

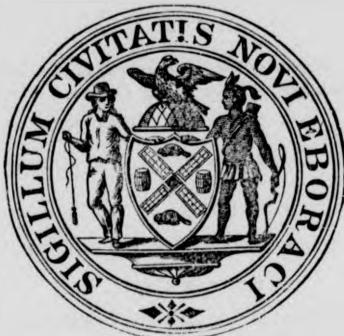
# THE CITY RECORD.

## OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

VOL. III.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1875.

NUMBER 707.



### EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

*The Mayor to the Commissioners of the Police Department.*

MAYOR'S OFFICE,  
NEW YORK, October 7, 1875.

Messrs. GEORGE W. MATSELL, ABRAHAM DISBECKER, JOHN R. VOORHIS, and WILLIAM F. SMITH,  
Police Commissioners of the City of New York:

GENTLEMEN.—The condition of the Police Department seems to be such as to call for official action on my part. It has become the subject of expressions of public opinion through the press and otherwise, which, with increasing frequency, have continually gained in emphasis, until on Friday last they culminated in the specific and formal presentment of your body in the following terms by the grand inquest of this county:

*"To the Honorable the Recorder of the City and County of New York:*

"At the termination of their duties during this September, A. D. 1875, term of the Court of General Sessions, the Grand Jury, by this presentment, would respectfully call your attention and all other authorities having jurisdiction, to the following statement of facts, with full confidence that prompt action will be taken to enforce existing laws, or if these are insufficient, to secure the enactment of others, in order to remedy the evils of which we now complain.

"First.—The alarming increase of crime in this community, especially of murder, robbery, and burglary, has engaged our earnest consideration. Under our oaths we have been obliged to indict more than twenty persons for murder in the first degree, and citizens have cause to feel that, in consequence of the inefficiency of the police force, as at present constituted, they are not secure in the possession of either life or property. Cool and deliberate murders are committed, and the guilty perpetrators escape without detection or punishment.

(Signed)  
JOSEPH T. FARRINGTON, Clerk.

JAMES M. DUNBAR, Foreman.

The police force is everywhere charged and conceded to be inexcusably inefficient, and it seems to have fastened on the public mind the conviction that it has become demoralized, beyond hope of recovery, by those now at its head. So far as I know, there is no one to gainsay the urgent necessity for its reorganization.

Notwithstanding the steady growth of public indignation in the premises, I have sought to act with great deliberation, but, since the action of the Grand Jury, I feel that I can no longer delay calling your attention to considerations which make it proper for me to defer to public judgment in which has overtaken you; certainly, so far as to call on you for an account of your stewardship in your office.

The police force, more directly than the representatives of any other department of government, comes into daily and nightly contact with the entire population of our city, and, therefore, affords to the public ample means of knowing the result of your administration. This encounters the close scrutiny and sharp criticism of a justly sensitive people, for they know that upon an upright and efficient administration of your Department depends that which is the end of all government, the security of life and property.

Your usefulness in the position held by you depends largely upon the degree in which you inspire public confidence. For it is no more the office of your Department to secure the apprehension of offenders after their crime has been wrought than to anticipate and prevent the commission of crimes. But the most effectual preventive of crime is the dread of detection fostered in the criminal classes by the knowledge that the police force is intelligent, well disciplined, efficient, and incorruptible. Indeed, the first object of such discipline in the force as shall secure the prompt detection of crime and the certain apprehension of criminals, is to assure the community against lawlessness.

From the moment that the intelligence, discipline, and integrity of the Police Force, or the efficiency of the administration at its head becomes generally distrusted in the community, from that moment the public has lost the most efficient instrumentality which government can supply for the prevention of crime. In so far as you have lost the confidence of the community, to that extent, therefore, have you lost your means of usefulness.

You will observe that these considerations are entirely independent of the question whether either one of you has been guilty of any specific act constituting malfeasance in office, or of any intentional neglect of duty. My reasons spring from the plain propositions that it is an important qualification of a Police Commissioner that he should possess the general confidence of the community; that, to one who has been long in office, and who is, therefore, well known to the public, this qualification is indispensable; and that the lack of such general confidence induces insecurity of life and property among those for whom your Department should serve as watch and ward against danger.

That confidence seems never to have been given to you in any great degree; and it now appears to be entirely withdrawn from you. The community may justly demand that it be restored to the Department, even though this can be accomplished only by a transfer to other hands of the control now held by you.

If, recognizing the force of these considerations and desiring to serve the public most efficiently, you tender me your resignations, I shall be glad to escape the necessity for further official action upon the various complaints against you which have, from time to time, been presented to me. Of course, in such event, your resignations would be received by me without respect to the truth or falsity of any of these complaints.

If, however, this line of action shall not seem open to you, I cannot remain inactive. The public demand for a reinvigoration of your Department, though temperate, is, as I have before stated, general and firm, and, if you do not clearly see your best course with reference to it, my duty to the community is perfectly clear. As the Chief Executive of the City it is incumbent on me to exercise the power which only the Mayor possesses, to definitely submit some of the charges against you to which the public seem to attach much importance, and to ask your immediate attention to them, provided that you shall not have concluded to resign your office, after accepting my considerations hereinbefore set forth.

You will recollect that several weeks since I referred to you charges and specifications, submitted to me by Mr. John D. Townsend, which were based on statements of specified acts, or failures to act, which were indicated by him; every fact as to which had been sworn to by one or more witnesses.

Since that time additional testimony has been published, taken, as was the other, before the Committee of the Assembly, of which the Hon. Thomas Cooper Campbell is Chairman, at its recent sessions in the City Hall, in this city.

Upon all the testimony adduced to that Committee, and heretofore published, there is framed for your consideration the general charge against you, as a Board, of incompetency and unfitness, as your Board is now organized, to perform the duties to which you are assigned.

I am told that you have a copy of that testimony; If you have not, I will, if desired, furnish you with one.

Amongst other things, it sets forth the following state of facts:

That in the Eighth and Fifteenth Wards of this city there have existed for the last four or five years an unusually large number of unusually notorious and offensive houses of prostitution, disorderly houses and "panel-houses" (so called). A police census taken early in 1874, showing that there were in this precinct eighty-three (83) houses of this class, harboring three hundred and forty-six (346) prostitutes; that in the months of February and March, in the year 1874 alone, ten robberies (more than one a week) by panel thieves (so called) were reported and known to the police to have been committed in these houses; that for the protection of children attending public schools the Department of Public Instruction was obliged to resort to an official prosecution of unusual vigor to clear these houses from even a single block; and that finally the reputable citizens of that precinct were forced to organize themselves into an association to protect themselves, their children and their property against the deteriorating influence of such flaunting abodes and resorts of vicious and depraved people as these are sworn to have been. It is specifically sworn by several witnesses that complaint and information of all these facts was repeatedly made to your Board, and that notwithstanding such complaints your Board has never yet taken any vigorous or effective action to protect the persons or property of the reputable citizens living in this precinct.

As explanatory of this alleged neglect on your part, it is testified by witnesses, claiming to have personal knowledge of the facts, that in this precinct, these "panel houses" (so-called) were assured protection by Captain Williams of your force, in consideration of stipulated payments made to him by the criminal operators of these haunts of vice.

The testimony, also, indicates the existence, throughout the city to an alarming extent, and with astonishing notoriety, of gambling houses, "policy-shops," houses of prostitution, "panel-houses," and resorts for all kinds of vice and vicious persons. It is also the unvarying evidence of all the witnesses, including many officers of your own force, that it is entirely practicable to suppress the public existence of all these places; and I am told that, in the year 1873, an habitual criminal act was passed by the Legislature, giving your Board full power to accomplish this result, which the people thereby indicated to be their purpose and desire.

