

NEW YORK STATE
GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW
CHAPTER 24 OF THE CONSOLIDATED LAWS
ARTICLE 18--CONFLICTS OF INTEREST OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES
SECTIONS 800 THROUGH 813

Current through Chapters 1-59 and 61-557 of the 2010 Legislative Session

§ 800. Definitions

When used in this article and unless otherwise expressly stated or unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Chief fiscal officer" means a comptroller, commissioner of finance, director of finance or other officer possessing similar powers and duties, except that in a school district the term shall not mean a member of the board of education or a trustee thereof.

2. "Contract" means any claim, account or demand against or agreement with a municipality, express or implied, and shall include the designation of a depository of public funds and the designation of a newspaper, including but not limited to an official newspaper, for the publication of any notice, resolution, ordinance, or other proceeding where such publication is required or authorized by law.

3. "Interest" means a direct or indirect pecuniary or material benefit accruing to a municipal officer or employee as the result of a contract with the municipality which such officer or employee serves. For the purposes of this article a municipal officer or employee shall be deemed to have an interest in the contract of (a) his spouse, minor children and dependents, except a contract of employment with the municipality which such officer or employee serves, (b) a firm, partnership or association of which such officer or employee is a member or employee, (c) a corporation of which such officer or employee is an officer, director or employee and (d) a corporation any stock of which is owned or controlled directly or indirectly by such officer or employee.

4. "Municipality" means a county, city, town, village, school district, consolidated health district, county vocational education and extension board, public library, board of cooperative educational services, urban renewal agency, a joint water works system established pursuant to chapter six hundred fifty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred twenty-seven, or a town or county improvement district, district corporation, or other district or a joint service established for the purpose of carrying on, performing or financing one or more improvements or services intended to benefit the health, welfare, safety or convenience of the inhabitants of such governmental units or to benefit the real property within such units, an industrial development agency but shall have no application to a city having a population of one million or more or to a county, school district, or other public agency or facility therein.

5. "Municipal officer or employee" means an officer or employee of a municipality, whether paid or unpaid, including members of any administrative board, commission or other agency thereof and in the case of a county, shall be deemed to also include any officer or employee paid from county funds. No person shall be deemed to be a municipal officer or employee solely by reason of being a volunteer fireman or civil defense volunteer, except a fire chief or assistant fire chief.

6. "Treasurer" means a county treasurer, city treasurer, town supervisor, village treasurer, school district treasurer, fire district treasurer, improvement district treasurer, president of a board of health of a consolidated health district, county vocational educational and extension board treasurer, treasurer of a board of cooperative educational services, public general hospital treasurer, or other officer possessing similar powers and duties.

§ 801. Conflicts of interest prohibited

Except as provided in section eight hundred two of this chapter, (1) no municipal officer or employee shall have an interest in any contract with the municipality of which he is an officer or employee, when such officer or employee, individually or as a member of a board, has the power or duty to (a) negotiate, prepare, authorize or approve the contract or authorize or approve payment thereunder (b) audit bills or claims under the contract, or (c) appoint an officer or employee who has any of the powers or duties set forth above and (2) no chief fiscal officer, treasurer, or his deputy or employee, shall have an interest in a bank or trust company designated as a depository, paying agent, registration agent or for investment of funds of the municipality of which he is an officer or employee. The provisions of this section shall in no event be construed to preclude the payment of lawful compensation and necessary expenses of any municipal officer or employee in one or more positions of public employment, the holding of which is not prohibited by law.

§ 802. Exceptions

The provisions of section eight hundred one of this chapter shall not apply to:

1. a. The designation of a bank or trust company as a depository, paying agent, registration agent or for investment of funds of a municipality except when the chief fiscal officer, treasurer, or his deputy or employee, has an interest in such bank or trust company; provided, however, that where designation of a bank or trust company outside the municipality would be required because of the foregoing restriction, a bank or trust company within the municipality may nevertheless be so designated;

b. A contract with a person, firm, corporation or association in which a municipal officer or employee has an interest which is prohibited solely by reason of employment as an officer or employee thereof, if the remuneration of such employment will not be directly affected as a result of such contract and the duties of such employment do not directly involve the procurement, preparation or performance of any part of such contract;

c. The designation of a newspaper, including but not limited to an official newspaper, for the publication of any notice, resolution, ordinance or other proceeding where such publication is required or authorized by law;

d. The purchase by a municipality of real property or an interest therein, provided the purchase and the consideration therefor is approved by order of the supreme court upon petition of the governing board;

e. The acquisition of real property or an interest therein, through condemnation proceedings according to law;

f. A contract with a membership corporation or other voluntary non-profit corporation or association including, but not limited to, rural electric cooperatives. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "rural electric cooperative" shall have the same meaning as the term "cooperative" as defined in subdivision (a) of section two of the rural electric cooperative law;

g. The sale of bonds and notes pursuant to section 60.10 of the local finance law;

h. A contract in which a municipal officer or employee has an interest if such contract was entered into prior to the time he was elected or appointed as such officer or employee, but this paragraph shall in no event authorize a renewal of any such contract;

i. Employment of a duly licensed physician as school physician for a school district upon authorization by a two-thirds vote of the board of education of such school district, notwithstanding the fact that such physician shall have an interest, as defined in section eight hundred one of this chapter, in such employment.

j. Purchases or public work by a municipality, other than a county, located wholly or partly within a county with a population of two hundred thousand or less pursuant to a contract in which a member of the governing body or board has a prohibited interest, where:

(1) the member of the governing body or board is elected and serves without salary;

(2) the purchases, in the aggregate, are less than five thousand dollars in one fiscal year and the governing body or board has followed its procurement policies and procedures adopted in accordance with the provisions of section one hundred four-b of this chapter and the procurement process indicates that the contract is with the lowest dollar offer;

(3) the contract for the purchases or public work is approved by resolution of the body or board by the affirmative vote of each member of the body or board except the interested member who shall abstain.

2. a. A contract with a corporation in which a municipal officer or employee has an interest by reason of stockholdings when less than five per centum of the outstanding stock of the corporation is owned or controlled directly or indirectly by such officer or employee;

b. A contract for the furnishing of public utility services when the rates or charges therefor are fixed or regulated by the public service commission;

c. A contract for the payment of a reasonable rental of a room or rooms owned or leased by an officer or employee when the same are used in the performance of his official duties and are so designated as an office or chamber;

d. A contract for the payment of a portion of the compensation of a private employee of an officer when such employee performs part time service in the official duties of the office;

e. A contract in which a municipal officer or employee has an interest if the total consideration payable thereunder, when added to the aggregate amount of all consideration payable under contracts in which such person had an interest during the fiscal year, does not exceed the sum of seven hundred fifty dollars.

f. A contract with a member of a private industry council established in accordance with the federal job training partnership act [FN1] or any firm, corporation or association in which such member holds an interest, provided the member discloses such interest to the council and the member does not vote on the contract.

[FN1: 29 USC § 1501, et seq.]

§ 803. Disclosure of interest

1. Any municipal officer or employee who has, will have, or later acquires an interest in or whose spouse has, will have, or later acquires an interest in any actual or proposed contract, purchase agreement, lease agreement or other agreement, including oral agreements, with the municipality of which he or she is an officer or employee, shall publicly disclose the nature and extent of such interest in writing to his or her immediate supervisor and to the governing body thereof as soon as he or she has knowledge of such actual or prospective interest. Such written disclosure shall be made part of and set forth in the official record of the proceedings of such body.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision one of this section, disclosure shall not be required in the case of an interest in a contract described in subdivision two of section eight hundred two hereof.

§ 804. Contracts void

Any contract willfully entered into by or with a municipality in which there is an interest prohibited by this article shall be null, void and wholly unenforceable.

§ 804-a. Certain interests prohibited

No member of the governing board, of a municipality shall have any interest in the development or operation of any real property located within Nassau County and developed or

operated by any membership corporation originally formed for purposes among which are the following:

1. to plan for, advise, recommend, promote and in all ways encourage, alone or in concert with public officials and bodies and interested local associations, the development and establishment of any lands in Nassau County publically owned with particular emphasis on industrial, business, commercial, residential and public uses, the augmentation [FN1] of public revenues and furtherance of the public interest of the citizens of Nassau County;

2. to conduct studies to ascertain the needs of Nassau County as pertains to such publically owned lands and supporting facilities and in Nassau County generally for the purpose of aiding the County of Nassau in attracting new business, commerce and industry to it and in encouraging the development and retention of business, commerce and industry;

3. to relieve and reduce unemployment, promote and provide for additional and maximum employment, better and maintain job opportunities and instruct or train individuals to improve or develop their capabilities for such jobs;

4. to implement and engage itself in plans of development of such publically owned lands and other areas in connection with private companies and citizens and with public bodies and officials, and to participate in such operations, leaseholds, loans, ownerships with respect to land, buildings or public facilities or interest therein as may be lawful and desirable to effectuate its corporate purposes and the best interests of the people of Nassau County.

