

Brevigle. The tubs and carts were uncovered. The stench was horrible, and people passing held their noses as they hurried by.

Assistant Inspector Walker, on 7th instant was present at 613 and 716 Washington street and 621 Greenwich street. At 613 Washington street the work was done by J. D. Hurring, as it was also at 621 Greenwich street. The carts were not covered, the privies were not disinfected, the tubs were not covered, but they were thoroughly disinfected (the Inspector says, but adds) the smell from the yards and carts was terrible. At 716, carts 10 and 12 owned by Schriener were used. The tubs were covered and disinfected as were also the carts, but not the privy, the smell was very strong and offensive.

Assistant Inspector Munde visited the premises 525 and 527 west 46th street, on 7th instant, the work was done by H. Smith, cart 22. The tubs were disinfected and covered.

I have myself been present on several occasions when privies were emptied. In all cases the tubs were uncovered, and the cart covers were kept up, but the tubs were disinfected. In the case of Peter Schriener, who emptied a vault at 708 Broadway in the night of August 5th, there was absolutely no offense though the tubs were uncovered.

The result of these inspections entirely justifies the bitter complaints which constantly reach this Bureau, as to the pestiferous odors produced by careless scavenging, and on the other hand it shows that it is possible to do this work in an unoffensive manner. The Manhattan Odorless Excavating Company, have not been inspected under this resolution, as the board is sufficiently acquainted with their mode of operating under certain circumstances, this company are likewise compelled to resort to the use of buckets, but the are new, in perfect order, and have air-tight covers.

The system of scavenging now in vogue in this city is utterly unworthy of the age. Although it is undoubtedly possible, by great care and neatness, to empty vaults without offense by it, the temptation of darkness, which prevents surveillance, and the character of the employes, to whom ordure is not a nuisance, will insure the work being often done in a slovenly manner, "allowing the air of densely populated blocks to be nightly filled with the most poisonous and disgusting emanations, by which low forms of fever, diarrhoea and dysentery are created or seriously aggravated." Every possible precaution should be thrown around this business, and any well sustained complaint should cause the scavenger to lose his license.

I forward with this report a complaint of a number of citizens against an annoyance occasioned by an aggregation of scavenger's carts in an unusually populous part of the city, with the report of Assistant Inspector Munde thereupon. While the report does not confirm the statements as to the offensive odors arising from the carts, the noise of thirty carts and horses, with about ninety men disturbs the slumbers of the neighborhood every night between the hours of 9 P. M. and 4 A. M. There is no reason which justifies this serious annoyance which is detrimental to health and dangerous to life, and I would respectfully recommend that the Board, if it be possible, require a portion of these carts to be kept in other places. This nuisance is, in its spirit, a violation of that part of section 106 of the Sanitary Code, which says that "carts for carrying the contents of any privy, &c., shall not gather in needless numbers before or near any building, place of business, or other premises where any person may be, and when not in use all such carts shall be stored in some place where no needless offence shall be given to any of the people of said city."

All of which is respectfully submitted.
WALTER DE F. DAY, M. D.,
Sanitary Superintendent.

SANITARY BUREAU.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11th, 1873.

Dr. Stephen Smith, Chairman Sanitary Committee.

I beg leave to submit the following report on the condition of the streets and avenues, for the week ending August 9th, compiled from the usual weekly reports of the Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of this Department:

Inspector Judson (1st, 3d and 5th wards) reports his streets as filthy with street manure, and considers it discreditable that so much street dirt and rubbish are allowed to lie in the streets and gutters, to be ground to powder, in the form of mud and dust.

Inspector Tracy (6th Ward) reports Walker street, from Broadway to Baxter street, dirty with street dirt and garbage. Elizabeth street dirty with street dirt, except in front of Fire Department repair shops. Bayard street, from Bowery to Elizabeth, dirty with street dirt. Mott street, from Pell to Bayard street, dirty with street dirt. Pell street and Doyer street dirty with street dirt. White street, from Broadway to Elm, dirty with street dirt. Elm street, from Canal to Pearl streets, dirty with street dirt and rubbish. Leonard street, from Elm to Centre, dirty with street dirt, garbage and rubbish. Mulberry street, from No. 41 down to Chatham, very dirty, with dirt, garbage and slops. Park street, from Pearl to Mott, dirty with street dirt and garbage. Pearl street, from Park street to Elm street, dirty with street dirt, manure and garbage. The streets in the 6th ward are not as clean as usual. I should say that the sweeping during the past week has not been thorough, even when done.

