

THE CITY RECORD.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

Vol. II.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1874.

NUMBER 420.



LAW DEPARTMENT.

OPINIONS OF THE COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION.

The Department of Public Charities and Correction may lawfully and properly transfer the Small-pox Hospital to the exclusive charge of the Board of Health.

LAW DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF THE
COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
NEW YORK, October 29, 1874.

Hon. JAMES BOWEN,
President of the Department of
Public Charities and Correction:

SIR—Your letter of the 23d instant submitted for my consideration an opinion of the Attorney of the Board of Health of this city, in respect to the powers and duties of that Board in connection with the Small-pox Hospital. This opinion is to the effect that, under existing laws, the Board of Health should take exclusive charge of that hospital; and you state that, if I concur in this opinion, the transfer of the hospital to the Board of Health will be made on the first of November next.

I have examined the various provisions of law relating to this matter, especially chapter 636 of the laws of 1874, and chapter 74 of the Laws of 1866, and I have no doubt that the Department of Public Charities and Correction can properly and lawfully transfer the Small-pox Hospital to the exclusive charge of the Board of Health.

I return herewith the opinion transmitted to me with your letter.

I am, sir,
Yours, very respectfully,
E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Counsel to the Corporation.

The power of the Board of Health to designate and have in charge places for the treatment of patients afflicted with the small-pox and other contagious diseases is fixed by statute.

But the authority conferred by law upon the Board of Health to provide and pay for the use of proper places to which to remove such persons, does not necessarily carry with it the right to receive from the Department of Public Charities and Correction the unconditional surrender of a building within the jurisdiction of the latter merely because it has been used as a small-pox hospital.

LAW DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF THE
COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
NEW YORK, October 30, 1874.

Hon. JAMES BOWEN,
President of the Department of Public
Charities and Correction:

SIR—Your letter of this date states that you are in receipt of my communication of the 29th instant, stating that "I have no doubt the Department of Public Charities and Correction can lawfully transfer the small-pox hospital to the exclusive charge of the Board of Health," and you ask if it be mandatory that such transfer should be made.

The act of 1866 provides, among other things, that the Board of Health may cause to be removed to a proper place within the district to be by them designated, any person sick with small-pox, or other contagious disease. (Laws of 1866, chapter 74, section 16, volume 1, page 131.) The act of 1874 provides that "the Board shall have the same powers in respect to persons afflicted with any contagious, pestilential, or infectious disease, as are given by the 16th section of chapter 74 of the Laws of 1866, in respect to persons afflicted with contagious diseases; shall have exclusive charge and control of the hospitals for the treatment of such cases; and shall have power to provide and pay for the use of proper places to which to remove such persons, as well as to designate such places; and said Board may cause proper care and attendance to be given to persons so sick or removed when it shall be made to appear to the said Board that any such person is so poor as to be unable to procure for himself such care and attendance, or that the public health requires special medical care and attendance."

Under these provisions, and under the general powers of the Board of Health conferred by existing statutes, there is no doubt that the Board of Health may exercise exclusive jurisdiction over any hospital, building, or place where cases of small-pox are in course of treatment. So long, therefore, as the "Small-pox Hospital" mentioned in your letter continues to be such, it must be committed to the exclusive charge of the Board of Health; and the power of the Board over the same is given by law, and cannot be interfered with. With this explanation, the proper answer to your last communication is, that the transfer of the small-pox hospital in question to the charge of the Board of Health is mandatory upon the Department of Public Charities and Correction. In other words, the law is mandatory that, as to the care of cases of small-pox, the Board of Health is given full power and jurisdiction. There is nothing, however, in the law, requiring the Department of Public Charities and Correction to transfer any particular building to the Board of Health, even though the same may have been heretofore used for the treatment of any special disease. I do not see anything in the statutes giving the Board of Health any special power to take from the Department of Public Charities and Correction, any more than from any other department, officer, or individual, any building or place of which such department, officer, or individual may be in lawful possession. The Board of Health, as I have already stated, may cause a person sick with small-pox to be removed to a proper place to be by them designated. As I have also already stated, the Board of Health has exclusive charge and control of the hospitals for the treatment of small-pox patients. It has power to provide and pay for the use of proper places to which to remove such persons, as well as to designate such places. I repeat that so long as the hospital in question shall continue to be a small-pox hospital, the law is mandatory that the power of conducting the same is with the Board of Health to the exclusion of all other departments. If, however, the building in question should be changed and renovated, and cease to be a small-pox hospital, then there is nothing in the law changing the jurisdiction of such building from the Department of Public Charities and Correction to the Board of Health. If this building be peculiarly adapted to a small-pox hospital, and it be manifest that its use for this purpose is more to the public advantage than would be its use for any other public requirement, it may be advisable that the transfer in question should be made; but if its location be such as is by law within the jurisdiction of the Department of Public Charities and Correction, the Board of Health can have no peculiar right to it as a building, although the power of the Board of Health over it as a small-pox hospital is clearly conferred by statute. The question you ask therefore depends to what use the building is to be put. If to a small-pox hospital then the power of the Board of Health is fixed and exclusive. If to any other purpose, it remains in the charge of the Department of Public Charities and Correction.

I am, sir,
Very respectfully, yours,
E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Counsel to the Corporation.

Mere certificates of physicians, approved by a judge, afford no sufficient authority for the detention of an alleged lunatic.

To legalize such detention there must be a regular commitment by a judge or justice, founded upon the certificates of two physicians, possessing certain qualifications, which qualifications must also be certified by a judge of a court of record; nor can the alleged lunatic be lawfully detained longer than five days, unless such certificates be approved by a judge or justice of a court of record of the county in which the lunatic resides.

