

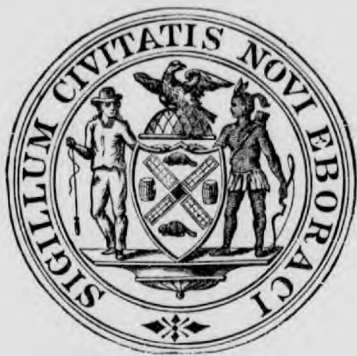
# THE CITY RECORD.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

VOL. IV.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1876.

NUMBER 1,076.



## LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

### BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

#### SPECIAL SESSION.

TUESDAY, December 26, 1876, }  
2 o'clock P. M. }

The Board met in their Chamber, No. 16 City Hall, pursuant to the following call :

NEW YORK, December 22, 1876.

F. J. TWOMEY, Esq., *Clerk Common Council :*

SIR—You are hereby directed to notify the members of the Board of Aldermen to meet in Special Session in the Chamber of the Board, in the City Hall, on Tuesday, December 26, 1876, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the transaction of such public business as may come before the Board.

PETER SEERY.	JOHN REILLY.
PATRICK KEENAN.	JACOB HESS.
WM. H. MCCARTHY.	HENRY D. PURROY.
WILLIAM SAUER.	JAMES J. GUMBLETON.
BRYAN REILLY.	O. P. C. BILLINGS.
J. WM. GUNTZER.	HENRY E. HOWLAND.
SAMUEL A. LEWIS.	MICHAEL TUOMEY.

#### PRESENT :

Hon. Samuel A. Lewis, President ;

#### ALDERMEN

Joseph Cudlipp,	Patrick Keenan,	William Sauer,
James J. Gumbleton,	William H. McCarthy,	Peter Seery,
John W. Guntzer,	Henry D. Purroy,	Thomas Sheils,
Jacob Hess,	John Reilly,	James J. Slevin,
Henry E. Howland,	Bryan Reilly,	Michael Tuomey,

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Alderman McCarthy was here called to the chair.

#### MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That Simon Goodfriend be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New York, in place of John Baltimore, who has failed to qualify.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution. Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote :

Affirmative—The Chairman pro tem., Aldermen Cudlipp, Gumbleton, Guntzer, Keenan, Purroy, J. Reilly, B. Reilly, Sauer, Seery, Sheils, Slevin, and Tuomey—13.

#### MESSAGES FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT—CITY HALL, }  
NEW YORK, December 23, 1876. }

To the Honorable the Common Council :

GENTLEMEN—I herewith transmit to you a communication addressed to me by Richard Lathers, Esq., a well-known and honored citizen, who has for many years been actively engaged in business in New York. A communication from him always deserves respectful consideration ; and this one has reference to matters which are of public and general interest.

There are frequent complaints by tax-payers of the very state of things to which Mr. Lathers here calls attention ; there is certainly an urgent occasion for inquiry as to the cause and the remedy of the difficulties mentioned ; and there will probably be found to be a necessity for legislation.

I submit the matter to you with an earnest recommendation that you refer the subject to a proper committee, and that you take such steps as may be desirable to present the case to the Legislature for suitable action by that body.

WM. H. WICKHAM, Mayor.

NEW YORK—50 WALL STREET, }  
June 1, 1876. }

Honorable WILLIAM H. WICKHAM, Mayor of the City of New York :

DEAR SIR—Permit me to appeal to you for a redress of an oppressive grievance existing in the administration of the Bureau of Assessments, to invoke your influence and authority in enforcing such remedial measures of official reform as you may have power to exercise, or in procuring such correctionary legislation as will relieve property owners of the heavy and oppressive burdens which these officials seem unable or unwilling to correct, although resulting solely from their own neglect of clerical duty, and, I fear, a morbid desire to annoy and distress, under the color of law, a class of unfortunate tax-payers, whose financial burdens are already too heavy to bear the additional strain of a legal contest with the Corporation, in vindication of their rights as citizens.

I have been a tax-payer in this city over a quarter of a century, actively engaged (as you know) as a commission merchant and a marine underwriter. During that long period I have promptly, in all cases, discharged every tax and assessment levied against my property, as soon as notice of the same has reached me in any manner, and notice through the post-office could not fail to reach me, having the use of the same city post-office boxes continually up to the present time. I have ever refrained from contesting any of the many iniquitous assessments which have been inflicted on real estate owners in the upper wards of the city, arising under fraudulent contracts, enormous legal exactions, and unfair distributions of the assessments themselves, occurring under the reform as well as under the Tweed administration. Habitually, in paying my annual taxes, I have inquired if any arrears of assessment existed against the property, having observed that great irregularity was practiced in the Bureau of Assessments, more than half the time failing in giving me the required legal notices to which I was entitled by law, as well as by equity, to enable me to investigate the fairness of the contracts and allowances, and the adjustments under which my property must contribute. This neglect of clerical duty, as you are aware, burdens the assessment with heavy penalties, in the way of costs and 12 per cent. annual interest, and, if these claims escape the notice of the property owner, leads to actual confiscation under the city tax sales of the property itself. In the year 1871, I found on my annual tax-bill notice of arrears amounting to \$65—being an unpaid assessment for opening Sixty-third street, of which I had never had notice in any stage of the proceeding, the assessment having been confirmed nearly three years. I paid the amount at once, with my annual taxes on the same property.