Assistant Inspector Emerson (7th Ward) found in the early part of the week that Division, Jefferson and Jackson streets contained rubbish and garbage, as did also Cherry, between Gouverneur and Corlears. During the latter part of the week, Cherry, between Catharine and Market, Monroe, between Market and Pike, and the eastern sections of Monroe, Madison and Division, East Broadway, between Pike and Rutgers, and

Cherry, between Rutgers and Corlears, were filthy with manure, garbage and slops. The pavement and grading of Corlears street is still unrepaid.

Assistant Inspector Hughes (8th Ward) finds his streets in a tolerably clean condition.

Inspector Morris (9th and 15th Wards) finds his streets in much better condition than the previous week. Several of the streets were very imperfectly cleaned, among the worst of which were West Houston street, between South 5th avenue and Thompson street, and Carmine street, at its junction with Varick.

Inspector Bryant (10th and 13th Wards) reports his district as much dirtier than last week. Mangin street continues in the same condition, containing street filth, garbage, and in front of Nos. 63, 65, 67, 69 and 71, the street gutters and streets contain filth, rubbish and ponded slops and water. Essex street is being improved by the repair of the cobble-stone pavement. Goerck street, from Delancy to Grand streets, contains street dirt and garbage. Division street is dirtier than usual. Hester, Broome and Rivington streets have been imperfectly swept. The Inspector can see no way of keeping the streets clean until the cobble-stone pavement is replaced by something better, and the number of vigorous sweepers increased.

Inspector Munde (11th Ward) reports his streets in fair condition as regards cleanliness, and thinks the Street Cleaning Department deserve credit for their close attention to his very many notoriously badly paved streets. He reports, however, that 12th street, immediately east of Avenue C, contains foul and offensive water, covered with a green scum of evident long standing.

Assistant Inspector Hall (14th Ward) has no complaint to make excepting against Mott and Mulberry, and that portion of Hester street, between Mulberry and Centre. These have the old cobble stone pavement, and it is almost impossible to make it clean or keep it so. That of Mulberry street is in an especially wretched condition, being out of repair throughout its entire length in the 14th ward. "I would urge upon you," he says, "the necessity of having the old cobble stone pavement replaced by the Belgian or square blocks."

Assistant Inspector Atwater (17th Ward) reports that his streets have been clean during the past week, excepting 11th, 12th and 13th streets, portions of which, between 1st avenue and Avenue A, were strewn with garbage and street filth.

Inspector Russell (18th Ward) finds his streets in a very fair condition as regards cleanliness.

Assistant Inspector Walker (20th Ward) reports his streets in fair condition, excepting 39th street, between 9th and 11th avenues.

Inspector Roberts (21st Ward) finds his streets in good sanitary condition, excepting those streets which require to be repaved.

Assistant Inspector Ewing (lower part 22d Ward) reports his streets as not so clean as usual.

Assistant Inspector strong (upper part 22d Ward) reports the following-paved streets filthy with stable manure. Sixtieth street, between Boulevard and 9th avenue; 59th street, from Boulevard to River, and 9th avenue, from 60th to 63d street. Of the unpaved streets—9th avenue, between 67th and 69th streets, contains the ashes and garbage it had four weeks ago, and is daily receiving the same filthy materials. 64th street, between 9th and 10th avenues, is a dumping ground for all sorts of dirt; 63d street, between 9th and 10th avenues, is very filthy with ashes, garbage and all kinds of rubbish.

Inspector Post (lower part of 19th Ward) reports his streets as clean, excepting all the unpaved streets; also 1st avenue, between 43d and 48th streets; 2d avenue, between 46th and 48th streets; 41st street, between 1st and 2d avenues; 47th and 48th streets, between 1st and 3d avenues; 54th and 56th streets, between 2d and 3d avenues.