[FN1: so in original]

§ 805. Violations

Any municipal officer or employee who willfully and knowingly violates the foregoing provisions of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 805-a. Certain action prohibited

1. No municipal officer or employee shall: a. directly or indirectly, solicit any gift, or accept or receive any gift having a value of seventy-five dollars or more, whether in the form of money, service, loan, travel, entertainment, hospitality, thing or promise, or in any other form, under circumstances in which it could reasonably be inferred that the gift was intended to influence him, or could reasonably be expected to influence him, in the performance of his official duties or was intended as a reward for any official action on his part;

b. disclose confidential information acquired by him in the course of his official duties or use such information to further his personal interests;

c. receive, or enter into any agreement, express or implied, for compensation for services to be rendered in relation to any matter before any municipal agency of which he is an officer,

member or employee of any municipal agency over which he has jurisdiction or to which he has the power to appoint any member, officer or employee; or

d. receive, or enter into any agreement, express or implied, for compensation for services to be rendered in relation to any matter before any agency of his municipality, whereby his compensation is to be dependent or contingent upon any action by such agency with respect to such matter, provided that this paragraph shall not prohibit the fixing at any time of fees based upon the reasonable value of the services rendered.

2. In addition to any penalty contained in any other provision of law, any person who shall knowingly and intentionally violate this section may be fined, suspended or removed from office or employment in the manner provided by law.

§ 805-b. Solemnization of marriages

Notwithstanding any statute, law or rule to the contrary, no public officer listed in section eleven of the domestic relations law shall be prohibited from accepting any fee or compensation having a value of one hundred dollars or less, whether in the form of money, property, services or entertainment, for the solemnization of a marriage by such public officer at a time and place other than the public officer's normal public place of business, during normal hours of business. For the purpose of this section, a town or village judge's normal hours of business shall mean those hours only which are officially scheduled by the court for the performing of the judicial function.

§ 806. Code of ethics

1. (a) The governing body of each county, city, town, village, school district and fire district shall and the governing body of any other municipality may by local law, ordinance or resolution adopt a code of ethics setting forth for the guidance of its officers and employees the standards of conduct reasonably expected of them. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to the contrary, a fire district code of ethics shall also apply to the volunteer members of the first district fire department. Codes of ethics code shall provide standards for officers and employees with respect to disclosure of interest in legislation before the local governing body, holding of investments in conflict with official duties, private employment in conflict with official duties, future employment and such other standards relating to the conduct of officers and employees as may be deemed advisable. Such codes may regulate or prescribe conduct which is not expressly prohibited by this article but may not authorize conduct otherwise prohibited. Such codes may provide for the prohibition of conduct or disclosure of information and the classification of employees or officers.

(b) Effective on and after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one, such codes of political subdivisions, as defined in section eight hundred ten of this article, may contain provisions which require the filing of completed annual statements of financial disclosure with the appropriate body, as defined in section eight hundred ten of this article. Nothing herein shall be construed to restrict any political subdivision or any other municipality from requiring such a filing prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one. Other than as required by subdivision

two of section eight hundred eleven of this article, the governing body of any such political subdivision or other municipality may at any time subsequent to the effective date of this paragraph, adopt a local law, ordinance or resolution pursuant to subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article and any such political subdivision or municipality, acting by its governing body, may take such other action as is authorized in such subdivision. Any political subdivision or other municipality to which all of the provisions of section eight hundred twelve of this article apply may elect to remove itself from the ambit of all (but not some) provisions of such section in the manner authorized in subdivision three of such section eight hundred twelve. In such event any such political subdivision or municipality shall be subject to certain conditions and limitations set forth in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of such subdivision three which shall include, but not be limited to, the promulgation of a form of an annual statement of financial disclosure described in subdivision one of such section eight hundred eleven.

2. The chief executive officer of a municipality adopting a code of ethics shall cause a copy thereof to be distributed to every officer and employee of his municipality. The fire district commissioners shall cause a copy of the fire district's code of ethics to be posted publicly and conspicuously in each building under such district's control. Failure to distribute any such copy or failure of any officer or employee to receive such copy shall have no effect on the duty of compliance with such code, nor the enforcement of provisions thereof.

3. Until January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one, the clerk of each municipality shall file in the office of the state comptroller and on or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one, the clerk of each municipality and of each political subdivision, as defined in section eight hundred ten of this article, shall file with the temporary state commission on local government ethics established by section eight hundred thirteen of this article, if such temporary state commission be in existence, and in all events shall maintain as a record subject to public inspection:

(a) a copy of any code of ethics or any amendments to any code of ethics adopted within thirty days after the adoption of such code or such amendment,

(b) a statement that such municipality or political subdivision has established a board of ethics, in accordance with section eight hundred eight and/or pursuant to other law, charter, code, local law, ordinance or resolution, and the composition of such board, within thirty days after the establishment of such board.

(c) a copy of the form of annual statement of financial disclosure described in subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article and either a statement of the date such annual statement form was promulgated by local law, ordinance or resolution of the governing body, if adopted pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article, or a statement that the governing body has, by local law, ordinance or resolution, resolved to continue the use of an authorized form of annual statement of financial disclosure in use on the date such local law, ordinance or resolution is adopted, if adopted pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article, and if as of January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one, no such form was promulgated and no such resolve was made to continue using an existing annual statement form, a statement that the provisions of section eight hundred twelve of this article apply or that it is a

municipality which is not subject to the provisions of section eight hundred twelve of this article because it is not a political subdivision as defined in section eight hundred ten of this article.

(d) on or before the fifteenth day of February in each year, the comptroller or the temporary state commission on local government ethics if such commission be in existence, or the clerk of the municipality or political subdivision during or after calendar year nineteen hundred ninety-one if such commission not be in existence, as the case may be, shall submit to the legislature a report listing the name of each county, city, town, village and school district which has as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding, failed to so file with him or with it, as the case may be, a code of ethics, or in the case of a filing by the clerk of the municipality or political subdivision, stating whether or not the municipality or political subdivision has in effect as of the filing date, a code of ethics.

(e) not later than April first, nineteen hundred ninety-one, the comptroller shall submit to the temporary state commission on local government ethics:

(i) a report that sets forth, (A) the name of each political subdivision, as such term is defined in section eight hundred ten of this article, the governing body of which has elected to satisfy the requirements of subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article by continuing to use the annual statement form in existence at the time such election is made as authorized by subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article, and (B) the name of each political subdivision, as so defined, other than those listed in clause (A) of this subparagraph (i), that timely promulgated an annual statement form of financial disclosure in accordance with subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article, and (C) in a separate category, sets forth the name of those political subdivisions that failed to continue using its existing form or to promulgate a form and which, therefore, by operation of subdivision two of section eight hundred eleven of this article have become subject, as of January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one, to the provisions of section eight hundred twelve of this article. The comptroller shall, at the same time such report is submitted to the temporary state commission on local government ethics, notify each political subdivision which is contained in the latter category that it is subject to section eight hundred twelve of this article; and

(ii) a copy of the most recent filing by all municipalities and political subdivisions, made pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this subdivision.

§ 807. Posting of statute

The chief executive officer of each municipality shall cause a copy of sections eight hundred through eight hundred nine of this article to be kept posted in each public building under the jurisdiction of his or her municipality in a place conspicuous to its officers and employees. Failure to post any such copy shall have no effect on the duty of compliance with this article, nor with the enforcement of the provisions thereof.

§ 808. Boards of ethics

1. The governing body of any county may establish a county board of ethics and appropriate moneys for maintenance and personal services in connection therewith. The members of such board of ethics shall be appointed by such governing body except in the case of a county operating under an optional or alternative form of county government or county charter, in which case the members shall be appointed by the county executive or county manager, as the case may be, subject to confirmation by such governing body. Such board of ethics shall consist of at least three members, a majority of whom shall not be officers or employees of such county or municipalities wholly or partially located in such county and at least one of whom shall be an elected or appointed officer or employee of the county or a municipality located within such county. The members of such board shall receive no salary or compensation for their services as members of such board and shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority.

2. The board shall render advisory opinions to officers and employees of municipalities wholly or partly within the county with respect to this article and any code of ethics adopted pursuant hereto. Such advisory opinions shall be rendered pursuant to the written request of any such officer or employee under such rules and regulations as the board may prescribe and shall have the advice of counsel employed by the board, or if none, the county attorney. In addition, it may make recommendations with respect to the drafting and adoption of a code of ethics or amendments thereto upon the request of the governing body of any municipality in the county.