Alarmed by this I consulted a legal friend as to a remedy in future, who advised me to employ the usual means of procuring a formal search by an official in the Comptroller's office, who performed

such service for lawyers and others searching titles to city property. I went to the Comptroller's office and filled up a formal printed blank, headed Comptroller's Office—City of New York, and having, as you will perceive by the document itself (inclosed for your inspection), all the printed marks of official locality and responsibility. On this document you will perceive a map and a full description of the lots, with an indorsement requesting search to be made for unpaid taxes and assessments. This paper was returned to me properly filled up and signed by the official, for which I paid \$18 fees, notifying me of three assessments in arrears from one to three years, embracing in the list the assessment which I have referred to for opening Sixty-third street, but instead of \$65, as reported in my tax-bill, which I had paid to the city, the claim proved to be for \$377.48, with three years' interest.

I paid all three assessments, including the correction of the error for opening Sixty-third street, amounting to nearly \$2,000, of which I had now the first notice. It is due to the Comptroller, however, to state that he relieved me of the penalty on the ground of the gross neglect of the officials and intimated that such irregularities and neglect would not occur under his administration.

In February, 1873, my agent, Mr. Charles F. Allen, called at the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments to pay an assessment, of which I had notice, for widening Broadway, and, as usual, made inquiry for any other assessments or arrears on the same property. Mr. John A. Kennedy, the head of the Bureau, instructed him to prepare the proper blanks and maps, with numbers of the lots, for identification, and, with the last year's tax receipts, handed them to the clerk to whom Mr. Kennedy introduced him.

The clerk, after looking over the books, informed Mr. Allen that there was an assessment in arrears on the lots, for improvements on Riverside Park, and gave him a bill for the same. Mr. Allen then asked him if there was any other unpaid assessments, and he replied "That is all." I inclose Mr. Allen's letter herein, giving a full statement of the facts. These assessments were all paid to the city, and I had well hoped that this unusual care on the part of my agent, Mr. Allen, in addition to my own circumspection, would avoid further difficulty ; but judge of my surprise, when my annual tax-bill for the year was procured, a few months after, to find another assessment in arrears confirmed, as far back as June, 1872, for laying out a public place, between the Boulevard and Ninth avenue.

I called at once on the Comptroller and remonstrated against the injustice of being charged twelve per cent. per annum for a constructive default, which I had taken so much pains to avoid, producing Mr. Allen's letter (already referred to) in justification of my complaint. After some delay and investigation, he admitted the hardness of the case, but regretted that he could not relieve me, as the law gave him no power of discrimination for relief under any degree of injustice, saying, that there had been a statutory change by which assessments must be paid without any reduction of the twelve per cent. per annum, and regardless of any irregularity or neglect of duty on the part of the officials connected with the assessments.

Finding myself without remedy, I paid the assessment and the penalty, although the improvement for which my property was thus assessed has never been executed to this day ; the excavation of a round hole for a fountain, and a pile of bricks brings the only evidence that the Commissioners ever meditate the improvement for which I was assessed. In September last, I sent as usual for my annual tax-bill and was again confronted with still another bill of arrears for \$2,857.92, with 12 per cent. interest from June, 1871, against the same lots, which, you will admit, I had taken every possible means to protect against these ruinous penalties, which in this case amounts to 50 per cent. additional to the original assessment. And I found on inquiry that my property was actually advertised for sale by the city, because of an alleged default in not paying an assessment of which I had no notice, and of which it was practically impossible for me to ascertain, having exhausted every means to procure the information in the public offices of record.

You will perceive that Mr. Kingsland's official search already referred to (herein inclosed), was made up to August 30, 1871, two months after the confirmation of this assessment, and Mr. Allen's letter will prove to you that this assessment could not be found recorded on the books of the Department eighteen months after the date of its confirmation, when special search was formally requested. Indeed nearly every one of the claims for arrears I have paid are of subsequent date to this, and proves conclusively that the assessment was either overlooked by the officials of the Department, or else were not inscribed on the books at the various times myself and my agent have asked for the information whenever we had occasion to pay taxes or assessments on my New York property.

This case is but the reflex of many, where our citizens suffer silently, hoping, perhaps, against hope, for a reform needed as much in the interest of justice to the individual tax-payer as a general reform was needed against the Tweed corruptions and ring frauds.

In common with other tax-payers of this much defrauded city, I have had my full share of the public burdens under the Tweed administration, very little ameliorated, I regret to say, under the reform movement. Modern municipal reform seems to develop expensive litigation, in which the city pays the costs, and employs a corps of lobby members in Albany for amending the charter, chiefly to entrap tax-payers or to prolong the tenure of officials whose administration of public affairs do not commend them to the suffrage of the people at the polls.

Under the Tweed administration we were defrauded collectively as citizens ; under the present administration we are defrauded individually as tax-payers, while we do not escape the general evils of misadministration in common with other citizens. Official neglect of duty, incapacity, or extortion, by which individual citizens are unjustly deprived of their money with or without color of law, are as much subjects for reform in municipal affairs as the grossest ring speculations or corruption, which it pleases us, theoretically, to denounce from partisan standpoints. If the officials administering the public revenue could be induced to use less red tape and circumlocution, and exercise more practical business judgment and official zeal in notifying those who are in arrears for assessments on their lots by having the amount due the city always carefully indorsed on the annual tax-bills, so that owners of property could be assured, once a year at least, against the official neglect now so common.

Under this simple means there would be less necessity for negotiating temporary loans by the treasury, and the tax-payer less subject to spoliation by the city tax sales now prevalent. An intelligent and energetic discharge of the functions of your own office, your efficiency in reforming evils developed in the various departments of the city government, and your sympathy with those who bear the burdens of city taxation, justify me in earnestly soliciting such speedy measures of relief as in your judgment will protect the owners of city property, subject to assessment, from the evils I have referred to—evils as detrimental to the interest of the city as they are unjust and oppressive to the owner of property.

