

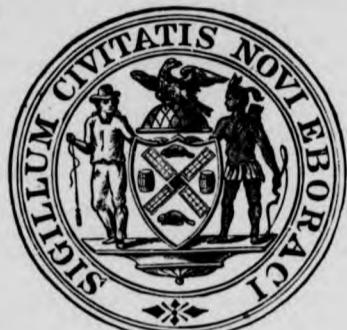
THE CITY RECORD.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

VOL. II

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1874.

NUMBER 370.



HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
NEW YORK, September 2, 1874.

The Board of Health met this day.

Orders.
312 orders for the abatement of nuisances.

Suits for Penalties.

The Attorney was directed to commence suits for penalties for non-compliance with the orders of the Board in 62 cases.

Reports received.

From the Sanitary Superintendent.
Weekly report on operations of the Sanitary Bureau.

Weekly report on slaughter-houses.

Weekly report on contagious diseases.

Weekly report on operations at receiving-dock.

Weekly report on street disinfection.

Weekly report on disinfection of privies, yards, cellars, etc.

Monthly report on contagious diseases.

Report on application for permits.

Report on street pavements, etc.

Report on streets in Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards.

Report on condition of street gutter in front of Public School, 68 Reade street.

Certificate of damage of lands at Ninety-fifth and One Hundred and First streets and Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Report on applications for relief from certain orders.

Application for leave of absence from A. B. Judson, M. D.

From the Register of Records—

Weekly Mortuary Report.

Weekly Letter, etc.

From the Attorney and Counsel—

Upon the provisions of chapter 436, Laws of 1874, being "an act to regulate the practice of medicine and surgery in the State of New York."

Draft of contract for removal of night-soil.

Petition from Mary Peterlein in respect to order on No. 259 West Forty-seventh street.

Communications from City Departments.

From the Police Department—

Weekly Report of the Sanitary Company of Police.

From the Comptroller—

Weekly Statement.

Bills Audited.

Francis Swift, removing night-soil..... \$634.62

" " " offal..... 288.46

George Boucsein..... 528.74

Laborers' Pay Rolls..... 252.00

H. Endermann..... 50.99

C. Golderman..... 126.03

D. Appleton & Co..... 10.00

J. Oestenecher..... 383.20

F. B. Nichols..... 708.75

Philo Lewis & Co..... 28.40

F. B. Nichols..... 413.00

Patrick Rahl..... 37.88

Patrick Kelly..... 38.62

Thomas Kelly..... 92.09

M. Nussbaum..... 20.00

Martin Hech..... 50.39

Joshua Dyson..... 61.35

John Conway..... 12.06

Joseph Kuhl..... 30.88

Daniel Schmidt..... 108.00

Thomas Mooney..... 27.75

Permits Granted.

To render fresh lard at No. 240 Avenue A.

To keep 30 chickens at No. 29½ Division street.

To keep 30 chickens at No. 29 Division street.

Permits Denied.

To occupy basement at No. 80 Mulberry street.

To keep two pigs at west side of Eighty-first street, second house west of Ninth avenue.

Reports referred to other Departments for the necessary action.

To the Department of Public Works:

On street pavement in front of No. 213 West Twenty-second street.

On street pavement in front of No. 369 Seventh avenue.

On street pavement in front of No. 48 Lewis street.

On street pavement in front of No. 109 Sheriff street.

BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF MORTALITY.

REPORTED MORTALITY (week ending August 29, 1874), AND THE ACTUAL MORTALITY (each day in the week, ending at noon, August 22, 1874), WITH AN ENUMERATION OF THE CHIEF CAUSES OF DEATH.

