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NEW YORK, JUNE 28, 1873.

NUMBER 5.



FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

COMPTROLLER'S RECEIPTS.

Comptroller Green reports the followpaid yesterday into the City Treasury, viz

COLLECTOR OF ASSESSMENTS. From street openings and improvements and interest.

BUREAU OF CITY REVENUE, om interest on bond and mortgage and narket rents and fees.....

BUREAU OF WATER REGISTER.
From Croton water rents.....

MAYOR'S SECOND MARSHAL.

Total..... \$27,011 96

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

HEADQUARTERS FIRE DEPARTMENT CITY OF NEW YORK, 127 and 129 Mercer street, NEW YORK, Monday, May 27th, 1873. Board of Commissioners meet as above.

Present—Joseph L. Perley, President, in the chair and Commissioners Roswell D. Hatch and

Cornelius Van Cott.
Commissioner Roswell D. Hatch tendered his resignation as Treasurer of the Board which was

Commissioner Cornelius Van Cott was chosen Treasurer of the Board. Charles McMillan was appointed Medical Offi-cer of the Department, salary \$2,500 per annum, to take effect on the 1st proximo.

C. K. Smith was appointed Superintendent of

Telegraph, salary \$2,500 per annum, to take effect on the 1st proximo.

William Tehune was appointed Inspector of Combustibles, salary \$2,500 per annum, to take to take effect on the 31st instant: Henry Johnson, Assistant Janitor. William H. Florence, Messenger. Richard Hawley, Carpenter.

William Tehune was appointed Inspector of Combustibles, salary \$2.500 per annum, to take

effect on the 1st proximo.

Charles F. Gildersleve, was appointed Chief
Clerk in the Bureau of Combustibles, salary
\$2.500 per annum, to take effect on the 1st prox-

Albert J, Minor, was appointed Assistant Meddical Officer of the Department, salary \$2,000, per annum, to take effect on the 1st proximo.

Jacob Springstreed, was appointed Superintendent of Horses, salary \$2.000 per annum, to take

effect on the 1st proximo.

James S. Burnton was appointed Assistant Fire

Marshal, salary \$2.000 per annum, to take effect on the 1st proximo.

Walter T. Furlong was appointed Surveyor of Combustibles, salary \$1.500 per annum, to take

effect on the 1st proximo.

John A. McCosker Inspector was discharged from the service of the Department, to take effect on the 1st proximo.

W. B. WHITE.

Secretary.

HEADQUARTERS FIRE DEPARTMENT CITY OF NEW YORK, No. 127 and 129 Mercer street, May 28, 1873. Board of Commissioners met as above.

Present—Joseph L. Perley, President, in the chair, and Commissioners Roswell D. Hatch and Cornelius Van Cott.

The resignation of Mathis Schweppenhauser,

on the 1st proximo, was accepted.

On motion the following was ordered promulgated to the Department:

I. On and after the 1st proximo, the ringing of the fire-bells on all towers located south of Fifty-ninth street will be discontinued, except that, as heretofore, they will be rung at twelve

o'clock noon and at nine o'clock P. M. on week P. M. on Sundays. II. On the 31st inst, the commanding officers

of the companies below enumerated will each assume charge and control of the bell-tower designated, and of all department property pertaining to it, as follows

taining to it, as follows:

Engine Company No. 30, of Spring street Tower.

" 20, of Marion street Tower.

" 17, of Essex Market Tower.

" 18, of Jefferson Market Tower.

" 18, of Twenty-fifth street Tower.

" 34, of Thirty-third street Tower.

HI. The companies above enumerated will, from and after the 1st proximo, be exempted from street patrol service, but in lieu thereof the commanding officers of such companies will daily

detail three men to act as look-outs upon the towers named, whose hours and duties shall be the same in all respects as those heretofore prescribed for the bell-ringers, except as herein modified, and the first hour of duty shall commence at twelve o'clock midnight of the 31st just.

INST.

IV. The commanding officers of the companies named will caution the men so detailed to be vigilant, and will instruct them in their duties as laid down in the orders of the Department.

On motion the services of the following-named bell-ringers were dispensed with, to take effect on the 1st proxime:

on the 1st proximo:
Robert Beattie,
Andrew J. Brady,
Andrew B. Brady,
John Campbell,
Michael J. Cullen,
Frank Clark,
Michael Dolan,
Marca B. Bugan Marco B. Dugan, William M. Frear, Ambrose Felix, Louis Fisher, Adolph Gundermann,

James Lynch,
Hugh McGinley,
Matthew McCaffrey,
John McMahon,
Alexander McDonald,
George Moran,
Jacob Reiter,
Edward T. Rourke,
James Roach,
Anthony Smithey,
Jeremiah D. Tanean,
James L. Van Wart.

On motion the following-named employees in the Repair Shops were discharged from the ser-vice of the Department, to take effect on the 1st

vice of the Depart proximo: Christopher Nugent, Peter McDermott, J. M. Barber, P. Foley, John McCabe, Phillip Reilley, E. McNamara, Cornelius Price, Michael Kearney, Thomas Fannin, M. Hoctor, Schmidlapp, Dobson,

S. Huber,
John Grogan,
E. Pendleton,
W. Ferguson,
M. Whalen,
M. Quinn,
J. Donovan,
B. Donnelly,
C. A. Wilsey,
T. Murray,
William Zweiszeg,
Thomas Brennan,
W. H. Kukuck,

On motion the following named employes were On motion the following named employes were discharged from the service of the Department, to take effect on the 1st proximo:

John Hopkins,
William Fizzpatrick,
P. Heffernan,
A. Corey,
Michael Hanley,
James Burns,
James Bailey,
O. McLaughin,
T. Shea,

Fowler, McKenna, nomas McCue,

T. Shea,
H. Masterson,
M. Martin,
William Elliott,
M. Keane,
P. Bray.

On motion the following named Oil Collectors in the Bureau of Combustibles were discharged from the service of the Department, to take effect

on the first proximo.
Thomas McGrath,
James A. Cullem,

The following named employes were discharged

The following appointments were made to take ffect om June 1st, 1873:
William Mathers, Foreman Machine Shop, \$1,500 per

nnum. Albert Osborn, Messenger, §1,000 per annum. Charles Williams, Assistant Janitor, \$1,000 per annum

To take effect June 2d, 1873. William D. Moore, Carpenter, \$4.00 per day. James Burke, Night-watchman, Repair shops, \$3.00

er day. William Lyness, Blacksmith, Repair shops, \$3.50 per day. T. L. Leonard, Blacksmith, Helper shops, \$3.00 per

John J. Hawkins, Shop Engineer, shops, \$3.50 per day. Daniel Mahony, Driver, Telegraph Wagon, \$3.00 per

ay. Thomas McBride, Painter, \$3.50 per day. To take effect June 9th, 1873. James Flynn, Assistant Inspector, \$1.200 per annum.

W. B. WHITE,

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

CITY HALL, June 21st, 1873.

In pursuance of the provisions of Sec. 110, Chap. 335, Laws of 1873, the Department of Public Works, makes the following statement of its transactions for the week ending this day: Force employed

On repairs and maintenance of the Aqueduct-8 keepers, 2 foremen, 69 laborers and mechanics, and 4 teams.

On alterations of Aqueduct, Tenth avenue—general foreman, 6-foremen, 286 laborers and

chanics, 16 carts and 8 teams

In pipe yard—I superintendent, I foreman, and 47 laborers and mechanics.

In laying pipes, and repairs and renewal of pipes and stop-cocks—Io foreman, 9 assistant-foremen, 567, laborers, rockmen, &c., 37 carts

In repairing stone pavements—I general fore-man, III pavers and laborers, and 24 carts. On construction of Boulevard, roads and

avenues above Fifty-ninth street—2 general fore-men, 26 foremen, 831 laborers, rockmen and

mechanics, 75 carts, 56 teams, 2 four-horse teams and I eight-horse team.

On Telford McAdam pavement, Seventy-second street, from Eighth avenue to Hudson River-3 foremen, 133 laborers and rockmen,

23 carts, and 2 teams.
On maintenance of Boulevard, roads and avenues-3 foremen, 23 laborers, 10 carts and

On care of unpaved streets and roads—I foreman, 10 laborers, I scraper, I roller, 7 carts and

7 sprinklers.

Repairing and cleaning sewers—I foreman,
6 inspectors, 5 laborers, and I cart.

Cleaning and care of public buildings—7 men,

30 women, and 1 steam-engineer.

At public baths—2 superintendents, 4 keepers,

assistant-keepers, and 2 watchmen.
On new street improvements under contract— 14 inspectors of pavements, 32 inspectors of regulating, grading, &c., and 21 inspectors of

In cutting of croton water and stopping leaks
1 tapper, 2 water cutters, 2 measurers, and 9

laborers.
On lamps and gas -3 painters of public lamps and 9 lighters of public markets.

City Chamberlain.	
For water rents\$33,550	
For penalties on water rents	9
For tapping Croton pipes 191	
For permits to construct vaults 668	1
For permits to connect with sewers 390	•
Total\$34,866	4

Four hundred and sixty-seven receiving basins have been cleaned, 25 old street lamps reset on Tenth avenue, 2 old lamps removed and discon-

Croton water has been introduced in Fourth Croton water has been introduced in Fourth avenue, between Eighty-seventh and Eighty-ninth streets, and in Avenue St. Nicholas, east side, between One Hundred and Fiftieth and One Hundred and Fifty-second streets.