Numerous cases might be cited where property has been sold under these proceedings, the owner totally ignorant of everything connected with the assessment itself, and of the sale of the property. Unconscious that he had lost the title to his property under an obligation he had never contracted, and without notice of a lien put on under perhaps color of law but in gross violation of equity, he has innocently continued to pay the annual taxes to the city for years after the property has been confiscated and sold for taxes.

Under the present administration of the taxing power of this city, the former protection of real estate titles are virtually subverted. Mortgages and judgments wherein the owner of property has put a formal lien on his estate by his own volition or contract, cannot deprive him of his title without formal personal notice. Indeed, holders of mortgages find themselves, under this practice, subject to the loss of their security under the overwhelming power of the Assessment Bureau and its construction of a statute which seems to exempt the official from all responsibility, but subjects the assessed property to heavy penalties for his incompetency or neglect of a proper and simple discharge of clerical duty.

I venture the assertion that a statute bearing such a construction in its practical application to the rights and responsibilities of tax-payers, and the duties of municipal officers is without parallel in any other civilized community, and indicates disgraceful ignorance or culpable carelessness on the part of the Legislature that enacted it, and a contempt for the intelligence of the community on the part of the official who had the assurance to apply for such legislation.

I am, my dear sir,

Yours truly,

RICHARD LATHERS.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law Department.

#### UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Alderman Keenan called up G. O. 478, being a resolution, as follows :

Resolved, That the leasing of premises for an armory and drill-room for the use and occupation for military purposes of Companies A, K, and G of the Twenty-seventh Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., in the City and County of New York, be and the same is hereby authorized, and the Clerk of the Board be and he is hereby authorized and directed to execute a lease in the name of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York, and to affix the seal of said Corporation thereto, of the hall and rooms on the second floor of the building known as Morrisania Hall, situated on Railroad avenue, between One Hundred and Sixty-sixth and One Hundred and Sixty-seventh streets, for the term of two (2) years from the first day of January, 1877, at the yearly rental of seven hundred and fifty dollars, payable quarterly, to be used and occupied by Companies A, G, and K of



the Twenty-seventh Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., for an armory; that the said lease shall provide that no alterations of or additions to the said premises shall be made by the said Corporation or the said companies without the previous written consent of the owners; also, that the superstructure shall be kept in good repair during the term of said lease by and at the expense of the owners of said property, and that there be inserted in said lease the usual fire clause; and that the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to pay the said rent quarterly.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote (a majority of all the members elected voting in favor thereof):

Affirmative—The Chairman pro tem., Aldermen Cudlipp, Gumbleton, Guntzer, Hess, Keenan, Purroy, J. Reilly, B. Reilly, Sauer, Seery, Sheils, Slevin, and Tuomey—14.

#### MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Guntzer, by unanimous consent, offered the following:

Resolved, That the three southernmost rooms, on the east side of the hall, on the third floor of the brown-stone building, 32 Chambers street, City Hall Park, be and the same are hereby set apart, provided, designated, and assigned as and for chambers for the joint use and occupancy of the Recorder, the City Judge, and the Judge of the Court of General Sessions; and that the Commissioner of Public Works be and he is hereby authorized and directed to give notice and make provision accordingly.

Which was referred to the Committee on County Affairs, with instructions to report at the next meeting of the Board.

Subsequently Alderman Seery, Chairman, moved that the Committee be discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Alderman Seery then moved the adoption of the resolution.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

#### UNFINISHED BUSINESS RESUMED.

Alderman Keenan called up G. O. 463, being a preamble and resolution, as follows:

Whereas, It appears by the certificate of the Commandant of the Ninth Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., dated May 1, 1876, together with the certificate of the Adjutant General, dated June 21, 1876, that each of the companies of said regiment has reached the minimum number of non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, established by section 12 of the act entitled the Military Code, who regularly attend the drills and parades of such companies, and the captain or commandant of each of such companies has made a demand, countersigned by the Commandant of the said regiment to which such companies belong, for a suitable and convenient armory, drill-room, and place of deposit for the safe-keeping of the arms, uniforms, equipments, accoutrements, and camp equipage, furnished under the provisions of the said act, for the use of each of such companies; and

Whereas, The Commander of the First Division and the Inspector General, as appears by their certificate, dated May 1, 1876, deem expedient that a regimental armory be provided, to be used by all the companies of the said regiment, and the said Commandant of the said regiment has made a demand, dated May 1, 1876, that suitable and convenient premises, approved by the said Division Commander and Inspector General, be provided for a regimental armory, to be used by all the companies of such regiment, such accommodation not being provided in a State arsenal within the County of New York; and

Whereas, The proper demands, countersigns, and certificate prescribed by the Military Code have been made and provided by and in behalf of the said regiment and the companies thereof;

Resolved, That the leasing of premises for an armory and drill-room for the use and occupation for military purposes of the Ninth Regiment of the National Guard in the City and County of New York be and the same is hereby authorized, and that the Clerk of this Board be and he is hereby authorized and directed to execute a lease, in the name of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York, and to affix the seal of the said Corporation thereto, of the hall and rooms on the upper story of the building situated on the southwest corner of Ninth avenue and Twenty-seventh street, and known as Nos. 281, 283, 285, and 287 Ninth avenue, and Nos. 404, 406, 408, and 410 West Twenty-seventh street, for the term of five years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, at the yearly rent of eight thousand dollars, payable quarterly, to be used and occupied by all the companies of the Ninth Regiment for a regimental armory; that the said lease shall provide that no alterations of or additions to the said premises shall be made by the said Corporation or the said regiment without the previous written consent of the owners; also that the superstructure shall be kept in good repair, during the term of said lease, by and at the expense of the owners of said property, and that there be inserted in said lease the usual fire clause; and that the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to pay the said rent quarterly.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said preamble and resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote (a majority of all the members elected voting in favor thereof):

Affirmative—The Chairman pro tem., Aldermen Cudlipp, Gumbleton, Guntzer, Keenan, Purroy, J. Reilly, B. Reilly, Sauer, Seery, Sheils, Slevin, and Tuomey—13.

