

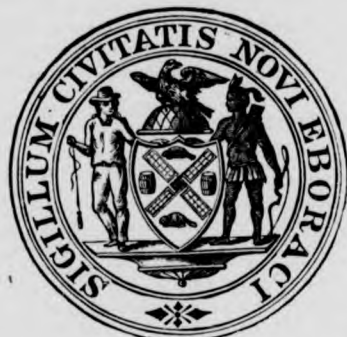
THE CITY RECORD.

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LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

STATED SESSION.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

October 29, 1874.
3 o'clock, P. M.

The Board met in their chamber, No. 15 City Hall.

PRESENT:

ALDERMEN

Oliver P. C. Billings, Stephen V. R. Cooper,
John Falconer, John J. Morris.

The President being absent,

On motion of Alderman Morris, Alderman Falconer was called to the chair.

The roll having been called, a quorum not appearing, the Chairman pro tem. announced that the Board stood adjourned until Thursday next, the 5th prox., at 3 o'clock, P. M.

JOSEPH C. PINCKNEY,
Clerk.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

OPINIONS OF THE COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION.

The Department of Public Parks was authorized by chapter 534 of the Laws of 1871, to make surveys and prepare maps of proposed streets, avenues, and public places in a portion of the County of Westchester comprising part of the present City of Yonkers, and also in territory south of that city; and in the same law, the authorities of Yonkers were forbidden to take any steps in relation to such streets, avenues, and public places, until such surveys should be completed and maps thereof be filed. Subsequently, the territory mentioned, except that portion forming part of the City of Yonkers, was annexed to the City of New York. In a communication to the Common Council of that city, the Counsel of Yonkers gave an opinion to the effect that the authorities of Yonkers did not possess power to lay out streets, avenues, or public places therein without the action of the Park Department of New York. The Park Commissioners having been applied to to make the surveys and file the maps relating to the streets, avenues, and public places in Yonkers, are advised that under existing laws, especially with regard to the expense of the proceedings, it is doubtful whether they possess authority to accede to the request made on behalf of the City of Yonkers, and they should not go on without further legislation.

A competent surveyor of the City of Yonkers having proposed to make such maps and to look to that city for his compensation, provided the Commissioners of Parks give their sanction thereto, it is advised that such sanction be given upon express stipulation that this action of the Department and of the surveyor be without expense to the City of New York.

LAW DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF THE
COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
NEW YORK, October 26, 1874.

HON. HENRY G. STEBBINS,

President of the Department of Public Parks:

SIR—Your letter of the 9th of September ultimo enclosed a copy of the opinion of the Counsel of the City of Yonkers, to the effect that under the provisions of chapter 534 of the Laws of 1871, the power to locate the lines of streets within the territory described in said opinion, is vested in the Department of Parks; and that the City of Yonkers cannot proceed to construct any roads or avenues in said district, until maps are filed showing the locations of the same as established by your Department; and you request my advice and opinion as to the powers and duties of your Department in the matter.

Chapter 534 of the Laws of 1871 made it the duty of the Department of Public Parks of this city to cause a proper survey to be made of that part of the County of Westchester lying south of the southerly line of the village of Yonkers, and a line in continuation thereof eastwardly to Hutchinson River or Creek, and including that part of said county lying south of said line and west of said river or creek or the western boundary line of the town of Pelham to Long Island Sound. It

was also made the duty of the Department, by this statute, to prepare maps, showing the streets, avenues, roads, and public places within this territory, and to file the same—one set in the office of the Register of Westchester County, and the other in the office of the Commissioners of the Department of Parks. The Comptrollers or Treasurers of the Counties of New York and Westchester, respectively, were required to pay over to the Commissioners such sums as should be certified by said Commissioners as necessary to carry out the above-cited provisions; and such sums of money were to be raised and collected by the Supervisors of said counties in the manner in which other money in said counties is raised and collected, except that in the County of Westchester it was made the duty of the Supervisors of the towns of Yonkers, West Farms, Morrisania, Westchester and Eastchester, to assess the sums of money specified by the Commissioners upon the pieces and parcels of land in each of said towns, rateably, in accordance with the assessed valuation of said pieces and parcels of land; but no greater sum than \$10,000 was to be raised in either of those towns in any one year.

Since the passage of this act, a number of laws have been enacted by the Legislature affecting the various towns of which the territory to be surveyed by the Commissioners of the Department of Parks was composed. In 1872 the City of Yonkers was incorporated, and there was included within the city limits a part of the territory in question. (See chapter 866 of the Laws of 1872.) Subsequently, that portion of the town of Yonkers which was not included in the City of New York, was erected into the town of Kingsbridge, and a special law was passed, making it the duty of the Department of Parks to prepare and file maps showing the streets, avenues, and places in the town of Kingsbridge, so erected. (See chapters 34, 89, and 873 of the Laws of 1873.) By chapter 878 of the Laws of 1872 the towns of Eastchester and Westchester were excepted, so far as relates to the survey to be made of the same, from the operation of chapter 534 of the Laws of 1871; while, by what is known as the "Annexation Act," the towns of Kingsbridge (erected as above stated from the town of Yonkers), West Farms, and Morrisania were annexed to the City of New York.