Eighteen complaints of obstructions in streets were received, I permit for street sign, and 3I permits to place building material on the streets were issued.

were issued

The following communication, transmitting the revised estimate of the Department for the year 1873 was sent to the Board of Apportion-

CITY OF NEW YORK,
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.
CITY HALL, June 16, 1873.
To the Honorable, the Board of Estimate and Appor-

To the Honorable, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment:

In reply to the circular letter of the Department of Finance, dated 19th ult., covering a resolution of your honorable Board, and in compliance with Section 112 chapter 335 of the laws of 1873, the Department of Public Works herewith transmits an estimate of the amounts required to pay the expenses of conducting the public business of the City of New York under its charge for the year 1873, together with a statement of each of the salaries of its officers, clerks, employes, and subordinates. The aggregate amount asked for is \$480,500 less than the amount appropriated for the year 1872, and \$193,000 less than a previous estimate submitted for the year 1873.

REVISED ESTIMATE FOR 1873—DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC

		mounts.
	Aqueduct repairs and maintenance	
	Boulevard, roads and avenues, maintenance o	
	Contingencies and legal expenses, Departmen	t
	of Public Works	5,000
	Free floating baths	10,000
	Lamps and gas	800,000
	Printing, stationery and blank books from May	
1	1, 1873 to December 31, 1873	10,000
	Printing, stationery, and blank books for Mu-	
	nicipal departments, civil and police courts,	
	to May 1, 1873	13,000
	Public buildings, construction and repairs	
	Public drinking hydrants	
	Removing obstructions in streets and avenues.	
١	Repairing and keeping in order wooden pave	
	ments	60,000
	Repairing and renewal of pipes, stop cocks &c	
ı	Roads and avenues, repairs and sprinkling	
	Salaries, Department of Public Work	
	Sewers, repairing and cleaning	
Ü	Streets, repairing and repairs of stone pave-	
	ments	100,00
	Supplies for and cleaning public offices	50,000
	Wells and pumps repairing and cleaning	1.000

anting, furnishing cocks, tubes and and all other expenses.....

while the number of public lamps is necessarily increasing every year.

Under the provisions of the present charter this Department is not required to provide stationery, blank books, and printing for the various departments, bureaus, civil and police courts as heretofore. The amount required to cover the expenditures on this account to May 1st, is made up from actual expenditures and liabilities incurred during that time as is the amount required for this Department for the balance of the year.

The appropriation for "construction and repairs of public buildings" should not be made less than the estimate, which is \$50,000, as it was necessary to make extensive alterations in the City Hall building for the pur-

pose of providing offices for this Department, the expenditure for which was not taken into account when the late Board of Apportionment appropriated the same amount for the current year. The removal of this Department to the City Hall effects a saving of nearly \$30,000 per annum for rent.

The demand for public drinking hydrants is daily increasing, and they are of such practical benefit to the community that the means for providing and maintaining them should properly be increased.

The amount asked for expenditure in removing obstructions from public thoroughfares is \$500, being one-fifth of the appropriation for 1872.

To keep in order the wooden pavements during the year a sum much larger than is shown in the estimate would be required, but it is intended to make only such repairs as are unavoidable in anticipation of future measures providing for the entire removal of wooden pavements.

The amount required for "repairing and renewal of

repairs as are unavoidable in anticipation of future measures providing for the entire removal of wooden pavements.

The amount required for "repairing and renewal of pipes and stop-cocks" is the same as allowed by the Board of Apportionment, and in view of the continual extension of the Croton main system it cannot with safety to the water supply be reduced.

On a previous estimate the Department asked for \$35,000 for repairing and sprinkling of roads and avenues. The Board of Apportionment allowed \$30,000, which amount appears on the present estimate.

The appropriation for salaries should not be reduced below the amount asked for. The clerical engineering, and superintending force of the Department has been reduced as far as consistent with efficiency, and the employes have given proof by faithful service that they are fully entitled to their respective salaries. The amount required is \$35,000 less than the appropriation of last year.

For repairing and cleaning sewers the Department asks \$80,000. Last year \$90,000 was appropriated, and the receipts for sewer permits, amounting to \$20,400, also applied thereto. Under recent legislation these receipts now go to the general fund; the full amount asked should therefore be allowed.

The estimate of repairing stone pavements is \$100,000, one-third less than the appropriation of last year. A much larger sum is needed for this purpose as the street pavements are in very bad condition from the effects of an unusually severe winter. The greatest economy and judgment will be required to keep the stone pavements in serviceable condition with this amount.

One thousand dollars is asked for the purpose of repairing and cleaning wells and pumps. This amount is very small in proportion to the work to be done, as many of the old wells required extensive repairs, and a great portion of the upper part of the city, where Croton water has not yet been introduced, must rely on wells and pumps for its water supply.

Very respectfully,

GEORGE M. VAN NORT,

Commissioner of Public

No new Contracts were made. The total amount of requisitions drawn on the Comptroller by the Department during the week is \$205,422.63.

GEO. M. VAN NORT, Commissioner of Public Works.

THE SANITARY CODE. ADOPTED JUNE 3d, 1873.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Sec. 85. That no petroleum oil, kerosene oil, (or other liquid having like composition or qualities as a burning fluid as said oil), shall be kept or exposed or offered for sale as a burning fluid for lamps or any receptacle for the purpose of illumination, nor shall such oil or fluid or any description thereof be sold or kept or exposed or offered for sale, or given away for use or be used as a burning fluid for any such lamp or receptacle, or be kept for such use, unless such oil or fluid shall be of such quality and ingredients that it shall stand and be equal to the following test and conditions, to wit:

and conditions, to wit:

It shall not evolve an inflammable vapor at a temperature below one hundred (100) degrees of the Fahrenheit thermometer.

sec. 86. That no fat, tallow, or lard shall be melted or rendered except when fresh from the slaughtered animal, and taken directly from the places of slaughter in the City of New York, and in a condition free from sourness and taint and all other cause of offence at the time of rendering and that all melting and rendering are to and all other cause of offence at the time of ren-dering, and that all melting and rendering are to be in steam-tight vessels, the gases and odors therefrom to be destroyed by combustion or other means equally effective, and according to the best and most improved means and processes; and everything preceding, following, and in connection with such melting and rendering, and the premises where the same shall be conducted, must be free from all offensive odor and other cause of detriment to the public health. No fat. nust be free from all offensive oder and other cause of detriment to the public health. No fat, lard, or tallow shall be brought into the. City of New York to be rendered or melted, and none is to be rendered or melted that has come from any place outside of said city, except as part of the living animal.

Sec. 87. That no part of the contents of or substances from any sink, privy, or cesspool, nor any manure, ashes, garbage, rubbish, or dirt, shall be by any person flung or allowed to run or drop into or remain in any street or public except as herein aleawhere, except as herein aleawhere, except as place, except as herein elsewhere specified; nor shall the same be thrown or allowed to fall or run into the North or East river, save through the

proper underground connection. Sec. 88. That no swill, brine, urine of animals or other offensive animal nuisance, nor any stinking, noxious liquid, or other filthy matter of any kind, shall by any person be allowed to run or fall from or out of any building, vehicle, or

or fall from or out of any building, vehicle, or erection into or upon any street or public place, or be taken or public place, or any street provided.

Sec. 89. That he butchers' offal, or garbage, nor any dead animals from any public or stinking animal or vegetable parter, shall be thrown by any person or allowed to go into any street, place, sewer, or receiving basin, or into any river or standing or running water or exercation, or upon any ground or premises in the built up portions of said city.

Sec. 90. That no person shall draw off, or allow to run oil into any ground, street, or place of said city, the contents (or any part thereof) of any wault, privy, cistern, cesspool, or sink; nor shall any owner, tenant, or occupant of any building to which any vault, sink. privy, or cesspool shall appertain, or be attached, permit the contents, or any part thereof, to flow therefrom, or to rise within two feet of any part of the top, or permit said contents to become offensive; nor shall any privy, or other erection in this section mentioned, be filled with or covered with dirt till its filthy contents shall be emptied. Sec. 90. That no person shall draw off, or alcontents shall be emptied.

Sec. 91. That no person shall throw into, or deposit in any vault, sink, privy, or cesspool, any offial, ashes, meat, fish, garbage, or other substance, except that of which any such place is the

appropriate receptacle. Sec. 92. That neither the contents of any such tub or of any receptacle, cesspool, privy, vault, sink, or water-closet, cistern, nor anything in any room excavation vat, building, premises, or place, shall be allowed to become a nuisance, or offensive, so as to be dangerous or prejudicial to life or health.

as to be dangerous or prejudicial to life or health.

Sec. 93. That every tub or other receptacle in any necessary house, sink, or privy, (or placed, or allowed to stand therein, by any owner, tenant, or occupant, of any building, or premises), and used to contain any liquid or partially liquid substance, shall be sufficiently strong, perfectly tight, and adequately provided with a strong cover and with hoops and handles; shall not be allowed to be filled to within four inches of any part of the top, and shall not be allowed (or its contents) to be and shall not be allowed (or its contents) to be of ensive. And the provisions of this Code relative to emptying cesspools, and to throwing any substance therein, shall apply to said tubs and receptacles as if here repeated and applied there-

And no person shall throw, drop, or allow to fall into the North or East river, or into any fall into the North or East river, or into any reet or place, any substance being, or having en part of, the contents of any such vault, cession, privy, sink, tub, or receptacle, or any offall. Sec. 94. That no person shall deposit upon any street or public place within the generally built-up portion of the City of New York, or upon any paved street, any dirt or brick, or other material or dirt taken from any ground therein, in such manner as to occupy more than one hundred square feet of surface of any street or place (and the same shall be compact and at one side,) nor allow the same to remain more than twelve hours, without a permit from this Department, or unless such ocsame to remain more than twelve nours, without a permit from this Department, or unless such occupancy shall be otherwise duly authorized by paramount authority. Nor shall any such substance be so deposited or allowed to remain by any person as to obstruct the free flowage along any outer.

stance be so deposited or allowed to remain by any person as to obstruct the free flowage along any gutter.