With reference to the continued and notorious existence of these unlawful places, charges of affording unlawful protection similar to those against Captain Williams before mentioned, are preferred against Captains Van Deusen, McCullagh, Burden, Killalea, and others.

I am informed that, though these charges had been frequently and openly presented to your Board, you had neglected and refused to bring them to trial until after public attention had been riveted upon your apparently singular neglect by the publication of the testimony given before the Assembly Committee. I am also informed that in none of the trials of the inculpated officers held since the testimony was published, have you yet discovered sufficient evidence to warrant conviction, save in one instance.

Of course I recognize the critical position of an officer of your force, always subject to attack from evil-disposed persons, often unworthy of credit, whose ill-will may have been excited by his faithful discharge of duty, but without indicating any disposition to prejudge a charge against you (as to which I am yet to hear your defense), I would suggest, with reference even to such cases, that the public may reasonably demand reasons of great weight for the justification of your course in so long delaying the trial of officers who were either justly or unjustly made the object of such grave and specific charges; and that the community may fairly question whether the failure to convict such officers as have been tried is in any degree due to the fact that a conviction would have seemed to be an impeachment of the very judges conducting the trial for their failure to act at an earlier day on a charge thus shown to be substantial.

It also is charged that with the knowledge and assistance of one of your number, then Superintendent Matsell, a child named Theresa Clifton was induced to make a charge of improper and criminal conduct against Captain Edward Walsh; in consequence of which Captain Walsh was transferred from his command, but has never, though he has continually demanded it, been able to obtain a trial as to the truth of the charge. If this be true, it would go far to sustain the charge that a conspiracy has existed between the President of your Board and others, to break down the character and reputation of an officer of the force, merely on the ground of personal disfavor, and without reference to any facts affecting his official action or capacity.

It is also charged that Commissioner Disbecker has, in violation of the regulations governing your Board, appointed to the position of patrolmen, strangers of less than six months' residence in the city, solely upon the ground of recommendation by political allies in distant parts of the State. If this be true, it is an infringement, not only of the positive law which should control your Board, but also a disregard of an important principle underlying the proper management of the Police Department. It exists solely for the protection of persons and property, and offers no room for the entertainment of partisan purposes or practices. The entire people, and neither political party as such, is entitled to its protection and control.

I have communicated enough to indicate the general character of some of the charges and testimony to which your attention is called.

It seems to show the existence in the police force of a general demoralization and shameful inefficiency, which you do not appear to have been able to cure.

I do not deem it important to trace to you individually, specific wrongful acts of omission or commission before calling on you to answer for the shortcomings of the force and for the continued and notorious iniquities of many of the officers and men serving under your command.

From the Police Department and the Commissioners at its head, the public is entitled to demand results. By the law you are given almost absolute power in performance of the functions assigned to you. The amount of money placed at your disposal, and actually annually expended by your Department, is ample—even lavish—to secure satisfactory results. Your methods are intricate and some of them are practiced in necessary secrecy. But as the success or failure with which those methods are attended is the security or the peril of the community, you can well see that the public may properly except to any answer which you may make by standing upon a defensive negative, and demanding to be shown by specific allegation of particulars what wrongful methods of administration and what wrongful acts in office have led to your failure.

I shall be ready to hear such suggestions as you may jointly or severally desire to submit to me, in exculpation or relief of all or either of you as Commissioners, from responsibility for the situation; and each of you is afforded an opportunity to be heard with regard to any or all of the matters hereinbefore mentioned or referred to, as well as to the charges and specifications heretofore transmitted by me to you, on the thirteenth day of October, instant, at this office, at 12 o'clock, noon; then to show cause, if any exist, why he should not be removed from office as one of the Police Commissioners of the City of New York.

Very respectfully,

WILLIAM H. WICKHAM, Mayor.

Commissioner Smith to the Mayor.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,  
POLICE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,  
NEW YORK, October 8, 1875.

WM. H. WICKHAM, Esq.,  
Mayor of New York:

SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 7th inst., which has been carefully read by me.

Your Honor will bear in mind that I have twice, since my appointment as Police Commissioner, addressed you in writing and asked to retire from this position.

While, of course, it is not the most pleasant thing to retire under such charges as have been made in your letter against the Board of Police Commissioners, yet there is no question in my mind but that the public good comes before any private consideration, and, therefore, I tender you my resignation as Police Commissioner, only asserting in my own defense that the duties which have devolved upon me have been discharged to the best of my ability.

I, of course, reserve to myself the right to forward my defense to you at a later period as a part of this resignation.

I am sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,  
WM. F. SMITH.

Commissioner Voorhis to the Mayor.

NEW YORK, October 9, 1875.

Hon. WILLIAM H. WICKHAM, Mayor:

SIR—I yesterday received your letter of 7th inst., addressed to all the members of the Board of Police Commissioners.

You do not suggest that, as to any of the particular cases specifically mentioned, I have any individual responsibility, and I am quite sure that, when the facts as to each of those cases are all known, it will appear that I personally, in those cases, as on all others, have performed my whole duty.

As to the general charges against the Department and the Board, I can only reply that I have done everything heretofore in my power to make the Police Force efficient and incorruptible.

It is evident, however, that the results fall short of expectations, and the condition of the Department is not satisfactory, either to the public or to me individually, and, as matters now are, I do not perceive how I can improve the Police Force.

To relieve you, as Mayor, of embarrassment, and to make way for a successor who may be able to discharge the duties of the position with better success, I have the honor hereby to tender for your acceptance my resignation of the office of a Police Commissioner of the City of New York—the resignation to take effect upon appointment of my successor.

And you will recollect that, from time to time since January last, and in frequent conversations with you with reference to the deplorable state of affairs in the Police Department, I have assured you of my readiness to resign the office whenever, by so doing, I could help to improve the situation.

Very respectfully,  
JOHN R. VOORHIS.

Commissioner Smith to the Mayor.

NEW YORK, October 9, 1875.

Hon. WILLIAM H. WICKHAM, Mayor:

SIR—Yesterday, upon the receipt of your letter directed to the four Commissioners of Police, in an envelope marked "Personal," I forwarded at once my resignation—to indicate, as speedily as possible, my intention not to hold any position of trust a moment after expression of a wish by the proper authority that I should surrender the office.

As stated in that paper, I did not intend, however, to debar myself from making my own defense at a later period—and I now propose to offer that defense.

I will first call your attention to the fact that, when you tendered me the appointment to be a Police Commissioner, you informed me of the corrupt state of morals in the force and of the laxity of its discipline, and that you then expressed a desire that I should take the position in order to aid you in bringing about such a reformation and such a condition of the police force as the citizens of New York have a right to.

You then further stated that it was your desire to make the Police Department non-partisan in politics—to take it out of politics altogether.

I took time to consider your proposition, consulted with personal friends much interested in the good government of the city, related to them my conversation with you, and, under their advice and expressed wishes, accepted the proffered trust.

I found at the outset of my connection with the Police Department that it was necessary to rely entirely upon my own investigations to arrive at any satisfactory conclusions. I found a force of over twenty-four hundred men already appointed under the act creating the present Police Department, not one of whom could be removed by the Board of Police without formal presentation of charges and a regular trial, in the conduct of which there was no power in the Commissioners to compel the attendance of witnesses not members of the force.

I learned from my experience in the court-room, at the Department, in the trial of cases, that false statements made under oath were so common among the members of the force as to throw a doubt upon most of the testimony given there, unless supported by other evidence.