The first section of chapter 534, above referred to, contains the following provision: "No proceeding shall be had or taken, by any officer or body, for any street-opening or other public improvement within the area above described (or within the tide waters adjacent to said area), except that work under contracts already made and executed may be done and completed, until the said Board of Commissioners shall have so filed such maps, plans, profiles, grades, and locations"; and as the Commissioners have not yet made and filed the maps in question, it may be that the learned Counsel of the City of Yonkers is quite correct in his opinion that the City of Yonkers has, at present, no power to lay out or acquire title to streets, or to do any work thereon in any part or the City of Yonkers which was comprised in the area described in the act of 1871. I do not think, however, it necessarily follows, because the power to lay out and make public improvements has not been given to the City of Yonkers, that the power to make and file the maps in question still remains in the Department of Public Parks. It is certainly extremely doubtful as to whether there is now any authority for raising money to pay the expenses of this work; and, if the matter were one affecting public interests in the City of New York, I should certainly advise that no action be taken by the Department without further legislation. It seems, however, to be the opinion of the Counsel of the City of Yonkers that the Department of Parks has full power in the premises; and I have been informed by a resident of the City of Yonkers largely interested in real estate in that city, that one of the surveyors who has heretofore been in the employ of the Department of Parks is willing to make the maps, if the Department will authorize him to do so, without expense to the Department or the City of New York, relying for his compensation upon the City of Yonkers only. Under these circumstances, I see no reason why the Department should not give the authority requested. If the authorities of the City of Yonkers are satisfied, as they appear to be, that the Department has authority to make and file the maps, and are willing to take the risk of such action being found to be illegal, and are also willing to pay the expenses to be incurred in the matter, it appears to me entirely proper for the Department to authorize the maps to be made, and, when so made, to file the same. It should, however, be distinctly and

expressly understood between the Department and the surveyor, that in no event can he look to the Department or the City of New York for his compensation, or for any part thereof.

I return herewith the opinion of Mr. Ellis, which was transmitted with your letter.

I am, sir,

Yours, respectfully,

E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Counsel to the Corporation.

The 19th section of chapter 383 of the Laws of 1870 had the legal effect of excepting the Police Department from the provisions of section 104 of the Charter of 1870, requiring contracts for furnishing work or supplies exceeding \$1,000 in amount, to be made only after advertising for proposals, and allowing opportunity for competition.

Whether those provisions of the Charter of 1870 applied to any contracts except such as were entered into by authority of the Common Council; *quere?*

LAW DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF THE
COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
NEW YORK, October 27, 1874.

The Honorable The Police Commissioners of the City of New York:

GENTLEMEN—A communication to me on the 26th ultimo, from the Chief Clerk of the Police Department, incloses a copy of an agreement between the Board of Police of the City of New York and Mr. F. C. Stolley, for the erection of stables, which agreement was executed on the 18th day of April, 1873. It is stated in the letter of Mr. Hawley that this contract was not awarded in pursuance of any public advertisement, but was an agreement resulting from negotiations between the Board and the contractor; that the work has been completed in accordance with the provisions of the contract, and without objection or hindrance on the part of the Department; that the Board of Apportionment last year made an appropriation for the payment of the claim for the building of such stables, in pursuance of said contract; and that the money so appropriated is now in the possession of the Treasurer of the Police Department, and is sufficient to pay the whole of said claim.

My opinion is requested whether the Board of Police had the legal power to make said contract without public competition.

This contract was made before the passage of the act of the Legislature of April 30, 1873, known as the "Charter" of that year. To determine, therefore, whether the Board of Police had the power to make it, we must look, not to that Charter, but to the laws in force at the time the contract was made, namely, the Charter of 1870, and the acts amendatory thereof. The 104th section of the Charter of 1870 required that when any work was to be done for the Corporation involving the expenditure of more than \$1,000, such work should be done by contract founded on sealed bids or proposals, made in compliance with public notice, duly advertised in newspapers of the city, for at least ten days. There may be some question as to whether this provision applied to any contracts except those made by authority of the Common Council. Hence, this provision may not apply to the contract with Mr. Stolley, because that was not made by authority of the Common Council. It is, however, unnecessary to determine this question, for this general provision of the Charter of 1870, so far as it affected the Police Department, was superseded by the provisions of section 19 of chapter 383, of the Laws of 1870. This latter section contained, among others, the following provision: "All work to be done, and supplies to be furnished, or other expenditure made, for or on behalf of the said Police Department, shall be done, furnished, or made by the Commissioners of said department, who shall provide the necessary station and sub-station houses, and establish such regulations for furnishing such supplies, and performing such work, as, in their judgment, they may deem necessary and proper." I am informed that this provision was drawn for the express purpose (and I have no doubt it had the effect) of excepting the Police Department from the provisions of section 104, above referred to, of the Charter of 1870, and of authorizing the Commissioners of the Police Department, in their discretion, to make contracts for work to be done, and supplies to be furnished, for their department, without advertising for bids.

I am of opinion, therefore, that the contract with Mr. Stolley was valid and lawful; and, inasmuch as the same has been performed on his part, and the stables have been accepted and are now used by the City, and as the Board of Ap-

portionment has appropriated sufficient funds, Mr. Stolley's claim should at once be paid.

I am, gentlemen,

Yours, very respectfully,

E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Counsel to the Corporation.

The act of the Legislature (chapter 566, Laws of 1874), confirming, ratifying, and legalizing a resolution of the Supervisors of New York, adopted May 26, 1870, concerning the General Interpreter for the criminal courts, increasing his salary to \$3,500 per annum, and directing the Comptroller to pay him or his representatives such salary at the increased rate, applied not only to the interpreter then in office, but to his successors. The amount of the salary referred to is not affected by the resolution of the Supervisors, adopted November 17, 1873, declaring the rate at a lower sum.

LAW DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF THE
COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
NEW YORK, October 27, 1874.

HON. ANDREW H. GREEN, Comptroller:

SIR—Your letter to me of the 22d instant states that, upon examination of the judgment of Richard S. Rosenthal for \$1,005 39, it appears that the amount of such judgment is made up upon the basis of \$3,500 per annum, instead of \$2,000 per annum, and you request my opinion whether the fixing of the salary of L. Kazinski by chapter 566 of the Laws of 1874 confirms the rate of salary of \$3,500 per annum to his successors as General Interpreters for the criminal courts of this city; and whether such salary is to be paid to the General Interpreter at the sum of \$3,500 per annum, notwithstanding the salary of such officer was fixed by the Board of Supervisors at \$3,000 per annum by resolution of November 17, 1873.