Sec. 95. That it shall be the duty of every owner, ten at, lessee, and occupant of any and every building or place of business in the generally built-up portions of the City of New York, forthwith to provide or cause to to be provided, and at all times thereafter to keep and cause to be kept and provided, within such building or place of business, suitable and sufficient boxes, barrels or tubs for receiving and holding, without leakage, and without being filled to within four inches of the top thereof, all the ashes, rubbish garbage, and liquid substances, of whatever kind, that may accumulate during thirty-six hours from said building or place of business, or the portion thereof of which such person may be the owner, tenant, lessee, or occupant; and every such box, barrel, and tub, designed to hold ashes shall be made of or lined with some suitable metal. That a separate vessel shall be provided for ashes and rubbish, and another for garbage and liquid substances; and ashes and rubbish shall not be placed or kept in the same vessels with garbage, and liquid substances; and all ashes, rubbish, garbage and liquid substances that should be removed from such building and place of business, or from that part for which said receptacles were provided, and none other (without the proper consent), shall be placed therein, and no such box, barrel, or tub shall remain on any sidewalk, or in any public place, longer than may be needful for the removal of the contents thereof.

Sec. 96. That such boxes, tubs, and barrels

Sec. 96. That such boxes, tubs, and barrels

Sec. 96. That such boxes, tubs, and barrels shall be placed and kept in such position (unless kept within or upon private grounds, within the sidewalks) as the inspectors or agents of this Department shall provide or the police direct; and no person, not for that purpose authorized, shall interfere therewith, or with the contents thereof.

Sec. 97. That all occupants, so preferring, may deliver their ashes, garbage, and rubbish directly to the proper carts, to be taken away at any hour of the day when said carts may be present; and said carts may take such articles from receptacles delivered at any such hour; provided, that such garbage or rubbish be not highly filthy or offensive; and in the latter case, the same shall not be so delivered or received during the period from seven o'clock A. M. of any day till ten o'clock of the evening of the same day.

during the period from seven o'clock A. M. of any day till ten o'clock of the evening of the same day.

Sec. 98. That no lime, ashes, coal, dry sand, hair, feathers, or other substance that is in a similar manner liable to be blown by the wind, shall be seived, or agitated, or exposed, nor shall any mat, carpet, or cloth, be shaken or beaten, nor any cloth, yarn, garment, or material, or substance, be scoured, cleaned or hung, nor any business be conducted over or in any street or public place, or where it, or particles therefrom, or set in motion thereby, will pass into any such street or public place, or into any occupied premises. That neither any usual nor any reasonable precaution shall be omitted by any person to prevent fragments or other substances from falling, to the peril of life, or dust and light material flying into any street, place, or building, from any building or erection, while the same is being altered, repaired, or demolished, or otherwise.

Sec. 99. That every person who shall have paved, or caused to be paved, any street or place, shall cause all rubbish, dirt, and whatsoever else

he has deposited, or allowed to be deposited on such pavement, to be removed from the several parts of such pavements within five days from the time of the same being deposited thereon. And every person who has removed any flagstone, curbstone, pavement-stone, or other stone, or dirt or iron in or from any street, sidewalk or place, for the purpose of repairs, or for the purpose of paving, flagging, or curbing, or repairing, re-curbing, or re-flagging, or making any repairs or changes, or otherwise shall cause the same or a proper substitute therefor to be placed or replaced and completed as soon as the same can reasonably be done.

Sec. 100. That every owner, lessee, tenant,

Sec. 100. That every owner, lessee, tenant, and occupant of any stall, stable, or apartment in which any horse, cattle, or swine, or any other animal shall be kept, or of any place in which manure or any liquid discharge of such animals shall collect or accumulate, within the built-up portion of said city, shall cause said liquid and manure to be at once removed to some proper place, and shall at all times keep or cause to be kept such stalls, stables, and apartments, and the manure to be at once removed to some proper place, and shall at all times keep or cause to be kept such stalls, stables, and apartments, and the drainage, yard, and appurtenances thereof in a cleanly and wholesome condition, so that no offensive smell detrimental to health shall be allowed to escape therefrom; and when within three hundred feet of any occupied dwellinghouse, or of any manufactory where more than five persons are employed, the removals from the stables shall not be made, nor shall the manure or refuse from the stable be allowed to remain on any street or place near such stable, any time between 8 o'clock A. M. and 6 o'clock P. M., without a permit from the Health Department. Every such stall, stable, or apartment, where horses or cattle are kept, shall have an underground and properly covered manure vault of not less than sixty-four cubic feet capacity. But the Sanitary Superintendent is authorized to issue permits to be regularly reported to this Board regulating such removal within said hours.

Sec. 101. That no person shall empty, or at-

Sec. 101. That no person shall empty, or attempt to empty, any vault, sink, privy, or cesspool in the City of New York, except pursuant to a permit therefor first received from this Depart.

ment.

Sec. 102. That from and after the first of September, 1872, no part of the contents of any privy, vault, sink, cesspool, except substances other than excrements insoluble in water, or any accumulation of any oftensive fluid, liquid, or semi-liquid substance or material, being in any excavation, cellar, or place, within the limits of the City of New York, shall be removed therefrom, nor shall the same be transported through any of the streets or avenues of said city, unless and except the same shall be removed and transported by means of an air-tight apparatus, or in such manner as shall prevent entirely the escape of any noxious or offensive odors therefrom, and by a permit from this Department.

or offensive odors therefrom, and by a permit from this Department.

Sec. 103. That the drivers of all carts for the removal of any garbage, offal, rubbish, or dirt from any building or premises, shall give ade-quate notice to those dwelling in any street whose buildings or premises such cart is about to or should approach for the removal of any substance aforesaid.

Sec. 104. That no person shall engage in the business of a scavenger, or of transporting manure, swill, ashes, offal, rubbish, or garbage, or any offensive or noxious substance, or in driving any cart for such purpose, in the City of New York, (except the person acting under the street cleaning commissioners, or the contractors for cleaning the streets, and as this Department may providel, until he shall have first received a permit from until he shall have first received a permit from this Department of such form and effect as the regulations of the Board shall provide, author-

this Department of such form and effect as the regulations of the Board shall provide, authorizing such person so to engage.

Sec. 105. That every cart and other vehicle hereafter constructed for or engaged about any business, or intended to be loaded with any matter or substance in the last section mentioned, shall be constructed according to this Code, and to the regulations and orders of the Board of Health of the Health Department.

Sec. 106. That no cart or other vehicle for carrying any offal, swill, garbage, or rubbish, or the contents of any privy, vault, cesspool, or sink, or having upon it or in any thing on such cart any manure, or other nauseous or offensive substance, shall, without necessity therefor, stand or remain, nor shall a needless number gather before or near any building, place of business, or other premises where any person may be; nor shall any such cart or vehicle occupy an unreasonable length of time in loading or unloading, or in passing along any street or through any inhabited place or ground; nor shall any such cart or vehicle, or the driver thereof, or any thing thereto appertaining, be (o by any person having a right to control the same, be allowed to be) in a condition needlessly filthy or offensive; and when not in use, all such carts, vehicles, and all implements used in connection therewith, shall be stored and kept in some place where no needless offense shall be given to any of the people of said city. the people of said city.

Sec. 107. That all carts and vehicles in the

last section mentioned, and boxes, tubs, and re-ceptacles thereon, in which any substance in said ceptacles thereon, in which any substance in said section referred to may be or be carried, shall be strong and tight and the sides shall be so high above the load or contents that no part of such contents or load shall fall, leak, or spill therefrom; and that when, in the opinion of this Board, it is necessary to prevent the contents of such carts or vehicles, tubs or boxes, or receptacles from being offensive, each of such carts, tubs, and boxes, and receptacles shall be adequately and tightly covered, as the orders or regulations of this Department may provide or direct.

ed, as the orders or regulations of this Department may provide or direct.

Sec. 108. That no driver of such cart or vehicle, nor any person having undertaken or being engaged about the loading or unloading thereof, nor person engaged about the cleaning or emptying, or having undertaken to empty or remove any manure, garbage, offal, or the contents,

of any vault, sink, privy, cesspool, or any noxious or offensive substance, shall do or permit to be done about the same, or in connection therewith, that which shall be needlessly offensive or filthy in respect to any person, street, place, building, or

Sec. 109. That no person shall allow (and it shall be the duty of every contractor and person who has ordered or procured, or is having any of the following articles carried, or who is driving the following articles carried, or who is driving the same, to prevent) any cart or vehicle to be so fully loaded, or being in such bad condition of repair, or of such faulty construction, or being so improperly driven or managed, that any offensive liquid, or any manure, garbage, rubbish, offal, dirt, or material thereon, shall fall upon or in any place, street, or premises; and it shall be the duty of every such person to at once replace on such vehicle and remove what has so fallen.

See 110. That all putrid or offensive matter.

vehicle and remove what has so failen.