I saw, in the streets, and in view almost of the Central Office, every day, open violations of the rules established for the conduct of policemen while on duty.

As the force was then organized, the system of inspection was loose, and the responsibility of superior officers too remote and vague for the purposes of good discipline.

In the thoroughly demoralized condition of the force, it soon became evident to me that time would be required to make it effective, even by a perfectly united and efficient Board.

I submit, therefore, that I should not be held responsible for the condition of the force, or be charged with its inefficiency, until a sufficient time shall have elapsed to get into operation such changes as were necessary to improve the force. Even if my views as to such changes were manifestly correct, I could perhaps, hardly expect them to be immediately adopted by those who had been satisfied with the system already in operation, when I entered office.

My first effort was to throw open the doors for fresh appointments, and to raise the standard of examinations for candidates for the position of policemen.

My second effort was to alter materially the methods of administration, by rules putting clearly defined responsibilities upon the higher officers of the Department.

To the extent of my inability, after strenuous efforts, to procure the adoption by the Board of the schedule of rules proposed by me—and in every particular (and the particulars were many) in which there were fostered upon my proposed rules, amendments, which made the whole scheme halt when just within sight of the important positions I was fighting to carry—I claim exemption from all responsibility with reference to the discipline of the force; and my protest, made at that time, and then published in the newspapers, is a matter of public record.

My personal relations with my official associates, under such circumstances, became embarrassing and unpleasant. A coarse and offensive expression reflecting upon me, was made by the President, from his place as presiding officer in the court-room, in the presence of members of the force, calculated to impair my usefulness as a Commissioner; and I found it necessary to make my relations with that officer, and my opinion of his fitness for his place, perfectly intelligible.

During this time I addressed two notes to you, asking you to accept my resignation, and to relieve me from a position so disagreeable to me personally, and in which, with a Board so constituted, I could hope to do but little good.

That you declined to do, urging me to remain, in the hope that it would soon be in your power to effect a change in the Board which should make it as harmonious and efficient as you had from the first desired to have it.

Acting upon that request, I have remained until now a member of the Board of Police Commissioners—giving to the service my time without the intermission of a day, and whatever energy for labor in such a field I possessed.

I certainly did not accept the appointment from any views of personal ease or aggrandizement, but in the hope, and perhaps under the belief, that I could give some effective help towards the reformation of an important Department in the City Government.

Reference is made in your letter to the charges made by John D. Townsend, Esq., against the Police Board; but, as the communication of Mr. Townsend excepted me from the allegations contained in them, I do not consider myself called upon to consume your time or mine with the refutation of charges not made against me, and relating to matters with which I had nothing to do.

Confident, therefore, that from my record, I cannot be accused of resigning under charges, which, in the least, apply to me, I beg to say that I have resigned now only in order that you, who are, to a certain extent, responsible to the citizens for the efficiency of this Department of the City Government, may have the opportunity necessary to so improve matters as to make the situation satisfactory.

Very respectfully,  
WILLIAM F. SMITH.

## LAW DEPARTMENT.

The following Schedules form a Report of the Transactions of the Office of the Counsel to the Corporation for the week ending October 9, 1875.

WM. C. WHITNEY, Counsel to the Corporation.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York are defendants, unless otherwise mentioned.

### SCHEDULE "A."

#### SUITS AND SPECIAL PROCEEDINGS INSTITUTED AGAINST THE MAYOR, ETC.

##### SUPREME COURT.

In re Charles A. Bandonine, M. Herzog, and William S. Wright—To vacate, etc., for paving Great Jones street, from Broadway to Bowery.  
In re Third Avenue Railroad Co.—Paving Third avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-ninth and One Hundred and Thirtieth streets, to vacate, etc.  
J. W. Nash—To recover an assessment paid May 30, 1873, laid for paving Macdougal street, from Spring to Eighth street, \$150.50.  
Luther Baldwin—Quarter's rent of premises 225 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, \$250.  
James McCullough—Claim for unpaid salary as Janitor, Second District Civil Court, \$750.  
In re Henry Coggill—To vacate for paving Lexington avenue, from Twenty-first to Thirty-fourth street, with McGonegal pavement.  
In re Samuel Koch—Vacate, Avenue C, trap-block pavement, from Houston to Eighteenth street.  
In re William H. Dannatt—To vacate, etc., paving Broome street, from Norfolk street to East river.  
In re E. M. Willett—To vacate, paving Delancey street, from Bowery to East river.  
In re August Kennenby—To vacate, Delancey street, trap-block pavement, from Bowery to East river.  
In re Nathaniel Burchill, executor—Trap-block pavement in Thirty-first street, between Second avenue and East river, to vacate.  
In re Joseph R. Stuyvesant—Paving Sixteenth street with Nicholson pavement, between Fourth avenue and Rutherford place.  
In re Josiah Jex—To vacate for paving Fifth avenue, with Hamar wood pavement, between One Hundred and Twenty-fourth and One Hundred and Thirtieth streets.  
In re Harriet A. Fanshaw—To vacate for sewer in Eighty-eighth street, between Second and Third avenues; and in Ninety-first street, between Second and Fourth avenues.  
In re William Moller—Paving Bank street, from West street to Thirteenth avenue, to vacate.  
In re Thomas J. Powers—To vacate for sewer in Fifty-first street, between Broadway and Eighth avenue.  
In re Morris Littman—To vacate for paving Sixth avenue, between Forty-second and Fifty-ninth streets.  
In re John Sexton—To vacate for paving Macdougal street, between Spring and Eighth streets.  
In re Christian L. Niedemeyer—To vacate for paving Twenty-third street, between Sixth and Tenth avenues.  
John Dalley—To recover awards made unknown owners, opening of Eleventh avenue, \$1,628.  
People, ex rel. Coleman Benedict, Ex'r of Jesse W. Benedict, deceased, vs. The Board of Assessors—Application for mandamus, compelling defendants to estimate damage done relator's property by change of grade of One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street.

##### COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Michael Maddigan—Claim for labor on the Boulevard.....	\$95 40
Patrick Whalen " "	64 96
Francis R. Furman " "	123 75
Peter Dreen " "	141 44
John Carlin " "	61 60
Michael Foran " "	58 40
Cornelius O'Connor " "	40 32
James Carr " "	40 32
John McNamara " "	43 80
Thomas Fitzgerald " "	28 00
James Fitzsimmons " "	53 76
James Smith " "	51 36
Bernard McManus " "	2 68
Andrew Wallin " "	31 36
Jacob Frank " "	31 36
John McCullough " "	31 36
Michael Connolly " "	27 00
Michael Haney " "	31 36
John McCarthy " "	31 36
Robert Thornton " "	28 00
Patrick Donohue " "	31 36
Thomas Alvren " "	2 24
Michael Mulligan " "	4 83
Frederick O'Gden " "	2 68
Charles Fowler " "	56 00
John Gramling " "	45 00
James Murray " "	2 68
Henry Kanski " "	64 96
Edward Fogarty " "	31 36
Patrick Smith " "	76 16
Michael Butler " "	81 00
Thomas Feeny " "	38 08
Richardson G. Bagley " "	63 84
Patrick Welsh " "	29 12
John Fitzpatrick " "	58 00
Edward Welsh " "	141 44
Thomas Salmon " "	64 96
Patrick Clinton " "	66 00
Thomas Mitchell " "	62 72
Cornelius Scully " "	19 20
John Coffin " "	28 00
Martin Fitzpatrick " "	31 36
Charles Conley " "	46 00
Lawrence Scally " "	31 36
John McPhillips " "	29 00
John McGuire " "	16 12
Patrick Navin " "	58 00
John O'Neil " "	46 00
John Keele " "	28 00
Robert McClure, William C. Emmet, William McEvoy, John McEntee, Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	32 00
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	40 32
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	16 00
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	39 00
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	28 00
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	55 00
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	46 00
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	59 00
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	28 00
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	54 00
Montgomery A. Kellogg, Charles Connolly, Denis Kennedy, Richard Holmes, John Connolly, Eugene Downs, Jeremiah O'Connor, Daniel Logan, Patrick Cull, Robert Donohue, Patrick Mockley, James Kingwood, " "	63 44