Mr. Rosenthal some time since brought two actions in the Court of Common Pleas to recover his salary for certain periods, claiming at the rate of \$3,500 per annum, and basing such claims upon the provisions of chapter 566 of the Laws of 1874, referred to in your letter. Answers were interposed in these actions by me, setting up as defense, that Mr. Rosenthal's salary was only \$2,000 per annum. Subsequently, upon my motion, the two actions were consolidated, and the plaintiff's attorneys thereupon served notice of motion for judgment upon the answer as frivolous. This motion was heard at a Special Term of the Court of Common Pleas, and the point was distinctly presented to the Court that chapter 566 of the Laws of 1874 related to the salary of Mr. Kazinski only, and did not apply to the salaries of his successors in office. The Court thought differently, however, holding that the legalization of the salary at \$3,500 per annum applied to the office of General Interpreter and not to Mr. Kazinski only, and thereupon directed judgment for the plaintiff. Chapter 566 of the Laws of 1874, was passed on the 23d day of May, 1874, while the resolution of the Board of Supervisors, fixing the salary of the General Interpreter at the sum of \$3,000 per annum, was adopted on the 17th of November, 1873. As the only defence suggested by the Finance Department to the two actions of Mr. Rosenthal, above referred to, was, that his legal salary was only \$2,000 per annum, this was the only defence pleaded, and the question as to the effect of the resolution of the Board of Supervisors of November 17, 1873, was not presented to the Court. As the act, chapter 566 of the Laws of 1874, was passed long after the adoption of this resolution, if the Court was correct in holding that it applied to the office of General Interpreter and not to the salary of Mr. Kazinski only, it would necessarily follow that the act of the Legislature superseded and annulled the resolution of the Board of Supervisors, and that the legal salary affixed to the office of General Interpreter is now the sum of \$3,500 per annum.

In my opinion, the decision of the Special Term of the Court of Common Pleas was correct, and Mr. Rosenthal's lawful salary is now \$3,500 per annum.

I am, sir,

Yours, respectfully,

E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Counsel to the Corporation.

The printing and binding of indexes to proceedings of the Board of Aldermen must be regarded as "printing and stationery" within the meaning of these terms as used in section 111 of the Charter of 1873, and as also employed in the amendatory act, Laws of 1873, chapter 757, section 19.

The claim for printing and binding such indexes must be treated as a claim for "printing and stationery," although an item of the demand may be for such preparation of the indexes as was required to print and bind them.

Where at the time work or materials are furnished to the City, there exists an appropriation from which payment therefor can be made, it is no defense to an action subsequently brought to recover such payment that the appropriation has been exhausted in the payment of other demands.

If there be no reasonable question, no reasonable doubt, that the interposition of a defense to a claim against the City can have but one result, namely, the ultimate payment of the claim under compulsion of the law, augmented by interest and costs, it is plainly wrong to involve the Corporation in litigation.

LAW DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF THE
COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,
NEW YORK, Oct. 28, 1874.

Hon. ANDREW H. GREEN, *Comptroller*:

SIR—With your letter of the 21st instant you send me the summons and complaint in the suit of James A. Flack for \$363.80, being for "preparation, printing, and binding indexes to volumes 127 and 128 of the proceedings of the Board of Aldermen during the year 1873." You state that after a thorough investigation of this question you are convinced that supplies of this character can only be furnished by contract, the statute expressly requiring such to be done by contract; that no legal authority can be given to the Commissioner of Public Works to obtain the same in any other manner; and you ask that I will answer the complaint denying the liability of the City. There is also appended to your letter, by yourself, a note to the effect that there is no appropriation from which the claim can be paid, and that "the preparation of an index is not stationery, nor is it printing."

If there be no reasonable question, no reasonable doubt, that the interposition of a defense to a claim against the City can have but one result, namely, the ultimate payment of the claim under compulsion of the law, augmented by interest and costs, it is plainly wrong to involve the Corporation in litigation. This suit, with all others which I am called upon to defend, has had my careful deliberation. It is clear to my mind that while section 111 of the Charter of 1873 requires work of this character to be done by contract, the amendatory act (Laws of 1873, chapter 757, section 19) obviates the necessity of proceeding by contract where the Mayor, the Counsel to the Corporation, and the Commissioner of Public Works concur by resolution in directing a different course. Stationery and printing for the Boards of the Common Council have been the subject of such a resolution by the three officers mentioned. The question in the first objection stated in your letter has been repeatedly passed upon by me. (See opinion of the Counsel to the Corporation, dated October 24, 1874, CITY RECORD, volume 24, No. 414, issued October 27, 1874. See also the opinions and authorities therein referred to.)

But you object, secondly, that the preparation of an index is not "stationery," nor is it "printing." I am clear, on the contrary, that the "preparation, printing, and binding indexes" must be regarded as "stationery and printing" within the meaning of the laws above cited. If we enter a printing or binding establishment, we shall find that many things must be done by those engaged therein, preliminary to and accompanying the actual printing and binding. If the proceedings of the Common Council should be returned from a printing and binding house without indexes, the conduct of the contractors or persons doing the work would be subject to just animadversion. The mere preparation of the indexes preliminary to setting the type and actually striking off impressions, no more deprives the whole work of the character of "printing and stationery" than do the other preliminary and accompanying labors and arrangements required to do any part of the work desired. Indexes, where they are so simple as those which are ordinarily bound up with the proceedings of the branches of the Common Council, have been habitually left for their preparation to the printers and binders. The elaborate indexes to works of law are usually but not always prepared by the authors; but indexes such as these, by common usage, are a part of the business of the printer and binder.

The suggestion that there is at present no appropriation from which this claim can be paid is one that the Courts have repeatedly overruled. It would be otherwise if there had been no appropriation at the time the work was ordered and done. It is my duty to again send you the summons and complaint, advising you that the claim must necessarily be either paid or be allowed to go to judgment, and be then paid with interest and costs.