Assistant Inspector Fowler (upper part of 12th Ward) found all his streets clean and in good condition.

It will be observed that Inspectors having unpaved streets uniformly complain of their want of cleanliness.

The proper paving of the streets is imperatively needed if we would have them clean.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
WALTER DE F. DAY, M. D.,
Sanitary Superintendent.

SANITARY BUREAU,

NEW YORK, August 12th, 1873.

To the Commissioners of the Board of Health.

In compliance with the resolution of the Board passed on the 5th inst., directing the inspection and condemning of all unripe, decayed and unwholesome fruit offered for sale. I beg leave to make the following report:
Captain Thorne of the Street Cleaning Bureau having placed a large police cart with a driver at my disposal, I yesterday detailed Special Inspector Wallahan, who, with officer Rhodes of the Sanitary Police, made a tour of many of the streets of the 8th and lower part of the 15th wards.

In the smaller groceries, and on many hucksters stands they found nearly a cart full of fruit unfit for use, which they condemned, seized and disinfected. They were careful to discriminate between unripe fruit designed for cooking and unwholesome fruit intended to be eaten in its crude state. Whenever opposition was encountered the Ordinance and Resolution of the Board were shown, and the duty was performed as quietly as possible.

The fruit condemned, included melons, pears, apples, peaches, egg-plants, peas, beets, potatoes and cabbage.

The plan seems to work well and will be continued during the week.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
WALTER DE F. DAY, M. D.,
Sanitary Superintendent.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

The following opinions constitute a portion of the proceedings of the Law Department for the week ending August 16th, 1873:

LAW DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
August 14th, 1873.

Hon. William Laimbeer, President Department of Public Charities and Correction:

SIR—The Counsel to the Corporation duly received your letter of the 8th instant, asking his instructions as to the forms necessary to be observed in carrying out the following provisions of section 91 of the charter of 1873, viz.:

"And all such contracts when given shall be given to the lowest bidder, the terms of whose contracts shall be settled by the Counsel to the Corporation, as an act of preliminary specification to the bid or proposal, and who shall give security for the faithful performance of the contract, and in the manner prescribed and required by ordinance; and the adequacy and sufficiency of this security shall, in addition to the justification and acknowledgement, be approved by the Comptroller."

The last clause of section 119, of the charter of 1873, provides, that "the ordinances of the Common Council of the City of New York, in force April 1st, 1870, and all ordinances passed and adopted since May 1st, 1870, and in force at the time of the passage of this act are hereby revived and continued in full force as city ordinances subject to modification, amendment or repeal by the Common Council of said city."

Article 2, of Chapter 7, of the revised ordinances of 1866, contains very full provisions as to the forms to be observed by all heads of departments, in reference to the making of contracts and those provisions, except in cases where they have become obsolete, on account of changes in the organization of the government of the city, and in cases where they are in conflict with existing laws, should be carefully complied with.

The clause in Section 91, of the Charter, to which you particularly refer in your letter, requiring that the terms of all contracts shall be settled by the Counsel to the Corporation as an act of preliminary specification to the bids or proposal, is identical with provisions contained in section 38 of the charter of 1857, and section 104 of the charter of 1870. The evident intent of the Legislature has been, that the exact terms of every contract should be settled by the Counsel to the Corporation, before bids or proposals were received, or at any rate, before the day named in the advertisement for the examination of the specifications, so that bidders might know in advance precisely what contracts they would be required to execute. This is the view of the provision in question which has been heretofore taken by this department, and is in accordance with the uniform practice of those departments, of which the Counsel to the Corporation was the regular legal adviser, prior to the passage of the charter of 1873. In all cases in which a great number of contracts of the same class are to be made, after the form has been once settled by the Counsel to the Corporation, the Department making the contracts should procure printed blanks, and the approval as to form of all contracts drawn up on such blanks will then be a matter of course. In all other cases, where special contracts are required, the Counsel to the Corporation, upon being furnished with the requisite information, will prepare the same with as little delay as possible.

I am, sir, yours very respectfully,
GEORGE P. ANDREWS,
Assistant Counsel to the Corporation.