E. HARRIS, M. D., Registrar.

Total Actual Mortality during the week ending August 22, 1874.	Actual number of Deaths each day.						Deaths reported during the week ending August 29, 1874.	CAUSES OF DEATH.			
	August 22, 1874	August 21, 1874	August 20, 1874	August 19, 1874	August 18, 1874	August 17, 1874					
36.75	626	616.8	735	107	141	113	92	94	85	98	Total Deaths from all Causes.
19.35	267	280.2	387	60	68	71	48	44	38	58	Total Zymotic Diseases.
5.75	114	124.4	115	12	27	11	16	16	16	17	Total Constitutional Diseases.
8.45	176	150.8	169	26	38	25	20	24	21	15	Total Local Diseases.
1.95	38	35.0	39	5	6	6	4	8	7	3	Total Developmental Diseases.
1.25	31	26.4	25	4	2	5	4	2	3	5	Deaths by Violence.
.60	—	4.0	14	—	1	3	3	4	—	3	Small-pox.
.10	5	8.8	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	Measles.
.60	12	9.8	14	—	2	2	2	2	2	4	Scarlatina.
1.50	20	8.4	30	5	3	8	3	7	1	3	Diphtheria.
.25	7	5.2	5	—	2	1	2	—	—	—	Membranous Croup.
.60	8	7.6	12	1	—	2	2	—	5	2	Whooping Cough.
.10	—	0.8	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	Typhus Fever.
.15	10	9.4	7	2	1	3	—	—	—	1	Typhoid Fever.
.25	7	6.2	5	1	—	1	1	1	—	1	Puerperal Diseases.
11.70	151	176.0	234	39	45	38	30	27	23	32	Under 5 years. Diarrhoeal Diseases.
13.05	175	193.0	261	44	53	41	32	30	24	37	All ages.
.45	4	6.8	9	3	1	4	—	—	1	—	Alcoholism.
.55	2	3.8	11	2	—	2	2	2	2	2	Cancer.
3.00	72	71.4	60	6	11	6	12	9	7	9	Phthisis Pulmonalis.
.80	15	8.6	16	2	5	2	2	2	1	2	Bronchitis.
1.25	23	18.8	25	3	5	1	2	5	7	2	Pneumonia.
.60	16	11.6	12	—	2	3	3	2	2	—	Heart Diseases.
1.25	28	26.2	25	3	5	3	2	4	5	3	Marasmus—Tabes Mesenterica and Scrofula.
.65	10	18.8	13	2	6	1	—	—	2	2	Hydrocephalus and Tuberular Meningitis.
.85	12	15.0	17	3	2	1	1	5	3	2	Meningitis and Encephalitis.
.65	13	16.8	13	5	2	4	2	—	—	—	Convulsions.
.10	—	4.8	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	Direct Effect of Solar Heat.
2.75	46	55.2	55	13	13	9	3	8	5	4	All Diseases of the Brain and Nervous System.
.85	24	15.8	17	2	2	2	4	2	2	3	Bright's Disease and Nephritis.
.10	—	2.0	2	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	Deaths by Suicide.
.25	5	5.4	5	1	—	2	—	—	—	2	Deaths by Drowning.
5.40	85	82.0	108	13	20	18	18	15	10	14	Deaths in Institutions.
1.25	32	23.0	24	6	9	4	1	1	2	1	All Deaths of Persons 70 years old or more.
15.30	233	231.6	306	40	62	48	33	38	42	43	Under 1 year.
20.65	313	323.4	413	63	77	67	47	50	52	57	Under 2 years.
23.20	354	364.6	464	67	84	77	55	61	56	64	Under 5 years.

On street pavement in front of No. 216 Eighth avenue.

On street pavement in West Sixteenth street, fifty feet east of Tenth avenue.

On gutter at east side of Twelfth avenue, corner of One Hundred and Thirtieth street.

Certificate of drainage of lots, between Ninety-fifth and One Hundred and First streets and Eighth and Ninth avenues.

To the Department of Public Parks:

On condition of Elton avenue, between One Hundred and Fifty-fifth and One Hundred and Fifty-sixth streets.

On condition of Bayard street, five feet east of Fordham avenue.

To the Board of Education:</p

license is not extended by this act. It remains only where it has been previously conferred by law, and does not, of course, belong to every institution which may grant a diploma. The graduates of chartered medical schools, however, are permitted to practice without the certificates from the Censors before mentioned. There are, therefore, only these three classes of practitioners recognized by the law, *viz.*:

1. Those licensed by some competent and legally authorized body.

2. The graduates of chartered medical schools.

3. Those who have obtained a certificate from one of the several medical societies of the State.

The certificates of the last mentioned class must mention the branches of the medical act their possessors are authorized to practice.