I am, sir,

Very respectfully yours,

E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Counsel to the Corporation.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NEW COURT-HOUSE,

Thursday, October 29, 1874, 11 o'clock A.M.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—All the members, viz.:

William F. Havemeyer, the Mayor of the City

of New York; Andrew H. Green, the Comptroller of the City of New York; Samuel B. H. Vance, the President of the Board of Aldermen; and John Wheeler, the President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments.

The minutes of the meeting held October 27, 1874, were read and approved.

The President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments presented a communication from the Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, asking for an appropriation from the Excise Fund.

Which was laid over.

The President of the Board of Aldermen moved that when the Board adjourn, it do so to meet on Friday, October 30, 1874, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of taking final action upon the estimates of the various Departments.

The Chairman put the question whether the Board would agree with such resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Affirmative—The Mayor of the City of New York (Chairman), the Comptroller of the City of New York, the President of the Board of Aldermen, and the President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments—4.

On motion, the Board adjourned.

JOHN WHEELER,
Secretary.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21, 1874.

The Board of Education held a stated session on Wednesday, the 21st inst., at the hall of the Board, at 4 P. M.

Present—Commissioners Baker, Beardslee, Dowd, Farr, Halsted, Jenkins, Kelly, Klamroth, Man, Mathewson, Townsend, Traud, West, and Wetmore—14.

Absent—Wm. H. Neilson, Esq. President, and Commissioners Brown, Hoe, Lewis, Patterson, Seligman, and Vermilye—7.

On motion, Commissioner Beardslee was elected President, pro tem.

On motion, the minutes of the last stated session, held on October 7, were approved.

Communications and Reports from Trustees.

The President pro tem. laid before the Board the following communications:

Teachers.

From the Trustees of the First, Twelfth, Fifteenth, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards, asking to excuse the absence of Teachers. Referred to the Committee on Teachers, with power.

From the Trustees of the Fourth Ward, nominating Miss Helena Connolly for Vice-Principal of Female Department, Grammar School No. 1. Referred to the Committee on Teachers.

From the Trustees of the Fourteenth Ward, relative to German Teacher in Grammar School No. 21. Referred to the Committee on Teachers.

Evening Schools.

From the Trustees of the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth, Thirteenth, Seventeenth, Twenty-third, and Twenty-fourth Wards, nominating Teachers for Evening Schools. Referred to the Committee on Evening Schools.

New Schools.

From the Trustees of the Nineteenth Ward, asking for authority to purchase three lots on the north side of Seventy-fifth street, for Primary School No. 33. Referred to Committee on Sites and New Schools.

From the Trustees of the Twenty-second Ward, asking for authority to purchase a site for Primary School No. 41. Referred to the Committee on Sites and New Schools.

Furniture.

From the Trustees of the First and Twenty-fourth Wards, asking for new furniture, repairs, etc., to pianos. Referred to the Committee on School Furniture.

Buildings.

From the Trustees of the Seventeenth and Twenty-fourth Wards, relative to repairs, &c., to school buildings. Referred to the Committee on Buildings.

Warming and Ventilation.

From the Trustees of the Twenty-fourth Ward, asking for stoves for Primary School No. 48. Referred to the Committee.

Incidental Expenses.

From the Trustees of the Third and Twenty-fourth Wards, asking for appropriations for incidental expenses of said wards. Referred to the Finance Committee.

City Superintendent's Report.

The President pro tem. laid before the Board the following report from the City Superintendent for the month of September:

To the Honorable the Board of Education:

GENTLEMEN—As required by law, I have the honor to report that during the preceding month, I have caused the several corporate schools (except the House of Refuge) to be visited and inspected as required by the statute, as follows: New York Orphan Asylum, Protestant Half-Orphan Asylum, Leake and Watts' Orphan House, Colored Orphan Asylum, Schools for the Female Guardian Society and of the Children's Aid Society, Five Points House of Industry, Ladies' Home Missionary Society, New York Juvenile Asylum, Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, and the schools connected with the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylums, including in all 42 schools, taught by 163 Teachers. The whole number of pupils on register is reported as 8,478, and the average attendance for the preceding month, 6,866. The instruction given in these schools is reported as satisfactory, with a few ex-

ceptions, as is likewise the discipline of the schools, when considered in connection with their peculiar circumstances and the character and condition of the children taught therein. In some of the classes both the instruction and discipline are returned as excellent. No evidence was presented of any other than purely secular instruction during the usual school hours, and the text-books in all seemed to be free from objection in respect to sectarian bias. Indeed, with but few exceptions, the books used are the same as those prescribed for the Primary and Grammar Schools.

Since the opening of the Evening Schools on the 5th inst., all the said schools have been visited, and their general organization and condition, together with the practical qualifications of the Teachers, carefully inspected. The number of pupils registered in these schools previous to the opening was 11,553 males and females, exclusive of the Evening High School, at which were registered 1,581; and the attendance on the opening night was 11,378; at the Evening High School, 1,581. The average attendance of the schools for the week ending the 16th inst. was as follows: In the Male Schools 8,204, in the Female Schools 3,614, in the Colored Schools 108; total, 11,926. The largest attendance at the Evening High School since the 5th was 1,562.

This shows an increase of 526 in the Male Schools over that reported for the corresponding week last year, but a decrease of 177 in the Female Schools; there is also a considerable decrease in the attendance of pupils at the Colored Evening Schools. The organization, classification, and discipline of all the Evening Schools are reported as quite satisfactory; particularly so in view of the fact that since the 28th inst. it has been necessary to register and classify nearly 20,000 pupils.

The monthly returns from the several Primary and Grammar Schools show a register number of pupils on the 1st inst. of 108,821; and an average attendance during the preceding month of 95,962, which is 6,246 in excess over that of the corresponding month last year.

