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4	PUBLIC HEARING ON PROPOSED
5	AMENDMENTS TO RULES GOVERNING
6	THE DEPARTMENT OF SANITATION'S
7	SITING OF TRANSFER STATIONS
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10	April 23, 2003 9:15 a.m.
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12	125 Worth Street New York, New York
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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	MR. ORLIN: Good morning and
3	welcome. My name is Robert Orlin. I am
4	Deputy Commissioner of Legal Affairs
5	for the Department of Sanitation.
6	Thank you for attending the
7	Department's hearing this morning.
8	The Department is conducting this
9	hearing in accordance with the
10	requirements of the City Administrative
11	Procedure Act. The purpose of this
12	hearing is to receive comments from the
13	public on the Department's proposed
14	rule governing certain restrictions to
15	the siting of solid waste transfer
16	stations. The Department published the
17	proposed rule in the City Record on
18	March 21, 2003. It mailed copies of
19	the rule to all New York City local,
20	state and federal elected officials, 59
21	community board managers, many civic
22	and environmental organizations, and to
23	numerous companies that operate
24	transfer stations in the City.
25	Pursuant to Local Law 40 of 1990,

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	the Department regulates private
3	transfer stations operating in New York
4	City that handle putrescible and
5	non-putrescible solid waste.
6	In October 1998, the Department
7	promulgated transfer station siting
8	rules. These rules were challenged in
9	New York State Supreme Court by a
10	coalition of community groups, and the
11	State Court has retained jurisdiction
12	of this lawsuit until the Department
13	promulgates final siting rules.
14	Pursuant to Local Law 74 of 2000,
15	the Department is undertaking a
16	Comprehensive Commercial Waste
17	Management Study of the City's existing
18	system for managing commercial
19	putrescible and non-putrescible solid
20	waste. This study will examine, among
21	other things, the potential
22	environmental, economic and health
23	impacts on communities in which
24	transfer stations are located, and the
25	effectiveness of the Department's

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	transfer station siting criteria,
3	including the aggregate effect of
4	having transfer stations located in
5	geographic proximity to each other.
6	The study is to be completed by March
7	2004.
8	The purpose of the proposed
9	rule the subject of today's
10	hearing is to place temporary
11	restrictions on the issuance of certain
12	transfer station permits
13	until July 31, 2004, which would be
14	following the City's release of the
15	Comprehensive Commercial Waste Study
16	due in March 2004. Having the
17	temporary restrictions in place until
18	July 31, 2004 will give the Department
19	sufficient opportunity to review and
20	take into account the findings and
21	analyses of the Commercial Waste Study
22	prior to the promulgation of permanent
23	siting rules.
24	As proposed for non-putrescible
25	transfer stations, the temporary rule

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 would: 2 3 A) Prohibit the issuance of a 4 permit to any new transfer station, 5 except if the transfer station will be 6 located at or adjacent to a rail yard 7 or barge facility, and the solid waste is received and stored there at all 8 9 times in leak-proof containers and 10 removed by train or barge; B) Prohibit the issuance of a 11 permit to any existing facility to 12 13 increase its lawful capacity; and C) Allow the issuance of a permit 14 to an existing facility to convert some 15 16 or all if its lawful permitted capacity 17 to putrescible capacity. As proposed for fill material 18 transfer stations, the temporary rule 19 20 would: A) Prohibit the issuance of a 21 permit to any new fill material 22 23 transfer station; and 24 B) Prohibit the issuance of a permit to any existing facility to 25

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	increase its lawful capacity.
3	Finally, as proposed for
4	putrescible transfer stations, the
5	temporary rule would:
6	A) Prohibit the issuance of a
7	permit to any new transfer station,
8	except if the transfer station will be
9	located at or adjacent to a rail yard
10	or barge facility and the solid waste
11	is received and stored there at all
12	times in leak-proof containers and
13	removed by train or barge; and
14	B) Allow the issuance of a permit
15	to a transfer station to increase its
16	lawful capacity, so long as the
17	facility is not located in Brooklyn CB
18	1 or Bronx CB 2. However, an existing
19	Brooklyn CB 1 or Bronx CB 2 transfer
20	station operator could increase its
21	lawful capacity if the facility reduces
22	its capacity by an equal or greater
23	amount at another one of it's transfer
24	stations in the same community board
25	district.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	A court reporter is present today
3	and will record the hearing. You may
4	present an oral statement or submit
5	written comments concerning the
6	proposed rule. Please sign in at the
7	entrance of the room if you wish to
8	present an oral statement today. We
9	have been accepting written comments on
10	the proposed rule since its
11	publication. Today is the deadline for
12	submission of written comments.
13	The Department will make
14	available a copy of all written
15	comments received through today,
16	together with the hearing transcript,
17	during normal business hours in the
18	Office of Legal Affairs, in Room 708 of
19	this building on May 8, 9 and 12, 2003.
20	We will also try to post the transcript
21	on the Sanitation website by May 8th.
22	The Department will carefully
23	consider all comments it receives today
24	and all written comments already
25	received to determine whether the

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	proposed rule should be revised.
3	Following that consideration, we will
4	issue a proposed final rule. The New
5	York City Council will then have 30
6	days to review and comment on the
7	proposed final rule before its
8	publication in the City record.
9	I will begin calling those of you
10	who wish to speak this morning in the
11	order in which you have signed in.
12	When you speak, please state your name
13	and the affiliation, and speak slowly
14	and clearly, so the court reporter can
15	understand and accurately record your
16	statement. We also ask that you try to
17	limit your statement to five minutes.
18	We will first call upon the
19	public officials who wish to speak. I
20	will begin by calling Councilman David
21	Yassky of Brooklyn.
22	MR. YASSKY: Thank you very
23	much. Thank you very much, Deputy
24	Commissioner.
25	I have a written statement which

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	I would like to place into the record,
3	but I will summarize it for you.
4	My name is David Yassky. I
5	represent the 33rd City Council
6	District in Brooklyn, which includes
7	much of Community Board 1 in Brooklyn,
8	and I want to start by saying I very
9	much appreciate the focus in these
10	proposed regulations on Brooklyn
11	Community Board 1 and Bronx Community
12	Board 2. As you know, those community
13	districts include neighborhoods that
14	have been very much disproportionately
15	burdened by the flow of residential and
16	commercial waste, but particularly
17	commercial waste, and so I do believe
18	that those deserve special
19	consideration.
20	There are two concerns I have.
21	While I applaud the focus in the
22	proposed rules on the use of rail and
23	barge to remove garbage from the
24	City the more we can get the
25	18-wheeler tractor trucks off the roads

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	which are coming in and out of the
3	transfer stations, which are so
4	clustered in Brooklyn and the Bronx
5	community, the better that will be, I
6	think, in terms of great benefit to the
7	respiratory health of those
8	neighborhoods and the general quality
9	of life in those neighborhoods.
10	But there are two places where I
11	do believe your proposed regulations do
12	need improvement.
13	One is that under your proposed
14	regulations, additional transfer
15	stations would be, or additional
16	transfer station capacity would be,
17	permitted in Brooklyn Community Board 1
18	or Bronx Community Board 2 so long as
19	the waste would be removed by rail or
20	barge.
21	Again, I understand the focus on
22	rail and barge, but given the
23	tremendously disproportionate burden
24	these neighborhoods already face, I
25	believe and urge you to adopt in your

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	rules a policy that no additional
3	capacity would be permitted in those
4	districts without a commensurate
5	reduction in the capacity elsewhere
6	within the district. So you propose
7	that generally, but there's an
8	exception to that rule, as I understand
9	it, where the waste would be removed by
10	barge or rail. I think even when
11	removed by barge or rail, still the
12	capacity should be reduced within that
13	same district.
14	And I would just note that under
15	the previous administration, the Deputy
16	Mayor and the Sanitation Department
17	signed a written moratorium on the
18	increase of transfer stations' capacity
19	in those two community districts. I
20	believe that moratorium should still be
21	considered to be in effect. I
22	understand the Department takes a
23	position that it is no longer in
24	effect, but compared to that
25	moratorium, these regulations actually

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	then permit an increase in site
3	capacity in the two very, very affected
4	community districts compared to the
5	previous rules.
6	So I don't think such an increase
7	should be permitted. I don't think
8	such a net increase should be
9	permitted. So if there are going to be
10	any increases, they should be offset by
11	reductions elsewhere within the same
12	district.
13	Secondly, if I understand it,
14	your proposed rules do permit an
15	existing transfer station within the
16	two affected districts, Brooklyn
17	Community Board 1 and Bronx Community
18	Board 2 in the Bronx, to convert its
19	capacity from construction and
20	demolition debris to putrescible
21	waste. I would oppose that.
22	Putrescible waste proposes special
23	burdens; the smell, the rodent problem
24	they attract. I think those are
25	particular burdens on the

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	neighborhoods, and I think it is simply
3	not fair to those very much affected
4	districts to permit existing transfer
5	stations to convert from C and D to
6	putrescible waste.
7	Thank you very much for the
8	opportunity to testify before you
9	today.
10	MR. ORLIN: Thank you.
11	The next person to speak will be
12	Carmen Cognetta. Mr. Cognetta is the
13	Counsel to the New York City Committee
14	on Sanitation and Solid Waste. He is
15	here representing the Honorable Michael
16	McMahon of Staten Island.
17	MR. COGNETTA: Thank you. Good
18	morning.
19	As the Deputy Commissioner
20	stated, I am Carmen Cognetta, Counsel
21	to the Committee on Sanitation and
22	Solid Waste of the City Council. I'm
23	representing Committee Chairman Council
24	Member Michael McMahon, who is out of
25	state and unable to testify today. He

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	did prepare a statement that he asked
3	me to read before you here today.
4	Much of what he has to say in his
5	statement is similar to what Councilman
6	Yassky had to say about the objection
7	to certain parts of the proposal.
8	I am very happy to have this
9	opportunity to speak to the Department
10	of Sanitation's proposed amendments to
11	the rules governing the siting of waste
12	transfer stations.
13	Since I took office in January,
14	2002, the problem of transfer stations
15	located in our communities has been a
16	top priority for both the Council's
17	Sanitation Committee and myself. I
18	have made at least two visits in the
19	last year to observe firsthand the
20	devastating effect waste transfer
21	stations have on their neighborhoods,
22	particularly in the Bronx and
23	Brooklyn.
24	Since 1990, the Council has
25	maintained oversight of the operation

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	of private waste transfer stations and
3	their regulation by the Department of
4	Sanitation. During the course of these
5	hearings, the council received
6	testimony indicating the following:
7	1) That certain areas of the City
8	contained a disproportionate number of
9	transfer stations;
10	2) the Department does not
11	expeditiously complete environmental
12	reviews of locations for permits for
13	new transfer stations or for changed or
14	expanded capacity and authorizes the
15	operation of transfer stations while
16	the environmental reviews are pending;
17	3) the Department allows transfer
18	stations to operate pursuant to consent
19	orders rather than pursuant to a
20	permit, and;
21	4) Continuing problems exist with
22	regard to odors from transfer stations,
23	inadequate enforcement and allowing
24	operators who violate relevant laws to
25	renew their permits.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	Based on the ongoing problems
3	associated with the siting and
4	enforcement of regulations concerning
5	waste transfer stations, I am opposed
6	to any new waste transfer stations
7	being permitted, allowing existing
8	stations to be expanded or allowing
9	existing stations to convert from
10	non-putrescible to putrescible waste
11	until the Comprehensive Commercial
12	Waste Study is completed and the new
13	10-year plan is submitted.
14	Local law 74 of 2000 was passed
15	specifically to force a study on a
16	number of issues surrounding land based
17	waste transfer stations. Included
18	among study requirements are the
19	procedures and criteria for the
20	issuance of permits, means and
21	potential effects of limiting the
22	number and capacity of transfer
23	stations, how laws regarding transfer
24	stations are enforced and who should
25	enforce them and potential