This provision of the law is not entirely new. It in a measure restores the force and effect of sections 14 to 21 inclusive of the Revised Statutes Vol. 1, Part 1, Chap. 14, Title 7, to which reference should be had for a clearer understanding of the intent, and of the use of this law. In so far, it is a repeal of section 3, of Chap. 275 of the Laws of 1844, which declared, that "no person shall be liable to any criminal prosecution or to an indictment for practicing physic or surgery without license, except in case of malpractice, or gross ignorance or immoral conduct in such practice." It will be seen by section 3, of this Act of 1874, that a failure to comply with the requirements of this law is made a misdemeanor. But it is to be remembered that at no time has any immunity been granted by law in this State in the cases above mentioned of malpractice, gross ignorance, and immoral conduct, to persons prescribing or administering medicines or specifics to or for the sick, without a license—cases such as that recently brought to public notice, occurring in a so-called private hospital. A new and additional measure of relief against the evils of unlicensed practice is given in the new legislation. How far it may be found adequate, experience alone can determine, after a persistent and courageous attempt to enforce the law as it now stands. An examination is required of all practitioners who have not the legal sanction of some authority recognized by this act to show.

Second—"The Censor of each medical society aforesaid shall notify all practitioners of medicine and surgery of the laws and requirements of this act, etc." The powers and duties of Censors, and the manner of their appointment have been long established, so that no further description is necessary upon this head.

They are to give notice of the time and place of such examinations as will enable them to grant the certificates mentioned in the first section. It were better that a copy of the law accompany each notice, and in case a prosecution for disobedience is intended, I would advise that a personal service of the notice be made, and regular proof thereof obtained. If within the time prescribed the persons liable do not comply with the law, and present themselves for examination, "the president of the society making such request shall, and he is required to, at once commence the proceedings authorized by this act against such person."

The offense is declared by the third section to be a misdemeanor, and fines are also prescribed. The fines are to "go into the County Treasury of the county bringing such action." These proceedings are to be in the name of the people, and will begin in the criminal and police courts, upon the complaints of the presidents of the societies above mentioned, or by others.

When the defendants are held for trial the District Attorney should be notified, and his co-operation, if possible, be procured. The responsibility of making up the case and of procuring the necessary evidence will, however, rest to a great degree upon the complainant. If an indictment be found, the charge of the case will necessarily devolve upon the District Attorney.

Third—It will be readily seen that the more perfect the registration of physicians and surgeons by each of the above-mentioned medical societies, and the more complete and regular the communication between them, the more thoroughly and effectually can the interest of this law, which cannot be mistaken, be realized, and its provisions enforced. No distinction between the different schools of medicine can be recognized, except just so far as they are to be found in the statute books.

Fourth—No difficulty can arise as to the particular forms to be used. Their substance is sufficiently set forth in the first and second sections, and already some have been adopted by several of the societies. Those prepared, with suggestions upon the subject, by George S. Hastings, Esq., the Chief Clerk of this Department, at the request of the Sanitary Committee, I have great pleasure in inclosing herewith as well adapted to the purpose.

Fifth—It is not to be denied that the law itself is not what many of its friends hoped it would be, and that it has occasioned considerable disappointment in the medical profession. It entails a large responsibility and considerable expense upon the medical societies. It is difficult to describe with accuracy all that may be attained under it, which is yet to be proved by actual work. So many questions may arise, and such attention to the prosecutions that may be ordered will be requisite, that it is hardly to be expected, unless the societies have their own counsel and make a strong effort, that they can secure success in establishing these new rules for the regulation of the practice of medicine and surgery in the State of New York. All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. P. PRENTICE,
Attorney and Counsel, Board of Health.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT OF THE
CITY OF NEW YORK,
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS,
September 2, 1874.