The certificates of physicians are not themselves a commitment, nor do they obviate the necessity thereof.

The certificate that the case is one of "dementia" does not satisfy the requirements of the statute in relation to the detention of an alleged lunatic.

The act of 1874 does not expressly repeal the laws in relation to lunatics in force at the time of its passage.

LAW DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF THE
COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
NEW YORK, Oct. 28, 1874.

Hon. JAMES BOWEN,
President of the Department of
Public Charities and Correction:

SIR—A letter to me of the 18th September ultimo, from the Honorable William Laimbeer, your immediate predecessor in the office of President of the Department of Public Charities and Correction, enclosed a communication from Richard M. Lush, Warden of the Asylum for the

Insane, on Ward's Island, with certain commitments by Police Justices, the Surrogate, and a Justice of the Marine Court, and requested my opinion whether those commitments are in conformity with chapter 446 of the Laws of 1874.

First.—In the case of Duncan Nichol, I think the certificates of Drs. Kitchen and Breeks, approved by a Justice of the Marine Court, afford no authority whatever for the detention of such alleged lunatic. The act of 1874, in my judgment, does not dispense with a commitment, but merely provides that such commitment shall not be made except upon the certificates of two physicians, who are to possess certain qualifications, which qualifications must also be certified by a Judge of a Court of Record. No Judge or Justice can lawfully sign any commitment of a lunatic without the production to him of such certificates that the party committed is a lunatic; nor can the lunatic be lawfully detained longer than five days, unless such certificates are approved by a Judge or Justice of a Court of Record of the county in which the lunatic resides. The certificates of the physicians, however, are not themselves commitments, nor do they take the place of commitments.

Second.—The State Commissioner of Lunacy was authorized, by chapter 446 of the Laws of 1874, to prepare blank forms of certificates to be given by physicians; the forms used by Doctors Kitchen and Breeks are those approved by such Commissioner, and are correct; but the certificate of Dr. Breeks is defective in stating merely that the disease upon which his opinion rested was "dementia." The learned doctor might as well have confined himself to the statement that Nichols was insane. The certificate of Dr. Kitchen, in this respect, is none too full, and that of Dr. Breeks is entirely worthless.

Third.—The general forms of the commitments used in the cases of Packard, Roof, and Ford, are those in use prior to the passage of the Statute of 1874, and so far as the printed matter is concerned, seem to me to be in the main correct. It is proper, though not essential, to print, at the upper corner of the commitment, a reference to the statutes under which the commitment is made. The act of 1874 does not expressly repeal the laws in relation to lunatics in force at the time of its passage, and I think the reference should be as in the printed form of all the commitments, with the addition of a reference to the law of 1874.

I think the commitment should also recite that the physicians possess the qualifications prescribed by the act of 1874. The statement in the commitment of Packard, that the physicians were "duly qualified under chapter 446 of the Laws of 1874 of the State of New York," is proper and desirable.

The commitment of Packard, however, states that the lunatic is to be confined in a secure place "approved by the State Commissioner in Lunacy." Section 1 of title 9 of chapter 446 of the Laws of 1874, provides, that private asylums must be licensed by the State Commissioner in Lunacy, but the statute expressly declares that this provision shall not apply to any asylum or institution established or conducted by any county. The 6th section of title 1 of that act does provide for the commitment of lunatics to such public or private asylums as may be approved by any standing order or resolution of the Supervisors of the county. If any statement, therefore, is to be made in the commitment as to the asylum having been approved by any one, it should be, as in the printed form, "approved by the standing order or resolution of the Supervisors of the County of New York."

It is to be regretted that the passage of the act of 1874 has caused such confusion and uncertainty as to the proper methods to be pursued in the commitment of lunatics. The practice will doubtless become uniform in a short time. If points arise other than those above considered I shall be happy upon application to advise the Department in relation thereto.

I return herewith the copies certificates and commitments transmitted to me.

I am, sir,
Yours, respectfully,
E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Counsel to the Corporation.

The printing and binding of indexes to proceedings of the Board of Aldermen must be regarded as "printing and stationery" within the meaning of these terms as used in section 111 of the Charter of 1873, and as also employed in the amendatory act, Laws of 1873, chapter 757, section 19.

The claim for printing and binding such indexes must be treated as a claim for "printing and stationery," although an item of the demand may be for such preparation of the indexes as was required to print and bind them.

Where at the time work or materials are furnished to the City, there exists an appropriation from which payment therefor can be made, it is no defense to an action subsequently brought to recover such payment that the appropriation has been exhausted in the payment of other demands.

If there be no reasonable question, no reasonable doubt, that the interposition of a defense to a claim against the City can have but one result, namely, the ultimate payment of the claim under compulsion of the law, augmented by interest and costs, it is plainly wrong to involve the Corporation in litigation.

LAW DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF THE
COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
NEW YORK, Oct. 28, 1874.

Hon. ANDREW H. GREEN, Comptroller:

SIR—With your letter of the 21st instant you send me the summons and complaint in the suit of James A. Flack for \$363 80, being for "preparation, printing, and binding indexes to volumes 127 and 128 of the proceedings of the Board of Aldermen during the year 1873." You state that after a thorough investigation of this question you are convinced that supplies of this character can only be furnished by contract; that no legal authority can be given to the Commissioner of Public Works to obtain the same in any other manner; and you ask that I will answer the complaint denying the liability of the City. There is also appended to your letter, by yourself, a note to the effect that there is no appropriation from which the claim can be paid, and that "the preparation of an index is not stationery, nor is it printing."

