NYC Administration for Children's Services **Quarterly Detention Incident Report** Fiscal Year 2020- 3rd Quarter (January 1, 2020 - March 31, 2020)

Use of Physical Restraints in Detention on Youth in Custody

		Number of Physical	Number of Physical	Number of Physical	
	Number of Physical Restraints by	Restraints by Staff on	Restraints by Staff on	Restraints by Staff on	
	Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Youth in Custody resulting	Youth in Custody resulting	Youth in Custody resulting	ıg
		in Injury ²	in Injury A ³	in Injury B ⁴	
Crossroads Juvenile Center	250	9		0	9
Horizon Juvenile Center	89	3		0	3
Secure Facilities Subtotal	339	12		0	12
Court Services/Transportation Subtot	5	0		0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	44	0		0	0
Detention Total	388	12		0	12

Use of Mechanical Restraints in Detention on Youth in Custody

		Number of Mechanical	Number of Mechanical	Number of Mechanical	
	Number of Mechanical Restraints by	Restraints by Staff on	Restraints by Staff on	Restraints by Staff on	
	Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Youth in Custody resulting	Youth in Custody resulting	Youth in Custody resulting	
		in Injury ²	in Injury A ³	in Injury B ⁴	
Crossroads Juvenile Center	40		5	0	5
Horizon Juvenile Center	12		1	0	1
Secure Facilities Subtotal	52		6	0	6
Court Services/Transportation Subtota	2		0	0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	0		0	0	0
Detention Total	54		6	0	6

¹ Physical restraints refer to physical hold techniques included in the Safe Crisis Management System and other non-offensive physical safety interventions.

Data Source: Incident Database as of May 6, 2020

² Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.

³ 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.

⁴ 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

⁵ Mechanical restraints refer to restraints involving the use of handcuffs, shackles, and flex-cuffs.

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Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody

	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injuries ¹	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting $in\ Injury\ \text{A}^2$	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury B ³
Crossroads Juvenile Center	85	26	4	22
Horizon Juvenile Center	12	1	0	1
Secure Facilities Subtotal	97	27	4	23
Court Services/Transportation Subtota	2	1	1	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	28	3	0	3
Detention Total	127	31	5	26

Other Incidents Resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody

	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody ¹	•	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury B) ³
Crossroads Juvenile Center	87	6	81
Horizon Juvenile Center	25	2	23
Secure Facilities Subtotal	112	8	104
Court Services/Transportation Subtota	1	0	1
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	11	1	10
Detention Total	124	9	115

Number of Room Confinement for Youth in Custody

Detention Total	6
Horizon Juvenile Center	6
Crossroads Juvenile Center	0

Length of Each Use of Room Confinement

Croc	croade	Doom	Confinements	

-			
Length of Time		Number	
		0	
	Total	0	

Horizon Room Confinements	s
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Length of Time		Number	
1hr 20mins		1	
2hrs 48mins		1	
4hrs 38mins		1	
4hrs 08mins		1	
8hrs 30mins		1	
8hrs 43mins		1	
	Total	6	

¹ Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.

Data Source: Incident Database as of May 6, 2020

² 'Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.

³ 'Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.