To the Secretary of the Board of Health:
SIR—In the week ending on Saturday, the 29th of August, there were 618 deaths reported in New York, against 735, which were verified as occur-

ring during the previous week. The saving of lives was noticed chiefly in the zymotic class of fatal causes, and 75 per cent. of this saving was of infants under a year old, and 55 per cent. of the saving was in the class of causes charged as diarrhoeal disease. There was a decrease of fatality from diphtheria and only five deaths from smallpox, three being in the Island Hospital. Puerperal fever and pulmonary phthisis gave an increased mortality.

The death-rate last week was equal to 30.90 per 1,000 yearly. It was at 36.75 in the week ending August 22. But in these weeks only 36.87 and 44.49 per cent. respectively of the deaths occurred in persons of five years of age and upward; and the rate of mortality in all that portion of the city inhabitants thus past the first five years period of life was equivalent to only 15.47 in the 1,000 annually. The death-rate in the past eight weeks has been in that portion which is five years of age and upward a little over 15 per 1,000 yearly; while in the portion under five years of age (estimated at 122,720 in the whole city) the rate has reached nearly 196 per 1,000 annually. The mean temperature last week was 64.8 degrees, and in the week ending August 22 it was 73.9 degrees Fahr. The average degree of humidity was 56.100 of total saturation in the two weeks. The mean temperature in the eight midsummer weeks ending August 29 was 72.2 degrees, and the average humidity 61.100 of total saturation.

The death rates of several American cities have, in the past six weeks, considerably exceeded the rate in New York; and in Berlin, Breslau, Munich, Rome, and Venice, the death-rate has steadily been higher during the past six months than the rate in New York. The rate in London, the second week in August, was 21 per 1,000, but in the twenty-one chief towns of Great Britain, including London, the average death-rate was 26 per 1,000. The death-rate was 27 per 1,000 in Glasgow and Dublin, 35 in Liverpool and Sheffield, and only 19 per 1,000 in Edinburgh and Bristol. The mean temperature in these cities was at 58 degrees and below. The cities of Europe which this summer have the smallest death-rates are those in which the greatest mortality not many years ago prevailed, and in which the most unsparing sanitary efforts have recently been put forth. The cities of the United States begin to present similar examples. The mortality in Philadelphia, Boston, Providence, Washington, Cincinnati, New Orleans, and New York, in all, except the infant population under 2 years of age, has, in this and the previous summer, had a lower death-rate than in past years. The excessive fatality of the midsummer weeks to infants has been but slightly diminished during the progress of sanitary improvement in these cities, but in all other ages there has been marked advantage to human life.

Respectfully submitted.

ELISHA HARRIS, M.D.,
Registrar of Vital Statistics.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Statement and Return of moneys received by Isaac Dayton, Public Administrator in the City of New York, for the month of August, 1874, rendered to the Comptroller in pursuance of the provisions of section 3, part II., chapter VI., title VI., Revised Statutes; and sections 38 and 96 of chapter 335 of the Laws of 1873 :

Date.	Estate of	Commissions.
August 4.	Mary Halloran.	\$2 00
7.	Nicholas Reichmann.	7 00
14.	Franz Schafer.	17 00
14.	Margaret Cronan.	10 00
24.	Patrick Halpin.	45 69
	Total.	\$81 69

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

The Board of Police met on the 1st day of September, 1874. Present—Messrs. Matsell, Duryee, and Voorhis, Commissioners. Comptroller Andrew H. Green also present.

The "Estimate Box" containing the following proposals for furnishing 1,500 tons of Coal for the use of this Department, was opened at 10:30 A.M., and the proposals publicly read :

No.	F. C. Oakley	Per Ton.
1.	6 75	
2.	6 75	
3.	Verplanck & Irwin	6 48
4.	Samuel G. French	6 45
5.	T. Stewart Brown	6 65
6.	Farrar Coal Co.	6 58
7.	Caldwell, Weston & Co	6 36
8.	Mills, Ambrose & Co.	7 20
9.	F. C. Oakley	6 25 below 59th st.
	do	7 00 above 59th st.
10.	Kloppenberg & Shute	6 90

Adjourned.

The Board of Police met on the 1st day of September, 1874. Present—Messrs. Matsell, Duryee, and Voorhis, Commissioners.