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 environmental, economic and public 2 3 health impacts on communities. Waiting 4 another year until this study is 5 completed before making any increases 6 to putrescible transfer stations is the 7 more prudent course to take. All types of transfer stations, 8 9 fill, construction and demolition and putrescible solid waste have negative 10 impacts on communities, none more so 11 than putrescible transfer stations. In 12 13 addition to the constant truck traffic in and out of all three types of 14 stations, with the noise, dangerous 15 16 fumes and the traffic problems they 17 cause, putrescible transfer stations have the added problems of attracting 18 rats and emitting terrible odors that 19 20 contaminate and are dangerous to any neighborhood where they are located. 21 I am troubled by the new rules 22 23 that appear to allow the creation of 24 more putrescible transfer stations while stating up front that no new 25

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	transfer stations will be approved.
3	Rule 4-36(b) would allow existing
4	construction and demolition transfer
5	stations to convert some or all of
6	their permitted capacity to be used for
7	putrescible solid waste. I am opposed
8	to this rule change. It would allow
9	the conversions even in Community
10	District 1 in Brooklyn and Community
11	District 2 in the Bronx, the two
12	districts that accept the great
13	majority of the City putrescible
14	waste.
15	Rule 4-38(b) would allow existing
16	putrescible waste stations to increase
17	their capacity if they are located in
18	any district other than Community
19	District 1 in Brooklyn or Community
20	District 2 in the Bronx. It also
21	allows for the expansion of stations
22	located in Brooklyn Community Board 1
23	and Bronx Community Board 2 if the
24	owner/operator decreases the lawful
25	permitted capacity in another

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	putrescible or non-putrescible waste
3	station within the same community
4	district. This would allow more
5	putrescible waste to come into these
6	already overburdened districts.
7	Rule 4-38(c) provides for the
8	expansions of existing putrescible
9	waste stations if they receive, store
10	and ship solid waste in leak-proof
11	containers and the containers are
12	removed by barge or rail.
13	While this proposal fits in with
14	the general plan of moving our solid
15	waste by barge or rail, thereby
16	eliminating excessive truck traffic
17	through our neighborhoods, it still
18	raises questions, particularly if the
19	new stations are located in or near
20	residential communities.
21	Does leak-proof mean odor proof?
22	How long will the containers be stored
23	at the transfer station? Who will
24	ensure that the solid waste arrives in
25	leak-proof containers as well as

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	departs in them? Will there be enough
3	enforcement agents to oversee the new
4	facilities? Does just the expanded
5	capacity have to be in sealed
6	containers or the total capacity of the
7	station? I therefore am against this
8	proposal.
9	To summarize, I am against rule
10	4-36(b) and 4-38(b) and (c). I am in
11	favor of proposed rule 4-36(a) 4-36(c),
12	4-37 and $4-38(a)$. I recommend that the
13	proposed rules be amended to ensure
14	that no new waste transfer stations of
15	any type be permitted except for the
16	provision in Rule 4-36(c) until the
17	commercial waste study is completed, we
18	owe it to our citizens to have the
19	Comprehensive Commercial Waste Study
20	completed examining the full effects of
21	the transfer stations on their
22	communities before we add additional
23	stations or convert existing one to
24	receive more putrescible waste.
25	Thank you for the opportunity to

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	testify today. I supplied a copy to
3	the stenographer.
4	MR. ORLIN: Thank you.
5	The next speaker is Gail Suchman.
6	MS. SUCHMAN: Good morning. My
7	name is Gail Suchman. I am the Senior
8	Environmental Counsel at New York
9	Lawyers for Public Interest and I am
10	testifying today on behalf of the New
11	York lawyers and the Organization of
12	Waterfront Neighborhoods or OWN.
13	OWN is very well-known to the
14	Department, so I won't go into the
15	details about describing the
16	organization or its mission. I will
17	just note for the record that OWN is
18	the lead plaintiff in the lawsuit
19	against the Department on the siting
20	regulations.
21	I have submitted written
22	testimony, and I won't be reading that
23	into the record, it speaks for itself.
24	But I want to make a few brief comments
25	in supplement.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	It was in August 2002 when the
3	Mayor announced a plan to utilize
4	marine transfer stations for the
5	containerization and direct export of
6	garbage by barge. The design of that
7	plan is underway. As Mr. Orlin
8	mentioned, the Department is also in
9	the middle of its commercial waste
10	study to finally get a handle on waste
11	stream in the City.
12	All of this effort is leading
13	towards development of a 20-year solid
14	waste management plan. If we make
15	mistakes now, communities may suffer
16	for two more decades, as they have for
17	the last decade and a half.
18	OWN for some time has advocated a
19	temporary moratorium on permitting of
20	all solid waste transfer stations, so
21	that the City could see if it actually
22	needed more transfer station capacity.
23	These are awful facilities to
24	live near. There is no dispute about
25	that. If we don't need them, the City

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	shouldn't allow them.
3	The City has broad power to
4	regulate and protect public health and
5	the environment including by imposing a
6	moratorium on permits. But as is so
7	often the case, what the Department of
8	Sanitation has given with one hand it
9	has taken away by the other.
10	The proposed regulations put a
11	temporary halt to permits for C and D
12	and fill material stations, and this is
13	good. There is an enormous amount of
14	excess capacity in the stations. There
15	is some excess capacity for the
16	putrescible stations, as well, and we
17	have calculated that anywhere between
18	10 and 20 percent. But we recognize
19	that is based on a certain amount of
20	garbage being trucked directly to New
21	Jersey for handling. Certainly, a
22	complete moratorium is reasonable and
23	manageable, at least until October,
24	2004 when the SWAB is due to be in
25	place, and we would support Councilman

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	McMahon on his position for a complete
3	moratorium. And, remember, the marine
4	transfer station system, while its
5	looking first at the residential
6	garbage, may also be directed at
7	commercial putrescible waste. This
8	would further reduce the need for
9	truck-based transfer stations. So why
10	now issue regulations that permit
11	significant increases in the capacity
12	of putrescible garbage in truck-based
13	transfer stations? And much of this is
14	in the same neighborhoods that already
15	bear the burden of these stations.
16	This is counter-intuitive. So if the
17	Department determines and demonstrates
18	a real need for some temporary
19	putrescible capacity until the MTS plan
20	is in place, then these proposed
21	regulations should provide for it, but
22	no more. There is no other way to
23	assure that the truck-based transfer
24	stations will be shut down over time.
25	That is what the communities want.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	And, in fact, frankly, that's what the
3	Mayor said he wanted.
4	Therefore, while we still are
5	recommending a full moratorium until
6	October, 2004, if these regulations go
7	forward we would recommend the
8	following changes:
9	Pending the implementation of the
10	Mayor's plan, all increases granted,
11	regardless of community district,
12	should be temporary with a clear sunset
13	date; stringent conditions in the
14	permits should set clear sunset dates,
15	meaning that there should be no
16	expectation on the part of a solid
17	waste transfer station operator or
18	owner that they will be allowed to
19	operate with this putrescible capacity
20	beyond a certain date.
21	These are low-tech, low-budget,
22	low-capital facilities, and if these
23	operators get to operate for three
24	years taking putrescible waste, they
25	will make plenty of money.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	In Brooklyn Community District 1
3	and Bronx Community District 2,
4	required offsets for putrescible waste
5	should be permanent, and traded at a
6	ratio of 2:1, not 1:1, and for the
7	capacity actually used, not just for
8	the capacity that's on paper. In these
9	communities the goal must be to reduce
10	the amount of waste currently handled
11	in those overburdened communities, not
12	to increase the burdens.
13	Bronx Community District 1 must
14	be included in the same category as
15	Bronx Community District 2. The
16	stations in those districts are in
17	close proximity to one another and the
18	negative impacts are indistinguishable
19	from one district to another.
20	No variances of these interim
21	siting restrictions or the current
22	regulations should be granted. That
23	would defeat the purpose of these
24	restrictions. If the regulations do
25	not allow an increase, then that's the

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	end of the story.
3	With respect to conversions, my
4	written testimony says that a straight
5	conversion should be prohibited under
6	all circumstances, because the impacts
7	of handling putrescible waste are
8	greater than the impacts of handling C
9	and D material. That's because we are
10	not just talking about the trucks,
11	we're talking about odors, talking
12	about rodents, and the socioeconomic
13	impact of having putrescible waste in
14	the middle of your neighborhood.
15	But if they are allowed, they
16	should be at only facilities currently
17	handing putrescible waste now. They
18	should be temporary, and they should
19	have a greater than 1:1 swap to try to
20	make up for the increased impacts.
21	If a facility is a C and D
22	solely a C and D facility now, no
23	conversion should be allowed. This is
24	a brand-new permit. They should not be
25	allowed under the regulations.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	With respect to Brooklyn 1 and
3	Bronx 1 and 2, the conversions really
4	should be treated exactly like
5	increases in capacity, which should
6	require 2:1 offsets, and should be
7	calculated and based on the capacity
8	actually used.
9	I view these proposed regulatory
10	changes as a defining moment for the
11	Department. They will demonstrate
12	whether the Department really wants to
13	get the 20-year SWAB right the first
14	time, and wants to find a better way to
15	handle our garbage, rather than truck
16	it around the universe.
17	Thank you very much.
18	MR. ORLIN: Thank you.
19	Copies of Gail Suchman's
20	testimony are available on the way
21	out.
22	The next speaker is Gertrude
23	Gonesh.
24	MS. GONESH: Good morning. My
25	name is Gertrude S. Gonesh. I'm

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	president of the Nashville Boulevard
3	Block Association in Southeast Queens.
4	My residence is a block over from a
5	transfer station. Every month, reports
6	go out to DEC, DSNY, and everybody
7	involved with the transfer station with
8	pictures stating the violations that
9	are continuously being conducted or
10	operated in this M-1 zone.
11	I am not going to take five
12	minutes, because my vice president has
13	something to show you.
14	We have tried to work with Cross
15	Country, Inc. repeatedly about
16	adherence to the rules and regulations
17	cited in the Sanitation book about
18	traffic and their codes. And we still
19	have the same problems. Operating
20	beyond the hours stated on the permit,
21	operating with idling diesel truck
22	engines in an M-1 zone, on a narrow
23	street that might be able to hold two
24	cars going in each direction.
25	And no matter how we try to get

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	assistance or help or enforcement of
3	these laws for Sanitation, health
4	issues and everything, we are not
5	getting any cooperation.
6	Now I am asking for the study as
7	stated by the previous speakers to
8	continue, and not to grant any extra
9	hours of operation, or any extra amount
10	of putrescible waste to come in. And I
11	wish I had time enough to give you the
12	pictures to show you about the tipping
13	and to show you about the irregular
14	hours of operations of this building.
15	According to the their
16	guidelines I didn't make the
17	guidelines. They did. But they are
18	not being enforced.
19	And when you call to ask for
20	help, they send someone maybe six,
21	eight, ten, hours later or the next
22	day, and they tell you they find
23	nothing; even though they got the
24	pictures.
25	So all I am asking for is not to