3. The governing body of any municipality other than a county may establish a local board of ethics and, where such governing body is so authorized, appropriate moneys for maintenance and personal services in connection therewith. A local board shall have all the powers and duties of and shall be governed by the same conditions as a county board of ethics, except that it shall act only with respect to officers and employees of the municipality that has established such board or of its agencies. The members of a local board shall be appointed by such person or body as may be designated by the governing body of the municipality to serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority and such board shall consist of at least three members, a majority of whom are not otherwise officers or employees of such municipality. Such board shall include at least one member who is an elected or appointed municipal officer or employee.

4. The county board of ethics shall not act with respect to the officers and employees of any municipality located within such county or agency thereof, where such municipality has established its own board of ethics, except that the local board may at its option refer matters to the county board.

5. A board of ethics of a political subdivision (as defined in section eight hundred ten of this article) and of any other municipality, which is required by local law, ordinance or resolution to be, or which pursuant to legal authority, in practice is, the repository for completed annual statements of financial disclosure shall notify the temporary state commission on local government ethics if such commission be in existence and if not, shall file a statement with the clerk of its municipality, that it is the authorized repository for completed annual statements of financial disclosure and that on account thereof, such completed statements will be filed with it and not with the commission. Should any local law, ordinance or resolution be adopted which provides for the filing of such completed annual statements with the temporary state commission on local government ethics instead of with such board of ethics, such board of ethics shall notify the temporary state commission on local government ethics of that fact.

§ 809. Disclosure in certain applications

1. Every application, petition or request submitted for a variance, amendment, change of zoning, approval of a plat, exemption from a plat or official map, license or permit, pursuant to the provisions of any ordinance, local law, rule or regulation constituting the zoning and planning regulations of a municipality shall state the name, residence and the nature and extent of the interest of any state officer or any officer or employee of such municipality or of a municipality of which such municipality is a part, in the person, partnership or association making such application, petition or request (hereinafter called the applicant) to the extent known to such applicant.

2. For the purpose of this section an officer or employee shall be deemed to have an interest in the applicant when he, his spouse, or their brothers, sisters, parents, children, grandchildren, or the spouse of any of them

(a) is the applicant, or

(b) is an officer, director, partner or employee of the applicant, or

(c) legally or beneficially owns or controls stock of a corporate applicant or is a member of a partnership or association applicant, or

(d) is a party to an agreement with such an applicant, express or implied, whereby he may receive any payment or other benefit, whether or not for services rendered, dependent or contingent upon the favorable approval of such application, petition or request.

3. In the county of Nassau the provisions of subdivisions one and two of this section shall also apply to a party officer. "Party officer" shall mean any person holding any position or office, whether by election, appointment or otherwise, in any party as defined by subdivision four of section two of the election law. [FN1]

4. Ownership of less than five per cent of the stock of a corporation whose stock is listed on the New York or American Stock Exchanges shall not constitute an interest for the purposes of this section.

5. A person who knowingly and intentionally violates this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

[FN1: Now Election Law § 1-104(5)]

§ 810. Additional definitions

As used in sections eight hundred eleven, eight hundred twelve and eight hundred thirteen of this article:

1. The term "political subdivision" shall mean a county, city, town or village having a population of fifty thousand or more and shall include a city with a population of one million or more.

2. The term "local elected official" shall mean an elected official of the political subdivision, except judges or justices of the unified court system.

3. The term "local officer or employee" shall mean the heads (other than local elected officials) of any agency, department, division, council, board, commission, or bureau of a political subdivision and their deputies and assistants, and the officers and employees of such agencies, departments, divisions, boards, bureaus, commissions or councils who hold policy-making positions, as annually determined by the appointing authority and set forth in a written instrument which shall be filed with the appropriate body during the month of February; except that the term "local officer or employee" shall not mean a judge, justice, officer or employee of the unified court system. Members, officers and employees of each industrial development agency and authority shall be deemed officers or employees of the county, city, village or town for whose benefit such agency or authority is established.

4. The term "state agency" shall mean any state department, or division, board, commission, or bureau of any state department, any public benefit corporation, public authority or commission at least one of whose members is appointed by the governor, or the state university of New York or the city university of New York, including all their constituent units except community colleges and the independent institutions operating statutory or contract colleges on behalf of the state.

5. The term "spouse" shall mean the husband or wife of the reporting individual unless living separate and apart from the reporting individual with the intention of terminating the marriage or providing for permanent separation or unless separated pursuant to: (a) a judicial order, decree or judgment, or (b) a legally binding separation agreement.

6. The term "local political party official" shall mean:

(a) any chairman of a county committee elected pursuant to section 2-112 of the election law, or his or her successor in office, who received compensation or expenses, or both, from constituted committee or political committee funds, or both, during the reporting period aggregating thirty thousand dollars or more;

(b) that person (usually designated by the rules of a county committee as the "county leader" or "chairman of the executive committee") by whatever title designated, who pursuant to the rules of a county committee or in actual practice, possesses or performs any or all of the following duties or roles, provided that such person received compensation or expenses, or both, from constituted committee or political committee funds, or both, during the reporting period aggregating thirty thousand dollars or more:

- (i) the principal political, executive and administrative officer of the county committee;
 - (ii) the power of general management over the affairs of the county committee;
 - (iii) the power to exercise the powers of the chairman of the county committee as provided for in the rules of the county committee;
 - (iv) the power to preside at all meetings of the county executive committee, if such a committee is created by the rules of the county committee or exists de facto, or any other committee or subcommittee of the county committee vested by such rules with or having de facto the power of general management over the affairs of the county committee at times when the county committee is not in actual session;
 - (v) the power to call a meeting of the county committee or of any committee or subcommittee vested with the rights, powers, duties or privileges of the county committee pursuant to the rules of the county committee, for the purpose of filling an office at a special election in accordance with section 6-114 of the election law, for the purpose of filling a vacancy in accordance with section 6-116 of such law or for the purpose of filling a vacancy or vacancies in the county committee which exist by reason of an increase in the number of election districts within the county occasioned by a change of the boundaries of one or more election districts, taking effect after the election of its members, or for the purpose of determining the districts that the elected members shall represent until the next election at which such members of such committee are elected; provided, however, that in no event shall such power encompass the power of a chairperson of an assembly district committee or other district committee smaller than a county and created by the rules of the county committee, to call a meeting of such district committee for such purpose;
 - (vi) the power to direct the treasurer of the party to expend funds of the county committee; or
 - (vii) the power to procure from one or more bank accounts of the county committee the necessary funds to defray the expenses of the county committee; and
- (c) the city, town or village chairman or leader of a city, town or village committee of a party as the term party is defined in section 1-104 of the election law, but only with respect to a city, town or village having a population of fifty thousand or more, and only if such chairman or leader received compensation or expenses, or both, from constituted committee or political committee funds, or both, during the reporting period aggregating thirty thousand dollars or more. The term chairman or leader is intended to refer to the person who performs the functions and duties of the chief official of a party in the city, town or village by whatever title designated.

The terms "constituted committee" and "political committee", as used in this subdivision six, shall have the same meanings as those contained in section 14-100 of the election law.

7. The term "relative" shall mean such individual's spouse, child, stepchild, stepparent, or any person who is a direct descendant of the grandparents of the reporting individual or of the reporting individual's spouse.

8. The term "unemancipated child" shall mean any son, daughter, stepson or stepdaughter who is under age eighteen, unmarried and living in the household of the reporting individual.

9. The term "appropriate body" or "appropriate bodies" shall mean:

(a) in the case of any political subdivision which has created or hereafter creates a board of ethics which is in existence at the time an annual statement of financial disclosure is due, and which has been designated by local law, ordinance or resolution to be the repository for such completed statements, such board of ethics;

(b) in the case of any political subdivision which has created or hereafter creates a board of ethics which is in existence at the time an annual statement of financial disclosure is due, and which has not been designated by local law, ordinance or resolution to be the repository for such completed statements, the temporary state commission on local government ethics;

(c) in the case of any political subdivision for which no board of ethics is in existence at the time an annual statement of financial disclosure is due, the temporary state commission on local government ethics.

10. The term "regulatory agency" shall have the same meaning as ascribed to such term by subdivision one of section seventy-three of the public officers law.

11. The term "ministerial matter" shall have the same meaning as ascribed to such term by subdivision one of section seventy-three of the public officers law.

12. The term "local agency" shall mean:

(a) any county, city, town, village, school district or district corporation, or any agency, department, division, board, commission or bureau thereof; and

(b) any public benefit corporation or public authority not included in the definition of a state agency.

