## Environmental Protection

Vincent Sapienza, P.E. Commissioner

Paul V. Rush, P.E. Deputy Commissioner Bureau of Water Supply prush@dep.nyc.gov

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November 13, 2018
Li Huang, P.E.
New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene
Environmental Sciences \& Engineering
42-09 $28^{\text {th }}$ Street, $14^{\text {th }}$ Floor CN\# 56
Long Island City, NY 11101
Patrick Palmer
New York State Department of Health
Bureau of Water Supply Protection, NYC Watershed Section
Empire State Plaza, Corning Tower, Room 1198
Albany, NY 12237
Katie Lynch
United States Environmental Protection Agency
Clean Water Division - New York City Water Supply Protection Program 290 Broadway, $24^{\text {th }}$ Floor
New York, New York 10007-1866

## RE: Monthly Water Quality Report for October 2018

Dear Ms. Huang, Mr. Palmer and Ms. Lynch:
Enclosed, please find the New York City Water Quality report for the month of October 2018. There was no well pumpage to distribution in the Groundwater System this month. Croton water fed into distribution from October 1 through October 14, 2018, and from October 17 through October 31, 2018. In addition to the following list of compliance reports, a disc of electronic files containing compliance and non-compliance data for this month is enclosed with this report.

- Raw Water Fecal Coliform Report
- Raw Water Turbidity Report
- Distribution Microbiological Compliance Reports
- Summary
- Positive Samples
- Resamples
- Chlorine Residual Reports
- Entry Point Online
- Entry Point Daily Minimum
- Heterotrophic Plate Count
- Monthly Summary
- Distribution Turbidity Reports
- Distribution Turbidity Report
- Source Water > 1.49 NTU Table
- Color Entry Point Report
- Fluoride Reports
- Fluoride Entry Point Report
- Distribution Fluoride Report
- Quarterly Disinfection By-products Report

The reports are summarized as follows:

## FAD REQUIREMENTS

## 1. Raw Water Fecal Coliform Concentrations (Section 141.71(a)(1)):

Requirements met. The Delaware Aqueduct effluent from Kensico Reservoir exhibited fecal coliform concentrations in water prior to disinfection at levels less than or equal to $20 \mathrm{CFU} / 100$ mL in at least $90 \%$ of the samples collected in the six-month period from May 1, 2018 to October 31, 2018. The six month running percentage of samples collected with fecal coliform concentrations $>20 \mathrm{CFU} / 100 \mathrm{~mL}$ was $2.17 \%$ for the Catskill/Delaware System for this time period.

## 2. Raw Water Turbidity (Section 141.71(a)(2)):

Requirements met. The raw water leaving Kensico Reservoir via the Delaware Aqueduct in compliance samples collected at DEL18DT, just prior to disinfection, exhibited turbidity levels less than or equal to 5 NTU on an ongoing basis during the month. Turbidity values did not exceed 1.2 NTU on the Catskill/Delaware System for the month.

## 3. Entry Point Chlorine Residual (Section 141.71(b)(1)(iii) and 141.72(a)(3)):

Requirements met. As required, continuous monitoring for free chlorine residual was maintained at the distribution entry points throughout the month and at no time did the concentration fall below $0.2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ for more than four hours. The minimum daily free chlorine residual value for entry point readings for the Catskill/Delaware System from sites 1 S 03 (Tunnel 1) was $0.54 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}, 1 \mathrm{~S} 03 \mathrm{~A}$ (Tunnel 2) was $0.76 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$, and 1 S 03 B (Tunnel 3) was $0.45 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ for the Catskill/Delaware System.

