

Inspection Checklist: Newsstands

Do you operate a newsstand (a permanent stand or booth used to sell newspapers and magazines) on the public sidewalk?

Note: This does not apply to newsstands that are in a building, subway station, or have a Parks Department concession.

About Cemusa:

Cemusa is the company that the City has contracted with to install and maintain street furniture, including newsstands.

Use this checklist to learn what our inspectors look for and help avoid violations. All businesses also must comply with the General Retail Inspection Checklist, which is included at the end for easy reference.

	Requirement	Do you meet this requirement?
	License	
1	You must have a valid DCA Newsstand license.	Yes
	Tip : No one can have a license for more than two newsstands at one time.	
2	A newsstand cannot be left unused for two consecutive months or more.	□ Yes
3	DCA's new combined license and complaint sign must be posted where all customers can see it. Until you receive the new sign, which DCA is sending during the license renewal period, you must continue to post both your license and the complaint sign.	□ Yes
	Note : DCA combined the license and the complaint sign, previously separate documents, into one consolidated sign. New licensees and licensees that renew after October 15, 2013 will receive the new sign. Renewing licensees must remove the old license document and complaint sign that DCA previously provided and post the new combined sign. For more information about this new regulation, go to nyc.gov/consumers .	
	Signage	
4	A refund policy must be posted where all customers can see it.	□ Yes
	Tip : Even if the policy is not to give refunds, a sign must be posted stating "No Refunds."	
	Items You Can/Cannot Sell	
5	A newsstand must sell newspapers, magazines, or periodicals.	Yes
6	Items sold at a newsstand, except prepaid phone cards, transit cards, lottery tickets, or tobacco products, cannot cost \$10 or more (not including tax).	□ Yes
7	A newsstand may not sell apparel (including hats and scarves), jewelry, hair accessories, or handbags.	Yes
8	A newsstand cannot sell food unless it is prepackaged.	□ Yes



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	Requirement	Do you meet this requirement?
9	A newsstand cannot sell expired over-the-counter medication.	🗆 Yes
	Product Display	
10	A newsstand cannot sell or display merchandise on public space around the newsstand.	□ Yes
	Tip : Items for sale on racks, shelves, tables, doors, boxes, crates, etc. cannot be on the sidewalk.	
11	Nothing can be attached to or hung from the exterior, rear, or roof of the newsstand (other than Cemusa advertising).	Yes
	Other	
12	All sales must take place at the front of the newsstand.	□ Yes
13	Only authorized advertising from Cemusa can be on the outside of the newsstand and the advertising cannot be covered.	□ Yes
14	A newsstand cannot share electricity with anyone else.	□ Yes
15	The newsstand structure cannot be changed in any way, except by Cemusa.	Yes
	Tobacco Sales	
16	If you sell cigarettes from your newsstand, you must also have a valid DCA <u>Cigarette Retail Dealer</u> license.	🗆 Yes

Updated 10/09/2013



Department of Consumer Affairs

Julie Menin Commissioner

42 Broadway New York, NY 10004 Visit nyc.gov and search "Business Toolbox"

Contact 311 (212) NEW-YORK (Outside NYC) New York City businesses must comply with all relevant federal, State, and City laws and rules, which are available in DCA's Business Toolbox. Businesses are responsible for knowing and complying with current regulations that affect their business.



Does your business sell goods or services?

Use this checklist to learn what our inspectors look for and help avoid violations:

	Requirement	Do you meet this requirement?
	Price Lists for Services	
1	A price list with the types of services and the prices of those services must be displayed.	□ Yes
2	The price list must be clearly posted or clearly displayed near the cash register and/or at the place(s) where orders are placed.	□ Yes
3	If the price list states a minimum charge (e.g., "from \$") or states a price "and up," it must state the reason for the different prices and include the range of prices.	□ Yes
4	If there is a sale or promotion, the pre-sale prices must also be posted for comparison.	□ Yes
5	 Prices for services cannot be based on gender. Tip: Words like "men's," "women's," and "ladies'" cannot be used to describe the price; the difference must be described in a gender neutral way. (Example: Above the shoulder hair = \$15; Below the shoulder hair = \$30) Tip: Instead of listing prices for shirts and blouses, the price must be described based on physical differences between the shirts. (Example: sequins, ruffles, fancy buttons) 	☐ Yes
	Pricing for Goods	
6	All items offered for sale must have a clearly visible price.	🗆 Yes
7	For most items, the price must be attached to the item or on a sign where the item is displayed.	□ Yes
8	If your store's annual revenue is more than \$2 million or you are a chain store, you must individually price most food products, as well as paper products, detergents, soaps, nonprescription drugs, and health and beauty aids.	□ Yes
9	Milk; eggs; fresh produce; snack foods that are less than 5 ounces; frozen foods; jars of baby food; and items that are less than 3 cubic inches, under 3 ounces and under \$1 do not have to be individually priced, but must have shelf prices.	□ Yes



	Requirement	Do you meet this requirement?
	Signs	
10	Sale signs that advertise a percent discount—example: 20-50% off—must state the minimum percent discount. Tip : Both the minimum and maximum numbers must be of equal size.	□ Yes
	20-50% OFF OFF	
11	 Sale signs cannot contain any of the following phrases: "Our list price" Below "manufacturer's wholesale cost" "Manufacturer's cost" 	☐ Yes
12	Businesses that sell goods and services must post a refund policy. Tip : A refund policy must be posted at each register, point of sale, or at each entrance.	□ Yes
	Tip : Even if the policy is not to give refunds, a sign must be posted stating "No Refunds."	
13	The refund policy must state any and all conditions or limitations to getting a refund. For example:	□ Yes
	 Businesses must disclose any fees charged for refunds, such as "restocking fees." 	
	 If a business will not provide refunds for "as is" items, it must disclose that. Businesses must also disclose whether the refund will be in cash, credit, or store credit only. 	
	 If proof of purchase is required for a refund, the sign must say so. A business that chooses not to offer refunds must post a sign that states, "No Refund," or words to that effect. 	
	 The sign must state that a written copy of the store's refund policy is available on request. 	



	Requirement	Do you meet this requirement?
14	If there are limitations on using credit cards, such as minimum purchase amounts, the policy must be clearly posted near the register and the entrance.	Yes
	Receipts	
15	Receipts must be given to customers for purchases over \$20 and upon request for purchases between \$5 and \$20.	□ Yes
	Tip : This does not apply to food and drink that is meant to be consumed on the premises.	
16	The receipt must include each of the following:	□ Yes
	 Date of purchase Amount paid for each item Total amount paid Separate statement of tax Name and address of store 	
17	Receipts for electronics that cost more than \$100 must also include the make and model number of the item.	□ Yes
	Price Accuracy	
18	When items are scanned, the price must match the lowest item price, shelf price, sale price, or advertised price.	□ Yes
19	If no scanners are used, the price at checkout must still match the lowest item price, shelf price, sale price, or advertised price.	□ Yes
20	Tax cannot be charged on tax-exempt items.	□ Yes
	Tip : Check with the <u>New York State Department of Taxation and Finance</u> for a complete list of which items are exempt.	



	Requirement	Do you meet this requirement?
	Layaway Plans	
21	 If layaway is offered, each of the following written disclosures must be provided to consumers prior to accepting any payments over \$50 in 4 installments or more: Description of the item, including name, brand, color, and model number Total cost of the item including tax Charge to use layaway and any cancellation fee Duration of the layaway plan Payment schedule and any consequences of missed payments Refund policy Notice of whether or not the item won't be removed from inventory until a certain number of payments have been made <i>Example 1</i>: NOTICE: NO MERCHANDISE WILL BE REMOVED FROM 	☐ Yes
	INVENTORY UNTIL X% OF THE PURCHASE PRICE HAS BEEN PAID. Example 2: ATTENTION: YOUR SELECTION OF MERCHANDISE WILL NOT BE ORDERED UNTIL YOU HAVE MADE YOUR NEXT TO FINAL PAYMENT.	
	Expired Over-the-counter Medication	
22	It is illegal to sell over-the-counter medication after the expiration date on the label.	Yes



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