Sec. 110. That all putrid or oftensive matter, and all night-soil, and the contents of sinks, privies, vaults, and cesspools, and all noxious substances in the built-up portion of said city, shall, before their removal or exposure, be disinfected and rendered inoffensive by the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises where the same may be, or (in default of the same being so done) by the person or contractor who removes or is by the person or contractor who removes or is about to remove the same; and for all such mat-ter so disinfected and rendered inoffensive, the person (not being such tenant, owner, or occupant) who shall so disinfect and remove the same, shall who shall so disintect and remove the same, shall be entitled to demand and recieve a compensation, to be fixed by the Board of Health of the Health Department, not exceeding twelve cents per cubic foot for making such disinfection and removal to be paid by such tenant, owner, or occupant.

Sec. 111. That neither the owner, tenant, nor occupant of any building or premises, in the built.

occupant of any building or premises, in the built-up portions of the City of New York, shall em-ploy, cause, or permit any part of the contents of any vault, privy, sink, or cesspool (being thereon, and of which he has control) to be removed, unless according to a permit or the regulations of the said Department.

Sec. 112. That no pile or deposit of manure,

offal, dirt or garbage, nor any accumulation of any offensive or nauseous substance, shall be made within the built-up portions of the day made within the built-up portions of the City of New York, or upon any open space inclosed with-in any portions thereof, or upon the piers, docks, or bulkheads adjacent thereto, or upon any open grounds near (or upon any vessel or scow other than those to be speedily, and according to the duty of any person, removed, lying at) any such than those to be speedily, and according to the duty of any person, removed, lying at) any such pier, wharf, or bulkhead, except according to a resolution of this Board specially authorizing the same, and a permit obtained from this Department, and according to its regulations. And no person shall contribute to the making of any such accumulations. Nor shall any straw, hay, or other substance which has been used as bedding for animals, be placed or dried upon any street or sidewalk, or roof any building, nor shall any such straw, hay, of other substance be deposited; nor shall accumulation thereof be made within two hundred feet of any street without a permit from this feet of any street without a permit from this

Sec. 113. That no pile or deposit of manure, Sec. 113. That no pile or deposit of manure, offal or garbage, nor any accumulation of any offensive or nauseous substance, shall be made within three hundred feet of any church or place of worship, nor within the limits of said city within three hundred feet of any inhabited dwelling, nor shall any person or corporation unload, discharge, or put upon or along the line of any railroad, street, or highway, or public place within said city, any manure, offal, garbage, or other offensive or nauseous substance, within three hundred feet of any inhabited dwelling, nor shall cars and flats loaded with or having in or upon them any such substance or having in or upon them any such substance or substances be allowed to remain or stand on or along any railroad, street, or highway within the limits of said city within three hundred feet of any inhabited dwelling.

Sec. 114. That no manure, garbage, or other material that is liable to emit an oftensive exhalation, shall, in or adjacent to the built-up portions of the City of New York, be turned or stirred (except about its removal), in such way as to be liable, by reason thereof, to increase such exhala-

sec. 115. That every proprietor, lessee, tenant, and occupant of any oyster-house, oyster saloon, or other premises where any oysters, clams, lobsters, or shell or other fish are consumed, used or sold, or where any of the refuse matter, offals, or shells thereof accumulate, shall daily cause all such shells, offal, and refuse matter to be represented therefrom to some proper place. ter to be removed therefrom to some proper place, and shall keep his house, saloon and premises at all times free from any offensive smells or accu-

Sec. 116. That no hotel or house swill or gar-Sec. 116. That no hotel or house swill or garbage, or offensive material of a liquid nature, or partly liquid nature, not removed or required to be removed by the contractors for street cleaning, shall be transported through or along any street of the City of New York, except in tightly-covered iron-bound casks or boxes, and none of the contents of such casks or boxes shall be allowed to fall, or leak,

Sec. 117. That the owners, lessees, tenants and Sec. 117. That the owners, lessees, tenants and managers of every blacksmith or other shop, forge, or coal yard, foundry, manufactory and premises where any business is done, shall cause all ashes, cinders, rubbish, dirt, and refuse to be removed to some proper place, so that the same shall not accumulate at any of the above-mentioned premises, or in the appurtenances thereof, nor the same become filthy or offensive. Nor shall any smoke, cinders, dust, gas, or offensive odor be allowed to escape from any such building, place, or premises to the detriment or annoyance of any person not being these annoyance of any person not being therein or thereupon engaged.

Sec. 118. That from and after the 1st day of June, 1870, every furnace employed in the work-

ing of engines by steam, or in any mill, factory, printing house, dye factory, iron foundry, glass house, distillery, brew house, sugar refinery, bake house, gas works, or in any other buildings used for the purposes of trade or manufacture, shall be so constructed as to consume burn the smoke arising therefrom, unless a permit to the smoke arising therefrom, unless a permit to the contrary be obtained from this Depart-

ment.

Sec. 119. That no vault, privy, sink, cistern or cesspool shall hereafter be made or rebuilt in the City of New York, except in accordance with the regulations, and pursuant to a permit first obtained from this Department; nor shall any erection or cover be made or put upon, or over the same, until the same has been inspected by the Sanitary Superintendent, or an officer detailed by him, and been found to correspond to such permit and regulations; and no privy shall be built within two feet of the line of any lot.

DISEASED ANIMALS.

SEC. 120. That no diseased or sickly horse cattle, swine, sheep, dog, or cat, or other ani-mals, nor any that have been exposed to any

mals, nor any that have been exposed to any disease that is contagious among such animals, shall be brought into the City of New York.

Sec. 121. That no person shall keep, retain, or allow or employ to be kept or retained, at any place within or adjacent to the built-up portions of the City of New York, any horse, ass, or colt, having the disease known as glanders or farcy.

DEAD, SICK, AND INJURED ANIMALS

Sec. 122. That no person shall leave in or Sec. 122. That no person shall leave in or throw into any place or street or public water, nor offensively expose nor bury, the body (or any part thereof) of any dead or fatally sick or injured animal; nor shall any person keep any dead animal or any offensive meat, bird, fowl or fish, in a place where the same may be dangerous to the life or detrimental to the health of any person.

ous to the life or detrimental to the health of any person.

Sec. 123. That any animal, being in any street or public place, within or adjacent to the built-up portions of New York City, and appearing in the estimation of any officer or inspector of this Department (and of two discreet citizens, called by such officer or inspector to view the same in his presence) injured or diseased, past recovery for any useful purpose, and not being attended and properly cared for by the owner or some proper person to have charge thereof for such owner; or not having been removed to some private premises, or to some place designated by such officer or inspector within one hour after being found or left in such condition, may be deprived of life by such officer or inspector, or as he may direct, and shall thereafter, unless at once removed by the owner or proper person, be treated as any other animal found on a street or place.

Sec. 124. That any person having a dead animal or an animal past recovery, and not killed for and proper for use as meat or fish, or in an offensive condition or sick with an infectious or contagious disease, on his premises in said city, and every person whose animal, or any animal person.

offensive condition or sick with an infectious of contagious disease, on his premises in said city, and every person whose animal, or any animal in his charge or under his control in any street or place, may die or become or be in a condition past recovery, shall at once remove or cause the removal of such animal, dead or alive, to some proper place; and when such place may be dedesignated by the Sanitary Superintendent of this Department, to the place so designated.

Sec. 125. That it shall be the duty of the owner, and of the person that last had or then having charge of any animal, so dead or injured or diseased, and being in any street or public place, to at once give notice thereof, and of the nearest street and avenue where it may be, to some inspector or officer of this Department, or of the Sanitary Bureau, unless such animal is at once removed by some proper person.

Sec. 126. That no person other than the

removed by some proper person.

Sec. 126. That no person other than the inspectors or officers of this Department or the Board of Police, or persons thereto authorized, shall in any way interfere with such dead, sick, or injured animal in any street or place, and no person shall skin or wound such animal in such streetor public place, unless to terminate its life as herein authorized, except that the owner or person having control of such animal may terminate the life thereof in the presence and by the consent of a policeman or an inspector or officer of this Department.

Sec. 127. That no person shall obstruct, delay.

Sec. 127. That no person shall obstruct, delay, or interfere with the proper and free use, for the purposes for which they may be, and should be, set apart and devoted, of any dock, pier, or bulkhead set apart for the use of any contractor person engaged in removing any offal gar.

bulkhead set apart for the use of any contractor or person engaged in removing any offal, garbage, rubbish, dirt, dead animals, night-soil, or other like substances, or with the proper performance of such contracts.

Sec. 128. That it shall be the duty of every contractor and person (his agents and employes) who has contracted or undertaken to remove any diseased or dead animal, offal, rubbish, garbage, dirt, street-sweepings, night-soil, or other filthy, offensive, or noxious substance, or is engaged about any such removal, or in loading or unloadabout any such removal, or in loading or unloading of any such substance, to do the same with dispatch, and in every particular in a manner as cleanly and little offensive, and with as little danger and prejudice to life and health as pos-

Sec. 129. That no matter or material in the section last mentioned shall lay piled up, or partially raked together, in any street or place before the removal thereof, more than a reasonable time, nor for more than four hours in the day-

time, nor for more than four hours in the day-time, under any circumstances.

Sec. 130. That no ship, boat, or other vessel or article shall be taken or allowed by any per-son to come into or lay to or at or within any dock, pier, bulkhead or slip (or be placed there-on), set apart or appropriated for the use or pur-pose of the shipment or removal of any offal, garbage, rubbish, dirt, or dead animals, or for the use of any contractor about the removal of

any of the foregoing substances, without a permit from this Department.

REPORTS AS TO CONTAGIOUS AND INFECTIOUS

Sec. 131. That every physician shall report to the Sanitary Bureau in writing, every person having a contagious disease (and the state of his or her disease, and his or her place of dwelling and name, if known) which such physician has prescribed for or attended for the first time since having such a contagious disease, during any part of the preceding twenty-four hours; but not more than two reports shall be required in one week concerning the same person; but every attending or practising physician thereat must, at his peril, see that such report is or has been made by some attending physician.