Thomas Allen—Claim for labor on the Boulevard.....	\$39 20
John Fagan, " "	46 00
John Linden, " "	55 00
John Dillon, " "	52 00
Peter Redden, " "	47 04
Bernard Cull, " "	48 96
Patrick Moore, " "	52 64
Morris Donohue, " "	28 00
William Doran, " "	31 36
Joseph Cassidy, " "	64 96
John Madden, " "	30 24
Michael Beattie, " "	64 96
John Ryan, " "	60 16
Daniel R. De Forest, " "	11 00
David E. Aiken, " "	4 03
Patrick Stringer, " "	31 36
Richard Farrell, " "	31 36
Frederick A. Hamlin, " "	53 76
Thomas E. Vermilye, Jr., " "	25 80
Lawrence Kennedy, " "	53 96
Gilbert M. Belnap, " "	17 92
William Duffy, " "	21 28
Patrick Finley, " "	20 00
David Conroy, " "	68 25
Thomas Norton, " "	29 12
John Wall, " "	46 00
Hugh Colwell, " "	31 36
James Loughlin, " "	56 00

Jenyus C. Battersby—Personal injuries received from falling on ice in Nassau street, \$5,750.

MARINE COURT.

The Mayor, etc., vs. Robert J. Mills and John W. Ambrose—To recover for ashes and dirt sold defendants, \$353.70.

The Mayor, etc., vs. Patrick Slavin—To recover amount due for sixteen scow loads of ashes, \$10 per load, \$160.

Patrick Devereaux—Unpaid salary due plaintiff as Messenger to the President of the Board of Assistant Aldermen, \$1,434.31.

SCHEDULE "B."

JUDGMENTS ENTERED AND ORDERS OF THE SPECIAL AND GENERAL TERMS.

Henry Parsons and ano.—Appeal withdrawn and discontinued, without costs.

In re Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church (sewer in Seventh avenue)—Order entered vacating assessment.

In re Joseph H. Swift (paving Delancey street)—Order entered vacating assessment.

R. G. Treacy—Discontinued without costs.

Michael Treacy (No. 1)—Discontinued without costs.

Michael Treacy (No. 2)—Discontinued without costs.

George W. Douglass—Discontinued without costs.

Joseph W. Duryea et al.—Order entered on remittitur granting new trial, costs to abide event.

Albert Goettmann—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$365.43.

Peter Dolan—Entered order on remittitur dismissing complaint.

William B. Astor—Action discontinued without costs.

William Astor—Action discontinued without costs.

John J. Astor and Daniel Lord, Trustees of L. A. Delano—Action discontinued without costs.

Franklin H. Delano and J. F. Chamberlain, Trustees of Henry Astor—Action discontinued without costs.

Philip Kissam—Action discontinued without costs.

James F. Chamberlain—Action discontinued without costs.

Susan A. Gibbes, Charlotte A. Astor, and Susan A. Gibbes and Charlotte A. Astor, as Trustees of Susan A. Gibbes, the younger, and Zila Gibbes—Action discontinued without costs.

People, ex rel. Tenth National Bank vs. Andrew H. Green, Comptroller—Plaintiff's appeal withdrawn and discontinued without costs.

John B. Greene—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$62,985.84.

John Jacob Astor—Entered judgment (for defendants) on remittitur for \$157.29.

Christopher Keys—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$957.29, amount admitted due by defendants.

In re Eliza G. Hamilton—Order entered vacating assessment.

John Burke—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$336.44.

James Keenan—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$690.31.

Michael Carmody—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$530.79.

John Brennan—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$1,320.70.

James Coogan—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$1,327.42.

Michael Dolan—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$1,327.42.

Cornelius B. Schuyler—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$45.10.

John J. Davenport—Entered order of General Term affirming judgment.

Commercial Advertiser Association (No. 2)—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$795.60.

Commercial Advertiser Association (No. 3)—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$1,193.

Mary E. Van Cleft, Adm'x, etc.—Judgment entered for plaintiff for \$427.16.

SCHEDULE "C."

SUITS AND SPECIAL PROCEEDINGS TRIED OR ARGUED.

James Keenan—Tried before C. P. Daly, J., and jury; verdict for plaintiff by direction.

John Schreyer—Tried before Sedgwick, J., and jury; verdict for plaintiff by direction.

John Brennan—Tried before Donohue, Jr., and jury; verdict for plaintiff by direction.

Thomas Green vs. The Board of Education—Trial begun before C. P. Daly, J., and jury, not finished.

Albert Goettmann—Demurrer argued before Van Vorst, J., and sustained.

John H. Whitmore—Argued motion for leave to appeal to Court of Appeals; decision reserved.

In re J. F. Reilly et al. (Thirty-eighth street, between Lexington avenue and East river)—Argued motion to amend order before Lawrence, J.; motion granted.

In re Margaret Middleditch (Thirty-ninth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues)—Argued motion to amend order before Lawrence, J.; motion granted.

Michael Carmody—Tried before J. F. Daly, J., and jury; verdict for plaintiff, by direction.

William Berrigan—Tried before J. F. Daly, J., and jury; verdict for plaintiff, by direction.

James Coogan—Tried before Donohue, J., and jury; verdict for plaintiff by direction.

Michael Dolan—Tried before Donohue, J., and jury; verdict for plaintiff by direction.

John F. Salter—Argued demurrer before Robinson J.; decision reserved.

In re Eliza G. Hamilton—Argued; order granted.

In re Second Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church—Argued, and submitted case on appeal to the General Term.

In re Harlem Presbyterian Church—Argued, and submitted case on appeal to the General Term.

In re Church of the Holy Sepulchre—Argued, and submitted case on appeal to the General Term.

APPROVED PAPERS.

Ordinances, Resolution, etc., approved by the Mayor during the week ending October 9, 1875.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to the Singer Manufacturing Company to pave with granite-block pavement the sidewalk in front of the entrance to their stable, No. 160 West Fifteenth street, the work to be done at their own expense, under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Works; such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 23, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That four lamps of the Bartlett pattern be substituted for the ordinary street-lamps in front of the church in Norfolk street, between Broome and Grand streets, under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Works.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 23, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That lamp-posts be erected and street-lamps lighted in One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street, between Tenth avenue and Broadway; also in Tenth avenue, from Lawrence street to One Hundred and Thirty-first street; also one lamp-post be erected and lamp lighted in One Hundred and Thirtieth street, seventy-five feet east of Tenth avenue, on the northeast side, under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Works.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 23, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That gas-mains be laid, lamp-posts erected, and street-lamps lighted in One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Works.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 23, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That a free drinking-hydrant be erected on the northwest corner of Seventy-fifth street and First avenue, under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Works; and that the accompanying ordinance thereto be adopted.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 23, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That Chauncey S. Traux be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New York, in place of Stephen B. Brague, resigned.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 30, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That James T. Higgins be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New York, in place of John Brooks Leavitt, resigned.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 30, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That Sylvester Van Wagner be and he is hereby appointed a City Surveyor in and for the City of New York.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 30, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Henry Punchard to connect his iron water-trough with the street-main, in front of his premises No. 93 Market street, the work to be done at his own expense, under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Works; such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 30, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That the Commissioner of Public Works be and he is hereby authorized, under chapter 477 of the Laws of 1875, to purchase and put up, an additional pumping engine and steam boiler at High Bridge, for the purpose of delivering Croton water at a higher elevation, at a cost not exceeding the sum of forty-five thousand dollars (\$45,000).