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 grant any extra variance for this 2 3 particular transfer station. 4 And you're going to see, when you 5 try to work with the owners of the 6 building, what happened to me, and what 7 happened to another resident. Thank you. 8 9 MR. ORLIN: The next speaker is 10 Crystal Ervin. MS. ERVIN: Good morning. My 11 name is Crystal Ervin, and I'm speaking 12 13 on behalf of the homeowners and residents of 103rd Road in Jamaica 14 Queens. We live within one block of 15 one of the larger transfer station in 16 17 Southeast Queens, and within approximately a quarter of a mile we 18 have a major cluster of waste transfer 19 20 stations. Now, I first would like to start 21 off by saying we strongly we oppose 22 23 anything that is going to assist these 24 transfer stations, particularly those handling demolition waste and being 25

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	allowed to convert it to putrescible
3	waste. Because in a sense they're
4	back-dooring those expansion requests
5	that they had in for putrescible waste
6	and were denied for or are still
7	waiting for answers on, and there are
8	supposed to be moratoriums pending on
9	any increases.
10	We strongly object to or are
11	opposed to yet another set of rules
12	that allow the owners and operators of
13	these types of business to literally
14	take over a community.
15	If, in fact, New York City zoning
16	regulations and siting regulations were
17	enforced, we wouldn't be here today,
18	because they wouldn't exist in M-1
19	zones that buffer residential
20	neighborhoods.
21	The waste transfer stations
22	specifically in my area are in
23	violation of one of these either zoning
24	or siting laws on a daily basis. And
25	as the previous speaker mentioned, when

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	calling for assistance, no one finds
3	anything wrong. It makes you feel like
4	you're dreaming up most of the
5	complaints you're handing over.
6	We're asking that those governing
7	agencies, meaning New York State, DEC,
8	New York City Department of Sanitation,
9	the Department of Buildings those
10	agencies which are in control of
11	permitting these businesses, you know,
12	they are assisting, in a sense, to
13	these people or these businesses
14	breaking laws, because no one is
15	enforcing the laws that none of us
16	wrote; but since they're on the books,
17	we're asking that they be enforced.
18	And that's not happening.
19	And that's what we ask be done.
20	Because if they are enforced, these
21	businesses, as I said once before,
22	would not be where they are located.
23	To issue a variance is like
24	giving them a reward. "Hey, you
25	successfully broke the law. Here's a

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	reward. You did it well." And I can't
3	emphasize that enough, how strongly we
4	oppose it.
5	The reason we're here now are
6	these siting regulations and these
7	amendments. And even on a temporary
8	basis, temporary is too long.
9	Thank you.
10	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will
11	be Bruce Jefferson.
12	MR. JEFFERSON: Good morning. My
13	name is Bruce Jefferson. I'm the
14	representative and vice president of
15	Nelson Street/Montauk Street Block
16	Association, which Ms. Gonesh is the
17	president of.
18	We're here concerning, one, the
19	number of transfer stations that are
20	located in Southeast Queens. I notice
21	that the gentleman who two gentlemen
22	that were from Brooklyn and the Bronx
23	mentioned there were a disproportionate
24	number of transfer stations located in
25	their areas. In a two-mile radius of

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	Southeast Queens, let me read to you
3	the number in our area. Cross County
4	Recycling, Regal Recycling, United
5	Sanitation Incorporated, Royal, Jamaica
6	Recycling, TNCC Recycling, Nationwide
7	Recycling, and G.I.O.V.E. Recycling.
8	In a two mile radius, that's nine
9	places. Now, you think that's not
10	disproportionate?
11	Let me just go on. I'm angry.
12	Believe me. For the Sanitation
13	Department, DEC, to even consider
14	giving them a variance to expand or
15	make themself larger so they can hold
16	more capacity.
17	I am a member of the above named
18	associations, and have been making
19	reports to Environmental Conservation
20	about the violations that Cross County
21	Recycling, Incorporated has committed.
22	Not long ago, in early April, I
23	contacted Mr. Conkle (phonetic) and Mr.
24	Brezner (phonetic) on three different
25	occasions about Cross County Recycling

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	facility operating after hours. And
3	the inspector was sent out at 10:00
4	p.m. I called them at four. By that
5	time, the facility was closed.
6	I requested of Mr. Brezner to
7	have an inspector come out at around
8	the time Cross County was about to
9	close for business during a weekday.
10	That has yet to happen.
11	Cross County Recycling, Inc.
12	facility has in the past, and does also
13	in present, have trucks in their base
14	with the doors open, idling, while foul
15	odors emanate from the building, along
16	with the dust into the atmosphere; we,
17	the residents of this neighborhood,
18	have to live here and endure.
19	At the same time, unknown liquids
20	are trailing out of the building into
21	the street, so that one someone who
22	passes by on foot or by car, these
23	liquids are carried in their homes.
24	Cross County Recycling has been
25	fined by the Department of

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	Environmental Conservation to the tune
3	of this is not an exact number
4	\$60,000 or more.
5	I understand that Cross County
6	Recycling, Incorporated has changed
7	ownership and has been allowed to
8	continue to operate within an expired
9	permit. It expired last year, if I'm
10	not mistaken. How is this allowed to
11	be going on? The new owners of Cross
12	County Recycling are no better than the
13	old owners of Cross County Recycling,
14	Incorporated, because they continue to
15	violate the law in the same way.
16	They are even worse than the old
17	owners, because they openly threaten
18	community residents, and this video
19	right here, that is evidence to that
20	effect.
21	And I would like that's why
22	the television is here; I would like to
23	put this in, so everyone in this room
24	can see how these companies, this
25	particular company, operates.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	Is it possible we can put this
3	in?
4	(Whereupon, at that point in the
5	proceedings, video-taped material was
6	viewed.)
7	MR. JEFFERSON: See the garbage?
8	The doors open? You can't even walk
9	down the sidewalk.
10	(Video viewing continued.)
11	MR. JEFFERSON: That's enough.
12	You understand. Some people might be
13	upset by the language the gentleman is
14	using, but I'd just like to as a
15	matter of fact, I'll leave this with
16	you, so you can have it as evidence,
17	because we have a number of copies.
18	I don't believe that Ms. Gonesh
19	made reference to the police report
20	that was filed by this gentleman. I
21	don't have a copy with me.
22	MS. GONESH: I was also
23	threatened. He was telling me I don't
24	know who I'm messing with and he has
25	people to take care of people like me

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	once and for all.
3	These are the type of candidates
4	we have.
5	MR. JEFFERSON: Let me finish.
6	I'll close up right now.
7	I understand that Cross County
8	has had, as far as the Department of
9	Sanitation is concerned, an extension
10	to their hours of operation, which is
11	24 hours. I was told that, but I'm not
12	sure that's true, but for the life of
13	me, I thought things were supposed to
14	be brought to the public before they
15	are done.
16	I recommend that none of the
17	proposed amendments be accepted and
18	none be considered until enforcement is
19	upheld, so that they can take care of
20	the things they are doing right now.
21	Why give them extensions to do more of
22	this, when they can't do the right
23	thing now?
24	Thank you.
25	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker is

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 Sandra Atwell. 2 3 MS. ATWELL: Hello. My name is 4 Sandra Atwell, and I live in Hollis, 5 Queens. That is Southeast Queens, the 6 same area that was just spoken about. 7 We have a waste site around the corner from our area. However, I feel that 8 9 the worst thing about these waste 10 stations is the fact that they are allowed to exist in an M-1 area, and 11 according to the zoning laws they 12 13 belong in an M-3 area. The Fresh Kill Landfill was closed because of a high 14 rate of cancer in the people that 15 16 started to develop communities around 17 that waste site. Why was it allowed to go into an 18 M-1 area to contaminate the people? In 19 20 not only Southeast Queens, but in 21 minority areas and poor areas. 22 They do not belong there. And 23 there is one simple way of alleviating 24 this problem. Get them out of the M-1 25 areas.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	We do have areas designed to take
3	these. And that's where they belong.
4	Why wait for so many other people to
5	experience the high rate of cancer? To
6	have the rate of asthma that we fined
7	in Harlem?
8	This isn't something that could
9	not be avoided. We knew what would
10	happen if we allowed them to exist in
11	residential areas.
12	And I'm asking you I don't
13	care about the laws or whatever it is
14	that you're stating at this time; they
15	have no significance to me. The only
16	thing we can do is take them out of
17	residential areas.
18	Thank you.
19	MR. ORLIN: Stephen Bellino.
20	MR. BELLINO: I submitted written
21	comments.
22	MR. ORLIN: Robert Lo Pinto.
23	MR. LO PINTO: Good morning. My
24	name is Robert Lo Pinto, and I am a
25	licensed professional engineer and

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	President of Shapiro Engineering, P.C.,
3	where I represent a number of clients
4	in the solid waste industry. I'm also
5	Past President of the Queens Chapter,
6	New York Society of Professional
7	Engineers, and I am presently
8	Vice-Chairperson of the Queens
9	Community Board 7, and it's
10	Environmental/Sanitary Committee
11	Chairperson.
12	My comments today though are as
13	Chairperson of the Queens Solid Waste
14	Advisory Board. The Board had two
15	comments.
16	First, the proposed rules are
17	premature, and no new rules should be
18	proposed until the ongoing Commercial
19	Waste Study is completed, and the data
20	evaluated.
21	The Preliminary Commercial Waste
22	Study, as noted in the report itself,
23	had, quote, "obvious inconsistencies,"
24	and, quote, "some of the data is
25	erroneous and inconsistent," end of

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	quote.
3	The study lumped all commercial
4	facilities together in determining
5	total permitted capacity, and did not
6	consider individual borough capacity,
7	or actual daily capacity, or the market
8	effect due to transfer station
9	location.
10	As a result, Queens does not have
11	sufficient putrescible transfer station
12	capacity to process all of the
13	residential solid waste generated in
14	Queens. Therefore, a large portion of
15	Queens's DOS collected putrescible
16	waste is shipped through Queens in
17	white sanitation packer trucks to
18	transfer stations in Nassau County and
19	New Jersey. This is resulting in
20	extremely high disposal costs, which
21	the City cannot afford, plus extra
22	costs for equipment maintenance and
23	personnel costs. The additional truck
24	traffic is also creating additional
25	emissions, pollution, and wear and tear

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	on the road network.
3	Secondly, the proposed rules are
4	directly in contravention of Section
5	16-131c of the administrative code.
6	That section states that: "The
7	Commissioner shall issue permits."
8	These proposed rules stop the issuance
9	of permits, as required by 16-131c.
10	While the Commissioner certainly must
11	ensure any issued permit meets all
12	relevant rules and regulations for such
13	facilities, the Commissioner cannot
14	outright stop issuing permits.
15	To shed more light on these
16	comments, I would like to note that the
17	Commissioner of Sanitation, John
18	Doherty, recently stated that there is
19	not enough private transfer station
20	capacity in New York City to process
21	all the residential and commercial
22	putrescible waste. In a presentation
23	before the New York City Law Breakfast
24	on March 14, 2003, held by the New York
25	Law School, Commissioner Doherty stated