Communication from R. E. Kraske, complaining that policemen are posted in front of his door, was referred to the Superintendent.

On reading communication from Joseph Strauss, asking leave to present Patrolman John O'Brien (No. 1) and Thomas Bennett, Nineteenth Precinct, the sum of \$5 each, it was

Resolved, That the application be denied, and the Chief Clerk directed to return the money to Mr. Strauss, with the statement that policemen should not receive extra pay for performing their duty.

Communication from John Falconer, asking detail of two officers for duty at Sea Cliff Grove Camp-meeting, was ordered on file.

Leaves of Absence Granted.

	Precinct.	Days.
Sergeant Frank B. Randall.	21	1
		Days Without pay.
Roundsman Orlando Wildey.	19 sub.	3
" David R. Bolster.	3	2
Patrolman Christopher Allen.	28	2 1/2
" John D. McIntyre.	10	2
" Asa H. Furness.	10	2
" Lorenzo D. Smalley.	18	1
" Hugh Burton.	18	1
" Patrick J. Lane.	28	1 1/2
" J. E. Dougherty.	11	1 1/2
" Hugh Martin.	11	1 1/2
" Thos. J. McCarthy.	18	1 1/2
" Joseph C. Brush.	14	1 1/2
" Charles H. Davis.	14	1 1/2
" John Dunn.	18	1 1/2
" Wm. Londigan.	5	1 1/2
" Geo. W. Paddock.	25	1 1/2
" John O'Brien.	11	1 1/2
" Patrick Feeney.	3	1 1/2
" Peter J. Monahan.	6	1 1/2
" James Campbell.	16	1 1/2
" Patrick Rooney.	6	1 1/2
" Charles Bennett.	31	1 1/2
" John Rollings.	25	1 1/2
Roundsman Stephen Paret.	16	1 1/2

On account of appropriation, Supplies for Police.	8,333 33
On account of appropriation, Construction of Stables.	1,948 12
	\$13,198 11

On motion of Commissioner Disbecker, it was Resolved, That the contract for supplying 1,500 tons of Lehigh coal for the use of the Police Department, in accordance with specifications, be awarded to Caldwell, Weston & Co., for the sum and price of \$6.36 per ton of 2,000 pounds, provided the sureties furnished by said firm be approved by the Comptroller, and the form of proposal approved by the Counsel to the Corporation.

Communication from Samuel G. French claiming to be the lowest legal bidder for furnishing coal, and protesting against the award of contract to any person or persons other than himself, was received; whereupon, on motion of Commissioner Disbecker, it was

Resolved, That the communication, together with the proposal of Caldwell, Weston & Co., be referred to the Counsel to the Corporation for opinion as to the legality of said proposal.

On motion of Commissioner Matsell, it was

Resolved, That the following-named applicant for appointment be notified to appear before the Board :

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	NAMES OF SIGNERS.	RESIDENCE OF SIGNERS.
Joseph A. Giriner.	172 Madison st.	David Hexter.	Prescott House.
		O. J. Ward.	256 East Broadway.
		Neal O'Donnell.	262 Henry street.
		M. J. Walsh.	669 Grand street.
		John J. Blair.	264 East Broadway.

On motion of Commissioner Duryee, it was Resolved, That the following named applicants for appointment be notified to appear before the Board :

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	NAMES OF SIGNERS.	RESIDENCE OF SIGNERS.
Edward Kiernan.	244 W. 20th st.	Jas. R. Davies.	128 E. 58th street.
		W. S. Pinckney.	783 Madison avenue.
		W. N. Darling.	9 E. 41st street.
		John D. Coughlin.	445 E. 57th street.
		Thos. Duffy.	228 E. 81st street.
		L. Delmonico.	211 E. 15th street.
		Chas. DeLomino.	14th street and 5th avenue.
		Bernard Reilly.	320 E. 13th street.
		Peter Woods.	191 3d avenue.
		Ch. Ranhofer.	134 W. 16th street.
Patrick Kindlon.	145 E. 17th st.	Driver.	