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 30, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That gas-mains be laid, street lamp-posts erected, and lamps lighted in Seventy-ninth street, from Ninth avenue to the Boulevard, under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Works.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 30, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That the Board of Estimate and Apportionment be and is hereby requested to transfer from any appropriation of former years having an unexpended balance of two hundred dollars, that amount being the sum required to pay the bill of E. C. Lee, for flowers furnished on the occasion of the funeral of the late Alderman Henry A. Linden; and the Comptroller, after such transfer shall have been made, is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of E. C. Lee for the said sum of two hundred dollars, and charge the same to the appropriation for that purpose, when made as above requested by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 30, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of Hugh O'Donnell, President of the Father Mathew U. B. T. A. B. Society, Branch No. 1, for the sum of five hundred and twenty-two dollars and seventy-six cents, in full for bills annexed, and the Board of Estimate and Apportionment is hereby requested to transfer from any unexpended appropriation having a balance sufficient to pay the above amount, and when paid to be charged to the appropriation so transferred for that purpose.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 23, 1875.

Received from his Honor the Mayor, October 4, 1875, without his approval or objections thereto; therefore, under the provisions of section 11, chapter 335, Laws of 1873, the same became adopted.

Resolved, That the Board of Estimate and Apportionment be and is hereby requested to transfer from any appropriation of former years having an unexpended balance of forty dollars, that amount being the sum required to pay bill of Koster & Green for draping the chamber of the Board of Assistant Aldermen in mourning on the occasion of the death of Assistant Alderman Henry A. Linden; and the Comptroller, after such transfer shall have been made, is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of the said Koster & Green for the said sum of forty dollars, and charge the same to the appropriation for that purpose, when made, as above requested, by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 30, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

AN ORDINANCE to amend an ordinance entitled "An ordinance to amend an ordinance to regulate permits for street-stands, show-cases, signs, stairways, hoistways, and deliveries," approved February 24, 1866, which became adopted July 27, 1874.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York do ordain as follows:

Section 1. Section 1 of the ordinance of 1874, amending section 5 of the ordinance of 1866, is hereby amended by striking from the last clause in the said section 5 the words, "use the street beyond the stoop line," and inserting in lieu thereof the following, "place any sign upon the top of any building that shall project into the street, or over the sidewalk, from any such building, in any street or avenue in the City of New York," so that said section 5, when so again amended, shall read as follows:

§ 5. Every grantee of a privilege under this ordinance for a show-case, signs, stairways, or hoistways, shall pay a sum of one dollar for each, and grantees of all other privileges the sum of one dollar, towards the expense of executing this ordinance, to be accounted for among other fees of the Mayor's office. It is hereby understood and expressed that for the receiving and delivering of goods no fee shall be charged, and the Corporation Attorney shall not hereafter institute suits for alleged obstructions occasioned by the receipt or delivery of merchandise in the ordinary course of business, but no person shall deposit any article or articles upon any street or sidewalk in the city in such manner as to obstruct the free use thereof by the public. The aggregate sum for any one permit containing all or any portion of the privileges expressed in this section shall not exceed the sum of three dollars, and all may be granted for that fee; but in no case is permission to be given to place any sign upon the top or from in front, above the second floor of any building that shall project into the street or over the sidewalk from any such building in any street or avenue in the City of New York.

Sec. 2. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent or conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This ordinance shall take effect immediately.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, September 30, 1875.

Approved by the Mayor, October 4, 1875.

**DIRECTORY**  
OF THE  
**COMMON COUNCIL**  
ROOM NO. 9 CITY HALL.

## ALDERMEN AT LARGE.

Samuel A. Lewis, 314 West Fourteenth street.  
John W. Gunter, 56 Second avenue.  
William L. Cole, 218 East Forty-eighth street.  
Magnus Gross, 311 Third street.  
Samuel B. H. Vance, 503 West Twenty-fourth street.  
Oliver P. C. Billings, 143 East Thirty-fourth street.

## FOURTH SENATE DISTRICT.

Edward J. Shandley, 183 Henry street.  
Patrick Lysaght, 27 City Hall place.  
John Robinson, 310 Pearl street.

## FIFTH SENATE DISTRICT.

John J. Morris, 117 West Twenty-first street.  
Edward Gilon, 557 Hudson street.

## GEORGE B. DEANE, JR., 61 Jane street.

## SIXTH SENATE DISTRICT.

Joseph P. Strack, 179 Third street.  
John Reilly, 314 East Fourteenth street.  
Chester H. Southworth, 738 Fifth street.

## SEVENTH SENATE DISTRICT.

Peter Seery, 201 East Thirty-eighth street.  
Robert Power, 114 West Forty-first street.  
Henry E. Howland, 300 Lexington avenue.

## EIGHTH SENATE DISTRICT.

Henry D. Purroy, Fordham.  
Andrew Blessing, 120 West Forty-fifth street.  
William H. McCarthy, 174 East Eighty-second street.  
Stephen N. Simonson, 305 West Forty-eighth street.

SAMUEL A. LEWIS, President.

FRANCIS J. TWOMEY, Clerk.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

## STATEMENT OF THE HOURS DURING WHICH

all the Public Offices in the City are open for business, and at which each Court regularly opens and adjourns, as well as of the places where such offices are kept and such Courts are held.

## EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Mayor's Office, No. 6, City Hall, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.  
Mayor's Marshal, No. 7, City Hall, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.  
Permit Bureau, No. 1, City Hall, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.  
License Bureau, No. 1, City Hall, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

## LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Board of Aldermen and Supervisors, No. 9 City Hall, office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.  
Clerk of the Common Council and of Board of Supervisors, No. 8, City Hall, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NEW COUNTY COURT-HOUSE, OFFICE HOURS 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.  
Comptroller's Office, second floor, west end.

1. Bureau for the collection of the revenue accruing from rents and interest on bonds and mortgages, and revenue arising from the use or sale of property belonging to or managed by the City, first floor, west end.

2. Bureau for the Collection of Taxes; Brown stone building, City Hall Park.

3. Bureau for the Collection of Arrears of Taxes and Assessments and Water Rents, first floor, west end.

4. Auditing Bureau, second floor, west end.

5. Bureau of Licenses, first floor, west end.

6. Bureau of Markets, first floor, west end.

7. Bureau for the reception of all money paid into the Treasury in the City, and for the payment of money on warrants drawn by the Comptroller and countersigned by the Mayor, at the Office of Chamberlain and County Treasurer, second floor, west end.

8. Bureau for the Collection of Assessments; Rotunda, south side.

## LAW DEPARTMENT.

Counsel to the Corporation Staats Zeitung Building third floor; 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.  
Public Administrator, 115 and 117 Nassau street, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Corporation Attorney, 115 and 117 Nassau street, 8½ A. M. to 4½ P. M.

Attorney for the Collection of Arrears of Personal Taxes, No. 51 Chambers street, second floor.

Attorney to the Department of Buildings, 2 Fourth avenue, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

## POLICE DEPARTMENT

NO. 300 MULBERRY STREET, ALWAYS OPEN  
Commissioners' Office, second floor.  
Superintendent's Office, first floor.