LAW DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
August 11th, 1873.

William Irwin, Esq., Secretary Department of Public Parks:

SIR—Your letter to the Counsel to the Corporation of the 8th inst., with its enclosures, asking his opinion upon various points connected with the awarding of contracts, was duly received.

You inquire whether the Department has the right, under existing laws, to reject all bids made in pursuance of public advertisements, and award the contract to none of the bidders.

Section 1, of chapter 308, of the laws of 1861, provides as follows:

"All contracts by or on behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, shall be awarded to the lowest bidder for the same respectively, with adequate secur-

ity, and every such contract shall be deemed confirmed in and to such lowest bidder, at the time of the opening of the bids, estimates or proposals therefor, and such contract shall be forthwith duly executed in the name of said Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, by the head of the Department having cognizance thereof, with such lowest bidder."

This provision, so far as I am aware, has never been repealed, and the Department cannot, therefore, lawfully reject all bids, but must award the contract to the lowest bidder whose bid in other respects is made in conformity with the laws and ordinances now in force.

You inquire further whether the Department can reject any, and if so, which of the bids contained in the statement transmitted with your letter.

The irregularities in reference to the first and third bids are so manifest that I have no doubt that it is the right and duty of the Department to reject both of them. It has been judicially determined that the failure of a bidder to name sureties as required by the ordinances of the Common Council, is a defect of substance which renders the bid wholly null.

Russ vs. the Mayor, &c.
12 Legal Observer, 38.

Unless there is some other irregularity in reference to the second bid than that stated by you, I see no grounds upon which it can be rejected.

The third inquiry made by you is whether it is legal to receive proposals at the office of the Department after the hour publicly named for the closing of bids, and what course should be pursued in regard to the same.

I do not think that the Department has the right to receive such proposals.

The ordinances provide that advertisements for bids shall (among other things) require that the person making the bid shall furnish the same in a sealed envelope to the head of the appropriate Department at his office, on or before a day and hour therein named. It would, therefore, be clearly irregular to receive bids after the hour mentioned in the advertisement for closing the same, and I think they should be laid aside unopened or returned to the parties offering them.

In this connection I would respectfully call your attention to the fact that the ordinances require that advertisements for bids shall state that the bids received will be publicly opened by the head of the Department issuing the advertisement, at his office, at a day and hour therein mentioned.

I am, sir, yours very respectfully,
GEORGE P. ANDREWS,
Assistant Counsel to the Corporation.

RULES OF ORDER
OF THE
BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

ADOPTED, JUNE 26, 1873.

I. At the hour appointed for the meeting of the Board, the President shall take the chair, and the members be called to order.

II. In case the President shall not attend, the Clerk, on the appearance of a quorum, shall call the Board to order, when a President pro tem. shall be appointed for that meeting, or until the appearance of the President.

III. After the reading and approving of the minutes, the order of business, which shall not in any case be departed from, except by the consent of a majority of the members present voting therefor, shall be as follows:

- 1st. Presentation of Petitions.
- 2d. Motions or Resolutions.
- 3d. Reports of Committees.
- 4th. Communications and Reports from the Department or Corporation offices.
- 5th. Unfinished Business.
- 6th. Special Orders of the Day.
- 7th. Messages and papers from the Mayor or the Board of Assistant Aldermen may be considered at any time.

IV. Whenever the President may wish to leave the chair, he shall have power to substitute a member in his place, provided that substitution shall not continue beyond the day on which it is made.

V. The President, in all cases, has the right of voting; and when the Board shall be equally divided, including his vote, the question shall be lost.

VI. Whenever it shall be moved, or carried, that the Board go into Committee of the Whole, the President shall leave the chair, and shall appoint a Chairman of the Committee of the Whole, who shall report the proceedings of the Committee. The rules of the Board shall be observed in the Committee of the Whole, except the rules respecting the call for the ayes and noes, and limiting the time for speaking.

VII. On motion, in Committee, to rise and report, the question shall be decided without debate.

VIII. No amendment shall be allowed in the Board on any question which has been decided in Committee of the Whole, unless by the consent of two-thirds of the members present.