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	the following. I'm quoting from a copy
3	of the videotape quote:
4	"The commercial waste, the
5	private trucks, the green, today
6	they're all different colors, but the
7	private trucks that collect from the
8	businesses around this City, are
9	picking up about 10,000 tons a day.
10	So, if you see, between what Sanitation
11	is picking up, the $12 - 5$ and the
12	10,000, we have got over 22,000 tons of
13	putrescible waste in the City each
14	day. And the fact of the matter is
15	those 22 putrescible waste transfer
16	stations can't handle all of that.
17	They have a capacity of about, in
18	total, about 18,000 tons per day.
19	That's why, and some of them are so
20	small and really not properly designed
21	to handle the City's residential waste,
22	we have to go outside of the City with
23	the waste that we collect in the City."
24	End of quote.
25	And then, when speaking

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	specifically of DOS Managed Waste in
3	Queens, he said, quote:
4	"Queens is handled by the two
5	that are in Queens, but some of their
6	waste has to go to Jersey, we just
7	don't have the capacity in Queens to
8	handle it," end of quote.
9	Thus, I question why the
10	Department is stopping the issuance of
11	permits for needed key transfer
12	stations.
13	Thank you.
14	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker is
15	Dean Devoe. Not speaking? Okay.
16	The next speaker would then be
17	Lawrence Goldberg.
18	MR. GOLDBERG: I come here today
19	and get an amazing feeling of deja vu
20	all over again because I'm
21	remembering Yogi Bera but I have a
22	couple of prepared remarks. I remember
23	testifying at the City Council hearings
24	on sanitation maybe some 12 years ago,
25	14 years ago. I remember because I had

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	to get out quickly because my daughter
3	had a second grade play at that time.
4	She is in college now, so there must be
5	some time in there, some timing
6	difference. But at that time I
7	remember saying to the City Council,
8	and to the Department of Sanitation,
9	the powers that then be, I said it's
10	very important for the City to maintain
11	its M-3 zone structure. In Europe they
12	would call them forbidden zones. It's
13	very important to maintain that and
14	keep a distance from residents, so that
15	in those areas, that the commercial
16	infrastructure allows the City to go
17	forward, and it can go forward without
18	the political pressures caused by
19	having people who want to live there,
20	living on top of the industrial base.
21	That was my testimony then. I
22	wish it had been listened to. Because
23	I think we would be facing many fewer
24	problems than we face right now.
25	I remember testifying at another

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	time in the course of this City's solid
3	waste history.
4	I should identify myself: My
5	name is Lawrence Goldberg, and over the
6	past dozen or so years I have been
7	involved in many different I'm an
8	attorney. I have had involved in many
9	different solid waste issues and I have
10	also had some experience on SWAB and
11	CRAB and various solid waste issues.
12	I remember testifying at another
13	point, when the Brooklyn Navy Yard
14	cogeneration plan was up, and I
15	remember explaining that that took a
16	great deal of political will, but it
17	was very important as a long-term
18	answer to the City solid waste problem
19	to have some cogeneration capacity,
20	because solid waste in the City
21	putrescible solid waste is primarily
22	paper, and I remember having an idea
23	then. I said why don't we give free
24	electricity to the neighborhood
25	residents close by, and see if there's

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	some kind of benefit?
3	But anyway, life went on in the
4	solid waste field. And what I have
5	noticed is that each time the
6	Department of Sanitation and the
7	City I don't blame them, they have
8	all kinds of pressures on them have
9	taken it upon themselves to design a
10	plan, the plan has had unintended
11	consequences, and the consequences have
12	not been good for the solid waste of
13	the City.
14	Because everybody in this room
15	has to understand, as our last speaker
16	explained, solid waste has to go
17	someplace. We generate it. It's part
18	of the infrastructure. It must be
19	disposed of. You can regulate it, you
20	can say we don't want it here, but it's
21	part of the economic viability of the
22	City.
23	Transfer stations, which were
24	frankly a creation of the Department of
25	Sanitation when they raised the tipping

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	fees in Fresh Kill they wanted to
3	save space at Fresh Kill. Sanitation
4	created the transfer stations and they
5	created whatever went on with transfer
6	stations.
7	Today, we clearly have an
8	under-capacity system for solid waste
9	in the City. Trucks have to run around
10	with it, probably causing more truck
11	traffic than we would have if we had
12	enough solid waste facilities. Trucks
13	have to find a place for it, a disposal
14	site.
15	We have a problem. We no longer
16	have Fresh Kill. We have lost the
17	political will to have any
18	cogeneration. And now Sanitation is
19	saying illegally, I must tell you
20	that we want to put the cart before the
21	horse and put a moratorium on all
22	siting and all new transfer stations,
23	and people who have honestly played the
24	game by the rules, they have engaged in
25	the permitting process, they have gone

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	through, put in their numbers, gone
3	through SEQRA, they are ready to say:
4	Here we are, doing it your way. We're
5	going to run good facilities, we are
6	high-tech, today, which is what they
7	are; we will recycle, because the
8	City's recycling numbers come in terms
9	of private transfer stations. But they
10	are the ones who do recycling. And
11	we're saying you have held this up, and
12	you have held this up because you have
13	been in a kind of political paralysis.
14	And now you come up with another
15	plan, to put a moratorium on everything
16	while the process is ongoing.
17	Well, you know something? You're
18	putting the cart before the horse. You
19	have got to get through with a solid
20	waste plan, and you have got to know
21	what you're mandated to do. And I'll
22	give you one example, it makes good
23	sense. Because if you end up throwing
24	the privates down and restricting the
25	private sector, once again you're going

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	to get a whole bunch of unintended
3	consequences. You don't know what they
4	are. They are not going to be good for
5	the solid waste future of New York
6	City. They haven't been good every
7	other time the Department of Sanitation
8	has tried it. They have been negative
9	each time. Each time they have gotten
10	spin-off that hasn't been what was
11	anticipated.
12	Also, a whole bunch of transfer
13	stations and facilities that had in
14	applications were held up for a very,
15	very long time, and then they received
16	letters, and they said their process
17	was over, it was terminated.
18	I respectfully say to you that
19	that was illegal. It was in violation
20	of the City Administrative Procedure
21	Act. You can't do it. You can't make
22	rules without rule making. It isn't
23	fair to the industry. I dare say, it
24	was unfair to the City. It was another
25	error; certainly unfair to the

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	industry. Those people that had
3	permits in the process, it was
4	illegal. I think very, very seriously,
5	I think these rules that you're trying
6	to promulgate run contrary to 16.131c,
7	because that language says the
8	Commissioner must issue permits, and I
9	don't think you can set up something
10	which says the Commissioner can't issue
11	permits. I don't believe that that is
12	a discretionary act under our
13	legal set-up.
14	I have a great deal of other
15	specific comments that I have sent to
16	the City in my letter of April 15,
17	2003, but it's very and I'm going to
18	let those comments stand as submitted.
19	I'm not going to take another five
20	minutes and read my letter. But that
21	letter has been submitted and the
22	letter relates specifically to the
23	siting rules, transfer station
24	capacity.
25	But there are one of or two

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	things I do want to comment on also.
3	When you make a dislocation of
4	solid waste, you're also making a
5	dislocation of the economy. And that
б	is creating various subsets of
7	monopolies, and it's changing the
8	economic structure, and it's causing
9	economic pressures, and it causes those
10	pressure on our existing businesses.
11	The existing businesses and an
12	existing business does have a right to
13	work under contract, and work in an
14	economically free environment. By
15	changing that environment, you create
16	an economic dis-allocation.
17	It is not good. It certainly has
18	not been good to create it to date, in
19	the putrescible industry. It's caused
20	higher prices. They eventually get
21	passed on to consumers.
22	At this point in time, my
23	suggestion is those applications that
24	are pending should go forward. Those
25	neighborhoods that think and I'm

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	very, very sensitive to them that
3	stopping the transfer station stops the
4	amount of solid waste, it doesn't. It
5	doesn't stop a single truck that goes
6	into your neighborhood.
7	And, actually, probably having
8	more transfer stations in the
9	neighborhood doesn't increase the
10	amount of trucks in your neighborhood.
11	It is the same amount of solid waste.
12	It has to go someplace. Facilities
13	that work at full capacity which,
14	truthfully, they are only designed to
15	do once in a while. That's how it's
16	done. Because they are set up for
17	emergencies. For facilities that work
18	at full capacity will have more
19	breakdowns. There will be more trucks,
20	more problems. You need to have the
21	natural flow. You need to have enough
22	facilities, monitored, regulated, in
23	appropriate areas; hopefully, as far
24	away from residents as humanly can be
25	done.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	My recommendation is the City
3	really should in effect do something
4	they have always avoided; to have some
5	kind of public-private community
6	partnership, so that everybody's
7	input it's not to do meetings like
8	this, where we have to kind of implore
9	you, or to do it the way I have done
10	it, going into litigation and court,
11	and have a judge make a decision.
12	But really in terms of having
13	the three elements sit down and say
14	what will be good for the City's future
15	and what will give us a solid waste
16	plan that incorporates lots of
17	different elements, so that nobody is
18	stuck in one way or in one path.
19	Thank you.
20	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will
21	be Fred Levine.
22	MR. LEVINE: Good morning,
23	everyone. My name is Fred Levine. I
24	am a licensed engineer as well as an
25	attorney, and I represent Todino

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	Brothers Recycling, who currently has
3	two applications for transfer fill
4	stations in the Bronx pending in the
5	Department of Sanitation.
6	I am aware that there may be
7	other representatives of other
8	applicants for transfer fill stations
9	that may be present here, and it's very
10	possible that what I speak on behalf of
11	my client may be applicable to these
12	people as well. If you get the benefit
13	of my presentation, you're welcome.
14	At any rate, in your proposal you
15	speak very clearly about rule changes
16	scheduled for March 21, 2003. My
17	client has played by your rules; has
18	had these applications in since the
19	year 2000. Based upon his reliance on
20	your rules, he's made significant
21	investment in property, has hired
22	numerous environmentalists, has applied
23	for consideration in the Empire Zone in
24	the Bronx, has engaged with the South
25	Bronx Overall Economic Development

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	Corporation to hire local residents in
3	an economically disadvantaged zone.
4	That, in itself, is a benefit that the
5	City derives; that, in itself, in
6	today's economy, is a benefit that the
7	City derives.
8	Included in this is the fact that
9	his facilities reside in M-3 locations;
10	away from residents, away from any
11	interplay with community residents.
12	Commercial zones. Commercial zones.
13	He has done everything right, and
14	he currently sits in a devastated
15	situation because of these rules that
16	have not been properly interpreted,
17	which they should be properly
18	interpreted.
19	We live by the rules. The
20	hearing today is a function of the
21	rules. We all live by the rules.
22	We should not be adversely
23	affected by the rules. With all due
24	respect to those people who are near
25	the transfer stations which are