Negative—Alderman Hess—1.

Alderman Sauer called up G. O. 474, being an ordinance, as follows:

AN ORDINANCE to prevent street casualties.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York in Common Council convened do ordain as follows:

Section 1. It shall not be lawful for any person, whether of full age or not, without the special invitation, employment, or express permission of the owner, conductor, or person in charge thereof, to ride, enter, or get in or upon any car, train, engine, dummy, cart, wagon, carriage, stage, or other vehicle drawn or intended to be drawn or propelled by steam, horse-power, or other motor, in, upon, under, or above any street, bridge, tunnel, public place, pier, bulkhead, or other space within the City of New York.

Sec. 2. Any person, whether of full age or not, guilty of infringing or disobeying this ordinance, shall be liable to punishment therefor, and shall forfeit and pay a penalty for each and every such offense a sum not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars.

Sec. 3. This ordinance shall not apply to any passenger properly offering himself in accordance with their usual rules for transportation for hire to any common carrier of passengers, hack driver, or other proprietor, conductor, or driver of any vehicle duly licensed or authorized to transport passengers.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said ordinance.

Which was decided in the negative by the following vote (a majority of all the members elected not voting in favor thereof):

Affirmative—The Chairman pro tem., Aldermen Hess, Purroy, and Tuomey—4.

Negative—Aldermen Cudlipp, Gumbleton, Guntzer, Keenan, J. Reilly, B. Reilly, Sauer, Seery, Sheils, and Slevin—10.

Alderman Hess called up G. O. 479, being a resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby granted to Jane E. Emmons to erect a pie and coffee stand of iron and glass within the stoop lines on the westerly side of Church street, between Cortlandt and Liberty streets, the same to stand during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Alderman B. Reilly moved that the resolution be again laid over.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the negative.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Alderman Hess called up G. O. 467, being a resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the Board of City Record be and is hereby requested to cause five hundred copies of the CITY RECORD, containing the official canvass of the election held November 7, 1876, to be printed for the use of the members of this Board, to be delivered to the Clerk and distributed under his direction.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Alderman Sheils called up G. O. 476½, being a resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the Legislature of the State, at its next session, be requested to enact such laws as will enable the corporate authorities of the City of New York to provide for the manufacture of gas and the laying of gas-mains in the streets, avenues, and public places of this city, in the same manner as Croton-mains are now laid; and be it further

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation prepare a draft of an act relating to the above subject, and transmit the same to the presiding officers of the State Legislature at its session commencing January, 1877.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Alderman J. Reilly moved that the Board do now adjourn.

The Chairman pro tem. put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

And the Chairman pro tem. announced that the Board stood adjourned until Thursday next, the 28th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

FRANCIS J. TWOMEY, Clerk.

## LAW DEPARTMENT.

[In Board of Aldermen, December 21, 1876, page 1864.]

### Annual Statement of the Public Administrator, December 20, 1876.

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR, }  
NEW YORK, December 20, 1876. }

To the Common Council of the City of New York:

The undersigned, the Public Administrator in the City of New York, respectfully states that the following are the titles of all actions prosecuted by or against him, now pending and undetermined, with such other information in respect thereto as he deems necessary and proper.

Respectfully,  
ALGERNON S. SULLIVAN, Public Administrator.

#### COUNTY COURT, KINGS COUNTY.

The Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn against Isaac Dayton, Public Administrator, and administrator, etc., of Anna Maria Merriam, deceased, and others.	Action to foreclose mortgage. Issue has not yet been joined.
--	---

#### NEW YORK SUPREME COURT.

Frederick H. Betts against Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and administrator of the goods, etc., of William B. Scranton, deceased.	Action for professional services. Referred to and still pending before William H. Leonard, Esq., as sole referee.
---	--

The Real Estate Trust Co. against Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and administrator, etc., of William B. Scranton, deceased, and others.	Action to foreclose mortgage. Issue has not been joined.
---	---

#### NEW YORK COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and administrator, etc., of Sarah Orr, deceased, against The Bowery Savings Bank.	Action to recover moneys de- posited by deceased. Issue has not been joined.
--	--

Martin Schlamp against Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and administrator, etc., of John Buckert, deceased.	Action for moneys received for property covered by chattel mortgage. Issue has been joined.
---	--

#### NEW YORK MARINE COURT.

Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and administrator, etc., of J. H. Hoops, deceased, against Claus H. Blohm.	Action for moneys received by defendant as agent of de- ceased. On the calendar of Part III, Trial Term.
---	---

#### NEW YORK SUPREME COURT.

Anna M. Belcher against Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and administrator, etc., of Alanson Marsh, deceased, and others.	Action to foreclose mortgage. Complaint has been served on defendant, Sullivan.
---	---

#### SUPREME COURT, KINGS COUNTY.

Richard M. Livingston against Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and administrator, etc., of Benjamin F. Bowers, deceased.	Action to cancel note. Issue has been joined.
--	--

#### EIGHTH DISTRICT COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Anna Staa's against Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and another.	Replevin suit. Motion to dis- miss complaint argued and submitted.
--	--

#### NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Jessie S. Blydenburgh against Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and administrator, etc., of Benjamin F. Bowers, deceased.	Action to set aside assignment of mortgage. Issue has been joined.
--	--

#### SUPERIOR COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Algernon S. Sullivan, Public Administrator, and administrator, etc., of Rallin Cornan, deceased, against John J. Waltermine.	Action for trover. Cause on calendar for trial.
---	--

#### NEW YORK MARINE COURT.

Isaac Dayton, Public Administrator, against John H. Wilson and ano.	Action to recover proceeds of sale. Complaint has been served.
---	--



**OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.**

APPROVED PAPERS.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, December 7, 1876.  
Approved by the Mayor, December 20, 1876.