If there be no reasonable question, no reasonable doubt, that the interposition of a defense to a claim against the City can have but one result, namely, the ultimate payment of the claim under compulsion of the law, augmented by interest and costs, it is plainly wrong to involve the Corporation in litigation. This suit, with all others which I am called upon to defend, has had my careful deliberation. It is clear to my mind that while section 111 of the Charter of 1873 requires work of this character to be done by contract, the amendatory act (Laws of 1873, chapter 757, section 19) obviates the necessity of proceeding by contract where the Mayor, the Counsel to the Corporation, and the Commissioner of Public Works concur by resolution in directing a different course. Stationery and printing for the Boards of the Common Council have been the subject of such a resolution by the three officers mentioned. The question in the first objection stated in your letter has been repeatedly passed upon by me. (See opinion of the Counsel to the Corporation, dated October 24, 1874, CITY RECORD, volume 2d, No. 414, issued October 27, 1874. See also the opinions and authorities therein referred to).

But you object, secondly, that the preparation of an index is not "stationery," nor is it "printing." I am clear, on the contrary, that the "preparation, printing, and binding indexes" must be regarded as "stationery and printing" within the meaning of the laws above cited. If we enter a printing or binding establishment, we shall find that many things must be done by those engaged therein, preliminary to and accompanying the actual printing and binding. If the proceedings of the Common Council should be returned from a printing and binding house without indexes, the conduct of the contractors or persons doing the work would be subject to just animadversion. The mere preparation of the indexes preliminary to setting the type and actually striking off impressions, no more deprives the whole work of the character of "printing and stationery" than do the other preliminary and accompanying labors and arrangements required to do any part of the work desired. Indexes, where they are so simple as those which are ordinarily bound up with the proceedings of the branches of the Common Council, have been habitually left for their preparation to the printers and binders. The elaborate indexes to works of law are usually but not always prepared by the authors; but indexes such as these, by common usage, are a part of the business of the printer and binder.

The suggestion that there is at present no appropriation from which this claim can be paid is one that the Courts have repeatedly overruled. It would be otherwise if there had been no appropriation at the time the work was ordered and done. It is my duty to again send you the summons and complaint, advising you that the claim must necessarily be either paid or be allowed to go to judgment, and be then paid with interest and costs.

I am, sir,
Very respectfully yours,
E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Counsel to the Corporation.

ORDINANCES, RESOLUTIONS,
&c., &c.,PASSED BY BOTH BRANCHES OF THE
COMMON COUNCIL

AND

APPROVED BY THE MAYOR.

DURING THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 31, 1874.

Resolved, That Thirty-sixth street, from Eleventh to the Twelfth avenue, be regulated and graded, the curb and gutter stones set, and the sidewalks flagged, where not already done, under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Works; and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, September 28, 1874.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, October 15, 1874.

Approved by the Mayor, October 24, 1874.

Resolved, That the Commissioner of Public Works be and he is hereby directed to cause the lamp-posts that have been removed by the contractors for grading Third avenue, in the Twenty-third Ward, from Westchester avenue to the northern boundary of said Ward, be replaced by said contractors, and lighted, within thirty days after the passage of this resolution.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, October 5, 1874.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, October 22, 1874.

Approved by the Mayor, October 24, 1874.

Resolved, That the Commissioner of Public Works be and he is hereby authorized and directed to have the curb and gutter stones reset and sidewalks reflagged, where not already done, in Eighty-fourth street, between the Eighth and Tenth avenues, as the same is necessary in consequence of the change of grade of said street, the property having been once assessed for the same.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, October 5, 1874.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, October 15, 1874.

Approved by the Mayor, October 24, 1874.

Resolved, That William R. Palmer be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in place and stead of Michael W. Wiley, who has failed to qualify.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, October 19, 1874.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, October 22, 1874.

Approved by the Mayor, October 24, 1874.

Resolved, That Joseph Fleischel be and he is hereby reappointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New York.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, October 19, 1874.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, October 22, 1874.

Approved by the Mayor, October 24, 1874.

Resolved, That James F. Chamberlain be re-appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New York.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, October 19, 1874.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, October 22, 1874.

Approved by the Mayor, October 24, 1874.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Anthony Bourke to erect a lamp-post and lamp in front of his premises, situated at No. 245 Monroe street, the post not to exceed the usual dimensions, and the gas to be supplied from his own private meter; the same to be done under the supervision of the Commissioner of Public Works; and such permission hereby given to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, October 12, 1874.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, October 15, 1874.

Received from his Honor the Mayor, October 24, 1874, without his approval or objections thereto; therefore, under the provisions of an act entitled "An act to reorganize the local government of the City of New York," passed April 30, 1873, the same became adopted.

J. C. PINCKNEY,
Clerk C. C.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Report for the week ending October 31, 1874.

Licenses granted and amounts received for licenses and fines by First Marshal:

Licenses granted..... 2,007

Amount received..... \$3,267 25

Permits issued for street stands, signs, show-cases, etc., and amount received for same:

Permits issued..... 196

Amount received..... \$253 00

W. F. HAVEMEYER,
Mayor.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND
APPORTIONMENT.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,

NEW COURT-HOUSE,

Monday, November 2, 1874, 3 o'clock P.M.

The Board met pursuant to the following call:

OFFICE OF THE MAYORALTY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, CITY HALL,
NEW YORK, October 31, 1874.