§ 811. Promulgation of form of annual statement of financial disclosure; authority of governing body with respect to persons subject thereto

1. (a) The governing body of each political subdivision may, not later than January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one, and the governing body of any other municipality may at any time subsequent to the effective date of this section, adopt a local law, ordinance, or resolution: (i) wherein it promulgates a form of annual statement of financial disclosure which is designed to assure disclosure by municipal officers and employees, which for the purposes of this section, the definition for which shall be modified so as to also include a city with a population of one million or more, and (in the case of a political subdivision or any other county, city, town or village) which is designed to assure disclosure by local elected officials and/or by local political party officials of such financial information as is determined necessary by the governing body, or (ii) wherein it resolves to continue the use of an authorized form of annual statement of financial

disclosure in use on the date such local law, ordinance or resolution is adopted. In either event, such local law, ordinance or resolution if and when adopted shall specify by name of office or by title or classification those municipal officers and employees and (in the case of a political subdivision or any other county, city, town or village) those local elected officials and/or those local political party officials which shall be required to complete and file such annual statement.

(a-1) In a city with a population of one million or more, such local law, ordinance or resolution shall require, on two or more types of forms for annual statements of financial disclosure, disclosure of information that could reveal potential conflicts of interest as defined by chapter sixty-eight of the New York city charter.

(i) The disclosure required by such law, ordinance or resolution of such city shall, at a minimum, include information about any non-city employment or interests that may give rise to a conflict of interest, including, but not limited to, interests of the filer and his or her spouse or registered domestic partner, and unemancipated children, in: (A) real property located in such city, and (B) positions or business dealings with, financial interests in, or gifts from, any persons or firms or entities engaged in business dealings with such city.

(ii) In any such city, local elected officials and compensated local officers and employees, as defined in subdivisions two and three, respectively, of [section eight hundred ten](#) of this article, shall, at a minimum, disclose in addition to the information required by subparagraph (i) of this paragraph: (A) interests in a firm where the value of the interest is ten thousand dollars or more; (B) where the official, officer, or employee holds a policy-making position with such city, membership in the national or state committee of a political party or service as assembly district leader of a political party or service as the chair or as an officer of the county committee or county executive committee of a political party; (C) the names and positions of any spouse or registered domestic partner, child, stepchild, brother, sister, parent or stepparent holding a position with any such city; (D) each volunteer office or position held by the filer or his or her spouse or registered domestic partner with any not-for-profit organization engaged in business dealings with such city, except where the person volunteers only in a non-policymaking, non-administrative capacity; and (E) agreements between the filer and any person or firm or entity engaged in business dealings with such city for future payment to or employment of the filer.

(iii) For purposes of this paragraph, the term “firm” shall have the same meaning as set forth in subdivision eleven of section twenty-six hundred one of the New York city charter.

(b) The governing body of a political subdivision or any other county, city, town or village, which requires the completion and filing of either of such forms of annual statements of financial disclosure by local or municipal officers and employees and/or by local elected officials shall have the power, if it so chooses, to require the completion and filing of such annual statements of financial disclosure by local political party officials as if such officials were officers or employees of such county, city, town or village, provided however, that a person who is subject to the filing requirements of both subdivision two of section seventy-three-a of the public officers law and of this subdivision may satisfy the requirements of this subdivision by filing a copy of the statement filed pursuant to section seventy-three-a of the public officers law with the appropriate body, as defined in section eight hundred ten of this article, on or before the

filing deadline provided in such section seventy-three-a, notwithstanding the filing deadline otherwise imposed by this subdivision.

(c) The governing body of a political subdivision or any other county, city, town or village which requires any local or municipal officer or employee or any local elected official or any local political party official to complete and file either of such annual statements of financial disclosure shall have, possess, exercise and enjoy all the rights, powers and privileges attendant thereto which are necessary and proper to the enforcement of such requirement, including but not limited to, the promulgation of rules and regulations pursuant to local law, ordinance or resolution, which rules or regulations may provide for the public availability of items of information to be contained on such form of statement of financial disclosure, the determination of penalties for violation of such rules or regulations, and such other powers as are conferred upon the temporary state commission on local government ethics pursuant to section eight hundred thirteen of this article as such local governing body determines are warranted under the circumstances existing in its county, city, town or village.

(d) The local law, ordinance or resolution, if and when adopted, shall provide for the annual filing of completed statements with either the temporary state commission on local government ethics or with the board of ethics of the political subdivision or other municipality and shall contain the procedure for filing such statements and the date by which such filing shall be required. If the board of ethics is designated as the appropriate body, then such local law, ordinance or resolution shall confer upon the board appropriate authority to enforce such filing requirement, including the authority to promulgate rules and regulations of the same import as those which the temporary state commission on local government ethics enjoys under section eight hundred thirteen of this article. Any such local law, ordinance or resolution shall authorize exceptions with respect to complying with timely filing of such disclosure statements due to justifiable cause or undue hardship. The appropriate body shall prescribe rules and regulations related to such exceptions with respect to extensions and additional periods of time within which to file such statement including the imposition of a time limitation upon such extensions.

(e) Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit a political subdivision or other municipality from promulgating the form of annual financial disclosure statement set forth in section eight hundred twelve of this article. Promulgation of the same form of annual financial disclosure statement set forth in section eight hundred twelve of this article shall not be deemed an automatic election to be subject to the provisions of such section.

2. In the event that a political subdivision fails by January first, nineteen hundred ninety-one to promulgate, or fails by such date to elect to continue using, a form of annual statement of financial disclosure in the manner authorized in subdivision one of this section then the provisions of section eight hundred twelve of this article shall apply on and after such date to any such political subdivision subject to the provisions of subdivision three of such section eight hundred twelve.

§ 812. Financial disclosure for local elected officials and certain officers and employees of counties, cities, towns and villages

1. (a) Any political subdivision or other county, city, town or village to which all of the provisions of this section are made applicable, whether as the result of the provisions contained in subdivision two of section eight hundred eleven of this article or as a result of an election to be subject to the provisions of this section as permitted by subdivision two of this section, shall require (i) each of its local elected officials and local officers and employees, (ii) each local political party official and (iii) each candidate for local elected official with respect to such political subdivision, to file an annual statement of financial disclosure containing the information and in the form set forth in subdivision five of this section except that disclosure requirements for assessors who are not covered by this article shall be governed by the requirements of section three hundred thirty-six of the real property tax law. Such statement shall be filed on or before the fifteenth day of May with respect to the preceding calendar year, except that:

(i) a person who is subject to the reporting requirements of this subdivision and who timely filed with the internal revenue service an application for automatic extension of time in which to file his or her individual income tax return for the immediately preceding calendar or fiscal year shall be required to file such financial disclosure statement on or before May fifteenth but may, without being subjected to any civil penalty on account of a deficient statement, indicate with respect to any item of the disclosure statement that information with respect thereto is lacking but will be supplied in a supplementary statement of financial disclosure, which shall be filed on or before the seventh day after the expiration of the period of such automatic extension of time within which to file such individual income tax return, provided that failure to file or to timely file such supplementary statement of financial disclosure or the filing of an incomplete or deficient supplementary statement of financial disclosure shall be subject to the notice and penalty provisions of this section respecting annual statements of financial disclosure as if such supplementary statement were an annual statement;

(ii) a person who is required to file an annual financial disclosure statement with the temporary state commission on local government ethics, and who is granted an additional period of time within which to file such statement due to justifiable cause or undue hardship, in accordance with required rules and regulations on the subject adopted pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision nine of section eight hundred thirteen of this article, shall file such statement within the additional period of time granted;

(iii) candidates for local elected official who file designating petitions for nomination at a primary election shall file such statement within seven days after the last day allowed by law for the filing of designating petitions naming them as candidates for the next succeeding primary election;

(iv) candidates for independent nomination for local elected official who have not been designated by a party to receive a nomination shall file such statement within seven days after the last day allowed by law for the filing of independent nominating petitions naming them as candidates for local elected official in the next succeeding general or special or village election; and

(v) candidates for local elected official who receive the nomination of a party for a special election or who receive the nomination of a party other than at a primary election

(whether or not for an uncontested office) shall file such statement within seven days after the date of the meeting of the party committee at which they are nominated.

(b) As used in this subdivision, the terms "party", "committee" (when used in conjunction [FN1] with the term "party"), "designation", "primary", "primary election", "nomination", "independent nomination", "ballot" and "uncontested office" shall have the same meanings as those contained in section 1-104 of the election law.

(c) Such statement shall be filed with the appropriate body, as defined in section eight hundred ten of this article.

(d) The appropriate body, as defined in section eight hundred ten of this article, shall obtain from the "board of elections", as such term is defined in section 1-104 of the election law, lists of all candidates for local elected official, and from such lists, shall determine and publish lists of those candidates who have not, within ten days after the required date for filing such statement, filed the statement required by this subdivision.