MISCELLANEOUS OFFICES.  
HOURS 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.  
Coroners' Office, 40 East Houston street, second floor  
Sheriff's Office, first floor, southwest corner of New  
County Court-house.  
County Clerk's Office, first floor, northeast corner of  
New County Court-house.

**ARMORY COMMISSION.**

**FIRE DEPARTMENT.**

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

### PROPOSALS FOR 3,600 TONS OF COAL FOR THE OUT-DOOR POOR.

THOMAS S. BRENNAN,  
ISAAC H. BAILEY,  
TOWNSEND COX,  
Commissioners



DEPARTMENT OF  
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,  
CORNER OF THIRD AVENUE AND ELEVENTH ST.,  
NEW YORK, December 14, 1876.

### PROPOSALS FOR FRESH FISH.

PROPOSALS, SEALED AND INDORSED AS above, will be received by the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, at their office, until 10 o'clock A. M., of Thursday, the 28th day of December, 1876, at which time they will be publicly opened and read by the head of said Department, for furnishing and delivering, from the first day of January, 1877, up to and including the thirty-first day of December, 1877, at the foot of East Twenty-sixth street, and at such other places as may be required, free of all expense—  
Fresh Cod, Porgies, and Blue Fish.

The award of the contract will be made as soon as practicable after the opening of the bids.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by the consent, in writing, of two householders or freeholders of the City of New York, with their respective places of business or residence, to the effect that, if the contract be awarded under that proposal, they will, on its being so awarded, become bound as sureties in the estimated amount of fifty per cent. for its faithful performance, which consent must be verified by the justification of each of the persons signing the same for double the amount of surety required. The sufficiency of such security to be approved by the Comptroller.

The Department of Public Charities and Correction reserve the right to decline any and all proposals if deemed to be for the public interest, and to accept an offer for the whole bid or for any single article included in the proposal, and no proposal will be accepted from, or a contract awarded to, any person who is in arrears to the Corporation upon debt or contract, or who is defaulter, as security or otherwise, upon any obligation to the Corporation.

Blank forms of proposals and specifications, which are to be strictly complied with, can be obtained on application at the office of the Department, and all information furnished.

THOMAS S. BRENNAN,  
ISAAC H. BAILEY,  
TOWNSEND COX,  
Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF  
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,  
CORNER OF THIRD AVENUE AND ELEVENTH ST.,  
NEW YORK, December 18, 1876.

### PROPOSALS FOR LUMBER, ETC., FOR TWO PAVILIONS ON BLACKWELL'S ISLAND.

PROPOSALS, SEALED AND INDORSED AS above, will be received by the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, at their office, until 10 o'clock A. M., of Saturday, the 30th day of December, 1876, at which time they will be publicly opened and read by the head of said Department, for furnishing and delivering on Blackwell's Island, and such other places as may be required—

- 20 spruce girders, 7 x 9 in., 11 ft. long.
- 4 spruce girders, 7 x 9 in., 12 ft. long.
- 124 spruce beams, 3 x 9 in., 25 ft. long.
- 68 spruce beams, 3 x 9 in., 32 ft. long.
- 750 spruce sills, 8 x 10 in.
- 246 spruce posts, 4 x 6 in., 16 ft. long.
- 550 lineal ft. spruce sills, 4 x 6 in.
- 1,150 lineal ft. spruce plates, 4 x 6 in.
- 520 spruce joists, 3 x 4 in., 16 ft. long.
- 16 spruce tie beams, 4 x 10 in., 25 ft. long.
- 152 spruce rafters, 4 x 9 in., 18 ft. long.
- 32 spruce king posts, 4 x 8 in., 8 ft. long.
- 64 spruce struts, 4 x 8 in., 7 ft. long.
- 44 spruce rafters, 4 x 9 in., 21 ft. long.
- 8 spruce tie beams, 4 x 10 in., 32 ft. long.
- 48 spruce rafters, 4 x 9 in., 14 ft. long.
- 12 spruce ridge pieces, 3 x 10 in., 21 ft. long.
- 4 spruce ridge pieces, 3 x 10 in., 24 ft. long.
- 12,400 lineal ft. spruce joists, 2 x 3 in.
- 19,000 lineal ft. spruce furring strips, 1 x 2 in.
- 20,000 lineal ft. hemlock boards, 1 in.
- 200 lineal ft. well seasoned black walnut, 1 1/2 in. thick.
- 7,000 ft. board measure, clear, well seasoned, Georgia yellow pine flooring, 1 1/4 in. x 2 1/2 in.
- 24,000 ft. board measure, clear, well seasoned, Georgia yellow pine ceiling boards, 7/8 in. x 2 in.
- 2,000 ft. board measure, clear, well seasoned, Georgia yellow pine boards, 1 in. x 12 in.
- 11,900 ft. board measure, clear, well seasoned white pine roofing plank, planed, 1 1/4 in. x 10 in.
- 20 white pine beams, 4 x 8 in., 7 ft. long.
- 24 white pine beams, 3 x 8 in., 21 ft. long.
- 44 white pine posts, 6 x 8 in., 12 ft. long.
- 22 white pine posts, 4 x 4 in., 12 ft. long.
- 400 lineal ft. white pine plates, 6 x 6 in.
- 80 white pine beams, 4 x 6 in., 10 ft. long.
- 330 lineal ft. white pine strings, 3 x 8 in.
- 11,500 ft. board measure, white pine siding, rabbited, 7 in. wide.
- 1,150 ft. board measure, white pine boards, tongued and grooved, 7/8 x 5 in.
- 3,300 lineal ft. white pine plank, planed, 2 1/2 x 12 in.
- 1,700 ft. board measure, white pine flooring, 1 1/4 x 4 in.
- 4,400 ft. board measure, white pine flooring, 1 1/4 x 3 in.
- 4 white pine tie beams, 4 x 10 in., 25 ft. long.
- 4 white pine tie beams, 4 x 10 in., 32 ft. long.
- 8 white pine rafters, 4 x 9 in., 18 ft. long.
- 8 white pine rafters, 4 x 9 in., 21 ft. long.
- 8 white pine king posts, 4 x 8 in., 8 ft. long.
- 16 white pine queen posts, 4 x 8 in., 6 ft. long.
- 16 white pine struts, 4 x 8 in., 8 ft. long.
- 700 lineal ft. white pine joists, 4 x 6 in.
- 2 window sashes, 3 x 6 ft., 8 lights 15 x 16 in.
- 4 window sashes, 2 ft. 6 in. x 4 ft. 6 in., 8 lights 14 x 24 in.
- 51 window sashes, 3 ft. x 6 ft. 3 in., 8 lights 15 x 18 in.
- 24 French casement sashes, 3 ft. x 8 ft. 7 in., 10 lights 14 x 24 in.
- 76 transom sashes, 22 x 36 in., 2 lights 17 x 18 in.
- 2 window sashes, 24 x 36 in., 6 lights 12 x 18 in.