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	bringing in terrible odors and things
3	like that, my client does not produce
4	odors. It's a recycling operation.
5	It's a recycling operation. He's a
6	general contractor who does work for
7	the City of New York, under competitive
8	bid. He does sewer work, he does water
9	main work and handles emergency
10	operations.
11	Recycling is the good for the
12	environment. Recycling is good for
13	transportation flow. Recycling is good
14	because it will keep the prices on
15	government infrastructure projects
16	low. The cost of trucking, the cost of
17	shlepping will be kept lower. That
18	will be reflected in the prices bid to
19	the City, and that would be reflective
20	of less burden on the taxpayers.
21	Everything that I am saying
22	regarding the impact on infrastructure
23	is beneficial to the City. Anything
24	regarding local employment in
25	disadvantaged zones is only good for

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	the City.
3	We urge the Department of
4	Sanitation to reconsider the improper
5	moratorium placed September 25th.
6	We urge the Department of
7	Sanitation to permit all applicants who
8	have relied upon the representations in
9	the SEQRA manual and according to the
10	Administrative Code of the City of New
11	York for their applications to go
12	forth.
13	We do not inhibit, we do not
14	deny, the Department of Sanitation the
15	right to implement a reevaluation of
16	their procedures, but not to the
17	detriment of those applicants who have
18	relied upon your rules, have invested
19	significant sums of money and capital
20	and dedication and have complied with
21	rules of law and are not being
22	treated fairly, in violation of every
23	procedure.
24	I want to thank you all very
25	much.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will
3	be Chris Todino.
4	MR. TODINO: Good morning,
5	everybody. I'm Chris Todino. I'm
6	President of Todino Brothers Recycling,
7	also president of Todino Sewer and
8	Water. I have just a couple of brief
9	statements I would like to make.
10	And before I do, I would like to
11	refer to I'm here only to speak on
12	fill transfer stations. I would like
13	to refer to that as "fill recycling
14	stations."
15	I think it's a shame and almost a
16	crime that we are dragged into the
17	category of transfer stations. We
18	don't transfer material out of the
19	city. We do not transfer to
20	landfills. We take material in, we
21	recycle it, and we re-use it. And as
22	I'm sure everybody in this room knows,
23	that's part of what our future is
24	about.
25	And if this moratorium is put on

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	and kept in place, specifically,
3	especially for people like myself, who
4	have been ongoing in the process for
5	three years, my checks with SEQRA would
6	cash back to 2001; there would be an
7	absolute economic hardship that each
8	and every one in this room is already
9	feeling.
10	And what I mean by that is one of
11	the biggest costs in my company with
12	Todino Sewer and Water in excavation
13	work over 20 years is second only to
14	my rise in insurance has been a rise in
15	the cost of getting rid of materials.
16	And what I mean by that is that because
17	of the restrictions that the Department
18	of Sanitation has brought on, it's
19	become one of the biggest hardships of
20	all to myself and other companies
21	in doing city projects, of getting rid
22	of excavated material. It has become
23	an absolutely disaster.
24	I can tell you this, I do
25	emergency work in Brooklyn. I have the

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	emergency contract in Queens and I have
3	the emergency contract in the Bronx, of
4	which I also do a massive amount of
5	other DDC and DEC, DEP work, and all
6	in all the boroughs. And I can say
7	this: There is, and there probably
8	never will be, enough fill recycling
9	facilities in the City.
10	And I stress "fill recycling."
11	Because again we're not a transfer
12	station. We don't take in garbage. We
13	don't take in construction debris. We
14	take in excavated material. We recycle
15	and re-use it for roadway base, for
16	backfill material, and in roadways;
17	re-use use it for sidewalk base. All
18	of our material is re-used, on every
19	sidewalk you walk on, every street that
20	you drive on, and so on and so forth.
21	And could I just tell you that I
22	do understand fully I live in the
23	Bronx myself, and I do understand the
24	impact that these transfer stations do
25	bring.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	But, again, we're talking about
3	what I like to refer to as a fill
4	recycling and not it's not a
5	transfer station.
6	And I went in myself, purchased
7	two M-3 zones. M-3 is all industrial.
8	I have no residential near me. I would
9	like to almost agree even though I'd
10	like to see each and every person
11	looking to open up a fill recycling
12	station to get their permit, I would
13	have to almost agree that having a
14	transfer station in an M-1 zone is
15	probably a hardship to the residents.
16	But in no shape, sense, or
17	form an M-3 is specifically designed
18	to take each and every kind of
19	application, because it's an industrial
20	area, it's away from residential.
21	And, lastly, and probably
22	repeating, just to say that we all have
23	gotten hit in our pockets by the
24	economic downturn arriving in taxes,
25	our property taxes having I

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	purchased an M-3 three years ago, just
3	to open up this fill transfer station,
4	and my real estate taxes, on one of my
5	properties, went up in the last year
6	\$30,000. Okay. So, in essence, if
7	these transfer stations or fill
8	recycling stations are stopped from
9	opening up, we're going continue to see
10	that trend. Because not just myself,
11	but each and every contractor in the
12	industry is going to through the same
13	thing.
14	So what's going to happen? In
15	essence, the costs are going to be
16	turned over to the City. And, of
17	course, we know where that's going to
18	get turned over to: our own pockets.
19	Thank you.
20	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker is
21	Allison Cordero.
22	MS. CORDERO: I am Alison
23	Cordero. I am here on behalf of
24	OUTRAGE. I am the Deputy Director for
25	Community Preservation at St. Nicholas

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	Neighborhood Preservation Corporation,
3	which is one of over two dozen
4	organizations which makes up OUTRAGE.
5	As you have heard, Community Board 1 in
6	Brooklyn, Greenpoint and Williamsburg,
7	is one the most heavily impacted
8	neighborhoods with the truck based
9	waste transfer stations.
10	We are also members of OWN. You
11	heard Gail Suchman's testimony on
12	behalf of OWN. We want to say that we
13	fully support that testimony, as well.
14	I am not going to repeat that in its
15	entirety, although I have incorporated
16	it into my written testimony.
17	While we appreciate the fact the
18	Department has finally begun to
19	recognize that our community, along
20	with the South Bronx, is bearing an
21	unfair and inequitable burden in
22	processing most of the city's garbage,
23	it seems like you still have a way to
24	go to really understand and address the
25	needs of our community and others like

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	it.
3	In particular, the proposed
4	regulations fail to take into account
5	the fact that putrescible waste has a
6	significantly different impact on the
7	community adjoining the transfer
8	station from other types of waste.
9	And I actually had an idea this
10	morning, just I had an idea, I was
11	going to bring in two yogurt
12	containers, one with fill and one with
13	garbage, smelly garbage, just so I
14	could demonstrate the point. I didn't
15	know what the security was going to be
16	like. But I think most of the people
17	here can recognize, just from a
18	description, or from the video that we
19	saw, it's a different thing. And the
20	regulations really don't take that into
21	account.
22	And I'll speak a bit about what
23	we think should be done. City policy
24	needs to begin reducing the amount of
25	trash in heavily burdened communities

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	like ours, now.
3	We have 16 waste transfer
4	stations, we process 15 percent of
5	Manhattan's commercial waste. We need
6	to make changes. We need reduction.
7	I wish more of our members could
8	have taken time from their jobs, family
9	life and other concerns to be here
10	today at 9:00 a.m. in lower Manhattan
11	in the middle of a school holiday. It
12	is not the best time for most of them
13	to come. And that's why we are
14	particularly grateful for the effective
15	representation by our city Councilman,
16	David Yassky, who testified and
17	submitted written testimony. That's
18	also why we continue to demand, as part
19	of the Commercial Waste Study, the
20	Department needs and I find myself
21	on this point agreeing with Mr.
22	Goldberg to engage in speaking
23	directly to the communities, in
24	communities, as well as the businesses
25	in those communities. The fact is

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	that some of the members are also
3	businesses, in East Williamsburg
4	industrial park, who are negatively
5	affected by the transfer stations who
6	have taken over their sidewalks and
7	their streets.
8	But we need to have the
9	Department come out, hold public
10	hearings and meetings, to engage in the
11	process with the community groups; not
12	just have hearings when they have
13	already written the regulations and/or
14	have a hearing at the Department of
15	Sanitation in Manhattan. It was nice
16	of them to invite us, but the
17	Department still seems to have a lot of
18	trouble understanding the concept of
19	equity. Well, I think they need to
20	come out to Brooklyn. I think they
21	need to go to the South Bronx. I think
22	they need to not just see a video. I
23	think they need to go to Southeast
24	Queens and see what's going on.
25	We can suggest a few sites.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	These are some of the things our
3	members said to me as I told them this
4	hearing was happening and polled them
5	on the regulation.
6	The community room of
7	Metropolitan Houses, where the senior
8	citizens tell me they can't open their
9	windows. Metropolitan Houses is on
10	Metropolitan Avenue, a major truck
11	route. The smell and noise from the
12	thousands of trucks passing directly in
13	front of their building it's one a
14	minute. They know that because they
15	actually participated in the OUTRAGE
16	truck study. They sat out in folding
17	chairs and counted trucks three
18	consecutive weeks because the
19	Department still hasn't actually
20	produced a truck study or commercial
21	waste study.
22	St. Francis auditorium directly
23	overlooks Metropolitan Avenue, a major
24	truck route. And the auditorium of
25	P.S. 132. The school is so large, it's

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	operating from temporary facilities in
3	the playground, which are right up
4	against the Metropolitan Avenue street,
5	where half the children have to cross
6	that street in the middle of traffic,
7	in that. There are more than one trash
8	truck a minute; that's just the trash
9	trucks, that those kids are crossing
10	the streets with those fumes. Not to
11	mention if the trucks are stopped, they
12	can't cross the street at all. You
13	very often find it blocked in the
14	morning. I travel down on that street
15	to work every day.
16	The gym or our Lady of Pompeii,
17	where residents of Siegel and Kibben
18	Streets who I think Mr. Gonzalez was
19	here today, and he is just one of the
20	residents of that homeowner
21	community find refuge from the
22	idling and dripping trucks, smells and
23	rats, as described by the folks from
24	Southeast Queens. They have thousands
25	of tons of putrescible waste processed

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 at two of the biggest transfer stations 2 3 in the City just three blocks from 4 their homes. And one of the reasons 5 they are not here today is that on 6 Monday they had to take time off from 7 work to go to a court hearing about the Parkville Avenue Shelter, another city 8 9 facility that was dumped in their neighborhood without process. 10 This has got to stop. We need to 11 have people come out to the communities 12 13 and to consult them, to be in a process 14 with the communities as they promulgate these studies and regulations about 15 16 commercial waste. It has got to be 17 done that way otherwise, as some people said, we will come up with another bad 18 result. 19 Another thing is the Community 20 Center in Cooper Park. Residents have 21 a great view of trucks coming down 22 23 Vandervoort on one side, there's heavy 24 truck traffic on Meeker Avenue on the other side, and they get all the smells 25

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	coming up from the transfer stations.
3	I hope you get the idea.
4	The rest of my testimony is
5	supporting the testimony already
6	presented by Gail Suchman.
7	I want to highlight some of the
8	points. Pending the implementation of
9	the plan, increases in granted permits,
10	regardless of community, should be
11	temporary. Within Brooklyn CD 1 and
12	Bronx CD 2, required offset should be
13	permanent, and the trade should be at a
14	ratio of 2:1. We need some reduction
15	in the capacity now.
16	When are going to see some
17	results, some relief? We're not seeing
18	it.
19	We're seeing devastating results
20	in our communities and lack of planning
21	on the part of the City of New York.
22	I understand it wasn't on the
23	part of this administration, but it was
24	certainly on the part of most of the
25	people who are in the Department of

