coinciding with Tenth avenue as laid out on the map of 1807, in part, discontinuing a portion near Fort George, and prescribing a new location and direction for that portion, and discontinuing entirely, a considerable portion thereof nearest to the Harlem River.

The power conferred upon the Commissioners

the Harlem River.

The power conferred upon the Commissioners of the Central Park to lay out the streets, etc., north of 155th street, was "exclusive," the maps made by them showing the streets, etc., laid out were made final and conclusive as to the location, width and grades of the streets etc. exhibited on width and grades of the streets, etc., exhibited on

It, therefore, seems to me that the Central Park Commissioners, were empowered to a per-cede the Tenth avenue, laid down on the map of cede the Tenth avenue, laid down on the map of 1807, and lay down the same, partly on a new plan and in part co-incident with the avenue, so laid out on the map of 1807, as they have done, and that the said avenue as now laid down on the map of the city is an avenue laid out by the Park Commissioners under the act of 1865, and which when opened the said Commissioners had power to regulate, and improve by days work or by contract as they deemed proper.

This power has been transferred to the Department of Public Works by the statute cited (chapter 872 Laws of 1872).

This power has been transferred to the Department of Public Works by the statute cited (chapter 872 Laws of 1872).

I am, therefore, unable to discover any reason to doubt that the assessment directed to be laid in section 8 of chapter 565, laws of 1865, may be laid for the expense incurred in the performance of said work by days work, provided the avenue has been opened by legal proceedings, and title acquired thereto, pursuant to the act of 1865.

I have made inquiry as to the fact whether Tenth avenue, about One hundred and fifty fifth street has ever been opened by legal proceedings, and have not been able to ascertain that such legal proceedings have ever been had, or that the city has in any way acquired title to the avenue. If it is the fact, that no title thereto has been acquired by the city, it is extremely doubtful whether the Department of Parks had authority to prosecute the improvement either by days work, contract or in any other way, and probably no assessment can be laid.

no assessment can be laid.

Yours respectfully, E. DELAFIELD SMITH, Counsel to the Corporation.

BOOTHS AND STANDS AROUND WASHINGTON MARKET, AND AUTHORITY TO REMOVE THE SAME. LAW DEPARTMENT,

Office of Counsel to the Corporation, July 22d, 1873. The Hon. George M. Van Nort, Commissione

of Public Works.
SIR:-Your letter of the 18th inst., and its en

closures have received my consideration. I ad-

First-The Board of Health having declared that the stalls and stands around and in the vicinity of Washington Market are nuisances, endangering the health of our citizens, it is my unhesitating judgment that full power and authority are vested in the Board to at once remove

Second—It is, in my opinion, the duty of the Commissioner of Public Works to effect or to aid in such removal, at the request of the Board of

Health.

Third—The views which I have above expressed, of the power and duty of the Board of Health, to itself act in the premises, and to receive, upon its own requisition, the assistance of other departments of the City Government, render unnecessary a consideration of the more difficult question as to the power of the Commissioner of Public Works to remove such booths and stands, upon the ground that they encumand stands, upon the ground that they encum-ber and obstruct the street and sidewalks.

Fourth—The order of injunction referred to in

the papers accompanying your letter, is not in force as a prohibition against the action which the Board of Health and the other Departments of Board of Fleatin and the City Government are bound to take, upon a question involving the protection of our citizens against the threatened ravages of disease and

Fifth-There is no doubt as to the power of the Commissioner of Public Works, as a general rule, to remove booths and stands, encumbering the streets and sidewalks in the city of New York, including those which cluster around the sites of the public markets. There may, however, be ca-ses specially protected by some law ordinance or usage; if so, such special cases must stand upon their own merits.

I am, sir, very respectfully,

your obedient servant, E. DELAFIELD SMITH, Counsel to the Corporation.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FOR SEARCHING TITLE OF PIERS AND BULKHEADS-CITY MUST BE CHARGED AT SAME RATE AS AN

INDIVIDUAL. LAW DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION, July 24th, 1873.

Eugene T. Lynch, Esq., Secretary Department SIR-I duly received your letter, with the ac-

companying bill of Mr. Nelson Merrill and abstracts of title, and asking my opinion as to the correctness of Mr. Merrill's charges.

I have examined Mr. Merrill's detailed statement of the services rendered by him, and the abstracts. The titles seem to have been carefully and thoroughly searched, and the abstracts abstracts. The titles seem to have been carefully and thoroughly searched, and the abstracts are very complete. One bill is for \$850, and the other for \$750 (not including disbursements), making a total of \$1,600.

It seems to me that Mr. Merrill's charges are two large. In private practice the charge for

too large. In private practice the charge for searching the title of ordinary real estate, of equal value, and for preparing similar abstracts, would probably be between \$200 and \$300.

Would probably be between \$200 and \$300.

I am aware that the examination of the title of piers and bulkheads is more oifficult and laborious, and occupies more time than the examination of the title of other real property.

But, after making due allowance for such difference, it seems to me that \$1,000 would be a very liberal compensation for the work done by Mr. Merrill.

Mr. Merrill.

Mr. Merrill.

If he receives this sum he will be paid at a proportionably much higher rate than that received by other legal gentlemen rendering services to the city and county of New York.

I am extremely loath to criticize the bills of an attorney like Mr. Merrill, or to suggest that they ought to be reduced; but as my opinion is asked, I can not do otherwise than state my convictions on the subject. victions on the subject.

The papers transmitted by you are herewith

I am, Yours respectfully, E. DELAFIELD SMITH, Counsel to the Corporation.

POWERS OF CENTRAL PARK COMMISSIONERS NOT RESTRICTED BY RECENT LEGISLATION.

LAW DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION, July 25th, 1873.

on. Henry G. Stebbins, President Department of Public Parks:

SIR:—I have considered the question asked of me in your letter dated the 12th inst., and am of the opinion that the Department of Public Parks can fix the terms of new leases of the buildings on the lands and places within the jurisdiction of that department without advertising the same for that department without advertising the same for

By section 7 of the act for the regulation and government of the Central Park, passed April 17, 1857, it was made lawful for the Commissioners of the Park to let from year to year any buildings and the grounds attached thereto, belonging to the city of New York, then being within said Park, until the same should be required for the laying out and regulution of the Park.

Subsequent acts confirmed in the then Commissioners and their successors all the powers conferred on the Conmissioners of the Central Park by the act of April 17th, 1857, and extended all those powers over all the lands and places by those laws committed to the care of such Commissions.

By the Charter of 1870, Article 12, Sections 94, 95, and 96, and section 16, of chapter 383 (the tax levy) of the laws of the same year, a Department of Public Parks was created, and on that department was devolved all the duties and powers theretofore possessed by the Commissioners of the Central Park, in all their extent, unimpaired. And by sections 83 and 118 of the Charter of 1873, the new Department of Parks is invested with all the powers and duties theretofore belonging to the Department or Commissioners of Parks and not inconsistent with the provisions of that act. By the Charter of 1870, Article 12, Sections provisions of that act.