The whole number of days of absence of Teachers during the month was 1,212, or 33 less than during the same month last year.

I append hereto a list of all Teachers in whose classes the absenteeism during the month of September last was in excess of twenty per cent.

Respectfully submitted,

HENRY KIDDLE,
City Superintendent.

Miscellaneous Communications.

The President pro tem. laid before the Board the following communications:

From pupils of Evening School No. 57, asking to be transferred to class taught by the former teacher, Miss Mitchell. Referred to Committee on Evening Schools.

From S. M. Barnett, asking to be appointed Superintendent of Truancy. Referred to the Committee on By-Laws, Elections, and Qualifications.

From W. C. Conner and others, asking that Edward L. White be granted permission to photograph classes in public schools. Referred to the Committee on By-Laws, Elections, and Qualifications.

From the President of the American District Telegraph Company, relative to the use of their facilities for telegraphic communication. Referred to the Committee on Course of Study and School Books.

From the Hon. Oswald Ottendorfer, making an additional donation to the Medal Fund of the Normal College, as follows:

NEW YORK, October 20, 1874.

DEAR SIR—Mrs. Ottendorfer being informed that the interest from the donation she made several years ago, to procure annually two medals for those pupils of the Normal College who have made the best progress in the study of the German language, is, in consequence of the large size of the medals, insufficient to defray all the expenses, instructed me to request you to inform the Board of Education that she will make a further contribution of \$500 for that purpose.

Respectfully yours, etc.,

OSWALD OTTENDORFER.

ALBERT KLAMROTH, Esq.

Commissioner Klamroth offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That this Board accept the donation of Mrs. Oswald Ottendorfer of a contribution of \$500 in addition to the fund of \$1,000 heretofore created by the same donor for the annual awards of gold and silver medal to two students of the Normal College showing the greatest proficiency in the study of the German language; and, further—

Resolved, That this Board express to the donor, through its Secretary, its high appreciation of her friendly interest in the cause of public education, and due thanks for her noble munificence, repeatedly manifested in the furtherance of one important branch of the studies prescribed by this Board.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

Finance.

Commissioner Dowd presented the following reports from the Finance Committee:

On award of contracts for several wards, as follows:

Twelfth Ward, for repairs to Grammar School No. 43, to James E. Poole, \$2,160.

Thirteenth Ward, for furniture in Grammar School No. 4, to Nathaniel Johnson, \$2,000.

Twentieth Ward, for heating apparatus, to Bramhall, Dean & Co., \$513.

Twenty-second Ward, for stoves, etc., to P. Phillips, \$440.

Total, \$5,113, appropriating said amount. Adopted.

To appropriate \$433 for heating apparatus in

Grammar School No. 65, Twenty-fourth Ward. Adopted.

To appropriate \$200 to purchase desks and seats for Grammar School Nos. 60 and 61, Twenty-third Ward. Adopted.

To appropriate \$472.20 for repairs in the Nineteenth Ward. Adopted.

To appropriate \$300 for a piano for Primary School No. 37, Third Ward. Adopted.

To appropriate \$563 for sundry bills in the Thirteenth Ward. Adopted.

By-Laws.

Commissioner Townsend presented a report from the Committee on By-laws, Elections, and Qualifications, relative to Compulsory Education, as follows:

To the Board of Education of the City of New York:

The Committee on By-laws, Elections, and Qualifications, to whom was referred the subject of compulsory education, respectfully report that they have given the subject much consideration, and have held several meetings on the subject, and have consulted and studied the methods pursued in other States for securing attendance of children at school who neglected voluntarily to attend, and have arrived at the conclusion that the thing first and most needed now, as the basis of further action, is an accurate census of all the persons in each ward, including those who attend and those who do not attend school, and are not instructed at home, and who come within the proper ages for attending school, within the By-laws of this Board, and within the meaning of the act of the Legislature of this State, of last winter, in relation to compulsory education; with a statement of the age, residence of the child, and the name and residence of the child's parent, guardian or employer, together with a statement whether the child, if not attending school, has been instructed fourteen weeks during the past year at school or at home, or, if not, whether any physical or mental incapacity has existed so as to render such instruction inexpedient or impracticable.

With copies of such a complete census placed in the hands of the Teachers in each ward, it will be very easy for the Teachers to determine and report who of the persons thereon are in attendance on the schools, and this Board to be informed of the names, age, residence, and occupations of those throughout the city, who do not attend school; and also the names, residences, and occupations of the parents, guardians, and employers of the children who do not attend the schools, and to thus ascertain whose is the fault of non-attendance of a child at school, and also the whole number of children in the city who ought to attend school and do not, and thus arrive at intelligent conclusions as to magnitude of the expense to be incurred and the means to be used in procuring their attendance at school, and their education.

Your Committee have, very lately, called upon the Police Commissioners, and find them willing to co-operate with your Board in procuring and making a thorough census of the city, as rapidly as the same can be done consistently with the present very full duties of the Police Commissioners and the policemen under their control; but the Board of Police Commissioners say, and your Committee are disposed to agree with them, that the School Trustees of each ward can, by and through the Teachers of each school in their respective wards, cause a complete census of the children attending school to be made, mainly by information obtained from the children themselves, and that the Trustees by so doing and furnishing to the Commissioners of Police this census of each ward, in relation to the children attending the schools, will greatly diminish the labors of the police in making the complete census of the whole city, which is desired, both of the children who attend and who do not attend school.

And the Police Commissioners assure your Committee, that, on receipt of such census made by the Trustees, through their teachers, that the complete census shall be made of the children of the whole city by the police.

Your Committee have prepared and shown to the Police Commissioners a blank form, showing the substance of what is required to make the proposed census give the necessary information, a copy of which is hereto annexed, and forms part of this report, and said form was and is acceptable to said Police Commissioners.