Sec. 132. That it shall be the duty of each and every practising physician in the City of New York to report, in writing, to the Board of Health, the death of any of his patients who shall have died in said city, of contagious or infectious disease, within twenty-four hours thereafter, and to state in such report the specific name and type of such disease.

Sec. 133. That every keeper of any boarding-house or lodging-house, and every inn-keeper and hotel-keeper shall, within twenty-four hours, report in writing to the Sanitary Bureau the same particulars in the last section required of any physician concerning any person being at any of the aforesaid houses or hotels, and attacked with

any contagious disease.

Sec. 134. That the commissioners, managers, Sec. 134. That the commissioners, managers, principal, or other proper head officer of each and every public or private institution in said city shall twice in each week report in writing (or cause such report by some proper and competent person to be made twice in each week) to the Sanitary Bureau, and state therein the name, if known, and condition, and disease of any and every person being thereat, and sick of any contagious disease.

tagious disease.
Sec. 135. That the master, chief officer, and consignee, or one of them, of every vessel, not being in quarantine, or within quarantine limits, but being within one-fourth of a mile of any dock, wharf, pier, or building of said city shall, daily report to the Sanitary Bureau, or cause to be reported, in writing, the particulars, and shall be in the text of the name disease, and condition of therein state the name, disease, and condition of any person being in or on such vessel, and sick

any person being in or on such vessel, and sick of any contagious disease.

Sec. 136. That it shall be the duty of every person knowing of any individual in said city sick of any contagious disease (where such person shall have reason to regard such individual as neglected or not properly cared for, and to avoid giving said disease to others), and the duty of every physician hearing of any such sick person, who he shall have reason to think requires the attention of this Department, to at once report the facts to the Sanitary Bureau in regard to the the facts to the Sanitary Bureau in regard to the disease, condition, and dwelling-place or position

disease, condition, and dwelling-place or position of such sick person.

Sec. 137. That the keepers, lessees, tenants, and owners of every boarding-house and lodging-house shall within six hours after the fact shall come to his or her or their knowledge, notify the Sanitary Bureau in writing of the fact of any sea-faring man or person lately from any vessel being taken sick at such house, and shall in such notice state where such sick person may be found and from what vessel, and when he came, to the best of the knowledge of the person or persons giving such notice.

and from what vessel, and when he came, to the best of the knowledge of the person or persons giving such notice.

Sec. 138. That every master and chief officer of any vassel, and every physician of, or who practiced on any vessel which shall arrive in the port of New York from any other port, shall at once report to this Department any facts connected with any person or thing on said vessel, or that came thereon, which he has reason to think may endanger the public health of this city; and he shall report the facts as to any person being or having been sick thereon of a contagious disease, and as to there being, or having been during the voyage or since her arrival, any infected person or articles thereon.

Sec. 139. That every master, charterer, owner, part owner, and consignee of any vessel or of the cargo thereof which shall be in the water of said city, unless detained in quarantine, shall at once give, or cause to be given, to the Sanitary Superintendent, written notice of any infected article or person, and of every person sick of a contagious disease. Issue of the support having within ten days

intendent, written notice of any infected article or person, and of every person sick of a contagious disease, being or having within ten days been on board said vessel; and also of each and every fact and thing relative to said vessel, sick person or cargo, or to the crew of such vessel, which any of the first-mentioned persons shall have reason to think may be useful for this Department to know, or he or become dangerous or partment to know, or be or become dangerous or prejudicial to life or health in said city.

REMOVALS FROM, AND UNLOADING OF VESSELS.

this Department, or cause to be made, in writing a report to this Department, of the fact of any such cotton being in a dangerous, infected or un-sound condition, or having been exposed to any

Sec. 141. That no master, charterer, owner, Sec. 141. That no master, charterer, owner, part owner, or consignee of any vessel, or any other person, shall bring to any dock, pier, wharf, or building within one thousand feet thereof, in said city, or unload at any dock, building or pier therein, or have on storage in the built-up portion of said city any skins, hides, rags, or similar articles or materials, having been brought from any foreign country or any infected place, or from any point south of Norfolk, Virginia, without or otherwise than according to a written permit so to do from this Department; the built-up portion of said city any skins, hides, rags, or similar articles or materials, having been brought from any foreign country or any infected place, or from any point south of Norfolk, Virginia, without or otherwise than according to a written permit so to do from this Department; and no person shall sell, exchange, or in any way make exposure of any straw, bedding or other ar-

ticles that have been exposed to the contagion or infection of any contagious disease, or have been, or are liable to communicate such disease, or have lately been on any emigrant vessel, till after the same have been adequately cleansed or disin-

Sec. 142. That no owner, agent, or consignee of any vessel or cargo, and no officer of any ves-sel (in respect of either of which vessel or cargo a permit, according to any law, ordinance, or regulation, shall or should have been obtained to pass quarantine, or to come up to the water-front of the City of New York), shall unlade or land, or cause to be unladen or landed, such cargo, or any part thereof, in said city, without having first received the written permit of this

Department so to do.

Sec. 143. That no captain, officer, consignee, owner, or other person in charge of any vessel (or having right and authority to prevent the same) shall remove or aid in removing from any same) shall remove or aid in removing from any vessel to the shore (save as legally authorized by the Health Officer of the Port of New York, and into quarantine grounds or building only) any person sick of, or person that has been exposed to and is liable very soon to develop any contagious disease, nor so remove or aid in removing any articles that have been exposed to the contagion of any such disease, except in accordance with a permit of this Department, or with its special regulations. gulations.

permit of this Department, or with its special regulations.

Sec. 144. That no master, charterer, consignee, or other person, shall order, bring, or allow (having power and authority to prevent) any vessel or person, or article therefrom, from any infected port, nor any vessel, or person, or article therefrom liable to quarantine, according to the ninth section of the three hundred and fifty-eighth chapter of the Laws of 1863 (or under any other laws, and whether such quarantine has been made or suffered, or not), to come or be brought to any point nearer than three hundred yards of any dock or pier, or to any building in said city, without or otherwise than according to a permit of this Department. Nor shall any vessel, or person or thing therein or therefrom, having been in quarantine, come or be brought within the lastnamed distance of any last-named place, without the permit or assent of this Department.

Sec. 145. That no person shall bring into this city, from any infected place, or land, or take therein, from any vessel lately from any infected port, or from any vessel or building in which had lately been any person sick of a contagious disease, any article or person whatsoever, nor shall

lately been any person sick of a contagious disease, any article or person whatsoever, nor shall any such person land or come into said city without a permit of this Department: and it shall be

out a permit of this Department: and it shall be no excuse that such person or article so offending or the occasion of offence, has passed through quarantine, or has a permit from any other source than this Department.

Sec. 146. That no owner, part-owner, charterer, agent, or consignee of any vessel, nor any officer or person having charge or control of the same, shall allow to be cast therefrom, and no person shall cast therefrom, into any public waters of the City of New York, any straw, bedding, clothing, or other substance, from any incoming vessel, from any foreign port, or port south of Cape Henlopen, without a permit from this Board, except as allowed by the quarantine authorities.

Sec. 147. That the Health Officer of the Port of New York, his assistants and deputies, shall at all times keep this Department informed, by weekly written reports, of the number of vessels in Quarantine, of the number of persons sick in the floating or other hospitals thereat, and of the diseases with which they are severally afflicted; he and they shall also receive into the floating hospital all cases of yellow fever found in this city and the port aforesaid; he or in this city and the port aforesaid; he or they shall not send or allow to return to the vicinity of said city, without the permit of the Sanitary Superintendent any person, vessel, or article which this Department has orvessel, or article which dered to Quarantine.

REMOVALS OF SICK PERSONS.

Sec. 148. That no person shall, within the built-up portions of this city, without a permit from this Department, carry or remove from one building to any other, or from any vessel to the shore, any person sick of any contagious disease. Nor shall any person, by any exposure of any individual sick of any contagious disease, or of the body of such person, or by any negligent act con-nected therewith, or in respect of the care or custody thereof, or by a needless exposure of himself, cause or contribute to, or promote, the spread of disease from any such person, or from any dead body. VACCINATION.

Sec. 149. That every person, being the parent or guardian, or having the care, custody, or con-trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to Sec. 140. That every master, owner, charterer, part owner, and consignee of any vessel that shall bring any cotton into the port of New York, and within the limits of the City of New York, between the first day of May and the first day of November of each year, shall at once report to November of each year, shall at once report to the considerable of the City of New York, between the first day of May and the first day of November of each year, shall at once report to the extent of any means, power, and authority of said parent, guardian, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other person, that could properly be used or exerted for such purpose) cause and procure such minor or individual to be so promptly, frequently, and effectively vaccinated, the small post of the city of the extent of any menor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other individual, shall (to trol of any minor, or other person, that could properly be used or exerted for such purpose) cause and procure such minor or individual to be so promptly, frequently, and effectively vaccinated, the properly because and procure such minor or individual shall not take, the small post of the city of the city

EXPOSURE TO DISEASE.

Sec. 150. That no parent, master, or custodian of any child or minor (having power and authority to prevent) shall permit any such child or minor to be unnecessarily exposed, or to needless-ly expose any other person, to the taking, or to the infection of, any contagious disease.

DEAD BODIES-INTERMENTS-SEXTONS

any grave or place of deposit for any such body, for which such permit has not been given authorizing the same. And lit shall be the duty of every person who shall receive any such permit, to preserve and to return the same to this Department, as its regulations may require.

