## AGENCY RULES

## CONFLICT OF INTEREST BOARD

FINAL RULES

The Conflicts of Interest Board adopted the following rule at its meeting on July 25, 1991.

Procedure for Hearings Conducted by the Conflicts of Interest Board

Statement of Basis and Purpose of Rule:

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Conflicts of Interest Board (the "Board") by Section 2603(h) of the New York City Charter, the Board is authorized to promulgate procedural rules for conducting adjudicatory hearings. Such hearings are to be held following the Board's determination that there is probable cause to believe that a public servant has violated a provision of the Conflicts of Interest Law (City Charter Chapter 68) or the financial disclosure law (Administrative Code Section 12-110). The rules proposed herein provide that the hearings shall be conducted by the Board or by the Office of Administrative Trials and Hearings, whenever designated by the Board.

Section. Procedural Rules for Hearings.

## Initial Determination.

(a) Notice. If the Board makes an initial determination, based on a complaint, investigation or other information available to the Board, that there is probable cause to believe that a public servant (which for purposes of Charter Section 2603(h) includes a former cubilic servant) has violated a provision of Chacter 68 of the City Charter or Section 12-110 of the Administrative Code, the Board shall notify the public servant of its determination in writing. The notice shall contain a statement of the facts upon which the Board relied for its determination of probable cause and a statement of the provisions of law allegedly violated. The notice shall afford the public servant an opportunity, either orally or in writing, to respond to, emplain, rebut, or provide information concerning the allegations in such notice within theaty days of receipt of the notice. The notice shall also inform the public servant of the Board's procedural rules.

(b) Request for a Stay. In response to the Board's notice, the public servant may apply for a stay of the proceedings, for good cause shown. The Board may crant or deny such request in its sole discretion.

(c) Admission of Facts. If, in response to the Board's notice, the public servant admits to the facts contained therein or to a violation of the provisions of Chacter 68 of the City Charter or Section 12-110 of the Administrative Code and elects to force a hearing, the Board may after consulting with the head of the seems, served or formerly served by the public servant, or

to force a hearing, the Board may, after consulting with the head of the agency served or formerly served by the public servant, or in the case of an agency head, after consulting with the Never, issue an order finding a violation and immosing the penalties it deems appropriate under Chapter 68 of the City Charter, provided, however, that pursuant to Charter Section 2603(h)(3), the Board shall not immose penalties scainst members of the City Council or by members of the City Council, but may recommend to the City Council such penalties as it deems appropriate. When a penalty is recommended, the City Council shall report to the Board what action was taken.

(d) No Probable Cause Finding. If, after receipt of the public servant's response, the Board determines that there is no probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred, the Board shall dismiss the matter and inform the public servant in writing of its decision. to force a hearing, the Board may, after consulting with the head

Board shall dismiss the matter and inform the public servant in writing of its decision.

(e) Service by the Board. Notices, petitions, orders and other documents originating with the Board shall be served on the public servant (i) personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested, or (ii) by telephonic (FAX) or similar transmission, and (iii) in either case also by first class mail to the public servant's last known address.

(f) Computation of Time. The computation of any time period referred to in these rules shall be calculated in calendar days, except that when the last day of the time period is a Saturday. Sunday or level holiday, the period shall run until the end of the next following business day. Where these rules prescribe different time periods for taking an action depending upon whether service of pacers is personal or by mail, service of pacers by telephonic (FAX) or similar transmission shall be deemed to be personal service, solely for purposes of calculating the scolicable period of time.

II. Commencement of Formal Proceedings and Pleadings.

(a) Determination of Probable Cause.

If, after consideration of the public servent's response, the Board determines that there remains probable cause to believe that a violation of the provisions of Charter 68 of the City Charter or Section 12-110 of the Administrative Code has cocurred, and the public servent has not elected to force the hearing, the Board shall hold or direct a hearing to be held on the record to determine whether such violation has occurred.

If the public servent is subject to the jurisdiction of a state law provision or collective benegating agreement which provides for the conduct of a disciplinary hearing by another body, the Board shall refer the matter to the appropriate entity. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of that entity.

The Board may also refer a matter to the public servant's assocy if the Board deems the probable cause violation to be minor or if other disciplinary charges are pending there against the public servant.

(b) Petition.

(i) The Board shall institute formal proceedings by serving a petition on the public servant. The petition shall set forth the facts upon which the Board relied in making its determination that there is probable cause to believe that the public servant has violated Charter 68 of the City Charter or Section 12-110 of the Administrative Code, as well as the applicable provisions thereof which are alleged to have been violated. The petition shall also advise the public servant of the public servant a rights to file an answer, to a hearing, to be represented at such hearing by counsel or any other person, and to cross-eventine witnesses and present evidence.

(c) Answer.

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(c) Answer.

(1) General Rule. The public servant shall answer the petition by serving an answer on the Board within eight days after service of the petition if service was personal, or within thirteen days after service of the petition if service was by mail, unless a different time is fixed by the Board. The public servant shall serve the answer personally or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested.

(2) Form and contents of Answer. The answer shall be in writing and shall contain specific responses, by admission, denial or otherwise, to each allegation of the petition and shall essent all affirmative defenses, if any. The public servant may include in the answer matters in mitigation. The answer shall be signed and shall contain the full name, address and telephone number of the public servant. If the public servant is represented, the representative's name, address and telephone number shall also appear on the answer, which shall be signed by either the public servant or by his or her representative.