The Department of Public Parks, therefore, possesses all the powers conferred by the abovementioned section 7, of the act of April 17, 1857, unless in the charter of 1873, or in some law subsequent to the charter of 1870, there is something inconsistent with the exercise of those

The only law I have found which may conflict with such power is contained in section 102 of the charter of 1873, which is almost identical with section 116 of the charter of 1870 as amended by section 9 of the act of April 18, 1871. This section provides that the Board of Commissioners of the Sinking Fund shall have power to sell or lease, at the highest market price, at auction or by sealed bid, any city property. Taken in their literal sense, the words of this section would confer on the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund the power to lease The only law I have found which may conflict of this section would confer on the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund the power to lease buildings on lands under the control of your department. But I cannot think that any such thing was intended. For, taken in such literal sense, the words authorize those Commissioners to lease the buildings in the Control Park. sense, the words authorize those Commissioners to lease the buildings in the Central Park—to lease, and even sell the park itself—to lease for a term of five years any lands opened for a public park, but not yet improved, and thereby delay for that time the work of your department—to even sell these lands; in short, to entirely pullify all laws, creating, your department, and nullify all laws creating your department, and directing it to lay out public parks and places, streets and avenues.

Certainly no interpretation should be given to said section 102 which will carry such consequences with it. I think, therefore, that all property opened as a public park or place, street or avenue, must be excepted from the property which the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund are authorized to lease or sell.

which the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund are authorized to lease or sell.

There is, I am confident, no act which deprives your department of the right to lease buildings situated on lands under its control, given by the act of April 17, 1857, and none which requires your department to advertise for bids or proposals for such leases.

I am sir, very respectfully yours.

I am sir, very respectfully yours, E. DELAFIELD SMITH, Counsel to the Corporation.

THE CITY RECORD.

The following compilation of the re-quirements of the Charter with reference to matter to be published and advertised in The City Record has been prepared for the convenience of Heads of Departments of the City government. of the City government,

A. DISBECKER, Supervisor of the City Record.

MATTER TO BE PUBLISHED AND ADVER-TISED IN THE CITY RECORD IN AC-CORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 335 OF THE LAWS OF 1873.

SEC. 16. Immediately after the adjournment of each meeting of either board, it shall be the duty of the clerk of such board to prepare a brief abstract, omitting all technical and formal details, of all resolutions and ordinances introduced or passed, and of all recommendations of commitpassed, and of all recommendations of commit-tees, and of all fractions, as well as full copies of all messages from the Mayor and all re-ports of departments or officers. He shall at once transmit the same to the person appointed to supervise the publication of THE CITY RECORD.

In all cases the yeas and nays upon the final passage of the resolution or ordinance shall be published.

§ 17. ¶. 26. The ordinances of the Common Council hall, as far as practicable, be reduced to a code, and be published as such in The City

§ 24. The Mayor shall render to the Board of Aldermen every three months, an account of the expenses and receipts of his office, and therein shall state, in detail, the amounts paid and agreed to be paid by him for salaries to his clerks and subordinates respectively, and the general nature of their duties which shall be published in The TRY RECORD. ITY RECORD.

§ 27. The Departments of the City government shall, once in three months, and at such other times as the Mayor may direct, make to him in such form and under such rules as he may prescribe, reports of the operations and action of the same and each of them, which reports shall be published in THE CITY RECORD.

§ 32. The Comptroller of the City of New York shall appoint and at pleasure remove for cause to be stated in writing and published in The City Record, a Deputy Comptroller.

§ 38. The sworn statement of the Corporation Attorney and Public Administrator, with a detailed hist of costs, commissions, fines and penalties collected shall be published in The City RECORD monthly, as furnished.

§ 44. The name, residence and occupation of each applicant for appointment to any position in the Police Department; as well as the name, residence and occupation of each person appointed to any position, shall be published, and such publication shall, in every instance, be made on the Saturday next succeeding such application or appointment in THE CITY RECORD.

§ 64. All property transmitted to the property clerk of the Police Department shall be advertised in The CITY RECORD for the benefit of all persons interested, and for the information of the public as to the amount and disposition of the

§ 65. All property and money that shall remain in the custody of the property clerk for the period of six months without any lawful claimant thereto, shall be sold at public auction, after having been advertised in The CITY RECORD for a period of ten days. for a period of ten days.

§ 75. Real or personal property belonging to the city, or city and county shall be duly adver-tised previous to the sale thereof at public auc-

tion.

§ 82. The Health Department is authorized and empowered to add to the "Sanitary Code" from time to time, and shall publish additional rovisions for the security of life and health in he City of New York, and therein to distribute appropriate powers and duties to the members and employes of the Board of Health, which shall be published in The CITY RECORD.

§ 91. All contracts shall be entered into by the appropriate heads of departments, and shall, except as otherwise provided, be founded on sealed bids or proposals, made in compliance with public notice duly advertised in The City Record, said notice to be published at least tendans.

§ 92. All property sold shall be sold at auction, after previous public notice.

§ 105. The "Board of Street Opening and Improvement" is authorized and empowered, after laying its proposed action before the Board of Aldermen, and publishing full notice of the same for ten days in The CITY RECORD, to alter the map or plan of New York City so as to lay out new streets for the Sec. Sec. out new streets, &c., &c. &c.

§ 106. It shall be the duty of the Commission ers of Accounts, once in three months, if they deem it proper, to examine all vouchers and accounts in the offices of the comptroller and chamberlain, and to make and publish THE CITY RECORD a detailed statement of financial condition of the city, showing the amount of its funded and floating debt, the amount received and expended since the last preceding report, with a classification of the sources of revenue and expenditure, and such other information as they shall deem proper.

§ 108. It shall be the duty of the Comptroller publish in THE CITY RECORD, two months before the election of charter officers, a full and detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures of the corporation during the year ending on the first day of the month in which such pub-

lication is made, and the cash balance or sur-plus; and in every such statement the different sources of city revenue, and the amount received from each the several appropriations made, the objects for which the same were made, and the amount of moneys expended under each, the moneys borrowed on the credit of the Cor-

fied.

§ 110. In every Department or Board there shall be kept a record of all its transactions, which shall be accessible to the public, and once a week a brief abstract, omitting formal language, shall be made of all transactions, and all contracts awarded and entered into for work and material of every description, which abstract shall contain the name or names, and residences by street and number, of the party or parties to the contract, and of their sureties, if any. A copy of such abstract shall be promptly transmitted to the person designated to prepare THE CITY RECORD, and shall be published therein. Notice of all appointments and removals from office, and all changes of salaries, shall, in like manner, within one week after they are made, be transmitted to and published in THE CITY RECORD. RECORD.