In pursuance of the authority contained in the 112th section of chapter 335, being an act entitled "An Act to reorganize the local government of the City of New York," passed April 30, 1873; and section 1 of chapter 779, being an act entitled "An Act in relation to raising money by taxation, in the County of New York, for county purposes," passed June 14, 1873; and chapter 304, being an act entitled "An Act to consolidate the Government of the City and County of New York, and further to regulate the same," passed April 30, 1874; and chapter 303, being an act entitled "An Act in relation to the Estimates and Apportionment for the support of the Government of the County of New York," passed April 30, 1874; and chapter 308, being an act entitled "An Act in relation to the Estimates and Apportionment for the support of the Government of the City of New York," passed May 1, 1874,—a meeting is hereby called of the Mayor, Comptroller, President of the Board of Aldermen, and the President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments, constituting a Board of Estimate and Apportionment, to be held at the office of the Comptroller, on Monday, November 2, 1874, at 3 o'clock P.M., for the purposes specified in the requisition of the Comptroller of October 31, 1874.

W. F. HAVEMEYER,

Mayor.

CITY OF NEW YORK—DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
October 31, 1874.

Hon. WILLIAM F. HAVEMEYER, Mayor:

Sir—Please call a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to be held on Monday, November 2, 1874, at 3 o'clock P.M., or such other hour as may suit your convenience, for the purpose of authorizing the issue of the following bonds, viz.: "Assessment Bonds," as authorized by chapter 397, Laws of 1852, and chapter 580, Laws of 1872, to meet the payment of the same class of bonds falling due November 10, 1874, three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) Assessment Fund Bonds, as authorized by chapter 579, Laws of 1853, and an ordinance of the Common Council, passed May 7, 1860, to meet the payment of the same class of bonds falling due November 1, 1874, one hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars (\$172,000) Assessment Bonds, as authorized by chapter 397, Laws of 1852, and chapter 580, Laws of 1872, two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000), and for the transaction of such other business as may come before said Board.

Respectfully,

ANDREW H. GREEN,

Comptroller.

INDORSED:

Admission of a copy of the within, as served upon us this day, October 31, 1874.

W. F. HAVEMEYER,

Mayor.

ANDREW H. GREEN,

Comptroller.

SAMUEL B. H. VANCE,

President of the Board of Aldermen.

JOHN WHEELER,

President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments.

Present—All the members, viz.:

William F. Havemeyer, the Mayor of the City of New York; Andrew H. Green, the Comptroller of the City of New York; Samuel B. H. Vance, the President of the Board of Aldermen; and John Wheeler, the President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments.

The minutes of the meeting held October 31, 1874, were read and approved.

The Comptroller offered for adoption the following resolution:

Whereas, Section 3 of chapter 756 of the Laws of 1873, provides for the issue of bonds to meet and pay certain bonds when they become due and payable, as follows, to wit:

"If at any time hereafter the amount in the treasury of the City of New York derived from collections of assessments, shall be insufficient to meet and pay when they become due and payable any bonds issued by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York, for expenditures incurred in public improvements payable in whole or in part from assessments, then it shall be lawful for the Comptroller, and he is hereby authorized to issue like bonds for an amount sufficient to pay, and from the proceeds thereof to pay the bonds so falling due as aforesaid;" therefore,

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized to issue, in pursuance of law, from time to time, in such amounts as may be required, and at such rates of interest as he may determine, not exceeding seven per cent. per annum, "Assessment Bonds of the Corporation of the City of New York," as authorized by chapter 397, Laws of 1852, and chapter 580, Laws of 1872, to the amount of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000), payable within such period as he shall deem expedient, not exceeding five years, to pay from the proceeds thereof the "Assessment Bonds of the Corporation of the City of New York," falling due November 10, 1874.

The Chairman put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Affirmative—The Mayor of the City of New York (Chairman), the Comptroller of the City of New York, the President of the Board of Aldermen, and the President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments—4.

The Comptroller offered for adoption the following resolution:

Whereas, The Fire Department desires to procure two steam pumps to equip the steam fire boat now being built for fire purposes for New York Harbor; and

Whereas, The said steam pumps are a patented article; and

Whereas, Said Department has made application to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to prescribe the conditions to secure a fair and reasonable opportunity for competition in the purchase of said pumps; therefore, be it

Resolved, That, under the provisions of section 115 of the Charter of 1873, the Board of Estimate

and Apportionment hereby prescribe the following conditions of such purchase, to wit:

The said Department shall advertise, in the manner prescribed by section 91 of the Charter, for two steam pumps for the purpose of equipping the steam fire boat. The said Department shall award the contract for the said steam pumps, the quality, capacity, and method of construction of which shall, in the judgment of the said Department, be best suited to accomplish the purposes for which they are desired, to the person who shall be the lowest bidder therefor.

The Chairman put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Affirmative—The Mayor of the City of New York (Chairman), the Comptroller of the City of New York, the President of the Board of Aldermen, and the President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments—4.

The Comptroller offered for adoption the following resolution:

Resolved, That in pursuance of the authority conferred upon the Board of Estimate and Apportionment by provisions of section 112, chapter 335 of the Laws of 1873, the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized to issue, from time to time, as may be required, and at such rates of interest as he may determine, not exceeding seven per cent. per annum, "Assessment Bonds of the City of New York," as authorized by chapter 397, Laws of 1852, and chapter 580, Laws of 1872, two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).

The Chairman put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Affirmative—The Mayor of the City of New York (Chairman), the Comptroller of the City of New York, the President of the Board of Aldermen, and the President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments—4.

The Comptroller offered for adoption the following resolution:

Resolved, That the sum of one hundred dollars (\$100) is hereby transferred from the appropriation for "advertising" (county) for 1872, the same being in excess of the amount required for the purposes and objects thereof, to the account "Printing, Stationery and Blank Books," for the purpose of providing the Finance Department with blank bonds.

The Chairman put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Affirmative—The Mayor of the City of New York (Chairman), the Comptroller of the City of New York, the President of the Board of Aldermen, and the President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments—4.