Sec. 152. That no new burying-ground, cemetery, tomb, or vault for dead human bodies shall be established, nor shall the remains of any shall be established, nor shall the remains of any dead body be placed in any existing burying-ground, vault, or tomb, or cemetery in the City of New York, nor any of said receptacles be opened, exposed, or disturbed, except according to the terms of a permit therefor given by this Department; and every body buried in any such place shall be buried to a depth of six feet below the surface of the ground, and four feet below any closely adjacent street. any closely adjacent street.

Sec. 153. That every person who acts as sexton or undertaker in the City of New York, or ton or undertaker in the City of New York, or has the charge or care of any vault, tomb, bury-ing-ground, or cemetery for the reception of the dead, or where the bodies of any human beings are deposited, shall cause his or her name and residence, and the nature of his or her charge and duties, to be registered with this Department.

and duties, to be registered with this Department.
Sec. 154. That every sexton and other person
having charge of any burying-ground, cemetery,
tomb, or vault in the City of New York, shall,
before twelve o'clock of Monday of each week,
make return to this Department of the bodies and
persons buried since their last return, and in such
form, and specifying such particulars, as the
special regulations of this Department shall require

quire.

Sec. 155. That no captain, agent or person having charge of, or attached to any ferry-boat, sailing or other vessel, nor any person in charge of any car, stage or other vehicle, or public or private conveyance, shall convey or allow to be conveyed thereon, or by any means aforesaid, nor shall any person convey or allow to be carried or conveyed, in any manner, from or in the City of New York, the dead body of any human being, or any part thereof, without a permit therefor from this Department. And the proper coupon for that purpose attached to any such permit, when issued, shall be preserved and returned to this Department, as its regulations may require, by the proper officer or person on such boat or when issued, shall be preserved and returned to this Department, as its regulations may require, by the proper officer or person on such boat or vessel, and by the proper person in charge of any train of cars or vehicle on which any such body may be carried from said city; provided, however, that the same effect shall be given, under this section, to a burial or transit permit issued by the Health Officer or Board of Health of the City of Brooklyn, as to a burial or transit permit issued from this Department, when the death of the person named in the permit shall have occurred in the City of Brooklyn, and provided that the same effect shall be given under this section to a burial or transit permit issued by the Board of Health and of Vital Statistics of Richmond County, as to a burial permit from this Department, when the death of the person named in the permit shall have occurred in Richmond County; and, provided that the same effect shall be given under this section to a burial or transit permit issued by the Board of Health or Health Officer of Long Island City as to a burial or transit permit issued from this Department when the death of the person named in the permit shall have occurred in Long Island City; and, provided that the same effect shall be given under this section to a burial or transit permit issued by the Board of Health or Health Officer of Morrisania as to a burial or transit permit issued by this Department when the death of the person named in the person named in the person named in the permit shall have occurred in Morrisania.

Sec. 156. That no person shall retain, expose, or allow to be actioned as a proper of shall be given or allow to be actioned.

in Morrisania.
Sec. 156. That no person shall retain, expose, or allow to be retained or exposed, the dead body of any human being to the peril or prejudice of the life or health of any person.
Sec. 157. That it shall be the duty of every person who has discovered or seen the body of a dead human being, or any part thereof (if there is reason for such person to think that the fact of the death, or the place of such body, or part thereof, is not publicly known), to immediately communicate to the Bureau of Vital Statistics the fact of such discovery of such body, the place where and time when the same was discovered or seen, and where the same is or may be found, and any and where the same is or may be found, and any facts known by which said body may be identi-

facts known by which said body may be identified, or the cause of death ascertained.

Sec. 158. That no person shall retain or allow to be retained unburied the dead body of any human being for a longer time than four days after the death of such person, without a permit from this Department, which permit shall specify the length of time during which such body may be retained unburied. This ordinance shall not apply to bodies retained in the public Morgue at Bellevue Hospital during the time of such detention.

Sec. 159. That at least two hours before the holding of any inquest, within the City of New York, upon a dead body, the Coroner who has been notified of any death, or who may propose or intend to hold such inquest, shall transmit and cause to be delivered to the Bureau of Vital Statistics a written notice containing the following facts, so far as known or reported to any such Coroner:

1. The fact of any such call for the holding of an inquest, and by whom made, and when and from whom received by the Coroner.

2. The place (giving the street and street number, and if there be none, then other particulars) where the body is. What is reported to be the cause of the

4. When and where the death took place, and where the body has since been.
5. When and where he proposes to hold the inquest, giving the street, the street number (or otherwise sufficiently designating such place) and the hour.

6. What physician, or physicians, or other

professional person last attended such deceased person, or attended such person within forty-eight hours of such decease.

At any time after the commencement of any inquest, the Coroner holding, or who should hold, or who held, such inquest, shall within twelve hours after the receipt of a written request so to do from the Sanitary Superintendent, answer in writing such of the following or such other questions as may be propounded to him by the said Inspector, to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.

Report of Coroner There insert Coroner's

Report of Coroner [here insert Coroner's name] upon the body of [here fill in name or description of deceased], on the [here fill in the

year, month, and day, at [here mention street and number].

1. What was the age, sex, and last occupation, residence, and nativity of such deceased

2. At what house or place, and in or near what street or avenue, at what number therein did such deceased person die?

3. If such person died of any poison, when and where was the same administered, and what

was the kind of poison?

4. If such person died of violence, when and where was the same committed, and upon what part of the body and organs, of what did it consist?

5. If such person died of any other cause, state such cause, and when and where the cause took effect upon, or was received by the deceased?

6. Who was last in care of or with such de-

6. Who was last in care of or with such deceased person, and at what place and at what time before death, and when, giving the full name and residence of each such person?

7. What was the name and residence of the physician and persons who last attended, and of each physician and person who within fortyeight hours of such death attended upon such deceased person, and where did he so attend; and whether said physician was notified of or attended and was examined at such inquest?

and whether said physician was nothed of of attended and was examined at such inquest?

8. The times, places, and dates of holding the inquest, and the names and residences by street number of the jurors and witnesses that attended, and dates of their attendance, and when and where the body of the deceased was present at such inquest? such inquest?

such inquest?

9. Was any post-mortem examination made, and if so, when, where, and by whom, and who was present thereat?

It shall be the duty of all coroners in said city to make return to the Bureau of Vital Statistics of all inquisitions by them taken, except when, by law, such inquests are required to be filed elsewhere, and such return shall include the evidence taken on such inquest, and the verdict of the jury, and the full names and residences of of the jury, and the full names and residences of the several jurymen.

And in all cases where the inquest may be required by law to be filed elsewhere, such coroner shall make return to said Bureau of a copy of such inquest, including a copy of such evidence and verdict; and all such returns shall be made within forty-eight hours after the holding of any and every inquest.

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

Sec. 160. That every clergyman, magistrate, Sec. 160. That every clergyman, magistrate, and other person who may perform a marriage ceremony, shall make and keep a registry of the marriage celebrated, and therein enter the full names of the parties married, and the residence, age, and condition of each; and every physician, midwife, and other person who may professionally assist or advise at any birth, shall make and keep a registry of every such birth, and therein enter the time and place, ward, and street number of such birth, and the sex and color of every child born, and the name and residence of each of the parents (so far as the foregoing facts can be ascertained); and every residence of each of the parents (so far as the foregoing facts can be ascertained); and every physician and professional adviser who has attended any person at a last illness, or has been present by request at the death of any person, shall make and preserve a registry of such death, stating the cause thereof, and specifying the date, hour, place, and street number of such death.

Sec. 161. That it shall be the duty of every person mentioned in the last section, or required to make or keep any such register, to present to the Bureau of Vital Statistics a copy of such register, signed by such person, or a written statement, by him signed, ot all the facts in said register required to be entered, within five days after the birth or marriage, and within thirty-six hours after the death of any person to whom such registry may or should relate, which shall thereupon be placed on file in the said Bureau. Sec. 162. That every clerk, officer, and person within said city, required by the one hundred and fifty-second chapter of the Laws of 1847, the or by three hundred and eightieth chapter of the laws of 1864, to make or preserve any entry, registry, record or certificate, as to births, deaths or marriages, shall send, or cause to be sent, to the person mentioned in the last section, or required

marriages, shall send, or cause to be sent, to the Bureau of Vital Statistics, within five days after knowledge of the birth, death, or marriage, a full and true statement in writing, containing all the particulars in marriage than the statement of the statemen reasonably ascertainable), which, in any other section hereof, are required to be stated by any person relative to any birth, death, or marriage, which shall thereupon be placed on file in said all the Bureau.

Sec. 163. That every person therein referred to within the City of New York shall perform the acts required in the following provisions (so far as the same are applicable to said city) of section 13 of chapter 74 of the Laws of 1866, to wit:

"It shall be the duty of the next of kin of any person deceased, and of each person being with such deceased person at his or her death, and of the person occupying or living in any house or premises in or on which any person may die, and of the parents of any child born in said district (and if there be no parent alive that has made such report, then of the next of kin of such

child born), and of every person present at such birth, within five days after such birth or death, to report to said Board in writing, so far as known, the date, ward, and street number of said birth, and the sex and color of such child born, and the names of the parents, and the age, of color, nativity, last occuration, and cause of color, nativity, last occupation, and cause of death of such deceased person, and the ward and street, and place of such person's death and last residence."

RAILROAD CARS.