IX. If the question in debate contains several points, any member may have the same divided.

X. A motion to refer or lay on the table, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments to the main question.

XI. When any question has been once put and decided, it shall be in order for any member who voted in the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be made after the ordinance, resolution, or act shall have gone out of the possession of the Board; and no motion of reconsideration shall be taken more than once.

XII. No act, resolution, or ordinance shall be sent from this Board to the other Board for concurrence on the same day on which it passed this Board, nor shall any ordinance sent to this Board from the other Board for concurrence be acted upon the same day it passed the other Board.

XIII. Immediately after the adjournment of each meeting of the Board, it shall be the duty of the Clerk to prepare a brief abstract, omitting all technical and formal details, of all resolutions and ordinances introduced or passed, and of all recommendations of Committees, and of all final proceedings, as well as full copies of all Messages from the Mayor, and all reports of Departments or offices, and at once transmit the same to the person authorized to supervise the publication of THE CITY RECORD. No resolution or ordinance providing for or contemplating the alienation or appropriation, or leasing any property of the city, terminating the lease of any property or franchise, or the making of any specific improvement or the appropriation or expenditure of public moneys, or authorizing the incurring of any expense, or the taxing or assessing of property in the city, shall be passed or adopted until five days after such abstract of its provisions shall have been published, and in all cases the yeas and nays upon the final passage of the resolution or ordinance shall be published. He shall thereafter certify and send to the other Board every act, ordinance, and resolution which has originated in and passed this Board, and which requires a concurrent vote of the Board of Assistant Aldermen; and to deliver to the Mayor, certified in like manner, all such ordinances and resolutions which shall have been received from the Board of Assistant Aldermen and concurred in by this Board, and which are required to be submitted to him for approval; and shall certify the proceedings of this Board in reference to all acts or business originating with the other Board. It shall also be the duty of the Clerk to make and keep a list of all messages, acts, resolutions, ordinances and reports, not finally or specially disposed of, being unfinished business, in order of priority, which list shall be called "General Orders," and each member in his turn shall be entitled to call up two in succession, alternating each meeting with the member occupying seat No. 1 and seat No. 16.

XIV. The President shall preserve order and decorum, and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Board.

XV. Every member previously to his speaking, shall rise from his seat and address himself to the President.

XVI. When two or more members shall rise at once, the President shall name the member who is first to speak.

XVII. No member shall speak more than twice to the same question, without leave of the Board, nor more than once until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken.

XVIII. While a member is speaking, no member shall entertain any private discourse, or pass between him and the Chair.

XIX. No question on motion shall be debated and put unless the same be seconded. When a motion is seconded, it shall be stated by the President before debate; and every such motion shall be reduced to writing, if any member desire it.

XX. After a motion is stated by the President, it shall be deemed to be in the possession of the Board; but it may be withdrawn at any time by the mover before the decision or amendment.

XXI. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, unless—

- 1. To amend it;
2. To commit it;
3. To lay on the table
4. To postpone it;
5. For the previous question; or
6. To adjourn.

XXII. A motion to lay on the table shall be decided without amendment or debate; and a motion to commit, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments and debates of the main question.

XXIII. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, and shall be decided without debate, and, upon being disposed of, shall not be renewed, until some intermediate question has been proposed, or other business shall have intervened.

XXIV. The previous question, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments and debate, and shall be put in this form—"Shall the main question be now put?"

XXV. Every member who shall be present when a question is put shall vote for or against the same, unless the Board shall excuse him, or unless he be immediately interested in the question, in which case he shall not vote; but no member shall be permitted to vote upon a question when a division is called, unless present when his name is called in regular order.

XXVI. A member called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain, and the Board, if appealed to, shall decide the case, but without debate. If there be no appeal, the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to.

XXVII. All questions shall be put in the order they are moved, except, in filling up blanks, the longest time and the largest sum shall be first put.

XXVIII. The yeas and noes shall be taken at the request of a member, the name of a member calling for a division shall be entered on the minutes.

XXIX. Upon a division of the Board, the names of those who vote for and those who vote against the question shall be entered on the minutes; any member may change his vote previous to the announcement of the vote of the Board by the President.