On motion of Commissioner Disbecker, it was Resolved, That the following named applicant for appointment be notified to appear before the Board :

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,
Corner of Third Avenue and Eleventh Street,
New York, September 3, 1874.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ORDINANCE OF the Common Council "In relation to the burial of strangers and unknown persons who may die in any of the public institutions of the City of New York," the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction report as follows:

At Alms-house, Blackwell's Island, September 2, 1874—Sarah Brown, admitted August 19, 1874; aged 65 years; born in Ireland; residence in New York, 30 years. Effect—alpaca dress, a dark petticoat, a shawl, a black cap hat and veil, 1 pair of slippers, 1 pair of silk gloves.

No one has visited her, nor did she say that she had any friends.

At Penitentiary, Blackwell's Island, September 1, 1874—Mary M. Laughlin alias Elen Mathew; aged 39 years; born in Ireland; 33 years. She had on brown striped dress, black apron, black shawl, Balmoral skirt, calico head, leather boots.

She was unable or unwilling to give the address of her friends.

By order.

JOSHUA PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,
No. 66 THIRD AVENUE,
New York, September 3, 1874.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ORDINANCE OF the Common Council "In relation to the burial of strangers and unknown persons who may die in any of the public institutions of the City of New York," the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction report as follows:

At Morgue, from Pier 7, East River, September 1, 1874—Unknown man, aged about 40 years, 5 feet, 7 inches high; dark-brown hair; black whiskers, mixed with grey. Had on white shirt (Work House branded on it), white linen pants, heavy boots, white handkerchief, with letters A. J. worked in red silk.

By Order.

JOSHUA PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,
No. 66 THIRD AVENUE,
New York, Sept. 1, 1874.

PROPOSALS FOR FLOUR.

PROPOSALS, SEALED AND ENDORSED AS above, will be received by the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, at their office, until 2 o'clock P.M. of the 12th instant, for furnishing and delivering, at the Baking House, Blackwell's Island, One Thousand Barrels of Flour, good and sound in every respect, and not below the grades now used by the Department, as per sample at this office. To be delivered as above in quantities of One Hundred to Five Hundred Barrels as may be required, free of expense to the Department.

The award of the contract will be made as soon as practicable after the opening of the bids.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by the consent, in writing, of two householders or freeholders of the City of New York, with their respective places of business or residence, to the effect, that if the contract be awarded under that proposal, they will, on its being so awarded, become bound as sureties in the estimated amount of fifty per cent for its faithful performance, which consent must be verified by the justification of each of the persons signing the same for double the amount of surety required. The sufficiency of such security to be approved by the Comptroller.

The Department of Public Charities and Correction reserve the right to decline any and all proposals if deemed to be for the public interest, and no proposal will be accepted from, or a contract awarded to, any person who is in arrears to the Corporation upon debt or contract, or who is defaulter as security or otherwise upon any obligation to the Corporation.

Blank forms of proposals and specifications, which are to be strictly complied with, can be obtained on application at the office of the Department.

WILLIAM LAIMBEER,
JAMES BOWEN,
MYER STERN,
Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,
No. 66 THIRD AVENUE,
New York, Sept. 1, 1874.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ORDINANCE OF the Common Council "In relation to the burial of strangers and unknown persons who may die in any of the public institutions of the City of New York," the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction report as follows:

At New York City Asylum for the Insane, Ward's Island, August 30, 1874—James Campan, born in Ireland, admitted 23rd of January, 1872; aged 50 years; 5 feet 10 inches high; grey hair; hazel eyes. Originally admitted to the Asylum, Blackwell's Island, May 29, 1876.

Otto Schultz, died August 29; admitted 3d August, 1874; born in Germany; aged 37 years; 5 feet 8 inches high; grey hair; blue eyes. Had on brown frock-coat, light green wool shirt, striped pants and vest. No person has been to visit them.

By Order.

JOSHUA PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,
No. 66 THIRD AVENUE,
New York, August 27, 1874.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ORDINANCE OF the Common Council "In relation to the burial of strangers and unknown persons who may die in any of the public institutions of the City of New York," the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction report as follows:

New York City Asylum for the Insane, Ward's Island, August 25, 1874—James Connell, admitted August 10; born in Ireland; age 33 years; 5 feet 6 inches high; brown hair; hazel eyes; weight 110 pounds. Had on Panama hat, black frock coat, brown mixed pants, red undershirt, knit drawers, green striped muslin shirt. No person has been to visit, and no information obtained as to friends or relatives. No effects.