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	Sanitation at this time. You need to
3	take some responsibility. You need to
4	take some action that's going to deal
5	with these effects on the communities.
6	Thank you.
7	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will
8	be Timothy Logan.
9	MR. LOGAN: Let me begin by
10	saying I concur with Ms. Suchman's
11	testimony in its entirety as
12	submitted.
13	I want to just kind of round up
14	the testimony here today. We have
15	community residents who are impacted by
16	these waste transfer stations that I
17	have seen in the South Bronx, in North
18	Brooklyn, from Redhook, Sunset Park,
19	East New York; neighborhoods all of
20	which have participated on an ongoing
21	basis through the Organization of
22	Waterfront Neighborhoods in trying to
23	address these issues.
24	While I understand that
25	applicants who now are facing a

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 moratorium may have had their 2 3 applications in as early as 2000 or 4 perhaps even earlier, these communities 5 were protesting these waste transfer 6 stations and not being heard at least a 7 decade ago. If you're asking about how long 8 it takes to find some kind of justice, 9 some kind of acceptance of your words, 10 well, who came first? The communities 11 were out there first. 12 The City did, in fact, create 13 14 this problem with the tipping fee increases at the Fresh Kill Landfill in 15 the late '80s. 16 17 The City is now in the process of fulfilling a commercial waste study. 18 This is something that should have been 19 20 done as part of the 1992 solid waste management plan. It is time for this 21 moratorium -- until we have completed 22 23 the commercial waste study and until a 24 solid waste management plan that incorporates the various concerns of 25

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	the City, which certainly involves the
3	people of the City of New York and the
4	communities who have been
5	diproportionately impacted and have not
6	had their concerns fully taken into
7	account.
8	Our enemy in this is certainly
9	not the carters. We understand that
10	carters are necessary. They deal with
11	the waste, whether they be recyclables
12	or waste materials that somehow must
13	end up at a landfill.
14	However, the waste transfer
15	stations are only necessary as an
16	interim measure, caused by the City
17	with the increase in tipping fees at
18	Fresh Kill, and until the City is able
19	to move forward with the long-term
20	export plan.
21	We need to deal with the plan in
22	process through the solid waste
23	management plan, and until such time we
24	understand that these waste transfer
25	stations may need to be in operation;

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	but at that point in time we may find
3	that many of these waste transfer
4	stations are no longer necessary,
5	particularly putrescible waste transfer
6	stations, as opposed to fill material,
7	which has never been considered to go
8	through these marine transfer
9	stations.
10	These are the concerns that must
11	be put forward.
12	For one more historical note,
13	people continue to talk about zoning.
14	Well, the zoning laws guess what?
15	Communities were there before zoning
16	was in this city. Zoning was put upon
17	these communities even at the time that
18	it was first implemented.
19	If you go to some of these
20	neighborhoods in the South Bronx, I
21	have seen a beach-front community that
22	is an M-3 zone, and continues to have
23	beach bungalows. You can see, it looks
24	like a bungalow community, like
25	something from an Annette Funicello

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	movie that's sitting there in the midst
3	of these waste transfer stations.
4	Those homes were there before these
5	businesses were there.
6	The City did not move those
7	residents out. In fact, their property
8	value has gone down rather than up.
9	They couldn't possibly sell those
10	buildings.
11	So when we consider what is most
12	important for the City, we must
13	understand that it's the people of the
14	City of New York who make up the City,
15	and that waste must be handled by City
16	planning for a long-term plan. They
17	have to process the solid waste. It
18	needs to be taken into account.
19	We should have a moratorium on
20	increases of capacity and new
21	permitting of waste transfer stations,
22	until such time as we get through that
23	process.
24	That's all. Thank you.
25	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 be Omar Freilla. 2 3 MR. FREILLA: Good morning. My 4 name Omar Freilla. I'm with an 5 organization in the South Bronx called 6 Sustainable South Bronx, and I live and 7 work in the South Bronx, and I'm here as a member of the Organization of 8 9 Waterfront Neighborhoods, and the New 10 York City Environmental Justice Alliance, and I would just like to add 11 to some of the things already said. 12 13 I support the words of all the other members of Organization of 14 Waterfront Neighborhoods that have come 15 16 up here and basically addressed 17 issues. One of the other folks spoke earlier about, I believe it was a 18 gentleman who came and spoke about an 19 20 economic dis-allocation, and basically 21 meaning to support the efforts of the 22 transfer stations throughout the City 23 in order to increase capacity, because we don't have enough capacity. And for 24 us, the communities and organizations 25

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	that are living with these transfer
3	stations, the putrescible transfer
4	stations, construction and demolition
5	facilities, what we have been living
6	with all these years is the
7	dis-allocation of justice, a
8	dis-allocation of equity.
9	And for us, these are issues that
10	need to be addressed today. We have
11	been forgotten in past years. So these
12	issues, particularly with respect to
13	the siting regulations, especially in
14	438 section B and in 436 section B, we
15	have got issues with what the
16	Department of Sanitation is saying when
17	you create the structure of allowing
18	putrescible facilities to expand in any
19	capacity. What we have been calling
20	for is a complete moratorium on the
21	expansion of putrescible waste
22	facilities. And there's a specific
23	exception that's made for Community
24	District 1 in Brooklyn and Community
25	District 2 in the Bronx. And I would

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	say, living in Community Board 2 in the
3	neighborhood of Hunt's Point, I would
4	say no thank you to that.
5	However, I also recognize that
6	Community District 1 in the Bronx also
7	lives with a heavy burden of waste
8	facilities, and that in fact, just to
9	correct the record from what was said
10	previously, most of the Bronx's
11	putrescible waste is actually handled
12	in Community District 1, not 2.
13	But what we have is an
14	overabundance of construction and
15	demolition facilities. With respect to
16	that, and in solidarity with Queens an
17	Brooklyn and other parts of the City
18	that are dealing with waste facilities,
19	we wants an across-the-board
20	moratorium.
21	And we don't have to consider it
22	to be putting the cart before the
23	horse, as was said. It's putting the
24	cart before the horse when you continue
25	to give solid waste permits with no

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	consideration for the fact that there's
3	a plan being discussed and it needs to
4	be worked out.
5	It's putting the cart before the
6	horse when you continue to allow
7	facilities that accept waste from other
8	parts of the City, not just the
9	Bronx facilities in the Bronx accept
10	waste from Manhattan or waste from
11	Queens to continue to expand.
12	That's allowing the cart to be put
13	the cart is already before the horse.
14	We're trying to get things back to the
15	way they should be. So we don't feel
16	that it's appropriate to just continue
17	to allow facilities to expand and be
18	given variances and allowed to expand
19	their operations.
20	Whether it's the hours of
21	operations that some others have talked
22	about, or the capacity issues, it's
23	something we need: An across the
24	board moratorium on putrescible waste
25	facilities.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	With respect to the putrescible
3	waste facilities in and of themselves,
4	we feel it's completely inappropriate
5	to allow conversions of the facilities
6	that are handling construction and
7	demolition waste, to allow them to be
8	used for putrescible waste. Just to
9	give one example, Hunt's Point is an
10	area in the South Bronx that has an
11	overabundance of construction and
12	demolition transfer stations. If any
13	of these are allowed under these rules
14	to expand their operations by basically
15	switching from construction and
16	demolition waste, in order to accept
17	putrescible waste, then that means for
18	all of us who are living in the
19	neighborhoods, we previously had been
20	dealing with facilities that may have
21	been actually using their capacity, but
22	some of them actually don't, and we
23	have got a number of facilities under
24	their capacity of C and D, but they are
25	permitted for that. And actually what

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	we would find happening, you
3	understand, what would wind up
4	happening, you would have facilities
5	that are currently handling under their
6	permitted capacity of construction
7	demolition waste, and they would be
8	allowed to have an increase in
9	capacity in effect that's what it
10	turns out to be of putrescible
11	waste.
12	And for us, it's about odors and
13	rats. And you're talking about
14	increasing the capacity, from what's
15	actually happening, you're talking
16	about increasing truck traffic.
17	We don't want to see that
18	happen. We take issue with those two
19	particular sections in this document.
20	And that's really all I have to say.
21	I would like to say again that
22	we're out here as part of the coalition
23	in partnership with other community
24	organizations and other technical
25	assistance that have been working with

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	us. We feel that what has been put
3	before us, before our community
4	organizations, before all of us
5	what's in the document really doesn't
6	address the fundamental issues. The
7	issues we're talking about really deal
8	with the extent of truck traffic in the
9	neighborhoods, the hours of operation.
10	We're talking about the fact that you
11	got facilities clustered in
12	neighborhoods. That's really not being
13	addressed by this particular document.
14	Thank you.
15	MR. ORLIN: Our next speaker will
16	be Robert Morris.
17	MR. MORRIS: How are you. My
18	name is Bob Morris. I'm the Operations
19	Manager for Bronx County recycling.
20	We're a fill material transfer
21	station; as Mr. Todino said, a
22	recycler. While I can understand there
23	may be problems with C and D and
24	putrescible waste, none of those
25	problems are relevant to fill material

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 stations. 2 3 When you review the report that 4 this moratorium is based on, it has 5 obvious flaws. At no point is fill 6 material being considered for transfer 7 outside of New York City by rail, by barge, by air plane, it's just not a 8 9 feasible means of doing that. All of our material that we take in -- and 10 probably 85 percent of this material we 11 take in comes from Con Edison work, 12 13 Cable Vision, Verizon, what-have-you. We actually minimize truck traffic. A 14 truck comes into our facility, deposits 15 his material -- we have invested well 16 over a million and a half dollars in 17 equipment to separate by size, and 18 produce sellable product. This 19 20 material is not given away. It's not 21 dumped in the woods someplace. We sell 22 everything that we take in. We take it 23 in, we process it, and we resell it as 24 usable material, as usable viable 25 product.