XXX. All appointments of officers shall be by ballot, unless dispensed with by the consent of the Board, and a majority of the whole number of the members elected to the Board, shall be necessary to constitute a choice.

XXXI. No member shall absent himself without permission from the President.

XXXII. All committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise ordered by the Board.

XXXIII. Committees appointed to report on any subject, referred to them by the Board shall report the facts in relation to the subject referred with their opinion thereon, in writing, and shall attach thereto all resolutions, petitions, remonstrances, and other papers, relative to the matter referred; and no report shall be received, except the same be signed by a majority of the committee; but nothing contained in this rule shall prevent a minority of any committee from submitting a report. And no report shall be printed, unless by the express direction of the Board, specifying the number of copies to be printed.

XXXIV. Every petition, remonstrance, or other written application intended to be presented to the Common Council may be delivered to the President or any member of the Board and the member to whom it shall be given shall examine the same, and indorse thereon the name of the applicant and the substance of such application, and sign his name thereto; which indorsement only shall be read by the President, unless a member shall require the reading of the paper, in which case the whole shall be read.

XXXV. Standing Committees, consisting of three members each, except the Finance Committee, which shall consist of five members, shall be appointed on the following subjects:

- 1. Arts and Sciences, including Public Instruction.
2. Public Works.
3. Ferries.
4. Finance.
5. Law Department.
6. Markets.
7. Printing and Advertising.
8. Railroads.
9. Repairs and Supplies.
10. Roads.
11. Salaries and Offices.
12. Streets.
13. Street Pavements.
14. Lands and Places.

XXXVI. The President shall be, ex-officio, a member of all committees; but a majority of each committee, exclusive of the President, shall be sufficient to agree upon a report.

XXXVII. The members of the Board shall not leave their places, on adjournment, until the President leaves the chair.

XXXVIII. No person shall be permitted on the floor of the Chamber of this Board, inside of the railing, other than members and ex-members of the Common Council, the Mayor, the heads of the several departments of the City Government, and the reporters of the press, unless by written permission obtained from a member of the Board, to be countersigned by the President; nor shall any such permission extend beyond the day for which it is given. It shall be the duty of the Sergeant-at-arms rigidly to enforce this rule.

XXXIX. None of the foregoing rules and orders shall be amended or repealed, except by the vote of at least a quorum.

S. B. H. VANCE, President.
JOS. C. PINCKNEY, Clerk.

THE CITY RECORD.

The following compilation of the requirements of the Charter with reference to matter to be published and advertised in THE CITY RECORD has been prepared for the convenience of Heads of Departments of the City government.

A. DISBECKER,
Supervisor of the City Record.

MATTER TO BE PUBLISHED AND ADVERTISED IN THE CITY RECORD IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 335 OF THE LAWS OF 1873.

SEC. 16. Immediately after the adjournment of each meeting of either board, it shall be the duty of the clerk of such board to prepare a brief abstract, omitting all technical and formal details, of all resolutions and ordinances introduced or passed, and of all recommendations of committees, and of all final proceedings, as well as full copies of all messages from the Mayor and all reports of departments or officers. He shall at once transmit the same to the person appointed to supervise the publication of THE CITY RECORD.

In all cases the yeas and nays upon the final passage of the resolution or ordinance shall be published.

§ 17. §. 26. The ordinances of the Common Council hall, as far as practicable, be reduced to a code, and be published as such in THE CITY RECORD.

§ 24. The Mayor shall render to the Board of Aldermen every three months, an account of the

expenses and receipts of his office, and therein shall state, in detail, the amounts paid and agreed to be paid by him for salaries to his clerks and subordinates respectively, and the general nature of their duties which shall be published in THE CITY RECORD.

§ 27. The Departments of the City government shall, once in three months, and at such other times as the Mayor may direct, make to him in such form and under such rules as he may prescribe, reports of the operations and action of the same and each of them, which reports shall be published in THE CITY RECORD.

§ 32. The Comptroller of the City of New York shall appoint and at pleasure remove for cause to be stated in writing and published in THE CITY RECORD, a Deputy Comptroller.