The Comptroller presented a communication from the Department of Public Parks, asking for an appropriation of \$200,000 for the construction of a museum of art and a museum of natural history.

Which was laid over.

The President of the Board of Aldermen presented a communication from the Bond Street Homoeopathic Dispensary asking for an appropriation.

Which was laid over.

The Comptroller presented a communication from the "Yorkville Dispensary," asking for an appropriation from the Excise Fund.

Which was laid over.

The Chairman presented a communication from "St. John's Guild," asking for an appropriation from the Excise Fund.

Which was laid over.

The Comptroller presented a communication from the Fire Department, asking for a transfer of twenty-five thousand and seven hundred dollars from the account "Members of Engine and Hook and Ladder Companies" to the following accounts, to wit:

\$3,000 to the account "Headquarters Pay-roll."
12,300 " " "Telegraph Force."
10,000 " " "Repair Shop."
400 " " "Bureau of Fire Marshal."

Also, \$5,000 from the account "Telegraph Supplies and Repairs" to account "Buildings."

\$3,000 from account "Horses" to account "Coal and Wood."

\$20,000 from account "Apparatus" to account "Hose Shop and New Hose."

Which was laid over.

On motion, the Board adjourned.

JOHN WHEELER,
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS,

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS,
346 and 348 BROADWAY.

At meetings of the Board governing this Department, held during the two weeks ending 29th August, 1874, inclusive. All the Commissioners present (except that Commissioner Gardner was absent 18th inst., Commissioner Westervelt, 24th inst., and Commissioner Budd, 27th inst.), the following action was had:

Organization, Appointments, etc.

August 18. Jacob W. Bogert, appointed Captain in charge of tug "Alert," vice John Sloan, transferred to new tug "Manhattan." Salary, \$125 per month.

August 18. John C. Clark, appointed Engineer in charge of tug "Alert," vice James D. Connell, transferred to new tug "Manhattan." Salary, \$100 per month.

Repairs, etc., Ordered.

August 27. Superintendent Turner directed to cut down the outer end of pier at One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street, North river, to adapt same for use as a steamboat landing.

August 27. Superintendent Turner directed to sheath inner end of Pier 46, East river, for a distance of 50 feet by 25 feet.

Dredging Ordered.

August 20. Additional dredging ordered to be done at new Pier 34, North river, as requested by Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

Miscellaneous.

August 17. Offer of Ryan & Cody, contractors, for building ten dredging machine mud scows under contract, dated 26th February, 1874, to receive the sum of \$45,330, in full settlement of said contract. Accepted.

August 20. Owners of steam tug "McDonald," notified that they are held responsible for damages, estimated at \$120, resulting from collision with scow No. 14, belonging to this Department, on 11th inst., off Pier No. 47, North river.

August 22. Offer of Lederle, Wessely & Co., to prepare plans, drawings, specifications, etc., for sheds to be erected on new Piers Nos. 43 and 46, North river, and to supervise the work of construction for two and a half per cent. on the amount of contract for building same. Accepted.

August 22. Commissioners of the Sinking Fund requested to consider the propriety of readvertising for bids for the franchise for a ferry from the foot of Grand street, East river, to Grand street, Brooklyn, including the leasing of the necessary wharf property, the New York and Brooklyn Ferry Company having notified this Department that it had withdrawn its boats and discontinued the said ferry, consequent upon this Department demanding the payment of the rent due 1st August, 1874.

August 22. Secretary directed to transmit to the Comptroller statements prepared by the Engineer-in-Chief, showing the cost in detail of constructing new Piers Nos. 44, 45, and 46, North river.

August 24. Engineer-in-Chief directed to ascertain what surveys of Harlem river, and Spuyten Duyvil creek, and the shores of the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards, have heretofore been made by authority of the City or State of New York, or of the United States Government, and upon obtaining the information to report what surveys, if any, are necessary to be made to prepare proper maps; and to render his opinion as to what general plan of piers and bulkheads would be most advantageous for the commercial wants of that section of the city; and to report such other information as may tend to carrying out of the spirit and intent of the concurrent resolution, passed by the Senate of the State of New York, April 30, 1874.

August 27. Dock Superintendent directed to cause the removal of the large quantity of bricks on the end of pier at One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street, North river, the safety of the pier being reported as endangered thereby.

August 27. Comptroller advised that the yellow-pine piles furnished by James Bigler, assignee of Dunham & Co., contractors for furnishing piles, were purchased, for the reason that they could be obtained at the same price as the white pine or spruce piles called for by the contract, and were considered more durable and less liable to rot.

EUGENE T. LYNCH,
Secretary.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

HEADQUARTERS

FIRE DEPARTMENT CITY OF NEW YORK,
WEDNESDAY, October 28, 1874.

The Board of Commissioners and the Comptroller met to receive proposals for furnishing forage.

Present—President Joseph L. Perley in the chair, Commissioners Roswell D. Hatch and Cornelius Van Cott, and Comptroller Andrew H. Green.

The President submitted the affidavit of the Supervisor of the CITY RECORD as to the publication of the advertisement according to law and the blank form of contract as approved by the Counsel to the Corporation. Filed.

Proposals.

were received and disposed of as follows:

No. 1. From Wm. Hollister, Ninety-first street and Avenue A—
80,000 lbs. hay, at 90 cents per cwt. . . \$720 00
15,000 " straw, at 74 " " . . . 111 00
600 bags oats, at \$1.58 per bag . . . 948 00
400 bags fine feed, at 85 cents per bag . . . 340 00
\$2,119 00

Ordered to be transmitted to the Comptroller for approval of sureties.