§ 111. There shall be inserted in THE CITY RECORD nothing aside from such official matters as are in this act (Chap. 335 Laws of 1873,) expressly authorized.

All advertising required to be done for the All advertising required to be done for the city, and all notices required by law or ordinar ce to be published in corporation papers, shall be inserted, at the public expense, only in THE CITY RECORD, and a publication therein shall be a sufficient compliance with any law or ordinance requiring publication of such matter or notices.

There shall be published in THE CITY RECORD, within the month of January in each year, a list of all subordinates employed in any Department (except laborers), with their salaries, and residences by street numbers, and all changes in such subordinates or salaries shall be so published within one week after they are made. within one week after they are made.

within one week after they are made.

It shall be the duty of all Heads of Departments to furnish to the person appointed to supervise the publication of THE CITY RECORD, everything required to be inserted therein. The said person shall have power to make requisitions in writing upon the Heads of Departments, to furnish the information necessary to make up such list, according to rules prescribed by him and approved by the Comptroller; and such information must be supplied by the department within ten days after such requisition. He shall have power to require such information in the same manner, every three months, and all other information in the control of said Heads of Departments necessary to perform his duties under this section. He shall include in his list the number of laborers, designating the department in which they are employed and, if practicable, the numbers employed and, if practicable the numbers employed. shall include in his list the number of laborers, designating the department in which they are employed, and, if practicable, the numbers employed in the prosecution of specific work, and the amounts paid to them. He shall also cause to be printed in each issue of said CITY RECORD a separate statement of the hours during which all public offices in the city are open for business, and at which each court regularly opens and adjourns, as well as of the places where such offices are kept, and such courts are held.

The detailed canvass of votes at every elec-

The detailed canvass of votes at every elec-tion shall be published at the expense of the city only in THE CITY RECORD.

The Mayor may order the insertion of any official matter or report in THE CITY RECORD.

by the Board of Apportionment, it shall be submitted by said board, with their reasons for it in detail, within ten days, to the Board of Aldermen, whereupon a special meeting of said Board shall be called to consider such estimate, and the same shall simultaneously be published in The CITY RECORD.

Should the said Board of Apportionment over-rule objections or suggestions made by the Board of Aldermen the reasons for such action shall be published in The CITY RECORD.

THE CITY RECORD.

The Board of CITY RECORD, &c., met in the Mayor's office July 24th, 1873.

Present-The Mayor, Commissioner of Public Works, and Corporation Counsel.

The reading of the minutes of last meeting was dispensed with.

The salary of William R. Wasson, bookkeeper to the Supervisor of THE CITY RECORD, wasfixed at \$2,000 per annum, to date from time of appointment.

The Supervisor of THE CITY RECORD was directed to publish such brief abstracts of advertisements, as appear in THE CITY RECORD, of contracts to be awarded or bonds to be sold as may be furnished him, in such form and in such of the papers designated for that purpose, as the various Departments may direct.

The subject of additional appropriation for THE CITY RECORD was referred to the Mayor

with power. The Supervisor of THE CITY RECORD was directed to furnish to the appropriate departments, at the expiration of ten days, a proper affidavit of any advertisement which may have been published for such period of time in THE CITY RECORD and the designated corporation papers.

A communication from J. C. Pinckney, asking

that he be authorized to have the proceedings and documents of the Board of Aldermen printed as has heretofore been the custom, and asking that, as provided by section 19 of chapter 757, Laws of 1873, he be permitted, by a concurrent vote of the Board, to continue the work of printing required for the Board until action is taken on the subject, as provided in section 111 of chapter 335, Laws of 1873, was received and read.

Authority was given the Clerk of the Common Council to have such printing done for the Board of Aldermen, as was now in hand, to be paid for out of the appropriation for printing for the Common Council, and that the Secretary and Supervisor of THE CITY RECORD be directed to ascertain and report to this Board, what printing was necessary to be done for the Board of Aldermen with a view of preparing specifications for a contract to be awarded.

The subject of Reports from the various departments was referred to the Mayor with power.

By a concurrent vote of the Board, it was resolved, that, deeming it for the best interests of the city, we hereby consent that the Comptroller, Counsel to the Corporation and Commissioner of Public Works, procure such printing and stationery as may in the judgment of said three officers respectively be necessary in the proper conduct of the business of the Finance, Law and Public Works Department respectively, each acting in this respect for his own Department, and that printing and stationery for all other Departments be furnished as ordered by this Board, by and through the Commissioner of Public Works. This order to be in force until the further action of this Board.

D. S. WENDELL,

Secretary.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

PRELIMINARY REPORT OF DR. JOHN C. PETERS ON THE CHOLERA OF THE WEST AND SOUTH.

In advance of a more full report I can state In advance of a more full report 1 can state that, to my personal knowledge, cholera was conveyed from New Orleans and Memphis by steamboats to Louisville and Cincinnati. The Health officer of Evansville also reports that the first three cases or more were landed there from steamboats from below; the same has happened at St. Louis.

I also have very positive information that cases were brought by railroad to Nashville and died

In Gallatin, Woodburn, and Bowling Green, the first cases, sometimes three in number, were

the first cases, sometimes three interest imported ones.

But the momentous fact stands out very strongly that, however the disease may have been brought to or have originated in Murfreesboro', Nashville, and Bowling Green, and many other places, the pestilence quickly and almost exclusively localized itself in the filthiest parts of these towns; while the cleanest portions almost entirely escened.

caped.
In Murfreesboro', no direct importation of the In Murfreesboro', no direct importation of the disease is yet acknowledged, but it is well known that, among the earliest cases in the neighborhood, was that of a negro who arrived from Nashville and died in a house near the town; the woman who nursed him, washed his clothes, died, and two others in the same house. In Murfreseboro', the physicians generally admitted that the disease was true Asiatic cholera, like that of 1866, but were also fully impressed with the Southern theory—viz., that a long severe winter, changing suddenly to a very warm summer, had produced such a rapid growth of vegetation that all the grasses and vegetables were very watery and unwholesome. The filth accumulated during the winter was suddenly exposed to a very hot sun, and bred a peculiar in cumulated during the winter was suddenly exposed to a very hot sun, and bred a peculiar indigenous malaria. That the drinking water became affected, especially in the lower portions of the town, which received sewage and drainage from above; that the disease crept along the creek and water courses, wherever drainage, mists and malaria most prevailed, and affected principally, or almost exclusively the blacks and low-class whites who lived in such places.

These localizing influences were so great and manifest that importation was not thought of or looked for, especially as almost all the better and higher parts of Murfreesboro', and the more cleanly and comfortable inhabitants almost entirely expand.

tirely escaped.