§ 38. The sworn statement of the Corporation Attorney and Public Administrator, with a detailed list of costs, commissions, fines and penalties collected shall be published in THE CITY RECORD monthly, as furnished.

§ 44. The name, residence and occupation of each applicant for appointment to any position in the Police Department; as well as the name, residence and occupation of each person appointed to any position, shall be published, and such publication shall, in every instance, be made on the Saturday next succeeding such application or appointment in THE CITY RECORD.

§ 64. All property transmitted to the property clerk of the Police Department shall be advertised in THE CITY RECORD for the benefit of all persons interested, and for the information of the public as to the amount and disposition of the property.

§ 65. All property and money that shall remain in the custody of the property clerk for the period of six months, without any lawful claimant thereto, shall be sold at public auction, after having been advertised in THE CITY RECORD for a period of ten days.

§ 75. Real or personal property belonging to the city, or city and county shall be duly advertised previous to the sale thereof at public auction.

§ 82. The Health Department is authorized and empowered to add to the "Sanitary Code" from time to time, and shall publish additional provisions for the security of life and health in the City of New York, and therein to distribute appropriate powers and duties to the members and employees of the Board of Health, which shall be published in THE CITY RECORD.

§ 91. All contracts shall be entered into by the appropriate heads of departments, and shall, except as otherwise provided, be founded on sealed bids or proposals, made in compliance with public notice duly advertised in THE CITY RECORD, said notice to be published at least ten days.

§ 92. All property sold shall be sold at auction, after previous public notice.

§ 105. The "Board of Street Opening and Improvement" is authorized and empowered, after laying its proposed action before the Board of Aldermen, and publishing full notice of the same for ten days in THE CITY RECORD, to alter the map or plan of New York City so as to lay out new streets, &c., &c. &c.

§ 106. It shall be the duty of the Commissioners of Accounts, once in three months, and oftener if they deem it proper, to examine all vouchers and accounts in the offices of the comptroller and chamberlain, and to make and publish in THE CITY RECORD a detailed statement of the financial condition of the city, showing the amount of its funded and floating debt, the amount received and expended since the last preceding report, with a classification of the sources of revenue and expenditure, and such other information as they shall deem proper.

§ 108. It shall be the duty of the Comptroller to publish in THE CITY RECORD, two months before the election of charter officers, a full and detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures of the corporation during the year ending on the first day of the month in which such publication is made, and the cash balance or surplus; and in every such statement the different sources of city revenue, and the amount received from each the several appropriations made, the objects for which the same were made, and the amount of moneys expended under each, the moneys borrowed on the credit of the Corporation, the authority under which each loan was made, and the terms on which the same was obtained, shall be clearly and particularly specified.

§ 110. In every Department or Board there shall be kept a record of all its transactions, which shall be accessible to the public, and once a week a brief abstract, omitting formal language, shall be made of all transactions, and all contracts awarded and entered into for work and material of every description, which abstract shall contain the name or names, and residences by street and number, of the party or parties to the contract, and of their sureties, if any. A copy of such abstract shall be promptly transmitted to the person designated to prepare THE CITY RECORD, and shall be published therein. Notice of all appointments and removals from office, and all changes of salaries, shall, in like manner, within one week after they are made, be transmitted to and published in THE CITY RECORD.

§ 111. There shall be inserted in THE CITY RECORD nothing aside from such official matters as are in this act (Chap. 335 Laws of 1873,) expressly authorized.

All advertising required to be done for the city, and all notices required by law or ordinance to be published in corporation papers, shall be inserted, at the public expense, only in THE CITY RECORD, and a publication therein shall be

a sufficient compliance with any law or ordinance requiring publication of such matter or notices.

There shall be published in THE CITY RECORD, within the month of January in each year, a list of all subordinates employed in any Department (except laborers), with their salaries, and residences by street numbers, and all changes in such subordinates or salaries shall be so published within one week after they are made.