Your Committee, therefore, recommend that this Board direct the Trustees of each ward, by and through the Teachers of the schools in the ward, or otherwise, to make in triplicate a complete census in relation to the pupils attending the schools of the ward, containing the facts required and called for in said blank form, and retain one thereof for the use of the Trustees and Teachers of the ward and forward the others to the Clerk of this Board; and that the Clerk place one thereof on file in his office and forward the other to the Commissioners of Police; and that the Clerk cause to be printed and furnished to the Trustees of each ward, and to the Police Commissioners of the City, sufficient copies of said blank form, to be used in making such census, not exceeding copies in all.

And your Committee recommend that the following resolution to that effect be adopted.

Resolved, That the Clerk of this Board have the necessary blanks printed in accordance with the accompanying form, and that said blanks be furnished to the Trustees and Teachers of the schools in the several Wards, with the request that the same be properly filled and returned to the Clerk's office on or before Friday, the 30th day of October next.

October 21, 1874.

R. W. TOWNSEND,
A. P. MAN,
HENRY P. WEST,
R. G. BEARDSLEE,
JAMES W. FARR,

Committee on By-laws, Elections, and Qualifications.

CENSUS OF THE SCHOOL CHILDREN IN THE

Name
of Ch

"In no Grammar School, the average attendance of which is less than 500, and in no Primary

1. Bureau for the collection of the revenue accruing from rents and interest on bonds and mortgages, and revenue arising from the use or sale of property belonging to or managed by the city; Ground floor, west end.
2. Bureau for the Collection of Taxes; Brown stone building, City Hall Park.
3. Bureau for the Collection of Arrears of Taxes and Assessments and Water Rents; Ground floor, west end.
4. Auditing Bureau; Main floor, west end.
5. Bureau of Licenses; Ground floor, west end.
6. Bureau of Markets; Ground floor, west end.
7. Bureau for the reception of all moneys paid into the Treasury in the City, and for the payment of money on

COPIES OF THE CITY RECORD CAN BE OBTAINED at No. 2 City Hall (northwest corner) basement. Price three cents each.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS,
346 and 348 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK, October 28, 1874.

TO CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING SAND, BROKEN STONE AND RIP-RAP STONE.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING THESE materials, addressed to "Jacob A. Westervelt, President of the Department of Docks," will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M., of Friday, November 13, 1874, at which time the bids will be publicly opened and read.

The award of the contracts will be made as soon as practicable thereafter.

Any bidder must be well prepared for the business, and shall give security for the faithful performance of his contract, in the manner prescribed and required by ordinance.

The quantity to be delivered under the contract is estimated at about 8,000 cubic yards of sand, and about 20,000 cubic yards of broken stone, and 10,000 cubic yards of rip-rap stone, and the material must be delivered as called for by the requisitions issued by the Department. The contract is to cease and terminate twelve months from the date of the signing thereof.

Separate proposals will be received, and contracts awarded for the material, as follows: One contract for sand, and one contract for broken and rip-rap stone.

All the material will be measured in bulk on board the vessels at the place of delivery, by such person or persons as may be appointed for the purpose by the Department.

NOTE.—Samples of the sand and stone proposed to be furnished must be deposited in the office of the Department of Docks, by each bidder, on or before the delivery of his proposal, and must be labeled with his name or other mark.

Bidders will state in the following proposals the price for each separate item of the material to be furnished, by which the bids will be tested. The price is to cover all expenses necessary for the complete fulfillment of the contract.

No proposals will be considered unless accompanied by the consent in writing, of two householders or freeholders of the City of New York, with their respective places of business or residence, to the effect that, if the contract be awarded under that proposal, they will, on its being so awarded, become bound as sureties for its faithful performance; which consent must be verified by the justification of each of the persons signing the same for double the amount of security required.

No proposal will be accepted from, or contract awarded to, any person who is in arrears to the Corporation, upon debt or contract, or who is a defaulter, as security or otherwise, upon any obligation to the Corporation.

Blank forms of proposals can be obtained by application at the office of the Department, and the form of the agreement, including specifications, and showing the manner of payment for the material, is annexed thereto.

JACOB A. WESTERVELT,
WILLIAM GARDNER,
WILLIAM RUDD,
Commissioners of the Department of Docks.

SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of the application of the Department of Public Parks, for and on behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York, relative to the opening of Brook avenue, from tide-water to the Harlem railroad at One Hundred and Sixty-fifth street, in the City of New York.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTES OF THE STATE of New York, in such case made and provided, the Department of Public Parks, for and on behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York, hereby give notice that the Counsel to the Corporation of said city will apply to the Supreme Court in the First Judicial District of the State of New York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the Chambers thereof, in the New Court-house, in the City of New York, on Monday, the second day of November, A. D. 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled proceeding.

The nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended, is the opening of Brook avenue, from tide-water to the Harlem railroad at One Hundred and Sixty-fifth street, as laid out on a certain map of the Commissioners appointed by an act of the Legislature of the State of New York, entitled "An act for the laying out, opening, and closing of streets, roads, and avenues, in the Town of Morrisania, in the County of Westchester," passed May 19, 1866, and filed in the office of the Register of Westchester County, on the sixth day of January, A. D. 1871.

Dated New York, October 7, 1874.
E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Counsel to the Corporation,
No. 2 Tryon Row

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
Commissioners' Office, 19 City Hall.

CONSUMERS OF CROTON WATER ARE hereby notified that the water rents for 1874 are now due, and are payable at the office of the Water Register, Room No. 10, City Hall, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. each day. A penalty will be added to all water rents remaining unpaid on the 1st of August.

GEO. M. VAN NORT,
Commissioner of Public Works

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, September 18, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment lists were received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED SEPTEMBER 11, 1874.

Regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones in One Hundred and Nineteenth street, from Fourth to Eighth avenue, except between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

Regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones, and flagging Seventy-fifth street, from Eighth to Tenth avenue.

Flagging, and curb and gutter East Seventy-eighth street, between Third and Fifth avenues.

