您是否曾尝试购买用于抑制 COVID-19 传播的任何必要 物品或服务?



商店哄抬价格属违法行为。

纽约市消费者和劳工保护部 (Department of Consumer and Worker Protection, DCWP) 于3月16日颁布了紧急条例,规定哄抬用于预防、抑制或治疗新型冠状病毒 (COVID-19) 传播的任何个人或居家物品或服务价格均属违法行为。

示例包括:

- 清洁产品
- 诊断产品及服务
- 消毒用品(湿巾、消毒液、喷雾)
- 口罩
- 手套
- 消毒洗手液

- 药物
- 纸巾
- 外用酒精
- 肥皂
- 面纸

此类物品和服务的价格如提高 10% 及以上,即属违法行为。

您是否遇到过哄抬价格的行为?

自 3 月起,如果您认为某商店哄抬这些物品的价格,请访问 nyc.gov/dcwp 或致电 311 并说"Overcharge"(哄抬价格),以提交投诉。

关于纽约市带薪安全假和病假法的提醒

如果您在纽约市任何规模的企业或非营利性机构从事兼职或全职工作,您均有权获得安全假和病假,以照顾自己或您视为家人的任何人。

请访问 nvc.gov/workers,或致电 311 并说"Paid Safe and Sick Leave"(带薪安全假和病假)。

有关更多信息,请访问 nyc.gov/dcwp。



Consumer and Worker Protection

Lorelei Salas

Have you tried to buy any good or service needed to limit the spread of COVID-19?



On March 16, the NYC Department of Consumer and Worker Protection (DCWP) announced an emergency rule that makes price gouging illegal for any personal or household good or any service that is needed to prevent or limit the spread of or treat the new coronavirus (COVID-19).

Examples include:

- Cleaning products
- Diagnostic products and services
- Disinfectants (wipes, liquids, sprays)
- Face masks
- Gloves
- Hand sanitizer

- Medicines
- Paper towels
- Rubbing alcohol
- Soap
- Tissues

It is illegal to increase prices of these types of goods and services by 10% or more.

Were you overcharged?

If you think a store excessively increased the price of these items beginning in March, file a complaint at **nyc.gov/dcwp** or call **311** and say "Overcharge."

Reminder about NYC's Paid Safe and Sick Leave Law

If you work part time or full time at any size business or nonprofit in NYC, you have the right to safe and sick leave to care for yourself or anyone you consider family.

Visit nyc.gov/workers or call 311 and say "Paid Safe and Sick Leave."

For more information, visit nyc.gov/dcwp.