The Croton Filtration Plant was online and feeding the Croton Low Service entry point from October 1 to October 14 at 6:40 AM and from October 17 at 7:55 AM to October 31, 2018. The Croton High Service entry point was online from October 1 at 10:35 AM to October 14 at 4:57 AM. When High Service Pumps are off, distribution Tunnel 3 water intermittently back feeds through the High Service tunnel to the Low Service entry point to meet the distribution demands. The minimum daily free chlorine residual value for Croton entry point readings from sites 1SCL1 (Low Service) and 1SCH3 (High Service) were $0.55 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ and $0.08 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ (original value of $0.32 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ with correction factor of $-0.24 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ applied due to online instrument being out of tolerance when compared to grab sample), respectively. The minimum free chlorine residual of $0.08 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ at 1 SCH 3 occurred on October 1, 2018 from 10:38 PM to 10:44 PM, dropping below the required concentration of $0.2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ only from $10: 31 \mathrm{PM}$ to $10: 46 \mathrm{PM}$. Since the online instrument was found to be out of tolerance after Croton activated the High Service entry point, grab samples were collected and analyzed periodically by Croton Operators until the online instrument was adjusted on October 2, 2018. The difference between the grab sample and online
instrument readings was used as a correction factor to obtain a more realistic free chlorine concentration. The cause of high fluctuation in free chlorine residual on October 1 and 2 was attributed to valve positions and hydraulic imbalances on the sodium hypochlorite rapid mix feed lines. Valves were adjusted and the treated water sodium hypochlorite system was turned on in order to address this issue.
4. Distribution System Disinfection Residuals (Section 141.71(b)(1)(iv) and 141.72(a)(4)): Requirements met. All free chlorine residuals measured at compliance sites within the distribution system during the month were greater than or equal to $0.02 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ except for one samples that equaled $0.0 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$.

A total of 1381 distribution samples were tested for free chlorine residual this month. For all distribution sites free chlorine residual ranged from $0.00 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ to $1.29 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ and averaged 0.57 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ for the month.

## 5. Trihalomethane Monitoring / HAA5 Monitoring (Section 141.71(b)(6)):

Requirements met. The results for the third quarter of 2018 were included in the report dated September 10, 2018 (For the August 2018 reporting period).

## 6. Total Coliform Monitoring (Section 141.71(b)(5)):

Requirements met. The results of monthly coliform monitoring performed in the distribution system are enclosed. A total of 841 compliance samples were tested for total coliform during this period. HPC were all $\leq 500 \mathrm{CFU} / \mathrm{mL}$, equivalent to a measurable free chlorine residual. Zero percent of the samples had an undetectable free chlorine residual or HPC $>500 \mathrm{CFU} / \mathrm{mL}$. This meets the requirements that a free chlorine residual be maintained at representative points in the distribution system, and that no more than $5 \%$ of the free chlorine residual samples be undetectable in any two months. During the month, there were three (3) samples that tested positive for total coliform, and all samples were negative for $E$. coli during the month.

- A sample collected on 10/03/2018 from Site 11250 (sample station in front of 925 North Side of East Tremont Avenue, and first sampling station east of Daly Avenue, 20 inch main) was positive for total coliform. Repeat sampling on 10/05/2018 was coliform negative at all locations.
- A sample collected on $10 / 08 / 2018$ from Site 31550 (sample station south side West $18^{\text {th }}$ Street (opposite 329), and second sampling station east of $9^{\text {th }}$ Avenue, 12 inch main) was positive for total coliform. Repeat sampling on 10/10/2018 was coliform negative at all locations.
- A sample collected on 10/20/2018 from Site 43050 (sample station south side Park Lane South, and first sampling station west of $102^{\text {nd }}$ Street, 20 inch main) was positive for total coliform. Repeat sampling on 10/22/2018 was coliform negative at all locations.


## OTHER WATER QUALITY MONITORING

## 7. Microbiological Monitoring:

Coliform monitoring at distribution sites near first service connections, in response to source water having a turbidity $>1.49 \mathrm{NTU}$, was not required this month, but all samples were negative for total coliform.

The analyses of 540 distribution Operational samples resulted in three (3) samples testing positive for total coliform. No E. coli were detected.

The analyses of 251 Pre-Finished samples resulted in eight (8) samples testing positive for total coliform. One (1) sample tested positive for E. coli.

The analyses of 620 Autosampler Pre-finished samples resulted in fourteen (14) samples testing positive for total coliform. One (1) sample tested positive for E. coli.

## 8. Distribution Turbidity Monitoring:

For distribution sites turbidity ranged from <0.10 to 2.40 NTU and averaged 0.60 NTU for the month. This meets the MCL of 5 NTU for the monthly average of all distribution samples.

