New York City Administration for Children's Services Quarterly Detention Incident Data Report Fiscal Year 2021 First Quarter (July 1, 2020 - September 30, 2020)

Use of <u>Physical Restraints</u>¹ in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Physical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resultin in Injury B ⁴	g
Crossroads Juvenile Center	114	3		0	3
Horizon Juvenile Center	48	1		0	1
Secure Facilities Subtotal	162	4		0	4
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	1	0		0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	11	0		0	0
Detention Total	174	4		0	4

Use of <u>Mechanical Restraints⁵</u> in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴	
Crossroads Juvenile Center	23	1		0	1
Horizon Juvenile Center	14	1		0	1
Secure Facilities Subtotal	37	2		0	2
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	2	0		0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	0	0		0	0
Detention Total	39	2		0	2

Physical restraints refer to physical hold techniques included in the Safe Crisis Management System and other non-offensive physical safety interventions.
Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.
'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.
'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.
Mechanical restraints refer to restraints involving the use of handcuffs, shackles, and flex-cuffs.

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Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody

	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injuries ¹	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury A ²	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury B ³
Crossroads Juvenile Center	67	16	1	15
Horizon Juvenile Center	30	11	2	9
Secure Facilities Subtotal	97	27	3	24
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	1	0	0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	6	1	0	1
Detention Total	104	28	3	25

Other Incidents Resulting in Injuries* to Youth in Custody and Instances of Room Confinement

	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody ¹	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury A) ²	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury B) ³	Number of Room Confinements of Youth in Custody
Crossroads Juvenile Center	37	2	35	25
Horizon Juvenile Center	14	2	12	10
Secure Facilities Subtotal	51	4	47	35
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	0	0	0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	3	1	2	0
Detention Total	54	5	49	35

Length of Each Instance of the Use of Room Confinement

Crossroads Room Confinements		Horizon Room Confinements		
Length of Time	Number of Instances	Length of Time	Number of Instances	
4hrs 30 mins	2	15hrs	1	
4 hrs 12 mins	8	11hrs	3	
4hrs	3	9hrs 30mins	2	
3hrs 30mins	2	8 hrs	1	
3 hrs	4	6hrs	2	
1 hr 5 mins	6	4hrs	1	
Fotal Instances	25	Total Instances	10	

1 Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B. 2 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff. 3 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.