Inspectors' Office, first floor.

Chief Clerk's Office, second floor, 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Property Clerk, first floor (rear).

Bureau of Street Cleaning, basement (rear), 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Bureau of Elections, second floor (rear), 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CITY HALL, 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.  
Commissioner's Office, No. 19.

Chief Clerk's Office, No. 20.

Contract Clerk's Office, No. 21.

Engineers in charge of Sewers, No. 21.

Boulevards and Avenues, No. 18½.

Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, No. 18.

" Lamps and Gas, No. 13.

" Incumbrances, No. 13.

" Street Improvements, No. 11.

Bureau of Chief Engineer Croton Aqueduct No. 11½.

" Water Register, No. 10.

" Water Purveyor, No. 4.

" Streets and Roads No. 13.

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES AND

CORRECTION.

Commissioners' Office, No. 66 Third avenue, 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Out Door Poor Department, No. 66 Third avenue, always open entrance on Eleventh street.

Reception Hospital, City Hall Park, northeast corner always open.

Reception Hospital, Ninety-ninth street and Tenth avenue, always open.

Bellevue Hospital, foot of Twenty-sixth street, East river, always open.

## FIRE DEPARTMENT.

NOS. 127 AND 129 MERCER ST., 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.

Commissioners' Office, Chief of Department, Fire Marshal.

## HEALTH DEPARTMENT

NO. 301 MOTT STREET.

Commissioners' Office, second floor, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Attorney's Office, third floor, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Sanitary Superintendent, always open, third floor.

Register of Records, third floor, for granting burial permits, on all days of the week, except Sunday, from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. and on Sundays from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS

Commissioner's Office, 36 Union Sq., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

## DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.

Commissioner's Office, 117 and 119 Duane street, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

## DEPARTMENT OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS.

Commissioners' Office, Brown-stone building, City Hall Park, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.; on Saturday, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.  
Surveyor's Bureau, 19 Chatham street, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Board of Assessors, "

## DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS.

Superintendent's Office, 2 Fourth avenue, 9 A. M.

## BOARD OF EXCISE

Commissioners' Office, first floor, 299 Mulberry st., 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

## BOARD OF EDUCATION.

CORNER GRAND AND ELM STREETS

Office of the Board, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Superintendent of Schools, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

## COMMISSIONERS OF ACCOUNTS.

Commissioners' Office, District Court building, City Hall Park (upstairs).

## THE CITY RECORD.

Office, No. 2 City Hall, northwest corner basement, 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

## MISCELLANEOUS OFFICES.

HOURS, 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.

Coroner's Office, 40 East Houston street, second floor.

Sheriff's Office, first floor, southwest corner of New County Court-house.

County Clerk's Office, first floor, northeast corner of New County Court-house.

Surrogate's Office, first floor, southeast corner of New County Court-house.

Register's Office, Hall of Records, City Hall Park.

District Attorney's Office, second floor, Brown-stone building, City Hall Park, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

## COMMISSIONER OF JURORS.

Commissioner's Office, Rotunda, north side, New County Court-house, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

## COURTS.

## SUPREME COURT.

General Term, Special Term, Chambers, Circuit Part I, Circuit Part II, Circuit Part III, second floor, New County Court-house, 10½ A. M. to 3 P. M.

## SUPERIOR COURT.

General Term, Trial Term Part I, Trial Term Part II, third floor, New County Court-house, 11 A. M.

Clerks' Office, Third floor, New County Court-house, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

## COMMON PLEAS.

General Term, Equity Term, Trial Term Part I, Trial Term Part II, third floor, New County Court-house, 11 A. M.

Clerk's Office, third floor, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

## MARINE COURT.

General Term, Trial Term Part I, Trial Term Part II, third floor, Chambers, third floor, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Clerk's Office, room 19, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Brown-stone building, third floor.

## GENERAL SESSIONS.

Brown-stone building, City Hall Park, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Clerk's Office, Brown-stone building, City Hall Park, second floor, room 14, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

## OVER AND TERMINER.

General Term, New County Court-house, second floor, southeast corner, room 11, 10:30 A. M.

Clerk's Office, Brown-stone building, City Hall Park, second floor, northwest corner.

## SPECIAL SESSIONS.

At Tombs, corner Franklin and Centre streets, Tuesdays.

Thursdays, and Saturdays, 10 A. M.

Clerk's Office, Tombs.

## DISTRICT COURTS.

First District—First, Second, Third, and Fifth Wards, southwest corner of Centre and Chambers streets, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Second District—Fourth, Sixth and Fourteenth Wards, No. 514 Pearl street, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Third District—Eighth, Ninth and Fifteenth Wards, No. 12 Greenwich avenue, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Fourth District—Tenth and Seventeenth Wards, No. 165 East Houston street, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Fifth District—Seventh, Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards, No. 154 Clinton street, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Sixth District—Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards, Nos. 380 and 394 Fourth avenue.

Seventh District—Nineteenth and Twenty-second Wards, Fifty-seventh street, between Third and Lexington avenues, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Eighth District—Sixteenth and Twentieth Wards, southwest corner Twenty-second street and Seventh avenue, 9:30 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Ninth District—Twelfth Ward, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street near Fourth avenue, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Tenth District—Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards, northeast corner of Third avenue and Southern Boulevard, Harlem Bridge, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

## POLICE COURTS.

First District—Fourteenth, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, and portion of Sanitary Precinct, Tombs, corner Franklin and Centre streets, 7 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Second District—Eighth, Ninth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second and Nineteenth Sub-station, Fifty-seventh street, between Third and Lexington avenues, 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Fifth District—Twelfth Ward, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street near Fourth avenue, 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Sixth District—Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards, Morrisania.

## JURORS.

## NOTICE

## IN RELATION TO JURORS FOR STATE COURTS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF JURORS,

NEW COUNTY COURT-HOUSE,

DEPARTMENT OF  
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,  
CORNER OF THIRD AVENUE AND ELEVENTH ST.,  
NEW YORK, June 12, 1875.

## SCHOOL FOR NURSES.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC CHARITIES and Correction purpose opening a School for Nurses, at Charity Hospital, on the first day of August next. It is their design to offer to worthy young women, between the ages of twenty and thirty-five, the opportunity to acquire proficiency in a pursuit, which is at once honorable, useful, and remunerative, by educating them in the profession of Nursing. Every effort will be made to elevate the occupation, by a course of careful instruction from competent teachers, and by considerate and generous treatment of the pupils. The course of training will occupy two years, and will embrace lectures upon nursing, food, ventilation, midwifery, and all subjects connected with nursing.

The lectures will be given by physicians connected with the Hospital, and will include a course of twelve lectures upon each subject every six months, and frequent instruction at the bedside.

At the expiration of two years the Nurses will be examined by a Committee of Physicians, and those who are competent and qualified will receive a diploma, signed by the Commissioners of Charities and Correction and the Examining Committee.

Applications, stating name in full, age, and names of Clergymen and Family Physician should be addressed to

JOSEPH A. PHILLIPS,  
Secretary

## FIRE DEPARTMENT.

HEADQUARTERS  
FIRE DEPARTMENT, CITY OF NEW YORK,  
155 AND 157 MERCER STREET,  
NEW YORK, October 7, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR DOING THE WORK  
S and furnishing the materials required in the alteration, extension and repairing of the house Nos. 191 and 193 Fulton street, will be received at these Headquarters, until 10 o'clock A. M., on the 20th inst., when they will be publicly opened and read.

Plans and specifications therefor may be seen and blank proposals will be furnished upon application at these Headquarters.