(e) Local political party officials and any person required to file such statement who commences employment after May fifteenth of any year shall file such statement within thirty days after commencing employment or of taking the position of local political party official, as the case may be.

(f) A person who is subject to the filing requirements of both subdivision two of section seventy-three-a of the public officers law and of this subdivision may satisfy the requirements of this subdivision by filing a copy of the statement filed pursuant to section seventy-three-a of the public officers law with the appropriate body, as defined in section eight hundred ten of this article, on or before the filing deadline provided in such section seventy-three-a, notwithstanding the filing deadline otherwise imposed by this subdivision.

(g) A person who is subject to the filing requirements of this subdivision from more than one political subdivision within the same county may satisfy the requirements of this subdivision by filing only one annual statement of financial disclosure with the appropriate body (as is required in that county) for the county in which such political subdivisions are located or if such political subdivisions cross one or more county boundary lines, then such single filing may be made for any of the counties in which one of such political subdivisions is located provided, however, that the appropriate bodies (as required by such other counties) are notified of the name of the county of such compliance by the person who is subjected to the filing requirements of this subdivision, within the time limit for filing specified in this subdivision.

(h) A local elected official who is simultaneously a candidate for local elected official shall satisfy the filing deadline requirements of this subdivision by complying only with the deadline applicable to one who holds such local elected office.

(i) A candidate whose name will appear on both a party designating petition and on an independent nominating petition for the same office or who will be listed on the election ballot for the same office more than once shall satisfy the filing deadline requirements of this subdivision by complying with the earliest applicable deadline only.

2. The governing body of a county, city, town or village having a population of less than fifty thousand may by local law or ordinance elect to be subject to the provisions of this section. In such event, any such city, county, town or village shall be deemed to be a political subdivision under this section.

3. Any political subdivision or other county, city, town or village to which all of the provisions of this section are made applicable, whether as a result of the provisions contained in subdivision two of section eight hundred eleven of this article or as a result of an election to be subject to the provisions of this section as permitted by subdivision two of this section, may elect to remove itself from the ambit of all (but not some) provisions of this section (other than this subdivision) by adopting a local law, ordinance or resolution specifically referring to the authority conferred by this subdivision. Provided, however, that the terms of such local law, ordinance or resolution shall be subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) Such local law, ordinance or resolution must provide for the promulgation of a form of an annual statement of financial disclosure described in subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article for use with respect to information the governing body requires to be reported for the calendar year next succeeding the year in which such local law, ordinance or resolution is adopted and for use with respect to information required to be reported for subsequent calendar years; and shall provide for the filing of completed statements with either the temporary state commission on local government ethics or with the board of ethics of the political subdivision or other municipality, as specified in subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article.

(b) Such removal shall not be effective with respect to the annual financial disclosure statement for the calendar year in which the local law, ordinance or resolution is adopted (the filing of which statement is due on May fifteenth of the next succeeding year with certain exceptions), nor shall such removal be effective with respect to any required annual financial disclosure statement for the immediately preceding calendar year (the filing of which statement is due on May fifteenth (with certain exceptions) of the calendar year in which such local law, ordinance or resolution is adopted), nor shall such removal be effective with respect to any other preceding year but such removal shall apply first to the statement which would have been due on May fifteenth (with certain exceptions) of the second year next succeeding the year in which such local law, ordinance or resolution is adopted, and such removal shall apply thereafter to subsequent statements otherwise due pursuant to this section.

(c) Such removal shall not affect the power to impose, or the imposition of, a penalty for failure to file, or for false filing, of any required annual financial disclosure statement.

(d) The local law, ordinance or resolution referred to in paragraph (a) of this subdivision or any other such local law, ordinance or resolution so adopted may make provision for any other right, power or privilege granted by subdivision one of such section eight hundred eleven.

4. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as precluding the governing body of a political subdivision from requiring additional and/or more detailed items of financial disclosure than are set forth in subdivision five hereinbelow.

5. The annual statement of financial disclosure shall contain the information and shall be in the form set forth hereinbelow:

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE FOR (Insert Name of Political Subdivision)--(For calendar year _____)

1. Name _____
2. (a) Title of Position _____
(b) Department, Agency or other Governmental Entity _____
(c) Address of Present Office _____
(d) Office Telephone Number _____
3. (a) Marital Status _____. If married, please give spouse's full name including maiden name where applicable.

(b) List the names of all unemancipated children.

Answer each of the following questions completely, with respect to calendar year _____, unless another period or date is otherwise specified. If additional space is needed, attach additional pages.

Whenever a "value" or "amount" is required to be reported herein, such value or amount shall be reported as being within one of the following Categories: Category A--under \$5,000; Category B--\$5,000 to under \$20,000; Category C--\$20,000 to under \$60,000; Category D--\$60,000 to under \$100,000; Category E--\$100,000 to under \$250,000; and Category F--\$250,000 or over. A reporting individual shall indicate the Category by letter only.

For the purposes of this statement, anywhere the term "local agency" shall appear such term shall mean a local agency, as defined in section eight hundred ten of the general municipal law, of the political subdivision for which this financial disclosure statement has been filed.

4. (a) List any office, trusteeship, directorship, partnership, or position of any nature including honorary positions, if known, and excluding membership positions, whether compensated or not, held by the reporting individual with any firm, corporation, association, partnership, or other organization other than the State of New York or (insert name of political subdivision). If said entity was licensed by any state or local agency, was regulated by any state regulatory agency or local agency, or, as a regular and significant part of the business or activity of said entity, did business with, or had matters other than ministerial matters before, any state or local agency, list the name of any such agency.

Position	Organization	State or Local Agency
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- (b) List any office, trusteeship, directorship, partnership, or position of any nature including honorary positions, if known, and excluding membership positions, whether compensated or not, held by the spouse or unemancipated child of the reporting individual, with any firm, corporation, association, partnership, or other organization other than the State of New York. If said entity was licensed by any state or local agency, was regulated by any state regulatory agency or local agency, or, as a regular and significant part of the business or activity of said entity, did business with, or had matters other than ministerial matters before, any state or local agency, list the name of any such agency.

Position	Organization	State or Local Agency
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5. (a) List the name, address and description of any occupation, employment, trade, business or profession engaged in by the reporting individual. If such activity was licensed by any state or local agency, was regulated by any state regulatory agency or local agency, or, as a regular and significant part of the business or activity of said entity, did business with, or had matters other than ministerial matters before, any state or local agency, list the name of any such agency.

Position	Name & Address of Organization	Description	State or Local Agency
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- (b) If the spouse or unemancipated child of the reporting individual was engaged in any occupation, employment, trade, business or profession which activity was licensed by any state or local agency, was regulated by any state regulatory agency or local agency, or, as a regular and significant part of the business or activity of said entity, did business with, or had matters other than ministerial matters before, any state or local agency, list the name, address and description of such occupation, employment, trade, business or profession and the name of any such agency.

Position	Name & Address of Organization	Description	State or Local Agency
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Organization	Agency

6. List any interest, in excess of \$1,000, excluding bonds and notes, held by the reporting individual, such individual's spouse or unemancipated child, or partnership of which any such person is a member, or corporation, ten per centum or more of the stock of which is owned or controlled by any such person, whether vested or contingent, in any contract made or executed by a state or local agency and include the name of the entity which holds such interest and the relationship of the reporting individual or such individual's spouse or such child to such entity and the interest in such contract. Do not list any interest in any such contract on which final payment has been made and all obligations under the contract except from guarantees and warranties have been performed, provided, however, that such an interest must be listed if there has been an ongoing dispute during the calendar year for which this statement is filed with respect to any such guarantees or warranties. Do not list any interest in a contract made or executed by a state agency after public notice and pursuant to a process for competitive bidding or a process for competitive requests for proposals.

Self, Spouse or Child	Entity Which Held Interest in Contract	Relationship to Entity and Interest in Contract	Contracting State or Local Agency	Category of Value of Contract
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7. List any position the reporting individual held as an officer of any political party or political organization, as a member of any political party committee, or as a political party district leader. The term "party" shall have the same meaning as "party" in the election law. The term "political organization" means any party or independent body as defined in the election law or any organization that is affiliated with or a subsidiary of a party or independent body.

8. (a) If the reporting individual practices law, is licensed by the department of state as a real estate broker or agent or practices a profession licensed by the department of education, give a general description of the principal subject areas of matters undertaken by

such individual. Additionally, if such an individual practices with a firm or corporation and is a partner or shareholder of the firm or corporation, give a general description of principal subject areas of matters undertaken by such firm or corporation. Do not list the name of the individual clients, customers or patients.

- (b) List the name, principal address and general description or the nature of the business activity of any entity in which the reporting individual or such individual's spouse had an investment in excess of \$1,000 excluding investments in securities and interests in real property.