Sec. 164. That no railroad car, or vehicle constructed for or engaged in the business of carrying passengers on any line of railroad in the City of New York, and which car is propelled by horse-power, and not by steam-power, shall be used with cushions on the seats, or on the

Sec. 165. That each and every car used upon any railroad in the City of New York for the carrying or transportation of passengers, shall on each and every day on which it may be used for the carrying or transportation of passengers. for the carrying or transportation of passengers, be carefully and thoroughly washed and cleaned, so that all filth and dirt are removed from the

inside of said car. Sec. 166. That no straw or hay shall at any time be used or placed on the floor of any rail-road car engaged or used in the business of car-rying or transporting passengers, within the city of New York.

of New York.

Sec. 167. That no person shall at any time carry or convey in, or upon any passenger railroad car, nor shall any conductor or person in charge of any such railroad car, allow to be carried or conveyed in or upon such car, except on the front platform, any soiled or dirty articles of clothing or bedding, in baskets or bundles.

Sec. 168. That every car used for the transportation of passengers in the City of New York shall be so constructed as at all times to provide and secure good ventilation; and each and every

and secure good ventilation; and each and every such car shall have placed in the roof, in addition to windows in the roof, two ventilators—one at a distance of two feet from each end of the car, and so arranged, with a revolving top, that when the car is in motion the currents of air shall pass outward through the ventilators,

GENERAL SUBJECTS.

Sec. 169. That no master or teacher, or manager of or in any school, public or private, or in any Sunday-school or gymnasium, nor the officers or managers thereof, nor officers or managers, thereof, nor officers or managers, or persons having charge of any place of public worship, shall so far omit or neglect any duty or reasonable care or precaution respecting the safety or health of any scholar, pupil, or attendent, or respecting the temperature, ventilation, or cleanliness or strength of any church, hall of worship, schoolhouse, school-room, or place of practice or exercise, or relative to any thing appurtenant thereto, as that by reason of such neglect or omission the life or health of any person shall suffer or incur any avoidable peril or detriment.

Sec. 170. That no owner, part owner, tenant, or occupant of any building or erection shall allow any part thereof, or any substance therein, or any thing thereto attached, and which any such person can control or remove, to continue or remain in a position or condition that shall imperil the life or safety of any person thereat or therein, or who is or may properly be in any street or place.

Sec. 171. That no person shall take, carry,

thereat or therein, or who is or may properly be in any street or place.

Sec. 171. That no person shall take, carry, expose, or place (or induce any other person so to do) in or upon any street or public place, any substance, animal or thing, which shall imperil the life or health of any person who is or may properly be in such street or place.

Sec. 172. That no person owning, occupying, or having charge of any stable or other premises.

or having charge of any stable or other premises, shall keep or allow thereon or therein any dog or other animal which shall by noise disturb the quiet or repose of those or any one therein or

quiet or repose of those or any one therein or in the vicinity, to the detriment of the life or health of any human being.

Sec. 173. That no person shall race or run, or rapidly drive any horse or other animal in a public street or place, or allow the same to so move, or throw or send up any kite, stone, or other substance, or burn or set off any fireworks, fire-crackers, or other substance, whereby, or by reason of which, any human life may be put in danger or peril. danger or peril.

danger or peril.

Sec. 174. That no person shall engage in or encourage any fight, or the dealing of any blow by any human being in said city, against any other human being; nor shall any person permit such fight, having power and authority to prevent the same.

Sec. 175. That no person shall, except according to a permit or the regulations of this Department, set off or fire any gun or other fire-arm, or rock blast in any public street, alley or place within the built-up portions of said city, whereby any human life may be imperilled.

Sec. 176. That no person shall sell, loan, or

Sec. 176. That no person shall sell, loan, or give to, or allow to be taken by any other person any fire-arm, or other deadly or dangerous wea-pon, when there shall be any reason for such first named person to think or believe that any danger to life may illegally result from the giving, loaning, selling, or from the use of such arm or

weapon.

Sec. 177. That no large or church-bell shall be rung or tolled at any funeral in said city without a permit therefore from this Department nor shall such bell be rung or tolled at any other time therein to the prejudice or peril of the life or health of any human being.

Sec. 178. That every person who omits or refuses to comply with, or who resists any of the provisions of the Sanitary Code, or any of the rules, orders, sanitary regulations, or ordinances established. rules, orders, sanitary regulations, or ordinances established or declared by this Board, or any of the provisions of said seventy-fourth chapter of eighty-in of the Laws of 1866, or of chapter Chambers, pine bundred and fifty-six of the Laws of 1867. Circuit, part 2,

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Statement of the hours during which all public offices in the City are open for business, and at which each Court regularly opens and adjourns, as well as of the places where such offices are kept and such Courts are held.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

	LOCATION.	HOURS.
OFFICES,	LOCATION.	
Mayor's Office	No. 6, City Hall	10 a.m3 p.m.
Mayor's Marshall.	No. 5. City Hall	1c a.m3 p.m.
Permit Bureau	No. I. City Hall	10 a.m2 p.m.
License Bureau	No. r, City Hall	10 a.m2 p.m.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Cl'k of the Common Council and of 18'd of Supervisors.
Clerk of B'd of Assist-l ant Aldermen.

Cly Gerk of Grant Aldermen.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. No payments received after 2 p. m. Comptroller's Office, West end, New County Court

House,

1—Bureau for the collection of the revenue accruing from rents and interest on bonds and mortgages, and revenue arising from the use or sale of property belonging to or managed by the City—
Ground floor, West end, New County Court House,

2—Bureau for the Collection of Taxes—
Brown-stone building, City Hall Park,

2—Bureau for the collection of arrears of taxes and

3-Bureau for the collection of arrears of taxes and ssessments and of water rents—
Ground floor, West end, New County Court House.

4-Auditing Bureau-Main floor, west end, New County Court House 5—Bureau of Licenses. | Ground floor, west end, New 6—Bureau of Markets—| County Court House.

6—Bureau of Markets—) County Court House,
7—Bureau for the reception of all moneys paid into
the Treasury, in the City and for the payment of money
on warrants drawn by the Comptroller and counterigned by the Mayor—
Office of Chamberlain and County Treasurer.)
Main floor west end, New County Court House.
8—Bureau f.r the Collection of Assessments—
Governor's room, City Hall (temporarily.)

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Counsel to the Corporation, & Nassau st., 9 a. m., 5 p.m. Public Administrator, 115 and 117 "10 a.m., 4 p.m. Corporation Atty, "5:30 a.m., 4:30 p.n. Attorney for the Collection of Arrears of Personal Taxes 265 Broadway, Room 13, 9 a. m., 4 p. m.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

	-			
Central Office, 300	Mulbe	erry stree	t, always	open.
Com's Office,	**	- 44	**	
Supt's Office,	**	1.65	4.5	
Inspector's Office,	**	660	**	
Chief Clerk's Office,	44	**	S a. m., 5	p. m.
Property Clerk,	44	441		**
Bureau of S't Clean'g,	44	13		**
Bureau of Elections,	46	**		
			AND COURSE OF CO.	

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

	Commissioners' Office, 19 City Hall, 9 a. Chief Clerk, 20 "	m., 4	p. m
	Contract Clerk, 21 "		44
	Engineer in charge of sewers, 21 City Hall,		**
	Engineer in charge of Boulevards and avenues, 18 15 City Hall,	**	-66
	Bureau of repairs and supplies, 18 City Hall,	**	11
F	Bureau of Lamps and Gas, 13 City Hall,	44.	**
	Bureau of Imcumbrances, 13 City Hall	46	**
	Bureau of Street Improvements, 11 City Hall Bureau of the Chief Engineer of the Croton	**	"
	aqueduct, 11 1/2 City Hall,	**	44
	Bureau of Water Register, 10 City Hall,	**	111
	Bureau of Water Purveyor, 4 City Hall,		15
	Bureau of Streets and Roads, 13 City Hall,	**	**

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

Central Office, 66 Third av. 8 a. m., to 5 p. m.
Out Door Poor Dep't, 66 Third av., always open.
Entrance on 11th Street.
Free Labor Bureau, 2 and 10 Clinton pl. 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Reception Hospital, City Hall Park, N. E. Corner, always open.
Reception Hospital, 99th street and 10th av. always open.
Bellevue Hospital, foot of 26th street, E. R.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

nissioner's Office, 127 and 129 Mercer St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Chief of Department, 127 and 129 Mercer St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Inspectors of Combustibles, 127 and 129 Mercer St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Fire Marshal, 127 and 129 Mercer St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner's Office, 301 Mott St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Sanitary Superintendent 301 Mott St., 9 a. M. to 4 p. m. Register of Records, 301 Mott St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS. Commissioners' Office, 36 Union Square, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS. Commissioners' Office, 346 and 348 Broadway, corner. Leonard St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

DEPARTMENT OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS. ommissioners' Office, Brown Stone Building, City Hall Park, 32 Chambers St., 9 a. m. 4 p. m., on Saturday, 9 Surveyor's Bureau, 19 Chatham St., 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Board of Assessors,

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS.

Superintendents, Office, Castle Garden, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

THE CITY RECORD Office, No. 2 City Hall, N. W. corner basement, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

MISCELLANEOUS OFFICES.

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MISCELLANEOUS OFFICES.

Are 13 to 10 menes in diameter at butt, 65 to 70 feet long.

At Hart's Island.

280 Tons Grate size.

260 Tons Grate size.

280 Tons Stove size.

At foot of 26th street, East river, for Bellevue Hospital. COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

	Coroner's Office, 301 Mott St., Sheriff's "first floor, S. W. cor. 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
	Sheriff's " first floor, S. W. cor. 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
	New Court House.
	County Clerk's Office, first floor, N. E.
9	And Many Change Strains Strains
	Surrogate's Office, first floor, S. E. cor. 3 a.m. to 4 p.m.
	New Court House.
ì	District Attorney's Office, second floor)
1	Old Court House, & Chambers g a. m. to 5 p. m.
9	Street.
	4

COURTS. Second Floor, 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. New Court Home. 16:30 a. m. 10 3 p. m.