All the above to be glazed with French sheet glass, double thick.

100 squares 10 x 14 in. best selected dark blue Pennsylvania slate.

100 squares Martin's slating felt.

40 boxes tern plate charcoal roofing tin.

500 ft. No. 24 galvanized iron, 24 in. wide.

600 ft. No. 22 galvanized iron, 14 in. wide.

4 kegs galvanized slating nails.

5 kegs cut nails, each 6d., 8d., 10d.

10 kegs cut nails, 10d.

3 kegs cut nails, 12d.

5 kegs cut nails, 6d.

The award of the contract will be made as soon as practicable after the opening of the bids.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by the consent, in writing, of two householders or freeholders of the City of New York, with their respective places of business or residence, to the effect that, if the contract be awarded under that proposal, they will, on its being so awarded, become bound as sureties in the estimated amount of fifty per cent. for its faithful performance, which consent must be verified by the justification of each of the persons signing the same for double the amount of surety required. The sufficiency of such security to be approved by the Comptroller.

The Department of Public Charities and Correction reserve the right to decline any and all proposals if deemed to be for the public interest, and to accept an offer for the whole bid or for any single article included in the proposal, and no proposal will be accepted from, or a contract awarded to, any person who is in arrears to the Corporation upon debt or contract, or who is defaulter, as security or otherwise, upon any obligation to the Corporation.

Blank forms of proposals and specifications, which are to be strictly complied with, can be obtained on application at the office of the Department, and all information furnished.

THOMAS S. BRENNAN,  
ISAAC H. BAILEY,  
TOWNSEND COX,  
Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF  
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,  
CORNER OF THIRD AVENUE AND ELEVENTH ST.,  
NEW YORK, December 14, 1876.

### PROPOSALS FOR CONDENSED MILK.

PROPOSALS, SEALED AND INDORSED AS above, will be received by the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, at their office, until 10 o'clock A. M., of Thursday, the 28th day of December, 1876, at which time they will be publicly opened and read by the head of said Department, for supplying the institutions under their charge with condensed milk of the best quality, from the first day of January, 1877, up to and including the thirty-first day of December, 1877.

Parties proposing for the above will submit samples for examination and analysis, and the milk selected will be the standard for future delivery. The milk delivered under the contract will be analyzed by a competent chemist at such times as the Commissioners may determine.

The above to be delivered daily at the foot of Twenty-sixth street, East river, or at such other places as may be required, free of all expense to the Department.

The award of the contract will be made as soon as practicable after the opening of the bids.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by the consent, in writing, of two householders or freeholders of the City of New York, with their respective places of business or residence, to the effect that, if the contract be awarded under that proposal, they will, on its being so awarded, become bound as sureties in the estimated amount of fifty per cent. for its faithful performance, which consent must be verified by the justification of each of the persons signing the same for double the amount of surety required. The sufficiency of such security to be approved by the Comptroller.

The Department of Public Charities and Correction reserve the right to decline any and all proposals if deemed to be for the public interest, and to accept an offer for the whole bid or for any single article included in the proposal, and no proposal will be accepted from, or a contract awarded to, any person who is in arrears to the Corporation upon debt or contract, or who is defaulter, as security or otherwise, upon any obligation to the Corporation.

Blank forms of proposals and specifications, which are to be strictly complied with, can be obtained on application at the office of the Department, and all information furnished.

THOMAS S. BRENNAN,  
ISAAC H. BAILEY,  
TOWNSEND COX,  
Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF  
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,  
CORNER OF THIRD AVENUE AND ELEVENTH ST.,  
NEW YORK, December 21, 1876.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN ORDINANCE OF the Common Council, "In relation to the burial of strangers or unknown persons who may die in any of the public institutions of the City of New York," the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction report as follows:

At Charity Hospital, Blackwell's Island, December 16, 1876—Kate Kelley; age 32 years; 5 feet 3 inches high; dark brown hair, gray eyes. Had on when admitted black sack, balmoral petticoat, green skirt, cotton chemise, white stockings, buttoned shoes. Nothing known of her friends or relatives.