(3) Effect of Failure to Answer. If the public servant fails to serve an answer, all allegations of the petition shall be deemed admitted and the Board shall proceed to hold a hearing in which prosecuting coursel shall submit for the record shell be deemed admitted and the Board shall submit for the record specifically to any allegation or charge in the petition, such allegation or charge shall be assented as promotive as possible upon conditions tust to all parties. If a pleading is to be assented less than thenty-five days before the commencement of the hearing, the answer in the petition of the parties or by leave of the Board.

III. Hearing.

(a) Conduct of Hearing. The Board shall conduct hearings or designate the Chief Administrative Law Judge of the Office of Administrative Trials and Hearings (ONTH), or such administrative law judge (ALI) as the Chief Administrative Law Judge shall assign, to conduct hearings. If the Board refers a hearing to ONTH, a copy of the petition will also be sent to ONTH at the time the public servant is served with the petition.

ONTH shall conduct the hearing in accordance with its rules except that:

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(1) Pursuant to Charter Section 2603(h)(4), hearings shall not be open to the public unless requested by the public

shall not be open to the public unless requested by the public servant:

(2) Notwithstanding ONTH's rule 2.4, an answer in response to a petition is mandatory, not optional:

(3) Notwithstanding ONTH's rule 2.13(e), the public servant's failure to file an answer will not under any circumstances result in dismissal of the case:

(b) Hearings of the Roard. The Roard shall conduct its hearings, including such pre-hearing matters as conferences.

(c) Hearings of the Roard in Roard shall conduct its hearings including such pre-hearing matters as conferences.

(d) Closure of Hearings, Hearings of the Roard shall conduct any other states of ONTH except for the following modifications:

(1) Closure of Hearings, Hearings of the Roard shall not be public unless requested by the public servant:

(2) Subcommas, Subcommas requiring the attendance of a witness and subcommas duces tecum requiring the attendance of a witness and subcommas duces tecum requiring the production of hooks, papers, and other things may be issued only by the Board upon application of a party or upon the Board's own motion. In addition to or in lieu of these subcommas, the Board way also issue an order directing the party or person under the control of a party to attend or produce:

(3) Discosition by Agreement. At any time after the commencement of formal proceedings, the public servant and the Board (or the member of the Board designated pursuant to Rule III.

(c)(1) hereof to hear the case) may agree to discose of the case. For this purpose, the Board or such member may conduct a conference. If terms of disposition are reached, they shall be reduced to writing and signed by the Board on the record. When a disposition is based on a determination by the Board that a public servant has violated a provision of Chapter 68 of the City Charter or Section 12-110 of the Administrative Code, that disposition and a case, the Board shall consult with the head of the agency involved, or in the case where the public servant is an agency head or former agency hea

an agency head or former agency head, with the Mayor:

(4) Order of Proceedings. Prosecuting counsel shall have
the burden of proof by the preconderance of the evidence, shall
initiate the presentation of evidence, and may present rebuttal
evidence. The public servant may introduce evidence after
prosecuting counsel has completed his or her case. Opening
statements, if any, shall be made first by prosecuting counsel.
Closing statements, if any, shall be made first by the public
servant. This order of proceedings may be modified at the
discretion of the Board:

(5) Ex Parte Communications. In addition to the
requirements of ONTH rule 4.4, if staff counsel for the Board is
to prosecute a case, the individual designated as staff counsel
shall not communicate ex parte with the Board concerning the case
once the Board has determined that there is probable cause to
believe that a violation of the provisions of Chapter 68 has
cocurred.

(c) Assignment of Hearing, Overum and Presiding Member.

(1) The Board may designate a member of the Board to hear a case, make findings of fact and conclusions of law, preside over pre-hearing matters and adjournments, and make recommendations to the full Board for the proposed disposition of

the proceeding.

(2) Two members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the purposes of issuing a final order or any other final

(3) When a hearing is conducted by the full Board, the print shall be presided over by the Board's Chair or his or her

IV. Concluding Procedures.

designes.

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(a) Pecisions and Orders.

(1) When a hearing has been conducted by either ONTH or a mether of the Board designated to hear the case, a recort of recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law, and recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law, and recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law, and recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law, and recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law, and recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law, and recommended transcript of the proceeding and all documents introduced into the record to the Board for review and final action. The record shall not be made public. A copy of the report and recommendation shall be sent to all certices and their counsel or other records that it is a fact than the coordinate to comment before final action is taken by the Board. If prosecuting counsel or the public servant wishes to comment, for records and recommendation.

(2) If after the hearing and upon a consideration of all the evidence in the record of hearing, including comments.

(2) If after the hearing and upon a consideration of all the evidence in the record of hearing, including comments, the Board finds that a public servant has engaged in conduct prohibited by Chapter 68 of the City Charter or Section 12-110 of the Administrative Code, the Board shall, in the case of a violation of Chapter 68 or Section 12-110, the Board should state its final findings of fact and conclusions of law and issue an order imposing any penalties it deems appropriate under either records in properties and penalty and pen

decision.

(4) If, after the hearing and upon consideration of the record, the Board finds that a public servant has not engaged in acts prohibited by Chapter 68 of the City Charter or Section 12-110 of the Administrative Code, the Board shall state its findings of facts and conclusions of law and shall issue an order dismissing the petition. The order shall not be made public.

Confidentiality.

All matters relating to complaints significant to or investigated by the Board, or any actions taken by the Board in connection therewith or hearings conducted by the Board or OMTH, shall be kept confidential unless valved by the public servant who may request a public hearing. The forecoing shall not apply to the final findings, conclusions and order issued upon a violation of Chapter 68, which shall be made public.