SUPERIOR COURTS.

Superior Court.
" Part I. 3d floor, New 11 a. m. —
" Part II. 3d floor, New 11 a. m. —
" 11 a. m. —
Clerk's Office, 3d floor, New Court House, 9 a. m., 4p.m COMMON PLEAS.

Common Pleas, 3d fl., New Court House, 9 a. m., 4 p. m. MARINE COURT (Brown stone building.)
General Term, 32 Chambers st., Room 17, 10 a. m., 3 p. m.
Special "Room 15, "Room 16, "Chambers, "Room 18, "Clenk's Office, "Room 19, 9 a. m., 3 p. m.

GENERAL SESSIONS.

General Sessions, 32 Chambers street, 10 a. m., 4 p. m Clerk's Office, 32 Chambers st., Room 14, Oyer and Terminer.

" General Term,
" Special Term,
" Special Term.
" Special Term.

SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Special Sessions, Tombs, corner Franklin and Centre streets, Tuesdays, Thurs-days and Saturdays, 10 JUSTICE'S (OR DISTRICT) COURTS. 10 a. m.

First District, 1st, 2d, 3d, and 5th Wards, S. W. corner of Centre and Chambers streets.

Second District, 4th, 6th, and 14th Wards, 514 Pearl street.

Third District, 8th, 9th, and 15th Wards, 12 Greenwich avenue.

Fourth District, 10th, and 17th Wards, 163 East Houston street.

Fifth District, 7th, 11th, and 13th Wards, 154 Clinton street.

Sixth District, 7th, 11th, and 13th Wards 15th Chamber 15th Cha

154 Clinton street.
Sixth District,
Seventh District, 19th and 22d Wards,
57th street, between Third and Lexington avenues. 9 a. m., 4 p. m. ington avenues.
Eighth District, 16th and 20th Wards,
S. W. cor, 22d st, and 7th ave. 9:30a.m. 4pm S. W. cor, 22d st. and 7th ave. Ninth District, 12th Ward, 2374 Fourth

POLICE COURTS First District, 14th, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, and portion of Sanitary Pre-7 a. m., 3 p. m. cinct. econd District, St Greenwich ave., corner of 10th street. 9th, 15th, 16th, 20th, 25th, 33d, 28th, and 29th Precincts. Third District, 7th 3 a. m., 4 p. m.

Third District, 7th, 1 toth, 11th, 13th, 17th, 18th, 2nd portion of Sanitary Precinct.

Fourth District, 13th, 21st, 22d, 23d, and 19th sub station.

Fifth District, 12th avenue (Harlem.) 8 a. m., 5 p. m. 8 a. m., 4 p. m.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

PROPOSALS FOR STOCKS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office until Wednesday, second day of July, 1873, at two o'clock p. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of five hundred and hirty thousand dollars of stocks of the City of New York, to wit.

City Parks Improvement Fund Stock, authorized by Chapter 756, Section 6, Laws of 1873, payable in thirty years. \$300,000 co Croton Water Main Stock, authorized by Chapter 593, Laws of 1872, payable November 1, 1900. \$300,000 co

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

PROPERTY CLERK'S OFFICE,
June 26, 1873.

WNERS WANTED BY THE PROPERTY
CLERK, 300 Mulberry street, room 39, for the following property now in his custody without claimants:
Boats, Iron, Clothing (woolen and linen), Valise and contents, Revolvers, Truck, Wagon, Money and property
taken from insane man, June 23, 1873.

C. A. St. JOHN,
Property Clerk.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS, 346 AND 348 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, June 18, 1873. PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS office until 12 o'clock, noon of Tuesday, July 8th, 1873, for furnishing White Pine and Spruce Piles of lengths and sizes as follows:

Piles 13 to 16 inches in diameter at butt, 65 to 70 feet

straight and in such quantities as required; they must be proval of the proper officers of the Department of Docks.

The expectations are that the larger portion required, say about three-fourths, will be of the largest and longest sizes.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals must be addressed to Eugene T. Lynch, Secretary, and endorsed Proposals for Furnishing Piles to Department of Docks.

JACOB A. WESTERVELT, WILLIAM GARDNER, WILLIAM GARDNER, WILLIAM GARDNER, Commintainers of the Department of Docks, Eugene T. Lynch, Secretary.

Lynch, Secretary, and endorsed Proposals for Furnishing Piles to Department of Docks.

Fugene T. Lynch, Secretary.

Lynch, Secretary, and endorsed Proposals for Furnishing Piles to Department of Docks, Fugene T. Lynch, Secretary.

Lynch, Secretary, Lynch, Secretary.

Lynch, Secretary, Lynch, Lynch

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS, 346 AND 348 EROADWAY.
NEW YORK, June 24, 1873.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS office until 12 o'clock, noon of Tuesday, July 8th. 1873, for furnishing for a period of six months, from the date of signing the contract, the following described: IRON BOLTS, SPIKES AND BANDS. They must be of good quality, subject to the inspection and approval of the Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies; to be delivered in such quantities, and at such times and places, at the Docks of this City, as they may be required, at the expense of the contractor.

SPIKES six inches long, three-eighth square iron.
SPIKES six inches long, three-eighth square iron.
BOLTS twelve to eighteen inches long, three-quarter square iron, to be spike pointed and headed.
BOLTS eighteen to thirty inches long, seven-eighth square iron, to be spike pointed and headed.
SCHEW BOLTS twelve inches long, three-quarter round iron.

iron.

SCREW BOLTS twelve to twenty-four inches long, seven-

SCREW BOLTS twelve to twenty-four inches long, sevencighth round iron.

Corner Bands four and a half by three-quarter
iron, with countersunk holes for bolt heads.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all
bids.

Proposals must be addressed to Eugene T. Lynch,
Secretary, and endorsed Proposals for Furnishing Iron
Material to Department of Docks.

JACOB A. WESTERVELT,
WILLIAM BUDD.

Commissioners of the Department of Docks.

Commissioners of the Department of Docks.

Any information required of the above, will be given on application at the office of the Department of Docks.

1—12t EUGENE T. LYNCH, Secretary.

Department of Docks, 346 and 348 Broadway, New York, June 24th, 1873.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS office until 12 o'clock, noon of Tuesday, July 8th, 1873, for furnishing, for a period of twelve months, from the date of signing the contract, the following described materials; they must be of good quality, subject to the inspection and approval of the Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies; to be delivered in such quantities and at such times and places, at the Docks of this City, as they may be required, at the expense of the Contractor.

as they may be required, at the expense of this City, as they may be required, at the expense of the Contractor.

White Pine Plank to average forty feet long, five to six inches thick, twelve inches and upwards wide.

White Pine Timber, twelve to fourteen inches square, averaging forty feet long, sawed on all sides.

White Pine Timber, twelve to fourteen inches thick, averaging forty feet long, sawed on two sides.

White Pine Timber, twelve to fourteen inches square, averaging forty feet long.

Southern Yellow Pine Timber, sawed, twelve inches square, averaging forty feet long.

Vellow Pine Plank, five inches thick, averaging forty feet long, twelve inches and upwards wide, five inches thick.

Oak Plank, twelve feet long, twelve inches and upwards wide, five inches thick.

Oak Plank, averaging forty feet long, twelve to fourteen inches wide, five inches thick.

Oak Plank, twelve feet long, five by eight inches.

Spruce Plank, twelve feet long, five by eight inches.

Spruce Plank, eighteen to twenty-five feet long, three to four inches thick, ten inches and upwards wide.

wide.

SPRUCE AND HEMLOCK DOCK LOGS.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals must be addressed to Engene T. Lynch, Secretary, and endorsed Proposals for Furnishing Wood Material to Department of Docks.

JACOB A. WESTERVELT, WILLIAM GARDNER, WILLIAM BUDD.

Commissioners of the Department of Docks.

Any information required of the above, will be given on application at the Office of Department of Docks.

1—121 EUGENET LYNCH S.

EUGENE T. LYNCH, Secretary. 1-12t

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC

CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

PROPOSALS FOR BOILER AND ENGINE FOR NEW STEAMBOAT.

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC CHARTIES AND CORRECTION, No. 66 THIRD AVENUE, NEW YORK, June 20, 1873.

Proposals, sealed and indorsed as above, will be received by the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, at their office, until 2 o'clock, P. M., of the 5th day of July next, for building Boiler and Engine for steamboat in course of construction. The plan and specification for the work can be seen and all information obtained on application at this office, for which purpose the supervising engineer will be in attendance from 9 to 12 A. M., daily.

WILLIAM LAIMBEER,

WILLIAM LAIMBEER, JAMES BOWEN, MYER STERN, Commissioners.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC CHARTIES AND CORRECTION,
CORNER OF THIRD AVENUE AND ELEVENTH STREET,
New YORK, June 20, 1873.

Proposals sealed and endorsed, as above, will be received from Producers by the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, at their office, until 2 o'clock, P. M., of the 5th day of July next, for supplying the Department with about 10,000 Tons of Coal of the best quality, to be well screened and in good order, and each ton to consist of 2249 pounds.

All of said Coal to be delivered in about the following sizes and quantities, free of all expense, at the following nation of the said of the sa

330 Tons Ezg size. 120 Tons Stove size. 600 Tons Grate size