No. 2. From Gleason & Snodgrass, No. 303 West street—
80,000 lbs. hay, at \$1.12½ per cwt. . . \$900 00
15,000 " straw, at 85 cents . . . 127 50
600 bags oats, at \$1.75 . . . 1,050 00
400 " fine feed, at 90 cents . . . 360 00
\$2,437 50

Filed.

Adjourned.

WM. B. WHITE,
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS,
345 and 348 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK, October 28, 1874.

TO CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING SAND, BROKEN STONE AND RIP-RAP STONE.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING THESE materials, addressed to "Jacob A. Westervelt, President of the Department of Docks," will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M., of Friday, November 13, 1874, at which time the bids will be publicly opened and read.

The award of the contracts will be made as soon as practicable thereafter. Any bidder must be well prepared for the business, and shall give security for the faithful performance of his contract, in the manner prescribed and required by ordinance.

The quantity to be delivered under the contract is estimated at about 8,000 cubic yards of sand, and about 20,000 cubic yards of broken stone, and 10,000 cubic yards of rip-rap stone, and the material must be delivered as called for by the requisitions issued by the Department. The contract is to cease and terminate twelve months from the date of the signing thereof.

Separate proposals will be received, and contracts awarded for the material, as follows: One contract for sand, and one contract for broken and rip-rap stone. All the material will be measured in bulk on board the vessels at the place of delivery, by such person or persons as may be appointed for the purpose by the Department.

NOTE.—Samples of the sand and stone proposed to be furnished must be deposited in the office of the Department of Docks, by each bidder, on or before the delivery of his proposal, and must be labeled with his name or other mark.

Bidders will state in the following proposals the price or each separate item of the material to be furnished, by which the bids will be tested. The price is to cover all expenses necessary for the complete fulfillment of the contract.

No proposals will be considered unless accompanied by the consent, in writing, of two householders or freeholders of the City of New York, with their respective places of business or residence, to the effect that, if the contract be awarded under that proposal, they will, on its being so awarded, become bound as sureties for its faithful performance; which consent must be verified by the justification of each of the persons signing the same for double the amount of security required.

No proposal will be accepted from, or contract awarded to, any person who is in arrears to the Corporation, upon debt or contract, or who is a defaulter, as security or otherwise, upon any obligation to the Corporation.

Blank forms of proposals can be obtained by application at the office of the Department, and the form of the agreement, including specifications, and showing the manner of payment for the material, is annexed thereto.

JACOB A. WESTERVELT,
WILLIAM GARDNER,
WILLIAM BUDD,
Commissioners of the Department of Docks.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS
FOR THEErection of the Court-house in
Third Judicial District
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

233 BROADWAY, ROOM 5,
October 30, 1874.

IRREGULARITIES HAVING OCCURRED IN the former proposals, the Commissioners deem it for the best interests of the City to re-advertise for proposals for iron work of a Court-house, Bell-tower, and Prison building, to be erected in the Third Judicial District of the City of New York, on Sixth avenue, Greenwich avenue, and West Tenth street.

Separate proposals in sealed envelopes will be received at the office of the Commissioners, 233 Broadway, Room 5, until Thursday, November 12, 1874, at the hour of 12 M., when they will be opened, for the supply and erection of the iron-work, in accordance with the drawings and specifications for the same, which may now be seen at the office of said Commissioners, 233 Broadway, Room 5.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by the consent, in writing, of two responsible householders or freeholders of the City of New York, with their respective places of business or residences being named, to the effect that they will become bound as sureties in the sum of ten thousand dollars for the faithful performance of the contract, should it be awarded upon that proposal.

Each proposal must state the name and place of residence of the person making the same.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all proposals, if, in their judgement, the same may be for the best interests of the City.

Proposed sureties must verify their consent before a Judge of a Court of Record, in the County of New York.

Forms of proposals may be obtained at the office of the Commissioners, as above.

Proposals must be addressed to the Commissioners for the erection of the Court-house in the Third Judicial District of the City of New York, and indorsed "Proposals for Iron-work, Court-house, Third Judicial District."

HENRY H. PORTER, Pres't,
EDWARD BERRIAN,
WILLIAM DODGE,
Commissioners.

J. AUGUSTUS PAGE,
Secretary

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, September 18, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment lists were received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED SEPTEMBER 11, 1874.
Regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones in One Hundred and Nineteenth street, from Fourth to Eighth avenue, except between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

Regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones, and flagging Seventy-fifth street, from Eighth to Tenth avenue.

Flagging, and curb and gutter East Seventy-eighth street, between Third and Fifth avenues.

All payments made on the above assessments on or before the 17th day of November, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, Sept. 17, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment lists were received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED AUGUST 31, 1874.
Underground drains, between Sixty-second and Sixty-eighth streets, and between Eighth and Ninth avenues.
Sewer in Sixty-seventh street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

Paving One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, from Harlem river to Manhattan street, and Manhattan street, from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street to North river.

CONFIRMED SEPTEMBER 3, 1874.
Regulating, grading, setting curb, gutter, and flagging Sixty-eighth street, from Third to Fourth avenue.

Curb and gutter Fifty-seventh street, from Eleventh avenue to North river.

Flagging Fifty-seventh street, from Eleventh avenue to North river.

Flagging sidewalks in Fifty-seventh street, from Sixth to Eighth avenue.

Sewer in Montgomery street, between Henry street and East Broadway.

Sewer in Mangin street, between Stanton and Houston streets.

Basin on the northwest corner of Manhattan street and Broadway.

Underground drains between Ninety-six and One Hundred and Eleventh streets, and between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

All payments made on the above assessments on or before the 16th day of November, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, October 3, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS are hereby notified that the following assessment list was received this day, in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED SEPTEMBER 29, 1874.

