

New York City Administration for Children's Service
Annual Detention Incident Report
Fiscal Year 2023

Use of Physical Restraints¹ in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Physical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴
Crossroads Juvenile Center	304	1	0	1
Horizon Juvenile Center	163	2	0	2
Secure Facilities Subtotal	467	3	0	3
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	5	0	0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	107	2	0	2
Detention Total	579	5	0	5

Use of Mechanical Restraints⁵ in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴
Crossroads Juvenile Center	113	2	0	2
Horizon Juvenile Center	74	2	0	2
Secure Facilities Subtotal	187	4	0	4
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	3	0	0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	1	0	0	0
Detention Total	191	4	0	4

1 Physical restraints refer to physical hold techniques included in the Safe Crisis Management System and other non-offensive physical safety interventions.

2 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.

3 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.

4 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

5 Mechanical restraints refer to restraints involving the use of handcuffs, shackles, and flex-cuffs.

Data Source: Incident Database as of August 10, 2023

New York City Administration for Children's Service
Annual Detention Incident Report
Fiscal Year 2023

Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody

	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injuries ¹	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury A ²	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury B ³
Crossroads Juvenile Center	248	70	9	61
Horizon Juvenile Center	219	91	23	68
Secure Facilities Subtotal	467	161	32	129
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	10	4	0	4
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	87	15	0	15
Detention Total	564	180	32	148

Other Incidents Resulting in Injuries* to Youth in Custody and Instances of Room Confinement

	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody* ¹	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury A) ²	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury B) ³	Number of Room Confinements of Youth in Custody
Crossroads Juvenile Center	97	7	90	39
Horizon Juvenile Center	64	2	62	7
Secure Facilities Subtotal	161	9	152	46
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	0	0	0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	22	1	21	0
Detention Total	183	10	173	46

New York City Administration for Children's Service
Annual Detention Incident Report
Fiscal Year 2023

Length of Each Instance of the Use of Room Confinement

Crossroads Room Confinements	
Length of Time	Number of Instances
1 hr.	1
2 hrs.	9
3 hrs.	19
3.5 hrs.	1
4 hrs	9
Total Instances	
	39

Horizon Room Confinements	
Length of Time	Number of Instances
2 hrs	1
3 hrs. 19 minutes	1
5 hrs	1
9 hrs	4
Total Instances	
	7

- 1 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.
- 2 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.
- 3 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

Data Source: Incident Database as of August 10, 2023