Still, the Murfreesboro' physicians regarded the disease as true Asiatic cholera, merely precipitated and modified by malarious and bad dietetic influences. They used cleanliness, and disinfection of persons and clothes vigorously; forbade the nightly assemblage of negroes; and stamped the disease out quickly.

At Nashville the localizing causes of cholera were so extended and apparent, that no

lera were so extended and apparent, that no lera were so extended and apparent, that no importation of the disease was looked for, or generally believed in. Nor are the Nashville physicians much to blame for fastening their attention almost exclusively upon these secondary and localizing causes of the disease. They are so patent in Nashville that they force themselves upon every one's attention. Comparatively few deaths occurred in the highest, cleanest, best ventilated, best drained, and best paved portions of the city. The best residence and best ventilated, best drained, and best paved portions of the city. The best residence and business portion of Nashville during the whole of the terrible epidemic which raged on its outskirts, was almost perfectly safe to live in. The cholera was almost exclusively confined to the cholera was almost exclus

the outer limits and low portions of the city, and carried off hundreds of those living near the small streams, or so-called branches, licks and runs of water, especially the Lick Branch on one side, and Wilson's Spring Branch upon the other, along which, says Dr. Jones, there has been "a "rapid and progressive crowding of houses, or "rather huts and shanties, either clustered to gether in narrow streets and alleys, or more "frequently huddled together w thout system, "and crowded with a careless and filthy popu. "lation, wholly deficient in ventilation, without "any facilities for the enforcement of hygienic "regulations, forming a most favorable field for "the lodgment and spread of diseases like cho-"lera, and rendering it difficult, if not wholly "impossible, to devise any efficient measures "for the arrest of communicable diseases in "them."

In these places the cholera prevailed both in

In these places the cholera prevailed both in In these places the cholera prevailed both in 1866 and this year. In 1866 the disease came from the East and North, and in fact was brought down from Cincinnati. This year it came up from the Southwest, and Nashville has doubtless sent cases up to Cincinnati, as she has to many other places.

Dr. Jones feared in 1866 that cholera migh appear and prevail amongst the blacks and ill-ted and poorly cared-for whites in the suburbs of and poorly cared-for whites in the suburbs of the city for days before its presence could ever be suspected. But it did not: on the 9th of August, 1866, he noticed the arrival of a negro woman from Cincinnati, where cholera was raging, and who was suffering with the disease. In 1873 cholera really appeared and prevailed sometime before its presence was discovered. On June 2d, the City Physician published a card, as there was "quite an activation of the public mind lished a card, as there was "quite an excited condition of the public mind upon the subject of cholera, because within the past few days some deaths had occurred so suddenly that some physical and many good citizens feared the exisscians and many good citizens feared the exis-tence of epidemic or asiatic cholera." That they were produced by cholera morbus, or sporadic cholera he asserts there is not a doubt. The list cholera he asserts there is not a doubt. The list of deaths was not published till June 9th, on which day they amounted to 21. The disease had been progressing among this vast and careless population, unheeded and uncontrolled, for 10 or 14 days, when on June 7th the deaths amounted to 21 per day and notwithstanding the assurance of the city authorities that it was only mild American or African cholera an enormous panic and stampede of the citizens took place: panic and stampede of the citizens took place; some of them carrying the disease to various parts of the country.

At Edgefield, just across the Cumberland river and scarcely one half mile distant from Nashville, there were only 15 or 20 deaths. It lies on a low sandy plain, is supplied with good cistern water; and has broad, well ventilated streets. Is immunity was so remarkable that a public thanksgiving was held "for being only partially visited by the epidemic." Similar cases are very common: in 1849 it did not spread from St. Louis to Altona for more than a month.

Altona for more than a month.

At Gallatin, Woodburn, and Bowling Green, the first cases were all imported; some of the Nasville fugitives died in the hotels followed by more deaths among the inmates, and another general scattering to more distant places with the same general result at Bowling Green almost the same condition of things prevailed as in Murfreesboro and Nashville, viz: the higher, cleaner and better parts of the town remained free from disease, while the course of a filthy stream, and the low marshy land below, which were defiled with sewage from above were ravaged by it. Louisville a very clean city built on sandy, gravelly sewage from above were ravaged by it. Louisville a very clean city built on sandy, gravelly soil, with broad well paved streets, widely separated houses, clean courts, alleys, yards and stables has again for the fifth time escaped cholera. It has had little or none in 1832 and 1833, 1848 and 1849, 1854, 1866 or 1873, the disease has been repeatedly landed there from steamboats and railroads to my own knowledge, but has never taken root, although it lies in the direct line of travel both by river and rail, between Nashville and Cincinnati, and Mobile always enjoys nearly the same immunity. Cincinnati is not as clean the same immunity. Cincinnati is not as clean as Louisville nor as foul as Nashville, and cholera as Louisville nor as four as Notific, and the has pursued an intermediate course. It was first reported as far back as May 22d, by a steamboat from New Orleans, and the first cases occurred on a contagious boat, at least one hundred the steaments passengers and crew were landed and seventy passengers and crew were landed from this boat. I visited another infected vessel from Memphis, with about sixty passengers and crew which had previously landed dead and dying at Louisville and still had infected clothes on board. The disease has pure sed a slow but relentless course. The disease has purs sed a slow but relentless course The disease has purs led a slow but relentless course in Cincinnati, creeping from person to person, and from house to house, with unmistakable marks of communication among relations, friends, etc. of the sick, as the drinking water is good. No general outbreak of the disease has occured and it has always been perfectly safe to visit and like in the base parts of the business and residence. and it has always been perfectly safe to visit and live in the best parts of the business and residence quarters. The Cincinnati authorities preferred to give me a list of deaths from June 16th only; and, of course, it was impossible to trace the history of the cases which occurred from May 22d to June 16th; but from the latter data. I halve history of the cases which occurred from May 22d to June 16th; but, from the latter date, I believe that the majority of cases were recorded at the Health office, with name, age, date, residence, and duration of attack. Of these one died in one hour, one in two, one in four, one in five, ten in six one in saven seven in cicht, six in pipe. seven in eight, six in nine, in six. one in seven, six in ten, one in eleven, twenty-five in twelve, two in thirteen, five in fourteen, two in fifteen, eight in sixteen, eleven in eighteen, six in twenty two in twenty-two, twenty in twenty-six, twelve in twenty-eight, one in thirty, nine in thirty-six, thirteen in forty-eight -viz., one hundred and street cases in less than twenty-four hours, and

the country, more dangerous perhaps to other cities and towns than it is to itself and its own residents and visitors. The type of cholera which I have seen at the West is of the most virulent and malignant type of Asiatic cholera; marked by suddeness of attack, rapidity of fatal result by rice water discharges, company blue marked by suddeness of attack, rapidity of fatal result by rice water discharges, cramps, blueness, coldness of the surface, nose, and breath; pulselessness; absence of elasticity of the skin; sunken eyes; pinched features; suppression of urine, &c. In short scarcely any disease more virulent and malignant can be conceived of.