9. List each source of gifts, excluding campaign contributions, in excess of \$1,000, received during the reporting period for which this statement is filed by the reporting individual or such individual's spouse or unemancipated child from the same donor, excluding gifts from a relative. Include the name and address of the donor. The term "gifts" does not include reimbursements, which term is defined in item 10. Indicate the value and nature of each such gift.

Self, Spouse or Child	Name of Donor	Address	Nature of Gift	Category of Value of Gift
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10. Identify and briefly describe the source of any reimbursements for expenditures, excluding campaign expenditures and expenditures in connection with official duties reimbursed by the political subdivision for which this statement has been filed, in excess of \$1,000 from each such source. For purposes of this item, the term "reimbursements" shall mean any travel-related expenses provided by nongovernmental sources and for activities related to the reporting individual's official duties such as, speaking engagements, conferences, or factfinding events. The term "reimbursements" does not include gifts reported under item 9.

Source	Description
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11. List the identity and value, if reasonably ascertainable, of each interest in a trust, estate or other beneficial interest, including retirement plans other than retirement plans of the state of New York or the city of New York, and deferred compensation plans established in accordance with the internal revenue code, in which the reporting individual held a beneficial interest in excess of \$1,000 at any time during the preceding year. Do not report interests in a trust, estate or other beneficial interest established by or for, or the estate of, a relative.

Identity

Category of Value *

* The value of such interest shall be reported only if reasonably ascertainable.

12. (a) Describe the terms of, and the parties to, any contract, promise, or other agreement between the reporting individual and any person, firm, or corporation with respect to the employment of such individual after leaving office or position (other than a leave of absence).

(b) Describe the parties to and the terms of any agreement providing for continuation of payments or benefits to the reporting individual in excess of \$1,000 from a prior employer other than the political subdivision for which this statement is filed. (This includes interests in or contributions to a pension fund, profit-sharing plan, or life or health insurance; buy-out agreements; severance payments; etc.)

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13. List below the nature and amount of any income in excess of \$1,000 from each source for the reporting individual and such individual's spouse for the taxable year last occurring prior to the date of filing. Nature of income includes, but is not limited to, salary for government employment, income from other compensated employment whether public or private, directorships and other fiduciary positions, contractual arrangements, teaching income, partnerships, honorariums, lecture fees, consultant fees, bank and bond interest, dividends, income derived from

a trust, real estate rents, and recognized gains from the sale or exchange of real or other property. Income from a business or profession and real estate rents shall be reported with the source identified by the building address in the case of real estate rents and otherwise by the name of the entity and not by the name of the individual customers, clients or tenants, with the aggregate net income before taxes for each building address or entity. The receipt of maintenance received in connection with a matrimonial action, alimony and child support payments shall not be listed.

Self/ Spouse	Source	Nature	Category of Amount

14. List the sources of any deferred income in excess of \$1,000 from each source to be paid to the reporting individual following the close of the calendar year for which this disclosure statement is filed, other than deferred compensation reported in item 11 hereinabove. Deferred income derived from the practice of a profession shall be listed in the aggregate and shall identify as the source, the name of the firm, corporation, partnership or association through which the income was derived, but shall not identify individual clients.

Source	Category of Amount

15. List each assignment of income in excess of \$1000, and each transfer other than to a relative during the reporting period for which this statement is filed for less than fair consideration of an interest in a trust, estate or other beneficial interest, securities or real property, by the reporting individual, in excess of \$1000, which would otherwise be required to be reported herein and is not or has not been so reported.

Item Assigned or Transferred	Assigned or Transferred to	Category of Value

16. List below the type and market value of securities held by the reporting individual or such individual's spouse from each issuing entity in excess of \$1,000 at the close of the taxable year last occurring prior to the date of filing, including the name of the issuing entity exclusive of securities held by the reporting individual issued by a professional corporation. Whenever an interest in securities exists through a beneficial interest in a trust, the securities held in such

trust shall be listed only if the reporting individual has knowledge thereof except where the reporting individual or the reporting individual's spouse has transferred assets to such trust for his or her benefit in which event such securities shall be listed unless they are not ascertainable by the reporting individual because the trustee is under an obligation or has been instructed in writing not to disclose the contents of the trust to the reporting individual. Securities of which the reporting individual or the reporting individual's spouse is the owner of record but in which such individual or the reporting individual's spouse has no beneficial interest shall not be listed. Indicate percentage of ownership if the reporting person or the reporting person's spouse holds more than five percent of the stock of a corporation in which the stock is publicly traded or more than ten percent of the stock of a corporation in which the stock is not publicly traded. Also list securities owned for investment purposes by a corporation more than fifty percent of the stock of which is owned or controlled by the reporting individual or such individual's spouse. For the purpose of this item the term "securities" shall mean bonds, mortgages, notes, obligations, warrants and stocks of any class, investment interests in limited or general partnerships and certificates of deposits and such other evidences of indebtedness and certificates of interest as are usually referred to as securities. The market value for such securities shall be reported only if reasonably ascertainable and shall not be reported if the security is an interest in a general partnership that was listed in item 8 (a) or if the security is corporate stock, not publicly traded, in a trade or business of a reporting individual or a reporting individual's spouse.

Self/ Spouse	Issuing Entity	Type of Security	Category of Market Value as of the close of the taxable year last occurring prior to the filing of this statement	Percentage of corporate stock owned or controlled

17. List below the location, size, general nature, acquisition date, market value and percentage of ownership of any real property in which any vested or contingent interest in excess of \$1,000 is held by the reporting individual or the reporting individual's spouse. Also list real property owned for investment purposes by a corporation more than fifty percent of the stock of which is owned or controlled by the reporting individual or such individual's spouse. Do not list any real property which is the primary or secondary

personal residence of the reporting individual or the reporting individual's spouse, except where there is a co-owner who is other than a relative.

Self/ Spouse/ Other Party	Location	Size	General Nature	Acquisition Date	Category of Market Value	Percentage of Owner- ship

18. List below all notes and accounts receivable, other than from goods or services sold, held by the reporting individual at the close of the taxable year last occurring prior to the date of filing and other debts owed to such individual at the close of the taxable year last occurring prior to the date of filing, in excess of \$1,000, including the name of the debtor, type of obligation, date due and the nature of the collateral securing payment of each, if any, excluding securities reported in item 16 hereinabove. Debts, notes and accounts receivable owed to the individual by a relative shall not be reported.

Name of Debtor	Type of Obligation, Date Due, and Nature of Collateral, if any	Category of Amount

19. List below all liabilities of the reporting individual and such individual's spouse, in excess of \$5,000 as of the date of filing of this statement, other than liabilities to a relative. Do not list liabilities incurred by, or guarantees made by, the reporting individual or such individual's spouse or by any proprietorship, partnership or corporation in which the reporting individual or such individual's spouse has an interest, when incurred or made in the ordinary course of the trade, business or professional practice of the reporting individual or such individual's spouse. Include the name of the creditor and any collateral pledged by such individual to secure payment of any such liability. A reporting individual shall not list any obligation to pay maintenance in connection with a matrimonial action, alimony or child support payments. Revolving charge account information shall only be set forth if liability thereon is in excess of \$5,000 at the time of filing. Any loan issued in the ordinary course of business by a financial institution to finance educational costs, the cost of home purchase or improvements for a primary or secondary residence, or purchase of a personally owned motor vehicle, household furniture or appliances shall be excluded. If any such reportable liability has been guaranteed by any third person, list the liability and name the guarantor.

Name of Creditor or Guarantor	Type of Liability and Collateral, if any	Category of Amount

The requirements of law relating to the reporting of financial interests are in the public interest and no adverse inference of unethical or illegal conduct or behavior will be drawn merely from compliance with these requirements.

(Signature of Reporting Individual) Date (month/day/year)

6. A reporting individual who knowingly and wilfully fails to file an annual statement of financial disclosure or who knowingly and wilfully with intent to deceive makes a false statement or gives information which such individual knows to be false on such statement of financial disclosure filed pursuant to this section shall be assessed a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars. Assessment of a civil penalty hereunder shall be made by the appropriate body, as such term is defined in section eight hundred ten of this article. For a violation of this subdivision, other than for conduct which constitutes a violation of subdivision twelve of section seventy-three of the public officers law, the board of ethics of the political subdivision or other municipality may, in lieu of a civil penalty, refer a violation to the appropriate prosecutor and upon such conviction, but only after such referral, such violation shall be punishable as a class A misdemeanor. A civil penalty for false filing may not be imposed hereunder in the event a category of "value" or "amount" reported hereunder is incorrect unless such reported information is falsely understated. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no other penalty, civil or criminal may be imposed for a failure to file, or for a false filing, of such statement, except that the appointing authority may impose disciplinary action as otherwise provided by law. Each appropriate body, as such term is defined in section eight hundred ten of this article, shall adopt rules governing the conduct of adjudicatory proceedings and appeals relating to the assessment of the civil penalties herein authorized. Such rules shall provide for due process procedural mechanisms substantially similar to those set forth in article three of the state administrative procedure act but such mechanisms need not be identical in terms or scope. Assessment of a civil penalty shall be final unless modified, suspended or vacated within thirty days of imposition and upon becoming final shall be subject to review at the instance of the affected reporting individual in a proceeding commenced against the appropriate body, pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

[FN1] So in original. (word misspelled.)