All payments made on the above assessments on or before the 17th day of November, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, Sept. 17, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment lists were received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED AUGUST 31, 1874.

Underground drains, between Sixty-second and Sixty-eighth streets, and between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Sewer in Sixty-seventh street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

Paving One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, from Harlem river to Manhattan street, and Manhattan street, from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street to North river.

CONFIRMED SEPTEMBER 3, 1874.

Regulating, grading, setting curb, gutter, and flagging Sixty-eighth street, from Third to Fourth avenue.

Curb and gutter Fifty-seventh street, from Eleventh avenue to North river.

Flagging Fifty-seventh street, from Eleventh avenue to North river.

Flagging sidewalks in Fifty-seventh street, from Sixth to Eighth avenue.

Sewer in Montgomery street, between Henry street and East Broadway.

Sewer in Mangan street, between Stanton and Houston streets.

Basin on the northwest corner of Manhattan street and Broadway.

Underground drains between Ninety-six and One Hundred and Eleventh streets, and between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

All payments made on the above assessments on or before the 16th day of November, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the dates of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, October 3, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment list was received this day, in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED SEPTEMBER 29, 1874.

One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, regulating, grading, setting curb, gutter, and flagging, from Harlem river to Eighth avenue.

All payments made on the above assessment on or before December 3, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of (7) seven per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

CITY OF NEW YORK—DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU OF ARREARS,
September 1, 1874.

NOTICE OF ALE OF LANDS AND TENEMENTS FOR UNPAID ASSESSMENTS FOR STREETS, AVENUES, AND PARK OPENINGS, WIDENINGS, AND EXTENSIONS.

Under the direction of Andrew H. Green, Comptroller of the City of New York, the undersigned hereby gives public notice, pursuant to the provisions of the act entitled "An act for the collection of taxes, assessments, and Croton water rents in the City of New York, and to amend the several acts in relation thereto, passed April 8, 1871," that the respective owners of all the lands and tenements on which assessments have been laid and confirmed, and are now due and unpaid, and have remained due and unpaid since the confirmation of said assessments for streets, avenues, and park openings, widenings, and extensions, confirmed prior to January 1, 1871, are required to pay the amount of the assessments so due and remaining unpaid to the Clerk of Arrears, at his office, in the Finance Department, in the New Court-house, in the City of New York, together with the interest thereon, at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum to the time of payment, with the charges of this notice and advertisement.

And if default shall be made in such payment, such lands and tenements will be sold at public auction at the New Court-house in the City Hall Park, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, December 15, 1874, at 12 o'clock noon, for the lowest term of years, at which any person shall offer to take the same, in consideration of advancing the amount of the assessment so due and unpaid, and the interest thereon as aforesaid to the time of the sale, and together with the charges of this notice and advertisement, and all other costs and charges accrued thereon.

And that such sale will be continued from time to time until all the lands and tenements here advertised for sale shall be sold.

And notice is hereby further given that a detailed statement of the assessments, the ownership of the property assessed, and on which the assessments are due and unpaid, is published in a pamphlet, and that copies of the pamphlet are deposited in the office of the Clerk of Arrears in the Finance Department, and will be delivered to any person applying for the same.

A. S. CADY,
Clerk of Arrears.

CITY OF NEW YORK—DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF TAXES,
COURT-HOUSE, PARK, NO. 32 CHAMBERS STREET,
September 4, 1874.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS—NOTICES HEREBY given that the Assessment Rolls, or Tax Books on Real Estate, for the year 1874, will be opened for payment at this office on Thursday next, September 10, 1874.

Payment can be made between the hours of 8 A. M. and 2 P. M.

A deduction at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, calculated from the date of payment to the first day of December, will be made on all taxes paid previous to the first of November.

MARTIN T. MCMAHON,
Receiver of Taxes.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, October 2, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment list was received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED SEPTEMBER 25, 1874.

Regulating, grading, curb, gutter, and flagging in Sixty-eighth street, from Eighth avenue to the Hudson river.

All payments made on the above assessment on or before December 1, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.

THE INTEREST ON THE BONDS AND STOCKS of the City and County of New York, due November 1, 1874, will be paid on that day, by the Chamberlain, at his office in the New Court-house.

The transfer books will be closed from September 25 to November 1, 1874.

ANDREW H. GREEN,
Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW YORK,
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
September 19, 1874.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,
ROTUNDA, COURT-HOUSE,
NEW YORK, October 10, 1874.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment lists were received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED OCTOBER 2, 1874.

Regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter, and flagging 8 feet wide in Sixty-seventh street, from Eighth avenue to Hudson river.

Flagging Forty-ninth street (south side), between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Sewer in Madison avenue and New avenue (east), between One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets, with branches.

Sewer in One Hundred and Twenty-third street, between Sixth avenue and Mount Morris square.

Basin on the southwest corner of Seventy-fifth street and Lexington avenue.

Basin on the northwest corner of Seventy-fifth street and Lexington avenue.

Basin on the northwest corner of Seventy-sixth street and Lexington avenue.

Underground drains between Seventy-fourth and ninety-second streets, and between Eighth and Tenth avenues.

Paving Fifty-fourth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

Paving Sixty-eighth street, from Fourth to Fifth avenue.

All payments made on the above assessments on or before the 11th day of December, 1874, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. for the collection of money, and until 5 P. M. for general information.

SPENCER KIRBY,
Collector of Assessments.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

No. 1. For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter, and flagging Ninety-second street, between Eighth avenue and Boulevard.

No. 2. For curb, gutter, and flagging Thirtieth avenue, east side, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets.

No. 3. For curb, gutter, and flagging East Eleventh street, between Dry Dock street and East river.

No. 4. For flagging sidewalks on the south side of Thirty-fourth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

No. 5. For flagging sidewalks in Fifty-sixth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 6. For building sewer in Madison street, between Gouverneur and Scammel streets.