Two responsible sureties will be required upon each proposal, who must each justify in twice the amount thereof.

The right to reject any or all proposals received, is deemed to be for the interests of the city, is reserved.

JOSEPH L. PERLEY,  
ROSWELL D. HATCH,  
VINCENT C. KING,  
Commissioners.

HEADQUARTERS  
FIRE DEPARTMENT, CITY OF NEW YORK,  
155 AND 157 MERCER STREET,  
NEW YORK, October 1, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR PAINTING ONE  
Thousand Telegraph Poles, including cross arms and alarm boxes thereon, will be received at these Headquarters, until 10 o'clock A. M., on Wednesday, the 13th instant, at which time they will be publicly opened and read.

Specifications for doing the work can be seen on application at these Headquarters, where further information and blank proposals may also be obtained.

Two responsible sureties will be required with each proposal, who must each justify in twice the amount thereof.

Proposals must be addressed to the Board of Commissioners, be indorsed "Proposals for Painting Telegraph Poles," and the Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all the proposals received.

JOSEPH L. PERLEY,  
ROSWELL D. HATCH,  
VINCENT C. KING,  
Commissioners.

HEADQUARTERS  
FIRE DEPARTMENT, CITY OF NEW YORK,  
155 AND 157 MERCER STREET,  
NEW YORK, September 25, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING THIS  
Department with the articles below enumerated, will be received at these Headquarters until 10 o'clock A. M., on Wednesday the 13th proximo, at which time the bids will be publicly opened and read:

1,200 tons of Egg Coal,  
500 tons of Stove Coal,  
100 cords of Pine Wood.

The coal is to be of the best quality, Pittston, Scranton, or Lackawanna, 2,000 lbs. to the ton, and well screened.

The wood is to be best Virginia Pine, cut twice.

Two responsible sureties will be required with each proposal, who must each justify in twice the amount thereof.

The fuel is to be delivered in such quantities and at such times as may be directed at the various houses of the Department.

The coal and the wood may be estimated for separately or together, at the option of the bidder.

Blank proposals and further information will be furnished upon application to these Headquarters.

Proposals must be addressed to the Board of Commissioners, and be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Coal," or "Wood," or both, as the case may be, and the Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all received.

JOSEPH L. PERLEY,  
ROSWELL D. HATCH,  
VINCENT C. KING,  
Commissioners.

HEADQUARTERS  
FIRE DEPARTMENT, CITY OF NEW YORK,  
155 AND 157 MERCER STREET,  
NEW YORK, September 25, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING THIS  
Department with 400 Chestnut Telegraph Poles, 35 feet long, not less than five inches in diameter at the top, trimmed, peeled, straight and well proportioned, to be delivered on dock on the Harlem river, Twenty-third Ward, in the vicinity of Third avenue, within thirty days after the execution of the contract, will be received at these Headquarters, until 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 13th proximo, at which time the bids will be publicly opened and read.

Two responsible sureties will be required with each proposal, who must each justify in twice the amount thereof.

Blank proposals and further information will be furnished upon application at these Headquarters.

Proposals must be addressed to the Board of Commissioners, and be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Telegraph Poles," and the Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all received.

JOSEPH L. PERLEY,  
ROSWELL D. HATCH,  
VINCENT C. KING,  
Commissioners.

HEADQUARTERS  
FIRE DEPARTMENT, CITY OF NEW YORK,  
155 AND 157 MERCER STREET,  
NEW YORK, October 1, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING THIS  
Department with the following-named materials, etc., in the quantities specified will be received at these Headquarters until 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 13th instant:

CLASS I.

200 Best White Oak Felloes, 3 1/4 x 3 1/4 in.; Wheels, 4 ft. diameter.

150 Best White Oak Felloes, 3 1/4 x 3 1/4 in.; Wheels, 4 ft. 10 in. diameter.  
150 Best White Oak Felloes, 3 1/4 x 3 1/4 in.; Wheels, 4 ft. 2 in. diameter.  
400 Best White Oak Spokes, 2 1/2 x 1 3/16 = 3 1/4 in. tenants.  
400 Best White Oak Spokes, 2 1/2 x 1 3/16 = 3 in. tenants.  
400 Best White Oak Spokes (for forward wheels), 3 1/4 x 1 3/4 in. = 3 1/4 in. tenants.  
400 Best White Oak Spokes (for hind wheels), 3 1/4 x 1 3/4 in. = 3 1/4 in. tenants.

CLASS II.

24 Best Ash Boards, 1 in. thick, 14 to 20 in. wide.  
300 Pieces Black Walnut Laging, 6 ft. long.  
12 Best Ash Boards, 1 1/4 in. thick, 14 to 20 in. wide.  
12 Best Ash Boards, 1 1/2 in. thick, 14 to 20 in. wide.  
12 Best Ash Planks, 2 1/2 in. thick, 14 to 18 in. wide.  
6 Best Ash Planks, 2 1/2 in. thick, 14 to 18 in. wide.  
12 Best Ash Planks, 3 in. thick, 16 to 20 in. wide.  
6 Black Walnut Boards, 1 1/4 in. thick, 14 to 18 in. wide.  
3 Best Pine Planks, 2 in. thick, 18 to 24 in. wide.  
3 Best Pine Planks, 3 in. thick, 18 to 24 in. wide.  
3 Best White Hickory Planks, 1 in. thick, 12 to 14 in. wide.  
3 Best White Hickory Planks, 1 1/4 in. thick, 12 to 14 in. wide.  
3 Best White Hickory Planks, 1 1/2 in. thick, 12 to 14 in. wide.  
3 Best White Hickory Planks, 2 in. thick, 14 to 18 in. wide.  
18 Whitewood Boards, 5/8 in. thick, 18 to 24 in. wide, planed on both sides.  
6 Whitewood Boards, 1 in. thick, 14 to 18 in. wide, planed on both sides.  
3 Whitewood Boards, 2 in. thick, 18 to 20 in. wide, planed on both sides.

CLASS III.