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	The truck traffic that comes into
3	our facility, that same truck that
4	delivers the material goes out with the
5	same load of material in a different
6	form. You don't have the same issues
7	that you would with putrescible and C
8	and D, of the various trucks bringing
9	in materials, they leave the facility,
10	other trucks come in, take it out.
11	That's not the case with fill
12	material.
13	Unfortunately, Sanitation has
14	lumped everything together. And by no
15	stretch of the imagination can they
16	make a logical argument where fill
17	material should be in the same realm as
18	C and D or putrescible materials.
19	We're also caught in a catch-22.
20	The report says that these stations are
21	operating under capacity. I find that
22	hard to believe. I speak to a number
23	of fill material operators in the area,
24	and there's not a one of us that
25	probably hasn't paid forty, fifty

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	thousand dollars in fines for being
3	over-volume. For a facility that is
4	under capacity, we get an awful lot of
5	summonses for being over volume. We
6	submitted to SEQRA, as Mr. Todino did.
7	We submitted a permit over two years
8	ago and it's been in the process of
9	being reviewed and so on and so forth.
10	This moratorium was put into place with
11	no regard for the money that we have
12	spent, the time and effort, engineers,
13	SEQRA the entire package. This was
14	just a decision on the part of
15	Sanitation, and this hearing just
16	became an issue to make something
17	justified. That's all it is.
18	The other issue is I'm finding it
19	hard to understand that a city that is
20	facing how many billion-dollars
21	short, that we're not allowed to charge
22	tax on the material that comes in.
23	That may be an idea the City should
24	look into: Make it a taxable item.
25	But we certainly charge tax on

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	the material we produce and re-sell.
3	Under the restrictions that we are
4	going under, we are being forced to
5	curtail those new sales, because we
6	cannot stockpile enough material to
7	sell. We may get a contract for 10,000
8	yards of road base, but because of the
9	volume restriction we're facing, we
10	can't sell that contract.
11	So, consequently, there's only a
12	few places that produce that item.
13	Companies are going outside of the City
14	to the various quarries and buying the
15	material outside, paying large fees,
16	more than they would. The City sales
17	tax revenue is lost by the City, and
18	you're not accomplishing anything
19	towards helping the solid waste problem
20	in the City.
21	Thank you.
22	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will
23	be Ed Tempesta.
24	MR. TEMPESTA: My name is Ed
25	Tempesta. I represent East Bay

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	Recycling. We applied for a license in
3	1994 for a putrescible transfer station
4	in the South Bronx. We went through
5	the entire SEQRA process as it was laid
6	out to us by the Department of
7	Sanitation. They were the lead agency
8	for this particular application. We
9	received a negative declaration and
10	then it went through the DEC. For the
11	next 18 months we didn't receive not
12	one comment. They supposedly were
13	reviewing our application. We asked
14	for comments on many, many, many
15	occasions. We had our attorney write a
16	number of letters to the Department of
17	Environmental Conservation, and we
18	still received no comments.
19	Then, after being denied when we
20	requested a permit after 18 months,
21	after being denied, and in the process
22	of a court proceeding, we understood
23	that there was a secret memo sent to
24	the Department of Sanitation and the
25	Department of Sanitation kept this not

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	for FOIL review. In other words, I
3	don't know for what reason, it wasn't
4	accessible to the general public.
5	In that same process, prior to
6	our being denied, we had our attorney
7	ask if there were any comments, and we
8	were told no. So why this was kept
9	secret, I don't know.
10	Be that as it may, I'm here to
11	address M-3. The City forces us into
12	M-3. They say this is the only zone
13	acceptable to your particular
14	operation. Believe me, I would much
15	rather have a transfer station on the
16	West Side of Manhattan, perhaps a whole
17	square city block. I could take a
18	large amount of debris from the Borough
19	of Manhattan and I probably would be
20	well on my way to doing the things I
21	thought I would be doing at my age.
22	Unfortunately, the state says M-3 is
23	the classification you need for a
24	putrescible transfer station. Okay.
25	Why would you want to limit competition

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 in an M-3 zone? Here we have basically 2 3 a little club of operators that they 4 can increase their capacity, and they 5 will not permit other people that have 6 passed the SEQRA process and should be 7 permitted. How would we benefit by that? 8 9 First we spread the load. Rather than having 100 trucks -- Let's say I lived 10 on the block. Rather than have 100 11 trucks go past my house, I would rather 12 13 have 40 trucks go by. Instead of having a 100 trucks lined up, you could 14 have 30 on one block, 20 on another, 15 15 on another. It's called a diffusion. 16 17 Secondly, there would be less odor, and better control with smaller 18 facilities. You're dealing with a 19 20 smaller group of people, not a large organization. You would be able to 21 handle the problems that currently 22 23 exist in a much better way by 24 permitting facilities that are in the proper zone, have passed the SEQRA 25

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4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 process, and should be permitted. 2 3 Secondly, why have the lack of 4 competition? What do you hope to 5 achieve by the lack of competition? My next thing, I don't feel that 6 7 we should be limited when we make an application to the City, to the state 8 9 or the federal government. My corporation is taxed as a 10 corporation. Waste Management is taxed 11 as a corporation. Waste Management 12 13 makes their application, they should be treated just the same as Ed Tempesta 14 and his company when he makes the 15 16 application. There should be no "Well, we know them, they are in 17 the particular group", et cetera, et 18 19 cetera. Secondly, you're increasing these 20 particular facilities and they have 21 questionable business practices. I 22 23 don't understand it. Open up to the people here, living here, the people 24 that are employed, paying taxes here. 25

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	We're not from Texas, not from
3	Illinois.
4	Give us a fair shot. Rules and
5	regulations? We want to abide by
6	them. If you guys say this is the way
7	it's supposed to be done, we want to do
8	it that way.
9	And if we don't do it that way,
10	fine us. And if we don't pay the fines
11	or do it the proper way, shut us down.
12	But as has been said, if in the
13	M-1 zones they are not doing what
14	they're supposed to do, do something
15	about it. Don't say: Now we'll create
16	a number of transfers stations, because
17	we got all these guys operating
18	illegally. Make a move. Either have
19	regulations enforced put people out
20	of business that are not doing it the
21	right way. Just open it up to the
22	general public. That's it.
23	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will
24	be Kenneth Reiss.
25	MR. REISS: Good morning,

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	everybody. Can you hear me? Everybody
3	want to stand up and stretch?
4	Something was said here earlier,
5	that it's like a deja vu all over
6	again. I represent a fill recycling
7	company called Locco Recycling, and I
8	was happy to receive this morning a
9	notice I got. I guess you all received
10	the same thing. All right?
11	If you can let me put it in
12	perspective, I have so much to say, but
13	nothing to say, because I have gone
14	through this, because since 1965 I have
15	been representing recycling
16	organizations; ever since then.
17	Just quickly, one point, the
18	inconsistencies that exist between the
19	rules set by the Department of
20	Sanitation here in the City of New York
21	and the state is mind boggling. It's
22	already set in stone, but I'll tell you
23	anyway, to show the inconsistency in
24	the lack of approach and the lack of
25	common sense.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	The state says that if any one of
3	you people who spent all your money
4	putting up fill stations accomplish the
5	recycling of the product that comes to
6	you one gentleman said that trucks
7	come in, the stuff is taken off the
8	truck, it's recycled; and if the truck
9	leaves, he leaves with the same
10	product, but recycled, now usable.
11	It comes to my mind that in
12	Boston, Massachusetts they had to
13	demolish an old subway station. And
14	they hired a fill recycling firm to do
15	it. He saved Boston thousands and
16	thousands of dollars. He was given a
17	medal for having accomplished recycling
18	that resulted in the re-using of
19	products. It's marvellous.
20	However, the same thing in New
21	York City, just the reverse happens.
22	Try to increase your capacity beyond
23	what you bonded for, and bingo, you get
24	violations. Forty, fifty
25	thousand-dollars over a year's time.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	In the State of New York, you take a
3	product, paper, cardboard, anything
4	other than putrescible waste, and
5	recycle it, and then you say you want
6	to buy it, buy it much cheaper than if
7	you would to buy it raw, new from
8	another state the contractor coming
9	into the establishment here would in
10	fact purchase this material at much
11	less cost, and then go out and use it
12	in the construction business. A lot of
13	which is for he City. And the
14	contractor can charge less of the
15	City. Et cetera. But for the state
16	law, which makes sense, because we all
17	want to recycle, it's contradicted by
18	the City laws, which says no. No; the
19	minute I bring stuff into a premises
20	and it's recyclable, you're still a
21	transfer station, because that
22	product's going to go somewhere.
23	I used to say, where is it
24	going? It's not going to a dump site.
25	It's going to be used again, recycled,

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	to make roadways, to make buildings, et
3	cetera.
4	But it didn't work. So here I
5	am. I will say this, we're invested
6	here with a quagmire. The Sanitation
7	Department has got a big problem.
8	There's a commonality of interest
9	among all of us here. You know what
10	that is? You; you; you; The
11	Commissioner; myself; we're all going
12	to die. That's a commonality.
13	The second commonality is we make
14	garbage. We make more garbage in the
15	City of New York than anywhere else on
16	the globe.
17	And we have to face that
18	problem. So how do you face it? You
19	get people from Sanitation to set up a
20	moratorium to see how best to handle
21	it, and they have been discussing the
22	same thing, as I know personally, since
23	1965.
24	Somebody mentioned energy
25	conversion establishments. They have

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	one out on Meadow Brook Parkway. I
3	think the re-fueling industry, they're
4	recycling. There's a company, if you
5	will just for a moment, to show you
6	the stupidity of things, Parsons
7	Midowmoor (phonetic), a firm from
8	Boston, put that up 25 years ago at a
9	cost of \$240 million dollars. It never
10	went operational. Until recently.
11	Because they are having problems with
12	the environment, and the conditions
13	that existed. In any event, it's
14	working now.
15	I have been to Japan, where they
16	have 29 conversion plants on line.
17	That's what should have been done
18	here. It hasn't been. They have got a
19	problem. You got to understand it.
20	In my particular instance, I
21	concur with one of the other gentlemen
22	here. Locca Recycling operates a fill
23	recycling establish in Maspeth, right
24	in front of Newton Creek. They are in
25	an industrial area. There isn't a

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	house to be seen as far as your eye can
3	see.
4	They are asking two things. They
5	want to increase the capacity that they
6	take in for recycling of fill material,
7	which had been approved before they
8	filed their application. But,
9	unfortunately, now they have had this
10	problem, so we're in the same
11	moratorium with everyone else.
12	And, secondly, adjacent to the
13	property, in order to help the City, in
14	order to increase the amount of
15	recycling and disposal of waste in a
16	sensible way, I have a building. And
17	the building is in conformity with what
18	I just read today, according to this
19	article here. But you say that you're
20	going to put a moratorium on it until
21	you do the investigation fine, I'll
22	make it fast. But you also say that
23	the Department may issue a permit for
24	new construction and demolition
25	transfer stations, provided that such

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	new transfer station is located at or
3	adjacent to a railroad or a barge
4	facility. My facility is adjacent to a
5	rail yard and barge facilities. It's
6	on Newton Creek. We have barges lined
7	up.
8	We're presently under contract
9	with a private contracting firm doing
10	the National Park in Flatlands, and
11	under that contract all the material
12	that they are putting in that park is
13	being barged. There's no trucking,
14	there's no nothing, it's perfect for
15	what you want.
16	I could have just spoken to that
17	issue and walked out of here, and I was
18	sorely constrained to do that. Just
19	that, I think, conforms within the
20	confines of what you're talking about.
21	I won't belabor the point, but
22	just indicate to you that on April 15th
23	we submitted a letter to the Department
24	of Legal Affairs in which we enumerated
25	exactly this. We are tailor made in

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 conformity with what you're asking. 2 3 And the reason that we should be modified is specifically delineated in 4 5 there. It's exactly what you are 6 saying. We have barge facilities, deep 7 water port facilities. We go right out to Jamaica Bay. You don't even know 8 9 we're there. And we're smack in the middle of an industrial park, next door 10 to your sewer treatment plant you're 11 putting up now. 12 13 But the reason I even spend my time, a few extra minutes, is because I 14 feel sorry for everybody, because your 15 16 problem is everyone says "Not in my 17 backyard." I can understand that. But now you're talking about a putrescible 18 waste station, talking about C and D 19 20 stations that want to go into areas 21 where they are over-saturated. I know it's a problem. I appreciate the fact 22 23 that individuals here don't want it in 24 their backwards. But, you know, let me clue you 25