One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, regulating, grading, setting curb, gutter, and flagging, from Harlem river to Eighth avenue.

All payments made on the above assessment on or before December 3, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of 7 per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

CITY OF NEW YORK—DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU OF ARREARS,
September 1, 1874.

NOTICE OF ALE OF LANDS AND TENEMENTS FOR UNPAID ASSESSMENTS FOR STREETS, AVENUES, AND PARK OPENINGS, WIDENINGS, AND EXTENSIONS.

Under the direction of Andrew H. Green, Comptroller of the City of New York, the undersigned hereby gives public notice, pursuant to the provisions of the act entitled "An act for the collection of taxes, assessments, and Croton water rents in the City of New York, and to amend the several acts in relation thereto, passed April 8, 1871," that the respective owners of all the lands and tenements on which assessments have been laid and confirmed, and are now due and unpaid, and have remained due and unpaid since the confirmation of said assessments for streets, avenues, and park openings, widenings, and extensions, confirmed prior to January 1, 1871, are required to pay to the amount of the assessments so due and unpaid to the Clerk of Arrears, at his office, in the Finance Department, in the New Court-house, in the City of New York, together with the interest thereon, at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum to the time of payment, with the charges of this notice and advertisement.

And if default shall be made in such payment, such lands and tenements will be sold at public auction at the New Court-house in the City Hall Park, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, December 15, 1874, at 12 o'clock noon, for the lowest term of years, at which any person shall offer to take the same, in consideration of advancing the amount of the assessment so due and unpaid, and the interest thereon as aforesaid to the time of the sale, and together with the charges of this notice and advertisement, and all other costs and charges accrued thereon.

And that such sale will be continued from time to time until all the lands and tenements here advertised for sale shall be sold.

And notice is hereby further given that a detailed statement of the assessments, the ownership of the property assessed, and on which the assessments are due and unpaid, is published in a pamphlet, and that copies of the pamphlet are deposited in the office of the Clerk of Arrears in the Finance Department, and will be delivered to any person applying for the same.

A. S. CADY,
Clerk of Arrears.

CITY OF NEW YORK—DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF TAXES,
COURT-HOUSE, PARK, NO. 32 CHAMBERS STREET,
September 4, 1874.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS—NOTICE IS HEREBY

given that the Assessment Rolls, or Tax Books on Real Estate, for the year 1874, will be opened for payment at this office on Thursday next, September 10, 1874.

Payment can be made between the hours of 8 A. M. and 2 P. M.

A deduction at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, calculated from the date of payment to the first day of December, will be made on all taxes paid previous to the first of November.

MARTIN T. McMAHON,
Receiver of Taxes.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, October 2, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment list was received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED SEPTEMBER 25, 1874.

Regulating, grading, curb, gutter, and flagging in Sixty-eighth street, from Eighth avenue to the Hudson river.

All payments made on the above assessment on or before December 1, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.

THE INTEREST ON THE BONDS AND STOCKS of the City and County of New York, due November 1, 1874, will be paid on that day, by the Chamberlain, at his office in the New Court-house.

The transfer books will be closed from September 25 to November 1, 1874.

ANDREW H. GREEN,
Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW YORK,
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
September 10, 1874.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, October 10, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment lists were received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED OCTOBER 2, 1874.

Regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter, and flagging 8 feet wide in Sixty-seventh street, from Eighth avenue to Hudson river.

Flagging Forty-ninth street (south side), between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Sewer in Madison avenue and New avenue (east), between One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets, with branches.

Sewer in One Hundred and Twenty-third street, between Sixth avenue and Mount Morris square.

Basin on the southwest corner of Seventy-fifth street and Lexington avenue.

Basin on the northwest corner of Seventy-fifth street and Lexington avenue.

Basin on the northwest corner of Seventy-sixth street and Lexington avenue.

Underground drains between Seventy-fourth and ninety-second streets, and between Eighth and Tenth avenues.

Paving Fifty-fourth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

Paving Sixty-eighth street, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

All payments made on the above assessments on or before the 11th day of December, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

No. 1. For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter, and flagging Ninety-second street, between Eighth avenue and Boulevard.

No. 2. For curb, gutter, and flagging Thirteenth avenue, east side, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets.

No. 3. For curb, gutter, and flagging East Eleventh street, between Dry Dock street and East river.

No. 4. For flagging sidewalks on the south side of Thirty-fourth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

No. 5. For flagging sidewalks in Fifty-sixth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 6. For building sewer in Madison street, between Gouverneur and Scammel streets.

No. 7. For building sewer in Twelfth street, between Fourth avenue and Broadway.

No. 8. For building sewer in Cannon street, between Broome and Delancey streets.

No. 9. For building sewer in Tompkins street, between Broome and Delancey streets.

No. 10. For building basin on the northeast corner of Tenth street and Broadway.

The limits embraced by such assessments include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on:

No. 1. Both sides of Ninety-second street, between Eighth avenue and Boulevard, to the extent of half the block at intersection of Tenth avenue.

No. 2. The property known as Ward Nos. 61, 62, 63 and 64.

No. 3. Both sides of East Eleventh street, between Avenue D and East River.

No. 4. South side of Thirty-fourth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

No. 5. Both sides of Fifty-sixth street (where not already done), between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 6. Both sides of Madison street, between Gouverneur and Scammel streets.

No. 7. Both sides of Twelfth street, between Broadway and Fourth avenue, except northeast corner of Broadway and Twelfth street.

No. 8. Both sides of Cannon street, between Delancey and Broome streets.