It has perhaps advanced North more slowly because the emigration from New Orleans upwards is far less than it used to be.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN C. PETERS, M.D.

BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS.

Wee'ss Ending	Years	Deaths fr'm Zymotic Dis-	Diseases at all ages	Diarrhoeal Diseases chil- lren under 5 years of age.	of Solar Heat	Total Deaths from all	Mean Temperature for Week	veek, (saturaton 100°.)
July 21	187	263 489 373 386 319 2 530	327 25: 42	172 396 262 301 233 400	155	582 1142 726 757 640 804	38.	61. 60. 62.3: 56.5: 57.9: 81.1

licenses and fines by Marshal D. S. Hart, for week ending July 26, 1873: Licenses granted...... 267

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Statement of the hours during which all public offices in the City are open for business, and at which each Court regularly opens and adjourns, as well as of the places where such offices are kept and such Courts are held.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

OFFICES.	LOCATION.	HOURS.		
Marror's Office N	o. 6, City Hall	10 a.m3 p.m.		
Manakall N	o e City Hall	IC a.m3 p.m.		
Danis Danson N	o r City Hall	10 a.m2 p.m.		
License BureauN	o. r. City Hall	10 a.m2 p.m.		
T ECICI A	TIVE DEPART	MENT.		

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

CI'k of the Common Council and of B'd of Supervisors.

Clerk of Ydof Assistation of Supervisors.

Clerk of Ydof Assistation of Supervisors.

19 1/2 City Hall...9 A.M.—4 P.M.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Comptroller's Office, West end, New County Court

sioner's Office, 127 and 129 Mercer St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. hief of Department, 127 and 129 Mercer St., 9 a. m. to

4 p. m. Inspectors of Combustibles, 127 and 129 Mercer St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Fire Marshal, 127 and 129 Mercer St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner's Office, 30r Mott St. 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Sanitary Superintendent, 30r Mott St., always open.
Register of Records, 30r Mott St., for granting burial
permits, on all days of the week except Sundays from
7 a. m. to 6 o'lock p. m., and on Sundays from 8 a. m.
to 5 o'clock p. m.
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS.

missioners' Office, 36 Union Square, 9 a. m. to 5p. m DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.

Commissioners' Office, 346 and 348 Broadway, corner. Leonard St., 9 a, m. to 4 p. m.

DEPARTMENT OF TAXES AND ASSESSMEN Commissioners' Office, Brown Stone Building, City H a Park, 32 Chambers St., 9 a. m. 4 p. m., on Saturday a. m. to 3 p. m.
Sirveyor's Bureau, 19 Chatham St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Board of Assessors,

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS.

Superintendent's Office, 2 Fourth av., 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. BOARD OF EXCISE.

Commissioners Office, 299 Mulberry street, 9 A. M. 4 P. M. BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Office of the Board, cor Grand and Elm sis, 9 A. M. 5 P. M Supt. of Schools, " " 9 A. M. 5 P. M COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

anissioners, Office, Castle Garden, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m erintendents, Office, Castle Garden, 9 a. m. to 5 p. r THE CITY RECORD Office, No. 2 City Hall, N. W. corner (basement, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. MISCELLANEOUS OFFICES.

MISCELLANEOUS OFFICES.

Coroner's Office, 40 E. Houston st.
Sheriff's "first floor, S. W. cor.
New Court House.
County Clerk's Office, first floor, N. E.
cor. New Court House.
Surrogate's Office, first floor, S. E. cor.
New Court House.
District Attorney's Office, second floor
Old Court House, 82 Chambers
Street.

COURTS.

COURTS. Second Floor, 10 a. m. to 3 p. m Supreme Court, General Term, Special Term, Chambers, New Court House.) 10:30 a. m. to 3 p. m.

SUPERIOR COURTS. Clerk's Office, 3d floor, New Court House, 9 a. m., 4 p.m.

COMMON PLEAS. Common Pleas, 3d fl., New Court House, 9a. m., 4p. m.

MARINE COURT (Brown stone building.)

General Term, 32 Chambers st., Room 17, 10a. m., 3p. m., special

"Room 15, "Room 15, "Room 15, "Room 16, "Room 16, "Room 16, "Room 19, 9a. m., 3p. m.

Chambers, Clerk's Office, GENERAL SESSIONS. General Sessions, 32 Chambers street, 10 a. m., 4 p. m. Clerk's Off ... 32 Chambers st., Room 14, "

OYER AND TERMINER. Over and Terminer.
General Term.
Special Term.
Special Sessions.
Special Sessions.

special Sessions, Tombs, corner Franklin and Centre streets, Tuesdays, Thurs-days and Saturdays, JUSTICE'S (OR DISTRICT) COURTS.

First District, 1st, 2d, 3d, and 5th Wards, S. W. corner of Centre and Chambers streets.

Second District, 4th, 6th, and 14th Wards, 514 Pearl street.
Third District, 8th, 9th, and 15th Wards, 12 Greenwich avenue.

Fifth District, 1oth, and 17th Wards, 163 East Houston street.
Fifth District, 1oth, 11th, and 13th Wards, 124 Clinton street.

Sixth District, 15th and 22d Wards, 57th street, between Third and Lexnington avenues.

Sixth District, 16th and 20th Wards, S. W. cor. 22d st. and 7th aven.

Sixth District, 12th Ward, 2374 Fourth avenue.

POLICE COURTS. First District, 14th, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, and portion of Sanitary Present. 7 a. m., 3 P.

of Sanitary Precinct.
Second District, 8th
gth, 15th, 16th,
20th, 25th, 33d,
28th, and 29th
Precincts.
Third District, 7th,
10th, 11th, 13th,
17th, 18th, and
portion of Sanitar
ry Precinct.
Fourth District,
19th, 21st, 22d,
23d, and 19th
sub station.
Fifth District, 12th Ward, 2374 Fourth ga. m., 6p. m 8 a. m., 4 p. m

8a.m., 5p. m Substation.

Fifth District, 12th Ward, 2374 Fourth 8a.m., 4p.m.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

CORPORATION NOTICE,

""

8 a. m., 5 p. m.

