New York City Adminisration for Children's Service **Annual Detention Incident Report** Fiscal Year 2019

Use of Physical Restraints in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Physical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Physical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴
Crossroads Juvenile Center	947	28	0	28
Secure Facilities Subtotal	947	28	0	28
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	13	0	0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	136	2	0	2
Detention Total	1096	30	0	30

Use of Mechanical Restraints⁵ in Detention on Youth in Custody

	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Department Staff on Youth in Custody	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury ²	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury A ³	Number of Mechanical Restraints by Staff on Youth in Custody resulting in Injury B ⁴
Crossroads Juvenile Center	118	2	0	2
Secure Facilities Subtotal	118	2	0	2
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	4	0	0	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	3	0	0	0
Detention Total	125	2	0	2

Data Source: Incident Database as of September 10, 2019

¹ Physical restraints refer to physical hold techniques included in the Safe Crisis Management System and other non-offensive physical safety interventions.

² Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.

^{3 &#}x27;Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.

^{4 &#}x27;Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.

⁵ Mechanical restraints refer to restraints involving the use of handcuffs, shackles, and flex-cuffs.

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Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody

	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injuries ¹	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury A ²	Number of Fights and Altercations between Youth in Custody Resulting in Injury B ³
Crossroads Juvenile Center	178	62	6	56
Secure Facilities Subtotal	178	62	6	56
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	6	3	0	3
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	54	9	1	8
Detention Total	238	74	7	67

Other Incidents Resulting in Injuries* to Youth in Custody and Instances of Room Confinement

	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody* ¹	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury A) ²	Number of other Incidents resulting in Injuries to Youth in Custody (Injury B) ³	Number of Room Confinements of Youth in Custody
Crossroads Juvenile Center	217	8	209	0
Secure Facilities Subtotal	217	8	209	0
Court Services/Transportation Subtotal	2	0	2	0
Non-Secure Group Home Subtotal	29	3	26	0
Detention Total	248	11	237	0

Data Source: Incident Database as of September 10, 2019

¹ Injury is defined as any event requiring medical treatment. Injuries range in severity from simple abrasions to broken bones and fractures. It is the sum of Injury A and Injury B.

^{2 &#}x27;Injury A' includes injuries requiring clinical treatment beyond what could be provided by a layperson with over-the-counter products. Categorization is made by medical staff.

^{3 &#}x27;Injury B' includes injuries treatable by a layperson with over-the-counter products such as ibuprofen, antibiotic ointment, etc. Categorization is made by medical staff.