No. 7. For building sewer in Twelfth street, between Fourth avenue and Broadway.

No. 8. For building sewer in Cannon street, between Broome and Delancey streets.

No. 9. For building sewer in Tompkins street, between Broome and Delancey streets.

No. 10. For building basin on the northeast corner of Tenth street and Broadway.

The limits embraced by such assessments include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

No. 1. Both sides of Ninety-second street, between Eighth avenue and Boulevard, to the extent of half the block at intersection of Tenth avenue.

No. 2. The property known as Ward Nos. 61, 62, 63 and 64.

No. 3. Both sides of East Eleventh street, between Avenue D and East River.

No. 4. South side of Thirty-fourth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

No. 5. Both sides of Fifty-sixth street (where not already done), between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 6. Both sides of Madison street, between Gouverneur and Scammel streets.

No. 7. Both sides of Twelfth street, between Broadway and Fourth avenue, except northeast corner of Broadway and Twelfth street.

No. 8. Both sides of Cannon street, between Delancey and Broome streets.

No. 9. Both sides of Tompkins street, between Delancey and Broome streets, except northwest corner of Broome and Tompkins streets.

No. 10. The property known as Ward Nos. 1,803 and 1,804, 1,810 to 1,819 inclusive and 1,078.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to Thomas B. Asten, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 19 Chatham street, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

THOMAS B. ASTEN,
JOHN MCHARG,
MUNSON H. TREADWELL,
VALENTINE S. WOODRUFF,
Board of Assessors

OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW YORK, Oct. 29, 1874.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FOLLOWING Assessment Lists have been received by the Board of Assessors from the Commissioner of Public Works:

Persons interested are requested to call and examine the same.

No. 1. Regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones, and flagging Fifty-sixth street, from Third avenue to East river.

No. 2. Regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones, and flagging Ninety-second street, between Eighth avenue and Boulevard.

No. 3. Regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones, and flagging One Hundred and Sixth street, from Third avenue to East river.

No. 4. Flagging Fifty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

The limits to be assessed are embraced as follows, viz.:

No. 1. Both sides of Fifty-sixth street, from Third avenue to East river, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersecting streets.

No. 2. Both sides of Ninety-second street, between Eighth avenue and Boulevard, to the extent of one-half the block at intersection of Tenth avenue.

No. 3. Both sides of One Hundred and Sixth street from Third avenue to East river, to the extent of one-half the block at intersections of First avenue and Avenue A.

No. 4. Both sides of Fifty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

THOMAS B. ASTEN,
Chairman.

OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
No. 19 CHATHAM STREET,
NEW YORK, Oct. 22, 1874.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FOLLOWING Assessment Lists have been received by the Board of Assessors from the Commissioner of Public Works: Persons interested are requested to call and examine the same.

No. 1. For regulating, grading, curb and gutter, and flagging Madison avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street to the Harlem river.

No. 2. For sewer in Madison street, between Gouverneur and Scammel streets.

No. 3. For sewer in Twelfth street, between Fourth avenue and Broadway.

No. 4. For curb, gutter and flagging East-side Thirtieth or Exterior avenue, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets.

No. 5. For receiving-basin on northeast corner Tenth street and Broadway.

No. 6. For curb, gutter and flagging East Eleventh street, between Dry Dock street and East river.

No. 7. For flagging sidewalks on the south side of Thirty-fourth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

No. 8. For sewer in Cannon street, between Broome and Delancey streets.

The limits to be assessed are embraced as follows, viz.:

No. 1. Both sides of Madison avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street to Harlem river, to the extent of half the block at the intersecting streets.

No. 2. Both sides of Madison street, from Gouverneur to Scammel street.

No. 3. Both sides of Twelfth street, from Fourth avenue to Broadway, except lot on northeast corner of Broadway and Twelfth street.

No. 4. The property known as Ward Nos. 61 to 64 inclusive.

No. 5. The property known as Ward Nos. 1,078 and 1,079, 1,803 and 1,804, and 1,810 to 1,819 inclusive.

No. 6. Both sides of Eleventh street, from Avenue D to East river.

No. 7. Southside of Thirty-fourth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

No. 8. Both sides of Cannon street, between Broome and Delancey streets.

THOMAS B. ASTEN,
Chairman.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
19 Chatham Street,
NEW YORK, October 1, 1874.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed, and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

No. 1. For regulating, grading, curb, gutter, and flagging Sixty-fourth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 2. For regulating, grading, curb, gutter, and flagging Fifty-sixth street, from Third avenue to the East river.

No. 3. For curb, gutter, and flagging Madison avenue, east side, from Sixty-third to Sixty-fourth street.

No. 4. For flagging Fifty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

No. 5. For flagging east side of Lexington avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets.

No. 6. For flagging north side of Thirty-sixth street, between Lexington and Third avenues.

No. 7. For laying Belgian pavement in Eightieth street, from Madison to Fifth avenue.

No. 8. For laying Belgian pavement in Forty-eighth street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenue.

No. 9. For building sewer in Lewis street, between Sixth and Eighth streets.

No. 10. For building sewers in Sixth avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-ninth and One Hundred and Forty-seventh streets, with branches.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

No. 1. Both sides of Sixty-fourth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

No. 2. Both sides of Fifty-sixth street, from Third avenue to East river, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersections of Third and Second avenues and Avenue A.

No. 3. The property known as Ward Numbers Twenty-one and Fifty-two.

No. 4. Both sides of Fifty-eighth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

No. 5. The property known as Ward Numbers Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-nine to Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-six, inclusive.

No. 6. The property known as Ward Numbers Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-eight to Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-one, inclusive.

No. 7. Both sides of Eightieth street, from Madison to Fifth avenue, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersecting streets.

No. 8. Both sides of Forty-eighth street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenue, to the extent of one-half the block at the intersecting streets.

No. 9. Both sides of