""

10 WORKS.

11 WORKS.

12 WORKS.

13 M., 9 a. m., 4 p. m.

14 M., 9 a. m., 4 p. m.

15 M. Hall, ""

16 M. Hall, ""

16 M. Hall, ""

17 Hall, ""

18 A. m., to 5 p. m.

18 A. m., to 5 p. m.

19 N. E. Corner, al.

10 N. E. Corner, al.

11 N. E. Corner, al.

12 No. E. Corner, al.

13 No. E. Corner, al.

14 No. S.—For laying Belgian pavement in Thirty-first street, from Second avenue to East River.

18 No. E. Corner, al.

19 N. E. Corner, al.

10 No. E. Corner, al.

11 No. E. Corner, al.

12 No. E. Corner, al.

13 No. E. Corner, al.

14 No. To For laying Belgian pavement in Thirty-first street, from Second avenue to East River.

15 No. 10 For laying Belgian pavement in Thirty-first street, from Eighty-sixth street to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street.

16 No. 12 For laying Belgian pavement in Thirty-first street, from Eighty-sixth street to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street.

17 No. 12 For flagging Eighth avenue.

18 No. 13 For fourth avenue to East River.

19 No. 12 For flagging Eighth avenue.

10 No. 12 For laying Belgian pavement in Thirty-first street, from Eighty-sixth street to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street.

18 No. 19 For flagging Eighth avenue, west side, between First and Second avenue on Eighth avenue, west side, between First and Third streets, and between First and Second avenue, between First and Third avenue, and in One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street, and One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street, from First avenue, and in One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street, between Second and Twenty-seventh street, from First avenue to Eighth avenue.

15 No. 15 For flagging pavement in Thirty-first street, from Eighty-sixth street to One Hundred and Firty-sixth street, from Eighty-sixth street to One Hundred and Eighty avenue.

16 No. 15 For flag

28

No. 20—For building sewer in Eleventh street, between Dry Dock street and East River.

No. 21—For building sewer in Firty-fifth street, between Avenue A and First avenue.

No. 22—For building sewer in Fifty-fifth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

No. 24—For building sewer in Sixty-sixth street, between Avenue A and First avenue, and between Second and Third avenues.

No. 24—For building basin on south-east corner of Fourteenth street and Eleventh avenues.

No. 25—For building basin on northeast corner of Fourteenth street and Eleventh avenue.

No. 20—For building basin on southwest corner of Fourteenth street and Fourth avenue.

No. 25—For building basin on southwest corner of Twenty-third street and Thirteenth avenue.

No. 26—For building basin on northeast corner of Sixty-fifth street and Thirteenth avenue.

No. 20—For building basin on northeast corner of Sixty-fifth street and Thirteenth avenue.

No. 30—For building basin on northeast corner of Sixty-fifth street and First avenue.

No. 30—For building basin on northeast corner of Chrystie though of Chatham square.

No. 31—For building basin on northwest corner of Chrystie and Stanton streets.

No. 32—For building basin on northwest corner of Chrystie and Stanton streets.

No. 33—For building sewer in One Hundred and Ninth street, between Fourth avenue and Harlem River.

The limits embraced by such assessment, include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and part of the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and part of the several houses and lots of fore Hundred and Thirty-third street, from Fourth to Eighth avenues, to the extent of one-half the block at intersection of Madison avenue.

No. 3—Both sides of One Hundred and Thirty-third street, from New avenue to Eighth avenue.

No. 3—Both sides of Thirty-first street, from Seventh to Eighth avenues, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.

No. 6—Both sides of Thirty-first street, from Seventh to Eighth avenues, to the extent of one-h

intersecting streets.

No. 7—Both sides of Thirty-first street, from Second avenue to East River, to the extent of one half the block

avenue to East River, to the extent of our mercent avenue to East River, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.

No. 9—Both sides of Thirty-first street, from Fourth to Fifth avenues, to the extent of one-half the block on the control of the extent of one-half the block on the fifth avenues, to the extent of one-half the block on the extent of one-half the block on the control of the extent of one-half the block on the extent of one-half the extent of one-half the block on the extent of one-half the extent of one-half the block on the extent of one-half the exten

Fifth avenues, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.

No. 70—Both sides of Second venue, from Eighty-sixth to One Hundred and Twen ty-fifth streets, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.

No. 11—Both sides of Twenty-fourth street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenues, to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.

No. 12—West side of Eighth avenue, the property known by Ward Nos. 32 to 36 inclusive.

No. 13—West side of Eighth avenue, the property known by Ward Nos. 33, 34 and 35.

No. 14—The block bounded by Seventy-second and Seventy-third streets and First and Second avenues.

No. 15—The property known as Ward Nos. 33, 34 and 33.

33. No. 16-The property known as Ward Nos. 49, 52 and 5416. No. 17-West side of Third avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, except two lots next Twelfth

No. 18-Both sides of Sixty-fifth street, between First

No. 18—both sides of Second avenue, from One Hundred and Eleventh to One Hundred and Sixteenth an One Hundred and Fifteenth streets, between First and Third avenues and one-half the block of One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street, between Third and Second

avenues.

No. 20—Both sides of Eleventh street, between Dry Dock street and East River to the extent of one-half the block on the intersecting streets.

No. 21—Both sides of Fifty-fifth street, between Avenue A and First avenue.

No. 22—Both sides of Fifty-fifth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, to the extent of half the block.

No. 23—Both sides of Sixty-sixth street, between Avenue A and First avenue and between Second and Third avenues.

nue A and First avenue and between Second and Third avenues.

No. 24—South side of Fourteenth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

No. 25—North side of Fourteenth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

No. 26—West side of Fourth avenue, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets.

No. 27—North side of Twenty-third street, between Eleventh and Thirteenth avenues.

No. 28—South side of Twenty-third street, between Eleventh and Thirteenth avenues.

No. 29—East side of First avenue, between Sixty-fifth and Sixty-sixth streets, and north side of Sixty-fifth street, between First avenue and Avenue A, to the extent of half the block.

No. 30—West side of Mott street, between Worth and Park streets.

No. 30—West side of Chrystie street, between Grand No. 31—West side of Chrystie street, between Grand

Park streets.

No. 31—West side of Chrystie street, between Grand and Broome streets.

No. 32—The property known as Ward Nos. 292 F, 292 G, 292 H, 292 I, and 160.

No. 33—Both sides of One Hundred and Ninth street, from Fourth avenue to Harlem River, sixty feet on northwest side of Second avenue, between One Hundred and Ninth and One Hundred and Tenth streets, and the northeast side of Fourth avenue, between One Hundred and Ninth and One Hundred and Tenth streets.

All persons whose interests are affected by the abovenamed assessments and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to Thomas B. Asten, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 10 Chatham street, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

THOMAS B. ASTEN, JOHN ASTEN, JOHN MCHARG, MUNSON H. TREADWELL, VALENTINE S. WOODRUFF, Board of Assessors.

OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW YORK, July 7, 1873.

Dated New York, July 9, 1973.

SUPREME COURT.—In the matter of the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, relative to the opening and extending of Desbrosses street in an easterly direction, from its present termination at Hudson street, to Varick street, in the City of New York.