Mary Hughes; age 50 years; 5 feet 5 inches high; gray hair, blue eyes. Had on when admitted brown quilted petticoat, brown striped skirt, gray knit jacket, cotton chemise, blue striped stockings, leather shoes, brocade shawl. Nothing known of her friends or relatives.

Robert A. Henry; age 36 years; 5 feet 8 inches high; grizzled hair and beard, gray eyes. Had on when admitted gray cassimere pants, blue vest, brown cloth coat, brown shoes, black felt hat. Nothing known of his friends or relatives.

By Order,  
JOSHUA PHILLIPS,  
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF  
PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION,  
CORNER OF THIRD AVENUE AND ELEVENTH ST.,  
NEW YORK, December 21, 1876.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN ORDINANCE OF the Common Council, "In relation to the burial of strangers or unknown persons who may die in any of the public institutions of the City of New York," the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction report as follows:

At Homeopathic Hospital, Ward's Island, December 18, 1876—Deha Post, alias Derkson (colored), aged 19 years; 5 feet 2 inches high; black eyes and hair. Had on when admitted dark striped calico dress, brown cloth cape, white skirt. Nothing known of her friends or relatives.

By Order,  
JOSHUA PHILLIPS,  
Secretary.

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC WORKS WILL meet every Wednesday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

WM. H. MCCARTHY,  
JACOB HESS,  
HENRY D. PURROY,  
Committee on Public Works

F. J. TWOMEY,  
Clerk

THE COMMITTEE ON FERRIES AND DOCK Department will meet every Wednesday, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 9, City Hall.

MAGNUS GROSS,  
MICHAEL TUOMEY,  
WILLIAM WADE,  
Committee on Ferries and Dock Department.

FRANCIS J. TWOMEY,  
Clerk.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREET PAVEMENTS will meet every Tuesday, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 9, City Hall.

JOHN W. GUNTZER,  
WILLIAM H. MCCARTHY,  
JOSEPH C. PINCKNEY,  
Committee on Street Pavements

F. J. TWOMEY,  
Clerk.

THE COMMITTEE ON ARTS AND SCIENCES will meet every Friday, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 9, City Hall.

MAGNUS GROSS,  
MICHAEL TUOMEY,  
JOHN J. MORRIS,  
Committee on Arts and Sciences.

FRANCIS J. TWOMEY,  
Clerk.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND OFFICES will meet every Tuesday, at 3 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 9, City Hall.

WILLIAM L. COLE,  
THOMAS SHELLS,  
JOSEPH C. PINCKNEY,  
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

F. TWOMEY,  
Clerk.

THE COMMITTEE ON COUNTY AFFAIRS WILL meet every Monday, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 9, City Hall.

PETER SEERY,  
PATRICK KEENAN,  
J. W. GUNTZER,  
O. P. C. BILLINGS,  
HENRY E. HOWLAND,  
Committee on County Affairs

THOMAS S. BRENNAN,  
ISAAC H. BAILEY,  
TOWNSEND COX,  
Commissioners.

### THE CITY RECORD.

COPIES OF THE CITY RECORD CAN BE OBTAINED at No. 2 City Hall northwest corner base ment). Price three cents each.

### JURORS.

### NOTICE IN RELATION TO JURORS FOR STATE COURTS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF JURORS,  
NEW COUNTY COURT-HOUSE,  
NEW YORK, June 1, 1876.

APPLICATIONS FOR EXEMPTIONS WILL BE heard here, from 9 to 4 daily, from all persons hitherto liable or recently serving who have become exempt, and all needed information will be given.

Those who have not answered as to their liability, or proved permanent exemption, will receive a "jury enrollment notice," requiring them to appear before me this year. Whether liable or not, such notices must be answered (in person, if possible, and at this office only) under severe penalties. If exempt, the party must bring proof exemption; if liable, he must also answer in person, giving full and correct name, residence, etc., etc. No attention paid to letters.

Persons "enrolled" as liable must serve when called or pay their fines. No mere excuse will be allowed or interference permitted. The fines, received from those who, for business or other reasons, are unable to serve at the time selected, pay the expenses of this office, and if unpaid will be entered as judgments upon the property of the delinquents.

All good citizens will aid the course of justice, and secure reliable and respectable juries, and equalize their duty by serving promptly when summoned, allowing their clerks or subordinates to serve, reporting to me any attempt at bribery or evasion, and suggesting names for enrollment. Persons between sixty and seventy years of age, summer absentees, persons temporarily ill, and United States and District Court jurors are not exempt.

Every man must attend to his own notice. It is a misdemeanor to give any jury paper to another to answer. It is also punishable by fine or imprisonment to give or receive any present or bribe, directly or indirectly, in relation to a jury service, or to withhold any paper or make any false statement, and every case will be fully prosecuted.

THOMAS DUNLAP, Commissioner,  
County Court-house (Chambers street entrance)

### FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,  
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,  
ROTUNDA, NEW COURT-HOUSE,  
NEW YORK, December 22, 1876.

### NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment lists were received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED DECEMBER 1, 1876.

Underground drains, between One Hundred and Seventy-third and One Hundred and Eighty-third streets, and between Kingsbridge road and Harlem river.

Thirteenth avenue, regulating, grading, etc., between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets.

Thirty-sixth street, regulating, grading, etc., between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues.

Fiftieth street, curb, gutter, and flagging, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

Eighty-fourth street, curb, gutter, and flagging, between Eighth and Tenth avenues.

Third avenue, flagging, west side, between Eighty-third and Eighty-sixth streets.