It shall be the duty of all Heads of Departments to furnish to the person appointed to supervise the publication of THE CITY RECORD, everything required to be inserted therein. The said person shall have power to make requisitions in writing upon the Heads of Departments, to furnish the information necessary to make up such list, according to rules prescribed by him and approved by the Comptroller; and such information must be supplied by the department within ten days after such requisition. He shall have power to require such information in the same manner, every three months, and all other information in the control of said Heads of Departments necessary to perform his duties under this section. He shall include in his list the number of laborers, designating the department in which they are employed, and, if practicable, the numbers employed in the prosecution of specific work, and the amounts paid to them. He shall also cause to be printed in each issue of said CITY RECORD a separate statement of the hours during which all public offices in the city are open for business, and at which each court regularly opens and adjourns, as well as of the places where such offices are kept, and such courts are held.

The detailed canvass of votes at every election shall be published at the expense of the city only in THE CITY RECORD.

The Mayor may order the insertion of any official matter or report in THE CITY RECORD.

§ 112. After the provisional estimate is made by the Board of Apportionment, it shall be submitted by said board, with their reasons for it in detail, within ten days, to the Board of Aldermen, whereupon a special meeting of said Board shall be called to consider such estimate, and the same shall simultaneously be published in THE CITY RECORD.

Should the said Board of Apportionment overrule objections or suggestions made by the Board of Aldermen the reasons for such action shall be published in THE CITY RECORD.

NAMES, RESIDENCES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

1873-4.

- 1. Samuel B. H. Vance, President; place of business, corner of 24th street and 10th avenue; residence, 206 West 23d street.
2. Oliver P. C. Billings, place of business, 15 Nassau street; residence, 7 University place.
3. Jenkins Van Schaick, place of business, 13 Broad street; residence, 1 University place.
4. Stephen V. R. Cooper, place of business, 177 Broadway; residence, 318 West 51st street.
5. John Falconer, place of business, 472 Broome street; residence, 308 East 15th street.
6. George Koch, place of business, 23 Rivington street, residence, 638 Lexington avenue.
7. Peter Kehr, place of business, 115 Norfolk street, residence, 50 Seventh street.
8. Robert McCafferty, place of business, 654 5th avenue; residence, 838 Lexington avenue.
9. Oswald Ottendorfer, place of business, 17 Chatham street; residence, 7 East 17th street.
10. Henry Clausen, place of business, 309 East 47th street; residence, 83d street corner Avenue A.
11. Patrick Lysaght, place of business, 514 Pearl street; residence, 27 City Hall Place.
12. Richard Flanagan, place of business, 312 West 22d street; residence, 312 West 22d street.
13. John Reilly, place of business, 62 East 14th street; residence, 314 East 14th street.
14. John J. Morris, place of business, 59 University Place; residence, 117 West 21st street.
15. Joseph A. Monheimer, place of business, 233 East 31st street; residence, 233 East 31st street.

SAMUEL B. H. VANCE, President.
JOSEPH C. PINCKNEY, Clerk.

STANDING COMMITTEES

- ARTS AND SCIENCES, INCLUDING PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.
Aldermen Billings, Monheimer, Reilly.
FERRIES.
Aldermen Falconer, Cooper, Lysaght.
FINANCE.
Aldermen Van Schaick, Clausen, Kehr, Morris, Ottendorfer.
LANDS AND PLACES.
Aldermen McCafferty, Koch, Monheimer.
LAW DEPARTMENT.
Aldermen Cooper, Billings, Flanagan.
MARKETS.
Aldermen Morris, Kehr, Lysaght.
PRINTING AND ADVERTISING.
Aldermen Kehr, Ottendorfer, Falconer.
PUBLIC WORKS.
Aldermen Koch, Morris, Clausen.
RAILROADS.
Aldermen Billings, Van Schaick, Ottendorfer.
REPAIRS AND SUPPLIES.
Aldermen Kehr, Cooper, Flanagan.
ROADS.
Aldermen Cooper, Clausen, Reilly.
SALARIES AND OFFICES.
Aldermen Ottendorfer, Koch, McCafferty.
STREETS.
Aldermen Monheimer, Billings, McCafferty.
STREETS AND PAVEMENTS.
Aldermen Falconer, Monheimer, Van Schaick.
SAMUEL B. H. VANCE, President.
JOSEPH C. PINCKNEY, Clerk.