§ 813. Temporary state commission on local government ethics; functions, powers and duties; review of financial disclosure statements; advisory opinions; investigation and enforcement [Section expired Dec. 31, 1992. See Codification note.]

1. There is established a temporary state commission on local government ethics which shall consist of nine members and shall have and exercise the powers and duties set forth in this section.

2. The members of the commission shall be appointed by the governor, provided, however, that one member shall be appointed on the nomination of the temporary president of the senate; one on the nomination of the minority leader of the senate; one on the nomination of the speaker of the assembly; and one on the nomination of the minority leader of the assembly. Of the five members appointed by the governor without prior nomination, no more than three members shall belong to the same political party and at least three members shall not be public officers or employees or hold any public office, elected or appointed. No member shall hold office in any political party or be employed as a lobbyist.

3. Members of the commission shall serve for terms of four years.

4. The governor shall designate the chairman of the commission from among the members thereof, who shall serve as chairman at the pleasure of the governor. The chairman or any five members of the commission may call a meeting.

5. Any vacancy occurring on the commission shall be filled within sixty days of its occurrence, by the governor, in the same manner as the member whose vacancy is being filled was appointed. A person appointed to fill a vacancy shall be appointed for the unexpired term of the member he succeeds.

6. Five members of the commission shall constitute a quorum, and the commission shall have power to act by majority vote of the total number of members of the commission without vacancy.

7. Members of the commission may be removed by the governor for substantial neglect of duty, gross misconduct in office, inability to discharge the powers or duties of office or violation of this section, after written notice and opportunity for a reply.

8. The members of the commission shall not receive compensation but shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

9. The commission shall:

a. Appoint an executive director who shall act in accordance with the policies of the commission. The commission may delegate authority to the executive director to act in the name of the commission between meetings of the commission provided such delegation is in writing and the specific powers to be delegated are enumerated;

b. Appoint such other staff as are necessary to carry out its duties under this section;

c. Adopt, amend, and rescind rules and regulations to govern procedures of the commission, which shall include, but not be limited to, the procedure whereby a person who is required to file an annual financial disclosure statement with the commission may request an additional period of time within which to file such statement, due to justifiable cause or undue

hardship; such rules or regulations shall provide for a date beyond which in all cases of justifiable cause or undue hardship no further extension of time will be granted. The commission may utilize or modify such rules or regulations or adopt separate rules or regulations for the purposes of paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this article;

d. Promulgate guidelines to assist appointing authorities in determining which persons hold policy-making positions for purposes of sections eight hundred eleven and eight hundred twelve of this article;

e. Make available forms for annual statements of financial disclosure required to be filed pursuant to section eight hundred twelve of this article;

f. Review completed financial disclosure statements in accordance with the provisions of sections eight hundred eleven, eight hundred twelve and this section, and in the case of a political subdivision which has elected to require the filing of completed statements with the commission, in accordance with the criteria established by duly adopted code of ethics, local law, ordinance or resolution, provided however, that the commission may delegate all or part of this review function to the executive director who shall be responsible for completing staff review of such statements in a manner consistent with the terms of the commission's delegation;

g. Receive complaints alleging a violation of section eight hundred eleven or eight hundred twelve of this article or a violation of the criteria for reporting requirements established by duly adopted code of ethics, local law, ordinance or resolution with respect to political subdivisions which have elected to require the filing of completed statements with the commission;

h. Permit any person required to file a financial disclosure statement to request the commission to delete from the copy thereof made available for public inspection one or more items of information, which may be deleted by the commission, after denial of a request for deletion made to the local government advisory council as provided in subdivision seventeen of this section, upon a finding by a majority of the total number of members of the commission without vacancy that the information which would otherwise be required to be disclosed will have no material bearing on the discharge of the reporting person's official duties. If such request for deletion is denied, the commission, in its notification of denial, shall inform the person of his or her right to appeal the commission's determination pursuant to its rules governing adjudicatory proceedings and appeals adopted pursuant to subdivision twelve of this section. The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations governing the issuance of written decisions in connection with appeals from the advisory council;

i. Permit any person required to file a financial disclosure statement to request an exemption from any requirement to report one or more items of information which pertain to such person's spouse or unemancipated children which item or items may be exempted by the commission, after denial of a request for exemption made to the local government advisory council as provided in subdivision seventeen of this section, upon a finding by a majority of the total number of members of the commission without vacancy that the reporting individual's spouse, on his or her own behalf or on behalf of an unemancipated child, objects to providing the information necessary to make such disclosure and that the information which would otherwise be required to be reported will have no material bearing on the discharge of the reporting

person's official duties. If such request for exemption is denied, the commission, in its notification of denial, shall inform the person of his or her right to appeal the commission's determination pursuant to its rules governing adjudicatory proceedings and appeals adopted pursuant to subdivision twelve of this section. The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations governing the issuance of written decisions in connection with appeals from the advisory council;

j. Advise and assist any local agency in establishing rules and regulations relating to possible conflicts between private interests and official duties of present or former local elected officials, local political party officials and local officers and employees;

k. Permit any person who has not been determined by his or her appointing authority to hold a policy-making position but who is otherwise required to file a financial disclosure statement to request an exemption from such requirement in accordance with rules and regulations governing such exemptions. Such rules and regulations shall provide for exemptions to be granted either on the application of an individual or on behalf of persons who share the same job title or employment classification which the commission deems to be comparable for purposes of this section. Such rules and regulations may permit the granting of an exemption where, in the discretion of the commission, the public interest does not require disclosure and the applicant's duties do not involve the negotiation, authorization or approval of:

(i) contracts, leases, franchises, revocable consents, concessions, variances, special permits, or licenses as defined in section seventy-three of the public officers law;

(ii) the purchase, sale, rental or lease of real property, goods or services, or a contract therefor;

(iii) the obtaining of grants of money or loans; or

(iv) the adoption or repeal of any rule or regulation having the force and effect of law;

l. Prepare an annual report to the governor and the legislature summarizing the activities of the commission and recommending changes in the laws governing the conduct of local elected officials, local political party officials and local officers and employees. In addition, such report shall list the names of political subdivisions which have created boards of ethics, adopted codes of ethics and adopted forms of annual statements of financial disclosure;

m. Act as a repository for completed financial disclosure forms filed pursuant to section eight hundred eleven or eight hundred twelve of this article;

n. Upon certification of a question by the public advisory council to the commission, as provided in paragraph (k) of subdivision seventeen of this section, the commission may determine a question common to a class or defined category of persons or items of information required to be disclosed, where determination of the question will prevent undue repetition of requests for exemption or deletion or prevent undue complication in complying with the requirements of such section.

10. The commission, or the executive director and staff of the commission if responsibility therefor has been delegated, shall inspect all financial disclosure statements filed with the commission to ascertain whether any person subject to the reporting requirements of section eight hundred eleven or eight hundred twelve of this article, and in the case of a political subdivision which has elected to require the filing of completed annual financial statements with the commission, subject to the reporting requirements contained in duly adopted code of ethics, local law, ordinance or resolution, has failed to file such a statement, has filed a deficient statement or has filed a statement which reveals a possible violation of section eight hundred eleven or eight hundred twelve of this article, or of duly adopted code of ethics, local law, ordinance or resolution, as the case may be.

11. If a person required to file a financial disclosure statement with the commission has failed to file a disclosure statement or has filed a deficient statement, the commission shall notify the reporting person in writing, state the failure to file or detail the deficiency, provide the person with a fifteen day period to cure the deficiency, and advise the person of the penalties for failure to comply with the reporting requirements. Such notice shall be confidential. If the person fails to make such filing or fails to cure the deficiency within the specified time period, the commission shall send a notice of delinquency: (a) to the reporting person; and (b) in the case of a local officer or employee, to the appointing authority for such person.