Ninth avenue, flagging, east side, between Fifty-ninth and Sixty-third streets.

Twenty-eighth street, flagging, north side, between First avenue and East river.

Thirty-seventh street, flagging, south side, Lexington avenue, 200 feet easterly.

Fifty-seventh street, flagging, between Lexington and Madison avenues.

Sixty-second street, flagging, between Ninth avenue and Boulevard.

Thirty-third street, paving, between First avenue and East river.

Fifty-fifth street, paving, between Fourth and Madison avenues.

Fifty-sixth street, paving, between Fifth and Madison avenues.

Fifty-seventh street, paving, from Eleventh avenue to Hudson river.

Sixty-first street, paving, from Eighth to Tenth avenue.

Sixty-second street, paving, from First avenue to Avenue A.

One Hundred and Twentieth street, paving, between First and Second avenues.

One Hundred and Thirtieth street, paving, between Fourth and Sixth avenues.

Second avenue, paving, between One Hundred and Twenty-fifth and One Hundred and Twenty-eighth streets.

Fifth avenue, paving, between One Hundred and Thirtieth street and Harlem river.

Thirtieth street, basin, southwest corner of Third avenue.

Sixtieth street, sewer, between First avenue and Avenue A.

Fourth avenue, sewer, east side, between Eighty-fourth and Eighty-fifth streets.

Fourth avenue, sewer, east side, between Eighty-eighth and Ninety-ninth streets.

Fourth avenue, sewer, west side, between Ninety-first and Ninety-second streets.

Madison avenue, sewer, between One Hundred and Thirtieth and One Hundred and Thirty-first streets.

Fencing vacant lots, front of 476 Pearl street.

Fencing vacant lots, south side Twenty-fourth street, between First avenue and Avenue A.

Fencing vacant lots on block, Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth streets, Madison and Fifth avenues.

Fencing vacant lots, both sides Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth streets, between Madison and Lexington avenues.

Fencing vacant lots, south side Sixty-sixth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

Fencing vacant lots, north side Sixty-seventh street, between Fifth and Madison avenues, etc.

Fencing vacant lots, west side Tenth avenue, between Sixty-eighth and Sixty-ninth streets, etc.

Fencing vacant lots on block, Fifth and Madison avenues, Seventy-fourth and Seventy-fifth streets.

Fencing vacant lots, Seventy-eighth street, between Madison and Fourth avenues.

Fencing vacant lots, south side Seventy-ninth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

Fencing vacant lots on block, Fifth and Madison avenues, Eighty-fourth and Eighty-fifth streets.

Fencing vacant lots, south side Eighty-fifth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

All payments made on the above assessments on or before February 21, 1877, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 4 P. M., for general information.

NICHOLAS F. BUTENSCHON,  
Collector of Assessments.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,  
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,  
ROTUNDA, NEW COURT-HOUSE,  
NEW YORK, November 16, 1876.

### NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment list was received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED NOVEMBER 14, 1876.

Regulating, grading, setting curb, gutter-stones, and flagging One Hundred and Fourth street, from Fifth avenue to Harlem river.

All payments made on the above assessment on or before January 16, 1877, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. for the collection of money, and until 4 P. M. for general information.

NICHOLAS F. BUTENSCHON,  
Collector of Assessments.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,  
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,  
ROTUNDA, NEW COURT-HOUSE,  
NEW YORK, November 4, 1876.

### NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment list was received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED OCTOBER 21, 1876.

Outlet sewer in One Hundred and Sixth street, between Harlem river and Fifth avenue, with branches in First, Second, Third, and Fourth avenues, and in One Hundred and Third street.

All payments made on the above assessment on or before January 5, 1877, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 4 P. M. for general information.

NICHOLAS F. BUTENSCHON,  
Collector of Assessments.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,  
BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS,  
ROTUNDA, NEW COURT-HOUSE,  
NEW YORK, November 10, 1876.

### NOTICE TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

PROPERTY-HOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following assessment list was received this day in this Bureau for collection:

CONFIRMED OCTOBER 21, 1876.

Regulating and grading Fifth avenue, from Eighty-sixth street to Mount Morris square.

All payments made on the above assessment on or before January 10, 1877, will be exempt (according to law) from interest. After that date interest will be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. from the date of confirmation.

The Collector's office is open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the collection of money, and until 4 P. M. for general information.

NICHOLAS F. BUTENSCHON,  
Collector of Assessments.

### GAS COMMISSION.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,  
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,  
ROOM NO. 19, CITY HALL,  
NEW YORK, December 15, 1876.

PROPOSALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SEC. 73, chap. 335 of the Laws of 1873, and Revised Ordinances of 1859, chapter 8, article 2, addressed to the undersigned, inclosed in a sealed envelope, and the name of the bidder indorsed thereon, will be received at the office of the Commissioner of Public Works until Thursday, December 28, 1876, at 12 o'clock, noon (at which hour they will be publicly opened and read), for furnishing the gas for and lighting and extinguishing, cleaning, repairing, and maintaining (and supplying gas, etc., for new lamps where required) the public lamps on the streets, avenues, and places in the City of New York, for the period of three months, from January 1, 1877, to March 31, 1877, both days inclusive.

Each proposition must contain a fixed and definite price for one or more of each of the following duties to be performed:

A price for furnishing the gas (of sixteen-candle power) for each lamp, including the lighting, extinguishing, cleaning, repairing, reglazing, and painting lamp-posts and lamps, replacing cocks, tubes, burners, cross-heads, lamp-irons, and lanterns thereto, for the period of three months

For each lamp-post straightened, the sum of

For each column released, the sum of

For each column ref