By order.

JOSHUA PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
Commissioners' Office, 19 City Hall

CONSUMERS OF CROTON WATER ARE hereby notified that the water rents for 1874 are now due, and are payable at the office of the Water Register, Room No. 12, City Hall from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. each day. A penalty will be added to all water rents remaining unpaid on the 1st of August.

Geo. M. VAN NORT,
Commissioner of Public Works.

THE CITY RECORD.

SEPTEMBER 5.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed, and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

No. 1. For laying Belgian pavement in Sixty-eighth street, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

No. 2. For laying Belgian pavement in Fifty-fourth street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenue.

No. 3. For laying Belgian pavement in Second avenue, from Sixty-third to Sixty-sixth street.

No. 4. For flagging south side of Forty-ninth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

No. 5. For building sewer in Madison avenue and New Avenue East, between One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets, with branches.

No. 6. For building sewer in One Hundred and Twenty-third street, between Sixth avenue and Mt. Morris square.

No. 7. For building basin on southwest corner of Seventy-fifth street and Lexington avenue.

No. 8. For building basin on northwest corner of Seventy-fifth street and Lexington avenue.

No. 9. For building basin on northwest corner of Seventy-sixth street and Lexington avenue.

No. 10. For building underground drains, between Seventy-fourth and Ninety-second streets, and between Eighth and Tenth avenues.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

No. 1. Both sides of Sixty-eighth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersections of Fifth and Madison avenues.

No. 2. Both sides of Fifty-fourth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersecting streets.

No. 3. Both sides of Second avenue, between Sixty-third and Sixty-sixth streets, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersections of Fifth and Madison avenues.

No. 4. South side of Forty-ninth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

No. 5. Both sides of Madison avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-fourth and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets, both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-third and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth streets, between Fourth avenue and New Avenue East, and both sides of New Avenue East, between One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth streets.

No. 6. Both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-third street, between New Avenue West and Sixth avenue.

No. 7. South side of Seventy-fifth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

No. 8. The block bounded by Seventy-fifth and Seventy-sixth streets, and Lexington and Fourth avenues.

No. 9. The block bounded by Seventy-fourth and Seventy-seventh streets, and Lexington and Fourth avenues.

No. 10. The blocks bounded by Seventy-fourth and Ninety-second streets, and Eighth and Ninth avenues, and the blocks bounded by Eighty-second and Eighty-fourth, and Eighty-fifth and Eighty-seventh streets, and Ninth and Tenth avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to Thomas B. Asten, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 19 Chatham street, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

THOMAS B. ASTEN,
JOHN MCHARG,
MUNSON H. TREADWELL,
VALENTINE S. WOODRUFF,
OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, | Board of Assessors,
NEW YORK, August 27, 1874 |

BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, July 29, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment lists were received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED JULY 21, 1874.

Paving with stone-blocks, Seventy-seventh street, from Third to Madison avenue.

Paving with stone-blocks, Seventy-fourth street, from Third to Fifth avenue.

Paving with stone-blocks, Eighty-sixth street, from Third to Fifth avenue.

Paving with stone-blocks, Sixty-ninth street, from Third to Fifth avenue.

Regulating and grading Seventy-ninth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

Regulating and grading, setting curb and gutter, and flagging One Hundred and Twelfth street, from Second avenue to Harlem river.

Basin on the southwest corner of Beekman and South streets.

Basin on the northwest corner of Beekman and South streets.

Basin on the northwest corner of Fifty-first street and Sixth avenue.

Basin on the northwest corner of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street and Third avenue.

Underground drains between Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh streets, and between Fifth and Madison avenues.

Underground drains between Seventy-seventh and Eighty-eighth streets, and between Ninth avenue and Hudson river.