Pursuant to the statutes in such cases made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, hereby give notice, that, in compliance with the act of the Legislature of the State of New York, entitled "An act to alter the map or plan of the City of New York, by extending Desbrosses street," passed May 29th, 1873, three-fifths being present, the Counsel to the Corporation of the City of New York, for and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of said city, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a special term of said court, to be held at the Chambers thereof, in the Court House in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fifth day of August, 1873, at 10½ of clock A. M., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening and extending of Desbrosses street, in an easterly direction, from its present termination at Hudson street, to Varick street, in the City of New York, in the manner provided by said act of said Legislature.

F. DEI AFIELD SMITH, Counsel to the Corporation.

Counsel to the Corporation.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

CITY OF NEW YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, July 17, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR \$500,000 ASSESSMENT FUND STOCK OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Comptroller's Office until Wednesday, July 30, 1873, at two o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of five hundred thousand dollars of Assessment Fund Stock of the County of New York, authorized by Chapter 565, Section 7, Laws

New York, authorized by Chapter 505, Section 7, Euro of 1865.

Said stock will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed on the first day of November 1903.

The proposals will state the amount of stock desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain the sums awarded to them respectively, together with any premiums thereon.

awarded to them respectively, together with any permiums thereon.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposit, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payment.

Each proposal should be sealed and endorsed "Proposals for Assessment Fund Stock of the County of New York," and enclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved on the part of the Comptroller to reject any or all of the bids, if m his judgment the interests of the Corporation require it.

ANDREW H. GREEN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW YORK, FINANCE DEPARTMENT, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INTEREST on the Bonds and Stocks of the City of New York, due August 181, 1873, will be paid on that day, by the Chamberlain, at his office in the new Court House.

The transfer books will be closed from July 7th to August 181, 1873.

11-8t-Tu&Th

ANDREW H. GREEN.

INDICES OF RECORDS.

CITY OF NEW YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, July 14, 1873.

LIMITED NUMBER OF COMPLETE SETS OF the INDICES OF RECORDS are offered for sale, bound in sheep, as follows:
Grantors, 28 volumes.
Grantees, 24
Notices of Suits in Equity, 8 "
Insolvents, &c., 1

ications in relation to the Records should be "Superintendent of Records, Comptroller's

ANDREW H. GREEN, Comptroller

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC

CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES
AND CORRECTION, No. 66 Third Avenue.
New York, July 23, 1873.
PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.
PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE
Commissioners of the Department of Public Charities
and Correction, until Saturday August 2d, at 2 o'clock,
P. M., for the following articles:
3 co bushel oats.

M., for the following articles.

3 to bushel oats,
3 to bushel oats,
5 barles vinegar,
5 Send samples.
5 bales of straw.
7 5000 feet box boards.
1000 feet r¼ inch spruce plank.
1000 feet ri inch spruce plank.
1000 feet ri

ent.
Goods to be delivered free of charge.
WILLIAM LAIMBEER,
JAMES BOWEN,
MYER STERN,

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

HEADQUARTERS FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF New York, (127 and 129 Mercer street.) Office Board of Commissioners, New York, July 11th, 1873. Poard of Commissioners, New York, July 11th, 1973.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEVEN
condemned horses will be sold at aux tion, to the
highest bidder, for cash, on Tuesday, July 29th, 1873, at
12 o'clock noon, at the Hospital Stables of this Department, No. 199 Chrystie street.
JOSEPH L. PERLEY,
ROSWELL D. HATCH,
CORNELIUS VAN COTT,
16

HEADQUARTERS FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, (127 and 129 Mercer street,) Office Board of Commissioners, New York, July 11, 1873.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT FIVE SECond hand Steam Fire Engines will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, on Monday, July 28th, 1873, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Repair Shops of this auction to the highest characteristics and the Repair Shape 28th, 1873, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Repair Shape 28th, 1873, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Repair Shape 28th, 1875, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Repair Shape 28th, 1875, at 187

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

CENTRAL DEPARTMENT OF MUNICIPAL POLICE,
PROPERTY CLERK'S OFFICE, 300 MULBERRY STREET,
NEW YORK, July 10, 1873.
THIRTEENTH AUCTION SALE UNCLAIMED
PROPERTY, THURSDAY, JULY 31st, 1873,
AT 10 A. M.

AMOS STOOKEY, AUCTIONEER.

13th sale unclaimed property will take place July 31st, 1873, 10 A. M., at 300 Mulberry street, Police Headquarters, consisting of miscellaneous articles: Pig iron, lold rope, lead, glass, boat, wool, men's and women's clothing, four gold watch s, six silver watches, chains, &c. Revolvers, pistols, I quor, robes, iron-beds, segars, and property of the Police Department, consisting of old iron-beds, scrap iron, closets, &c.

C. A. ST. JOHN, 23-11t

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS, 36 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK, July 25, 1873.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS office till 12 o'clock noon, of August 7th, 1873, for the bronze work for completion of a fountain in City Hall Park. Plans and specifications may now be seen at the office of Design and Superintendence (Architect's Room) as above.

The bronze work is to be the best standard light bronze, and is to be furnished and set.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or treeholders of the city of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract should it be awarded upon that proposal.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks, and endorsed "Froposals for Bronze Work, City Hall Fountain."

HENRY G. STEBBINS.

SALEM H. WALES.

HENRY G. STEBBINS.
SALEM H. WALES,
PHILIP BISSINGER,
DAVID B. WILLIAMSON,
SAMUEL HALL,
Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS.
36 Union Square,
New York, July 23d, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT
this office until 12 o'clock noon, of August 6th, 1873.
for the completion of a series of ornamental Bases and
Lamp Posts connected with Flag-staff decoration on
Union Source.

Lamp Posts connected with Flag-staff decoration on Union Square. Plans and specifications for this work may now be seen at the office of Design and Superintendence (Architect's

oom) as above. The work is to be finished within fifteen days after ex-The work is to be naisined within interest day.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the city of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract should it be awarded upon that proposal.

that proposal.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all

Proposals.
Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks, and endorsed "Proposals for Gas Light Construction, Union Square"
H. G. STEBBINS.
SALEM H. WALES.
PHILIP BISSINGER.
DAVID B. WILLIAMSON.
27 SAMUEL HALL.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS, 36 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK, July 21St, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock, noon, of August 4th, 1873, for the construction of about 4900 lineal feet of the exclosing wall of the Central Park on the line of Eighth avenue.

closing wall of the Central Park on the line of Eighth avenue.

Sections and specifications for this work may now be seen at the Office of Design and Superintendence [Chief Engineer's room as above.

The material is to be Ohio sand-stone or New Brunswick free-stone of the best quality.

Samples of the stone proposed to be furnished must accompany each proposal.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the City of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract should it be awarded upon that proposal.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

proposals.

Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks and endorsed "Proposals for Enclosing Wall—Central Park."

HENRY G. STEBBINS,

HENRY G. STEBBINS, S. H. WALES, PH. BISSINGER, D. B. WILLIAMSON, S. HALL, Commissioners

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS, 36 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK, July 21st, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock of August 4th, 1873, for about 275 feet of light iron railing.

The railing is to be delivered and set in Union Square. Plans and specifications may now be seen at the Office of Design and Superintendence (architect's room), as above.

of Design and Superior above.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the City of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract, should it be awarded upon that proposal.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

all proposals.

Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks, and endorsed "Proposals for Iron Railing at Union Square."

H. G. STEBBINS,

H. G. STEBBINS, S. H. WALES, PH. BISSINGER, D. B. WILLIAMSON, S. HALL, Commissioner

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS, 36 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK, July 21st, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 o'clock, noon, of August 4th, 1873. for the delivery of about 3,050 lineal feet of dressed base course stone, with two faces, and about 800 lineal feet of dressed base course stone, with two faces, and about 800 lineal feet of dressed base course stone, with one face, for the park enclosing wall.

Specifications may now be seen at the Office of Design and Superintendence (chief engineer's room), as above. The stone is to be either Mountain Greywacke, or granite of approved quality and color, and is to be delivered on such docks, or upon trucks, if provided, as shall be directed.

Samples of the stone proposed to be furnished must accompany each proposal.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the City of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract, should it be awarded upon that proposal.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals will be addressed to the Department of Pablic Beeles and endorsed "Proposals for Base Stone."

The Department reserves the figure all proposals will be addressed to the Department of Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks, and endorsed "Proposals for Base Stone." HENRY G. STEBBINS, S. H. WALES, PH. BISSINGER, D. B. WILLIAMSON, S. HALL, Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS, 36 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK, July 21st, 1873.

EALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT for the delivery of about 1,925 superficial feet face measurement of dressed Ashlar, and about 800 lineal feet of dressed coping for Park enclosing wall.

Specifications may now be seen at the Office of Design and Superintendence (Chief Engineer's room) as above.

sign and Superintendence (Chief Engineer's room) as above.

The material is to be Ohio sand-stone or New Brunswick free-stone of the best quality. The Ashlar stones will be of equal heighth, between nine and ten inches, and generally from eight to twelve inches wide, with draft around face and well-dressed beds and ends. The coping will be between eight and nine inches in heighth, with chisel draft on top and with one bevel edge.

The stone is to be delivered on such docks or on trucks if provided as shall be directed.

Samples of the stone proposed to be furnished must accompany each proposal.

The proposals will give the price per cubic foot for ashlar and per lineal foot for coping, each delivered in accordance with specifications.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by an obligation in writing of two responsible householders or freeholders of the City of New York, their respective places of business or residence being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract, should it be awarded upon that proposals.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all proposals will be addressed to the Department of Pub-

proposals.

Proposals will be addressed to the Department of Public Parks, and endorsed "Proposals for Ashlar and coping for Park wall."

HENDY C. STEPPINS

HENRY G. STEBBINS, S. H. WALES, PH. BISSINGER, D. B. WILLIAMSON, S. HALL,

Commissioners.

S. HALL,

Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
36 Union Square,
New York, July 14, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR BONDS OF THE TOWN OF
KINGSBRIDGE.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT
the office of the Department of Public Parks, until
Monday, the twenty-eighth day of July 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, for the whole or any part of the sum of TEN
THOUSAND DOLLARS OF BONDS of the Town of
Kingsbridge, authorised by chapter 89, section 3 of the
laws of 1673.

Said bonds are in sums of Five hundred Dollars (500)
dated May 1, 1873, and payable at the office of the clerk
of the town of Kingsbridge, on the first day of May 1874,
and will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per
annum, payable semi-annually at the same place, upon
the presentation and surrender of the coupons thereto annexed, as they severally shall become due—viz, November, 1, 1873, and May 1, 1874.

The proposals will state the amount desired, and the
price per one hundred dollars thereof which shall not be
below par as required by law. Each proposal should be
properly endorsed, and addressed to H. G. Stebbins,
President.

H. G. STEBBINS,
S. H. WALLES.

H. G. STEBBINS, S. H. WALES, PH. BISSINGER, S. HALL, D. B. WILLIAMSON,

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS, 36 Union Square, 36 Union Square, 36 Union Square, PROPOSALS WARK, July 17, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR COAL.

Sealed PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Commissioners of the Department of Public Parks at their office, until twelve o'clock, noon, of the thirtieth day of July, 1873, for FIVE HUNDRED AND FIFTY TONS OF GRATE COAL. Said coal will be delivered on dock foot of 79th street, East River.

Proposals to state the particular description, endorsed as above and addressed to H. G. Stebbins, President.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all proposals.

H. G. STEBBINS, S. H. WALES, PH. BISSINGER, S. HALL, D. B. WILLIAMSON,

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS, 36 Union Square New York, July 15, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR SCREENED GRAVEL.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Commissioners of the Departmens of Public Parks, at their office until 12 o'clock noon of the twenty-ninth day of July 1873 for furnishing for four months from this date, SCREEN-ED GRAVEL for walks and roads, to be delivered in such quantities and at such times and places as may be required. required.
Proposals endorsed as above to be addressed to H. G

Stebbins, President.

This Department reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

H. G. STEBBINS, S. H. WALES, PH. BISSINGER, S. HALL, D. B. WILLIAMSON, Commission

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY
the Board of School Trustees of the Nineteenth
Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets, until Monday,
the 11th day of August, 1873, and until 30 clock p. M. on
said day, for fitting up and furmishing for school purposes
the premises Nos. 789 and 791 Third avenue, between
Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth streets.
Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of
the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 146 Grand
street, third floor.
Two approved responsible sureties will be required
from the successful bidder; proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named.
The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of
the proposals offered.
Dated New York, July 24th, 1873.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered.

Dated New York, July 24th, 1873.

FRED. T. HOPKINS,

RICHARD KELLY,

JULIUS KATZENBERG,

JOHN J. MACKLIN,

JOHN J. MACKLIN,

29 Board of School Trustees, Nineteenth Ward.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BECEIVED BY THE School Trustees of the Seventeenth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets, until Wednesday, July 30th, 1873, and until 2 o'clock, P. M., on said day, for the Desks, Seats and other Furniture required for Grammar School No. 19, on East Fourteenth street near First Avenue.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 146 Grand st., third floor.

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from the successful bidder.

Proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered.

med.
The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered.
HENRY MERZ.

HENRY MERZ, WM. BALSER, M. D., ADAM WEBER, OWEN MURPHY, FRED'K C. WAGNER, School Trustees, 17th Ward.

Board of School Tru Dated, New York, July 17th, 1873.