12. a. If a reporting person has filed a statement which reveals a possible violation of duly adopted code of ethics, local law, ordinance or resolution or of section eight hundred eleven or eight hundred twelve of this article, or the commission receives a sworn complaint alleging such a violation, or if the commission determines on its own initiative to investigate a possible violation, the commission shall notify the reporting person in writing, describe the possible or alleged violation of such code of ethics, local law, ordinance or resolution or of such section eight hundred eleven or eight hundred twelve of this article and provide the person with a fifteen day period in which to submit a written response setting forth information relating to the activities cited as a possible or alleged violation of law. If the commission thereafter makes a determination that further inquiry is justified, it shall give the reporting person an opportunity to be heard. The commission shall also inform the reporting individual of its rules regarding the conduct of adjudicatory proceedings and appeals and the due process procedural mechanisms available to such individual. If the commission determines at any stage of the proceeding, that there is no violation or that any potential conflict of interest violation has been rectified, it shall so advise the reporting person and the complainant, if any. All of the foregoing proceedings shall be confidential.

b. If the commission determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation has occurred, it shall send a notice of reasonable cause: (i) to the reporting person; (ii) to the complainant if any; and (iii) in the case of a local officer or employee, to the appointing authority for such person.

13. A reporting individual who knowingly and wilfully fails to file an annual statement of financial disclosure or who knowingly and wilfully with intent to deceive makes a false statement or gives information which such individual knows to be false on such statement of financial disclosure filed pursuant to this section shall be assessed a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars. Assessment of a civil penalty hereunder shall be made by the commission with respect to persons subject to its jurisdiction. For a violation of this subdivision,

other than for conduct which constitutes a violation of subdivision twelve of section seventy-three of the public officers law, the temporary state commission on local government ethics may, in lieu of a civil penalty, refer a violation to the appropriate prosecutor and upon such conviction, but only after such referral, such violation shall be punishable as a class A misdemeanor. A civil penalty for false filing may not be imposed hereunder in the event a category of "value" or "amount" reported hereunder is incorrect unless such reported information is falsely understated. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no other penalty, civil or criminal may be imposed for a failure to file, or for a false filing, of such statement, except that the appointing authority may impose disciplinary action as otherwise provided by law. The commission shall be deemed to be an agency within the meaning of article three of the state administrative procedure act and shall adopt rules governing the conduct of adjudicatory proceedings and appeals taken pursuant to a proceeding commenced under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules relating to the assessment of the civil penalties herein authorized and commission denials of requests for certain deletions or exemptions to be made from a financial disclosure statement as authorized in paragraph h or paragraph i of subdivision nine of this section. Such rules, which shall not be subject to the approval requirements of the state administrative procedure act, shall provide for due process procedural mechanisms substantially similar to those set forth in such article three but such mechanisms need not be identical in terms or scope. Assessment of a civil penalty or commission denial of such a request shall be final unless modified, suspended or vacated within thirty days of imposition, with respect to the assessment of such penalty, or unless such denial of request is reversed within such time period, and upon becoming final shall be subject to review at the instance of the affected reporting individuals in a proceeding commenced against the temporary state commission on local government ethics, pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

14. A copy of any notice of delinquency or notice of reasonable cause sent pursuant to subdivisions eleven and twelve of this section shall be included in the reporting person's file and be available for public inspection.

15. Upon written request from any person who is subject to the jurisdiction of the commission, the commission shall render advisory opinions on the requirements of said provisions. An opinion rendered by the commission, until and unless amended or revoked, shall be binding on the commission in any subsequent proceeding concerning the person who requested the opinion and who acted in good faith, unless material facts were omitted or misstated by the person in the request for an opinion. Such opinion may also be relied upon by such person, and may be introduced and shall be a defense, in any criminal or civil action. Such requests shall be confidential, but the commission may publish such opinions provided that the name of the requesting person and other identifying details shall not be included in the publication.

16. In addition to any other powers and duties specified by law, the commission shall have the power and duty to:

- a. Administer and enforce all the provisions of this section;
 - b. Conduct any investigation necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- Pursuant to this power and duty, the commission may administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena

witnesses, compel their attendance and require the production of any books or records which it may deem relevant or material.

17. (a) There is established within the temporary state commission on local government ethics a public advisory council which shall consist of five members and shall have and exercise the powers and duties set forth in this subdivision.

(b) The members of the public advisory council shall be appointed by the governor provided, however, that one member shall be appointed on the nomination of the temporary president of the senate and one member shall be appointed on the nomination of the speaker of the assembly. Of the three members appointed by the governor without prior nomination, no more than two members shall belong to the same political party and at least two members shall not be public officers or employees or hold any public office, elected or appointed. No member shall hold office in any political party or be employed as a lobbyist.

(c) Members of the public advisory council shall serve for terms of four years concurrent with the term of office of the governor.

(d) The governor shall designate the chairman of the public advisory council from among the members thereof, who shall serve as chairman at the pleasure of the governor. The chairman or any three members of the public advisory council may call a meeting.

(e) Any vacancy occurring on the public advisory council shall be filled within sixty days of its occurrence, by the governor, in the same manner as the member whose vacancy is being filled was appointed. A person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring other than by expiration of a term of office shall be appointed for the unexpired term of the member he succeeds.

(f) Three members of the public advisory council shall constitute a quorum, and the public advisory council shall have power to act by majority vote of the total number of members of the public advisory council without vacancy. Members of the council may be removed by the governor for substantial neglect of duty, gross misconduct in office, inability to discharge the powers or duties of office or violation of this section after written notice and opportunity for reply.

(g) The members of the public advisory council shall not receive compensation but shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

(h) The public advisory council shall: (1) Permit any person required to file a financial disclosure statement to request the public advisory council to delete from the copy thereof made available for public inspection one or more items of information which may be deleted upon a finding by a majority of the total number of members of the public advisory council without vacancy that the information which would otherwise be available for public inspection will have no material bearing on the discharge of the reporting person's official duties. If such request for deletion is denied, the public advisory council, in its notification of denial, shall inform the person of his or her right to appeal the public advisory council's determination to the commission pursuant to the commission's rules governing adjudicatory proceedings and appeals adopted pursuant to subdivision thirteen of this section; and

(2) Permit any person required to file a financial disclosure statement to request an exemption from any requirement to report one or more items of information which pertain to such person's spouse or unemancipated children which item or items may be exempted upon a finding by a majority of the total number of members of the public advisory council without vacancy that the reporting individual's spouse, on his or her own behalf or on behalf of an unemancipated child, objects to providing the information necessary to make such disclosure and that the information which would otherwise be required to be reported will have no material bearing on the discharge of the reporting person's official duties. If such request for exemption is denied, the public advisory council, in its notification of denial, shall inform the person of his or her right to appeal the public advisory council's determination to the commission pursuant to the commission's rules governing adjudicatory proceedings and appeals adopted pursuant to subdivision thirteen of this section.

(i) Pending any application for deletion or exemption either to the public advisory council or to the commission upon appeal of an adverse determination by the public advisory council, all information which is the subject or a part of the application shall remain confidential. Upon an adverse determination by the commission, the reporting individual may request, and upon such request the commission shall provide, that any information which is the subject or part of the application remain confidential for a period of thirty days following notice of such determination. In the event that the reporting individual resigns his office and holds no other office subject to the jurisdiction of the commission, the information shall not be made public and shall be expunged in its entirety.

(j) Notwithstanding the provisions of article seven of the public officers law, no meeting or proceeding, including any such proceeding contemplated under paragraph h or i of subdivision nine of this section, of the commission shall be open to the public, except if expressly provided otherwise by the public advisory council.

(k) Where the council is of the opinion that a determination of a question common to a class or defined category of persons or items of information with respect to requests for deletion or exemption will prevent undue repetition of such requests or undue complication, the council may certify the question to the commission for resolution and disposition in accordance with paragraph (n) of subdivision nine of this section.

18. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of article six of the public officers law, the only records of the commission which shall be available for public inspection are:

(1) the information set forth in an annual statement of financial disclosure filed pursuant to local law, ordinance or resolution or filed pursuant to section eight hundred eleven or eight hundred twelve of this article except the categories of value or amount which shall remain confidential and any other item of information deleted pursuant to paragraph h of subdivision nine of this section, as the case may be;

(2) notices of delinquency sent under subdivision eleven of this section;

(3) notices of reasonable cause sent under paragraph b of subdivision twelve of this section; and

(4) notices of civil assessments imposed under this section.

b. Notwithstanding the provisions of article seven of the public officers law, no meeting or proceeding of the commission shall be open to the public, except if expressly provided otherwise by the commission.

19. There is hereby established a local government advisory board to assist the commission in the performance of its powers and duties. Such board shall consist of twelve members to be appointed by the governor; four shall be appointed on the nomination of the state conference of mayors; four shall be appointed on the nomination of the state association of towns; and four shall be appointed on the nomination of the state association of counties. The board shall inform the commission of policies and concerns of local governments with respect to the administration of the provisions of this article and disseminate information to local governments with respect to the operations of the commission.