All payments made on the above assessments on or before the 28th day of September, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily from 9 A.M. to 2 P.M. for the collection of money, and until 5 P.M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

POLICE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
300 MULBERRY STREET,
NEW YORK, September 2, 1874.

PUBLIC NOTICE TO COAL DEALERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the Central Department of Police, until 10 o'clock A.M. of the 22d day of September instant, at which time and place proposals will be publicly opened and read, for furnishing One Thousand Four Hundred and Fifty Tons (of two thousand pounds each) of coal, for steamboat purposes, for the use of the Police Department and of the Bureau of Street Cleaning. Said coal to be of first quality, to consist of Eight Hundred and Fifty Tons of the size known as Broken, and Six Hundred Tons of the size known as Chestnut, and to be delivered at such times and places, and in such quantities, as the Department may require.

Proposals must be endorsed, "Proposals for furnishing coal," and shall state the name and place of residence of the person making the same, the names of all persons interested with him therein, and if no other person be so interested, it shall distinctly state that fact.

That it is made without any connection with any other person or persons making proposal for the same matter, and is in all respects fair and without collusion or fraud.

That no member of the Common Council, head of Department, chief of bureau, deputy thereof, or clerk therein, or any other officer of the Corporation of the City of New York, is directly or indirectly interested therein, nor in the profits thereof, or any part thereof.

Two responsible sureties, residents of this city, will be required with each proposal, who must justify in the sum of Five Thousand Dollars each.

S. C. HAWLEY,
Chief Clerk.

CENTRAL DEPARTMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL POLICE,
No. 300 MULBERRY STREET,
PROPERTY CLERK'S OFFICE, ROOM 39,
NEW YORK, Aug. 8, 1874.

OWNERS WANTED BY THE PROPERTY CLERK, for the following property, now in his custody, without claimants:—Gold chain; seven revolvers; hand cart; silver ware: two boxes tobacco; case wine; horse blankets; lot sugars; gold chain and lock; and cash

C. A. ST. JOHN,
Property Clerk.

CENTRAL DEPARTMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL POLICE,
300 MULBERRY STREET,
PROPERTY CLERK'S OFFICE, ROOM 39,
NEW YORK, July 14, 1874.

OWNERS WANTED BY THE PROPERTY CLERK, 300 Mulberry street, room 39, for the following property now in his custody without claimants:—4 gross harness rings, seven revolvers, three silver watches, four coats, three pairs pants, lot furniture, opera glass, small boiler and pipe, money found in street.

C. A. ST. JOHN,
Property Clerk.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS,
346 and 348 BROADWAY.

TO CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING WOOD MATERIAL AND DOCK PILES FOR A PERIOD OF SIX MONTHS.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING THIS material, addressed to "Jacob A. Westervelt, President of the Department of Docks," will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A.M. of Tuesday, September 22, 1874, at which time the bids will be publicly opened and read.

The award of the contracts will be made as soon as practicable thereafter.

Any bidder must be well prepared for the business, and shall give security for the faithful performance of his contract, in the manner prescribed and required by ordinance.

The period of each contract will be for six months from the date of the signing thereof, and the material must be delivered as called for by the requisitions issued by the Department.

The quantities to be delivered under the contracts are estimated at about as follows:

1. White Pine Timber, 23,000 cubic feet.

2. Yellow Pine Timber, 153,500 cubic feet.

3. White Pine Planks, 40,000 feet face.

4. Yellow Pine Planks, 270,000 feet face.

5. Spruce Timber, 2,000 cubic feet.

6. Spruce Planks, 4,400 feet face.

7. Oak Planks, 16,100 cubic feet.

8. Oak Fenders, 4,400 cubic feet.

9. White or Yellow Pine or Spruce Piles, 45 feet to 70 feet long, 12 inches to 16 inches at butt, and 6 inches at small end, 5,500 piles.

10. Spruce or Hemlock Dock Logs, 300 logs.

A separate proposal will be received, and a contract awarded, for each kind of material, as numbered above.

No proposals will be considered unless accompanied by the consent, in writing, of two householders or freeholders of the City of New York, with their respective places of business or residence, to the effect that if the contract be awarded under that