2 Bars Cast Steel, 1 1/2 in.  
2 Bars Cast Steel, round, each of the following dimensions: 1, 3/4, 3/4, and 5/8 in.  
2 Bars Cast Steel, square, each of the following dimensions: 1 1/4 and 3/4 in.  
1 Bar Cast Steel, square, 1/2 in.  
1 Bar Cast Steel, octagon, 5/8 in.  
1 Sheet Steel, No. 16.  
2 Sheets Brass, No. 20, 72 x 24 in.  
100 Carriage Bolts, 6 1/2 x 1 1/2 in.  
150 Carriage Bolts, each of the following dimensions: 2 1/4 x 1 1/2, 3 1/2 x 1 1/2, 1 x 3 1/2 in.  
200 Carriage Bolts, each of the following dimensions: 3 1/4 x 1 1/4, 3 1/4 x 1 1/4 in.  
150 Carriage Bolts, countersunk, each of the following dimensions: 4 1/2 x 7-16, 2 1/2 x 5-16, 1 1/4 x 5-16 in.  
200 Carriage Bolts, countersunk, 3 1/2 x 1 1/4 in.  
100 Carriage Bolts, countersunk, each 1 x 3/8, 2 1/2 x 1/4, 2 1/2 x 1/4, 2 1/2 x 1/4, 1 1/4 x 1/4 in.  
50 Carriage Bolts, countersunk, each 2 1/2 x 3-16, 2 1/2 x 3-16, 2 1/2 x 3-16, 2 1/2 x 3-16, 1 1/4 x 3-16, 1 1/4 x 3-16 in.  
200 Tire Bolts, 4 1/2 x 3 1/2 in.  
150 Tire Bolts, 3 1/2 x 5-16 in.  
100 Wood Screw Bolts, each 2 x 3/8, 2 1/2 x 3/8, 3 x 3/8, 3 1/2 x 3/8, 7/8 x 3/8, 3 1/2 x 1/2, 2 x 1/2 in.  
2 lbs. Clout Nails, each 1, 1/4, 1/2, 1/4, 1/4 in.  
1 lb. Clout Nails, each 1, 1/4, 1/2, 1/4 in.  
5 lbs. Finishing Nails, each 1/4, 1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 1/4, 1/4 in.  
25 lbs. Steel Wire, each 1/8, 5-32, 3-16, 7-32, 1/4, 5-16.  
3 gross Iron Countersunk Screws No. 6, each 1/2 and 5/8 in.  
3 gross Iron Countersunk Screws No. 8, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, and 7/16 in.  
3 gross Iron Countersunk Screws No. 10, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, and 1/2 in.  
3 gross Iron Countersunk Screws No. 12, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, and 1/2 in.  
3 gross Iron Countersunk Screws No. 14, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, and 1/2 in.  
3 gross Iron Countersunk Screws No. 16, each 1, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, and 1/2 in.  
3 gross Iron Countersunk Screws No. 18, each 1 1/2, 1/2, 1/2, and 1/2 in.  
3 gross Iron Countersunk Screws No. 20, each 2 1/2 and 3 in.  
3 gross Iron Button Head Screws, each 7-16 in. No. 6, 1/2 in. No. 8, 1 1/8 in. No. 10, 5/8 in. No. 12.  
3 gross Brass Countersunk Screws No. 6, each 1/2 and 5/8 in.  
3 gross Brass Countersunk Screws No. 8, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, and 1 in.  
3 gross Brass Countersunk Screws No. 10, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, and 1 in.  
3 gross Brass Countersunk Screws No. 12, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, and 1 in.  
3 gross Brass Countersunk Screws No. 14, each 1, 1/2, 1/2, and 1/2 in.  
3 gross Brass Countersunk Screws No. 16, each 1 1/2 and 1/2 in.  
3 gross Brass Button Head Screws No. 6, each 1/2 and 5/8 in.  
3 gross Brass Button Head Screws No. 8, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, and 1 in.  
3 gross Brass Button Head Screws No. 10, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, and 1 in.  
3 gross Brass Button Head Screws No. 12, each 1/2, 5/8, 3/8, and 1 in.  
3 gross Brass Button Head Screws No. 14, 1 in.  
20 lbs. Brass Wire No. 2.  
8 lbs. Copper Hose Rivets, 1 in., No. 7.  
12 lbs. Copper Hoses: Rivets, 5/8 in., No. 7.  
15 lbs. Soft Solder.  
12 bars Angle Iron, 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 in.  
1 coil Lead Line for Flag Halyards.  
3 coils Manila Rope, 3/4 in. diameter.  
48 handles for Machinist Chipping Hammers.  
24 small Blacksmith's Hammer Handles.  
12 Blacksmith's Sledge Handles.  
12 Pick Handles.  
36 Machinist's Hammers, "Ball Pein" No. 3.  
2 lbs. Brass Escutcheon Pins, 5/8 in., No. 14 Wire.  
1 gross Button Head Screws.  
10 lbs. Iron Washers, 5/8 in.  
10 lbs. Iron Washers, 1/2 in.  
2 doz. 6 in. Flat Bastard Files.  
4 doz. 8 in. Flat Bastard Files.  
6 doz. 12 in. Flat Bastard Files.  
2 doz. 6 in. Half Round Bastard Files.  
2 doz. 8 in. Half Round Bastard Files.  
4 doz. 12 in. Half Round Bastard Files.  
4 doz. 8 in. Hand Smooth Files.  
4 doz. 8 in. Half Round Smooth Files.  
4 doz. 12 in. Half Round Smooth Files.  
4 doz. 10 in. Square Files.  
2 doz. 8 in. Square Files.  
2 doz. 6 in. Square Files.  
4 doz. 10 in. Round Files.  
4 doz. 8 in. Round Files.  
2 doz. 6 in. Round Files.  
2 doz. 8 in. Round Smooth Files.  
2 doz. 6 in. Round Smooth Files.  
2 doz. 8 in. Saw Files.  
3 doz. 5 in. Saw Files.  
1 full set Ward Files.  
6 Saw Blades, "Stubbs," 10 1/2 in., "end to end."  
2 doz. 12 in. Cabinetmakers' Wood Rasp.

CLASS IV.

30 lbs. Deep English Vermillion.  
20 lbs. Chinese Blue.  
10 lbs. Coach Black Ground in Japan.  
15 galls. Turpentine.  
5 galls. Boiled Oil.  
10 galls. Staples Quick-drying Varnish.  
1 doz. Striping Pencils, Fine Liners, "Ox Hair."  
1 doz. Striping Pencils, Broad Liners, "Ox Hair."  
2 Putty Knives.  
2 Camel-hair Blenders, 2-inch wide.

CLASS V.

30 Sides Best Harness Leather.  
6 Sides Best Breaching Leather.  
1 Side Best Russet Leather.

2 Sides Best Loop Leather.  
1 Side Best Patent Collar Leather.  
1 Side Best Patent Dash Leather.  
2 Sides Best Belt Lacing Leather.  
12 Sides Best Hose Pipe Leather.

Proposals may be made to include all the articles specified in one or any number of the classes named above, but each proposal must be for furnishing all the articles named in at least one of the classes.

Where the particular kind or quality of the articles is not specified they are to be of the best quality.

All the materials, etc., are to be delivered at the Repair Shops, Nos. 130 and 132 West Third street, in such quantities and at such times prior to January 1, 1876, as may be directed by the officer in charge of the same, where samples may also be seen upon application.

Two responsible sureties will be required upon each proposal, who must each justify in twice the amount thereof.

Blank forms of proposals and further information will be furnished upon application at these Headquarters.

JOSEPH L. PERLEY,  
ROSWELL D. HATCH,  
VINCENT C. KING,  
Commissioners.

## CORPORATION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FOLLOWING Assessment Lists have been received by the Board of Assessors, from the Commissioner of Public Works for—

No. 1. Building sewer in Scammel street, between Madison and Monroe street.

No. 2. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Beekman street and Theatre alley.

No. 3. Flagging sidewalks on west side of Lexington avenue, from Thirty-third to Thirty-fourth street.

No. 4. Fencing vacant lots or block bounded by Broadway, Eighth avenue, Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh streets.

No. 5. Flagging south side of Fifty-ninth street, between Fifth and Eighth avenues.

No. 6. Flagging north side of Seventeenth street, between Avenue A and B.

No. 7. Fencing vacant lots on block bounded by Sixty-second and Sixty-third streets, Boulevard and Ninth avenue.

No. 8. Receiving basin on the southwest corner of Ninth street and Lexington avenue.

No. 9. Receiving-basin on the northwest corner of Ninety-second and Lexington avenue.

No. 10. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Ninety-first and Lexington avenue.

No. 11. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Ninety-first and Lexington avenue.

No. 12. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Ninety-first and Lexington avenue.

No. 13. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Ninety-first and Lexington avenue.

No. 14. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Ninety-first and Lexington avenue.

No. 15. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Ninety-first and Lexington avenue.

No. 16. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Ninety-first and Lexington avenue.

No. 17. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Ninety-first and Lexington avenue.

No. 18. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Ninety-first and Lexington avenue.

No. 19. Receiving-basin on the southwest corner of Nin