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	all in. You, me, and everybody else in
3	the room is going to have to confront
4	this problem. Until such time you can
5	think of a perfect solution, we're
6	going to have to be pragmatic and help
7	the people in the industry.
8	But whether you know it or not,
9	they are there to help you. Because
10	without these transfer stations, which
11	we're so under-utilized with what we
12	have to do in terms of the amount of
13	work that we have got to complete,
14	every single day, 22 I think
15	somebody's fibbing. It's not just
16	22-thousand tons. It's more, every
17	day. And they have their problem to
18	get rid of it.
19	You have the same problem.
20	You're creating it to begin with,
21	myself included.
22	Thank you.
23	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will
24	be New York State Assemblyman William
25	Scarborough.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	MR. SCARBOROUGH: Good morning,
3	Commissioner, ladies and gentlemen. My
4	name is William Scarborough. I the
5	Assemblyman for the 29th Assembly
6	District in Queens. My district
7	includes the communities of Jamaica,
8	St. Albans, and Springfield Gardens,
9	among others. We have a number of
10	transfers station in our area, so the
11	issues that are being considered here
12	today are of extreme importance to me
13	and my constituents. Therefore, I
14	thank you for giving the public this
15	opportunity to discuss your proposals.
16	However, I am must tell you that
17	I strongly oppose the interim proposals
18	that you have publicized. The people
19	in my district who live in proximity to
20	existing transfer stations are very
21	unhappy with those stations already; in
22	each instance they are located in M-1
23	zones, which under current law is
24	supposed to be for light manufacturing,
25	and under current law they would not be

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 permitted to be located there. 2 3 However, these facilities were 4 operating as construction/demolition or 5 other transfer facilities prior to the 6 adoption of current zoning law, and 7 they were grandfathered in, even though they are next to residential zones, and 8 9 create serious problems for homeowners that must co-exist with them. 10 One major thoroughfare in my 11 district, Liberty Avenue, has homes on 12 13 one side and putrescible waste transfer stations on the other side. During the 14 summer, the stench is so bad that both 15 residents and cars must close their 16 17 windows to avoid the smell. Our hope has been that the 18 commercial waste transfer study that 19 20 you are currently conducting would provide us with some relief from these 21 conditions. However, your interim 22 23 rules would make these conditions 24 worse. You would allow existing transfer stations to expand during the 25

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	interim period and you would allow for
3	new stations under certain conditions.
4	These provisions, especially in
5	regard to putrescible transfer
6	stations, would be an unfair added
7	burden to my constituents. We already
8	have more than our share of these sites
9	in comparison to the rest of Queens and
10	many areas in the City. These rules
11	would simply allow existing sites to
12	increase the amount of disruption and
13	discomfort they are already causing,
14	and may be health hazards.
15	Your proposal prohibits new sites
16	in two areas, Community Board 1 in
17	Brooklyn and Community Board 2 in the
18	Bronx, under most circumstances. Bronx
19	2, for example, has ten transfer sites
20	according to your Department's
21	records. Community Board 12 Queens has
22	seven sites, and each one is in an M-1 $$
23	zone, which is supposed to allow only
24	light manufacturing that co-exists
25	alongside of residences.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	These stations most assuredly do
3	not co-exist well with residents, and
4	in fact they are smelly nuisances that
5	bring huge trucks, violate traffic laws
6	and may well be health hazards.
7	I would urge you not to allow any
8	expansion or new sites at all until
9	your study is completed and rules that
10	are fair to each community can be put
11	in place.
12	Should you choose not to follow
13	this suggestion, I would ask for an
14	exemption for Community Board 12
15	Queens, similar to the exemption you
16	proposed for Community Board 1 in
17	Brooklyn and 2 in the Bronx.
18	Thank you again for this
19	opportunity to testify, and I thank you
20	for your consideration. Thank you very
21	much.
22	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will
23	be Ken Diamondstone.
24	MR. DIAMONDSTONE: Good morning,
25	Commissioner, ladies and gentlemen. My

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	name is Ken Diamondstone. Once again
3	the Brooklyn SWAB is asked to address
4	the issue of siting regulations
5	pardon me, I have laryngitis siting
6	regulations which for Brooklyn can have
7	enormous consequences. According to
8	these proposed siting regulations,
9	because CD 1 has so many transfer
10	stations currently, we would probably
11	get more under these regulations. On
12	the one hand the Department appears to
13	strictly limit new C and D capacity, on
14	the other hand it creates a series of
15	loopholes that set the stage for
16	possible rampant expansion in the C and
17	D permitted capacity.
18	While we appreciate the intention
19	to that solid waste for new or expanded
20	C and D and putrescible sites should to
21	be contained in, quote, closed
22	leak-proof containers at all times,
23	including during receipt, storage and
24	removal, we would remind the Department
25	that regulations without enforcement

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 capacity or, worse, no will to enforce, 2 3 are meaningless and create the illusion 4 of protection, when in reality there is 5 none. 6 CD 1 in Brooklyn and CD 2 in the 7 Bronx need a moratorium with teeth, not loopholes. If I were a large private 8 9 transfer station owner in Williamsburg or Redhook or Sunset Park, I would use 10 these regulations to convert my CD site 11 to putrescible, and then open a new CD 12 13 site elsewhere. For CD 1 in Brooklyn or Bronx CD 2, regardless of 4-38(B) 14 which expressly prohibits expanding 15 16 putrescible transfer stations in highly 17 impacted areas, in fact those areas become the real targets for expansion 18 of putrescible capacity because they 19 20 already have considerable C and D sites which could be converted. That could 21 22 be a boon to the super large owners, 23 Waste Management, et cetera, who have many sites, while it is restricting the 24 25 smaller quys.

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	If the DOS statement of basis of
3	purposes is to be believed regarding
4	these regulations, they are promulgated
5	to restrict the permitting of and
6	siting of putrescible and
7	non-putrescible solid waste transfer
8	stations until the results of the
9	commercial waste study could be
10	examined. Yet the caveats and
11	exclusions within these new regulations
12	undermine that goal.
13	The new regulations would allow
14	consolidation of putrescible facilities
15	from two smaller sites, for instance,
16	to one big one. What about the
17	consolidating into a facility that has
18	grandfathered zoning, in which the
19	adjacent zone is now M-1 or
20	residential? Would that be allowed,
21	assuming there is still available space
22	for expansion? We believe it would.
23	Would you allow sites to operate on
24	consent orders? We believe the answer
25	to that is also yes.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	What would be the unthinkable
3	consequence of these regulations?
4	Attempting to second guess conclusions
5	of the commercial waste study, due in
6	less than one year, or to promulgate
7	regulations without considerable input
8	and consultation from heavily affected
9	communities, should not go forward at
10	this time. When the City is proposing
11	reconstruction of its marine transfer
12	stations, with the potential to
13	actually reduce the City's appetite and
14	need for privately owned transfer
15	stations, new regulations that allow
16	for shuffling in larger capacities and
17	creating new transfer sites seems
18	illogical.
19	Thank you.
20	MR. ORLIN: The next speaker will
21	be Ronald Dillon.
22	MR. DILLON: My name is Ronald
23	Dillon, the President of Concerned
24	Homeowners' Association.
25	I have heard many comments which

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	address a number of issues on these
3	proposed regulations, but I would like
4	to raise a couple of other issues.
5	Number one is which hasn't
6	been addressed the absolute amount
7	of fraud, out-and-out fraud in the
8	Department of Sanitation. It
9	interferes with government regulations,
10	which hasn't been addressed. These
11	hearings are being held in the morning
12	hour, in Manhattan, when the transfer
13	stations are in the communities of
14	Queens, the Bronx, Brooklyn. The
15	Department of Sanitation doesn't hold
16	the hearings where the impacts are
17	being felt.
18	In the same sort of vein, it's
19	always frustrating to me that the
20	Department allows transfer stations to
21	operate 24 hours a day, and the
22	Department operates eight hours a day.
23	So when you have all these odors from
24	the transfer station and you want to
25	complain at 12:00 at night, you can't.

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	I thought that 3-1-1 would help us, but
3	that's not one of the issues that 3-1-1
4	records. They send you to the
5	Department of Sanitation's action
6	center. You have to explain for 20
7	minutes that there's nobody home, in
8	all essenses of that meaning.
9	Apart from the issue with fraud
10	that has to be addressed, there is the
11	issue of what a transfer station is.
12	People are trying to make the
13	distinction between the type of waste,
14	and a transfer station is a transfer
15	station. It's just that something
16	comes in, it is processed, it goes
17	out. And at that level it doesn't
18	matter whether it's clean fill, whether
19	it's bottles, whether it's cans,
20	whether it's putrescible waste, whether
21	it's anything you have certain
22	impacts about that. It's a transfer
23	station. It's a transfer station. And
24	it needs to be addressed as such,
25	whether it's clean fill, recycling,

4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING 1 whatever, that's my issue. 2 3 Apparently some people have 4 addressed about M-3s. It's simple. 5 These facilities only belong in M-3 districts. Because there are 6 7 performance standards that -- and going back to this issue of fraud, fraud --8 9 the zoning resolution does not allow 10 the Department of Sanitation to enforce zoning. Yet it does -- somebody talked 11 12 about a secret memorandum. We have 13 been trying to get secret memoranda 14 that we cannot get. The issue that we really have with this, the whole 15 16 recycling, is it is this bifurcation of 17 interests. You have the people in the industry that were there before, like 18 19 1990, 1980, who got permits illegally, 20 and they continue to have their permits 21 recycled. And then you have new people 22 coming in, who, again, you have new 23 people who want to go in M-3 districts 24 and they don't get a permit only because they weren't in the cycle 25

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1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	before 1980, 1985. That is unfair. If
3	a transfer station should not have
4	gotten the permit initially, it should
5	not be in business.
6	We have an issue, it was
7	addressed a little before, about this
8	question of what is legal as of March
9	21, 2003. And the definition I suspect
10	DOS is going to use is if we gave them
11	a permit, they are legal. This is like
12	the Department saying they saved
13	\$40 million in recycling. How?
14	Because they said it. They can't
15	support it. They didn't study it. But
16	they said it. It's the same issue.
17	The question is, what is legal as
18	of March 21, 2003? If they are under
19	an order of consent, they are not
20	legal.
21	A Sanitation permit does not make
22	a transfer station legal. I want to
23	reiterate: These facilities cannot
24	operate in an M-1 district. It's there
25	in the law. And you can't just say you

1	4/23/03 PUBLIC HEARING
2	don't like it, so that therefore you're
3	going to ignore it.
4	Thank you.
5	MR. ORLIN: Mr. Dillon is the
6	last speaker who signed up. That
7	concludes our hearing.
8	I want to thank you all for
9	attending and participating in this
10	morning's hearing. All the comments
11	received today that were oral or
12	written will be seriously considered.
13	If you would like to review the
14	transcript of this hearing, and the
15	written comments, you are welcome to
16	come to the Department of Sanitation on
17	May 8, May 9 or May 12, Room 708 in
18	this building, and we will try to post
19	the transcript on the Department
20	website.
21	Thank you.
22	(TIME NOTED: 11:27 p.m.)
23	
24	
25	

1	
2	CERTIFICATE
3	
4	
5	
6	I, Robin Dann, a Stenotype reporter and
7	Notary Public of the State of New York, do hereby
8	certify that the within transcript is a true record
9	of the proceedings held.
10	
11	
12	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto place my
13	hand this 30th day of April, 2003.
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	ROBIN DANN
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