No. 9. Both sides of Tompkins street, between Delancey and Broome streets, except northwest corner of Broome and Tompkins streets.

No. 10. The property known as Ward Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 1, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 inclusive and 1, 2, 7, 8.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to Thomas B. Asten, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 19 Chatham street, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

THOMAS B. ASTEN,
JOHN MCHARG,
MUNSON H. TREADWELL,
VALENTINE S. WOODRUFF,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW YORK, Oct. 29, 1874.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FOLLOWING Assessment Lists have been received by the Board of Assessors from the Commissioner of Public Works:

Persons interested are requested to call and examine the same.

No. 1. For building sewer in Tompkins street, between Broome and Delancey streets.

No. 2. For flagging sidewalks in Fifty-sixth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 3. For laying Belgian pavement in Forty-third street, between Madison avenue and the Grand Central Railroad Depot.

No. 4. For paving with stone blocks in Second avenue, from Sixty-sixth to Eighty-sixth street.

The limits to be assessed are embraced as follows, viz.:

No. 1. Both sides of Tompkins street, between Broome and Delancey streets.

No. 2. Both sides of Fifty-sixth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 3. Both sides of Forty-third street, between Vanderbilt and Madison avenues.

No. 4. Both sides of Second avenue, between Sixty-sixth and Eighty-sixth streets, to the extent of half the block at the intersecting streets.

THOMAS B. ASTEN,
Chairman.

OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
No. 19 Chatham street,
NEW YORK, October 22, 1874.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed, and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

No. 1. For regulating, grading, curb, gutter, and flagging Sixty-fourth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 2. For regulating, grading, curb, gutter, and flagging Fifty-sixth street, from Third avenue to the East river.

No. 3. For curb, gutter, and flagging Madison avenue, east side, from Sixty-third to Sixty-fourth street.

No. 4. For flagging Fifty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

No. 5. For flagging east side of Lexington avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets.

No. 6. For flagging north side of Thirty-sixth street, between Lexington and Third avenues.

No. 7. For laying Belgian pavement in Eightieth street, from Madison to Fifth avenue.

No. 8. For laying Belgian pavement in Forty-eighth street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenue.

No. 9. For building sewer in Lewis street, between Sixth and Eighth streets.

No. 10. For building sewers in Sixth avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-ninth and One Hundred and Forty-seventh streets, with branches.

The limits embraced by such assessments include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on:

No. 1. Both sides of Sixty-fourth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 2. Both sides of Fifty-sixth street, from Third avenue to East river, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersections of Third and Second avenues and Avenue A.

No. 3. The property known as Ward Numbers Twenty-one and Fifty-two.

No. 4. Both sides of Fifty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

No. 5. The property known as Ward Numbers Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-nine to Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-six, inclusive.

No. 6. The property known as Ward Numbers Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-eight to Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-one, inclusive.

No. 7. Both sides of Eightieth street, from Madison to Fifth avenue, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersecting streets.

No. 8. Both sides of Forty-eighth street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenue, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersecting streets.

No. 9. Both sides of Lewis street, from Sixth to Eighth street, except lots on corner of Sixth and Eighth streets.

No. 10. Both sides of Sixth avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-ninth and One Hundred and Forty-seventh streets, and the blocks bounded by One Hundred and Twenty-ninth and One Hundred and Forty-seventh streets, and Sixth and Seventh avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same or either of them, are requested to present their objections, in writing, to Thomas B. Asten, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 19 Chatham street, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

THOMAS B. ASTEN,
JOHN MCHARG,
MUNSON H. TREADWELL,
VALENTINE S. WOODRUFF,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW YORK, Oct. 14, 1874.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
No. 301 MOTT STREET,
NEW YORK, Oct. 16, 1874.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH of the Health Department of the City of New York, held at its office, on the 13th day of October, 1874, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That, under the power conferred by law on the Health Department, for the security of life and health, be and the same is hereby adopted and declared to form a portion of the Sanitary Code:

SECTION 184. That on and after the fourth day of July, 1876, the business of slaughtering animals in the City of New York shall not be conducted south of One Hundred and Tenth street, unless the same shall be done in buildings located directly upon the water front, each having a capacity sufficient for the yarding and slaughtering daily of one-half of the entire number of cattle, or hogs, or small stock (all or separately according to the particular object of each abattoir) slaughtered in this city at the time this ordinance shall go into effect, and so constructed as to receive all stock deliverable thereat directly from cars or transports; and to discharge therefrom all liquid refuse below low-water mark; and to secure the proper care and disposition of all parts of the slaughtered animals upon the premises, or the immediate removal thereof by means of boats; and on and after the fourth day of July, 1876, no cattle, sheep, hogs, or calves shall be driven in the streets of such city below One Hundred and Tenth street; nor shall any offensive business growing out of that of slaughtering, as fat-melting, hide-curing, gut-cleaning, bone-boiling, glue-making, etc., be conducted, except on the premises constructed and prepared as herein required, and devoted to the slaughtering and the disposing thereon of all parts of the slaughtered animals as aforesaid; nor shall any fat, hides, hoofs, or entrails, or other refuse parts of slaughtered animals (except fat or tallow attached to meat exposed for sale, or collected by licensed dealers) be transported in said streets; nor shall any buildings be erected, or converted into, or used as a slaughter-house, until the plans thereof have been duly submitted to the Board of Health, and approved in writing by the said Board.

[L. S.] CHARLES F. CHANDLER,
President.

EMMONS CLARK,
Secretary.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

CENTRAL DEPARTMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL POLICE,
No. 300 MULBERRY STREET,
PROPERTY CLERK'S OFFICE, ROOM 39,
NEW YORK, September 24, 1874.