## 9. Color Monitoring:

The MCL of 15 units for color was met at each Catskill/Delaware and Croton entry point for the month. Daily analyses of entry point samples ( 133 samples in total), produced monthly average color values of six (6) units for site 1S03 (Tunnel 1), seven (7) units for sites 1S03A (Tunnel 2) and 1S03B (Tunnel 3), and four (4) units for sites 1SCL1 (Croton Low Service) and 1SCH3 (Croton High Service).

## 10. Volatile Organic/TTHM/HAA5 Monitoring:

Monthly Results: Twenty-one (21) distribution site samples were collected for volatile organic contaminant (VOC) analysis and six (6) entry point samples. All VOC samples from distribution sites and entry points were below detection. Twenty-one (21) TTHM distribution samples were collected ranging from $30 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ to $64 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$. Six ( 6 ) TTHM entry point samples were collected ranging from $28 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ to $59 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$. Twenty-one (21) HAA5 distribution samples were collected ranging from $35 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ to $53 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$. Four (4) HAA5 entry point samples were collected ranging from $36 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ to $44 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$.

## 11. Semivolatile and Other Organic Chemicals/parameters:

Monitoring for Method 551, determination of chlorination disinfection byproducts, chlorinated solvents, and halogenated pesticides/herbicides was conducted on October 1, 2018 at six (6) entry points including the Croton Low Service and High Service (1SCL1 and 1SCH3), and at one distribution sampling site ( 50250 ). All sites were below detection for 1,2 dibromoethane, 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane, and chloropicrin, while haloacetonitriles, halogenated ketones, and chloral hydrate were detected in the ranges normally seen.

Monitoring for Method 505 organohalide pesticides was conducted at two Catskill/Delaware entry points ( 1 S 03 A , and 1 S 03 B ), and at the Croton Low Service and High Service entry points (1SCL1 and 1SCH3). All results were below detection.

## 12. Fluoride Monitoring:

Daily analyses of entry point samples ( 178 samples in total), produced monthly average fluoride levels of $0.73 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ for sites 1 S 03 (Tunnel 1), 1S03A (Tunnel 2), 1S03B (Tunnel 3), and 1SCH3 (Croton High Service); and $0.75 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ for site 1 SCL 1 (Croton Low Service). The fluoride levels at the entry points did not exceed the MCL of $2.2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ at any time during the month.

## 13. Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule:

Sampling results for bi-monthly cyanotoxins monitoring at the four (4) entry points conducted on September 12 and 26,2018, corresponding to sampling event seven and eight under UCMR4, were below detection. This concludes DEP's cyanotoxin monitoring under UCMR4. Contract laboratory reports of available data are included as pdf files on the disc of electronic files enclosed with this report.

## 14. Other Monitoring:

Sampling for Taste and Odor (T\&O) compounds, Geosmin, 2-Methylisoborneol (MIB), 2,4,6Trichloroanisole (TCA), 2-isobutyl-3-methoxy pyrazine (IBMP), and 2-isopropyl-3-methoxy pyrazine (IPMP), was conducted in October on 65 Croton water samples from New Croton Reservoir, Jerome Park Reservoir, and the Low Service entry point. Results for Geosmin ranged from ND to $4.5 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{L}$, MIB ranged from ND to $6.8 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{L}$ and TCA, IBMP, and IPMP were all below detection. Contract laboratory reports of available data are included as pdf files on the disc of electronic files enclosed with this report.

Please feel free to contact me at (845) 340-7701 if you would like to discuss any of this information in greater detail.

Sincerely,


Steven C. Schindler
Director, Water Quality

## Enclosure

cc:
Mr. James Flaherty, Inspector General for NYCDEP
Mr. Kenneth Kosinski, NYSDEC
Mr. David Kvinge, Westchester County Water Agency (by email only)
Mr. Han Li, NYCDOHMH
Mr. Trevor McProud, NYCDOHMH
Mr. Andy Tie, NYSDOH (by email only)
Mr. Steven Kahn, NYSDEC - Region 2
bcc:

## Electronic file:

V. Sapienza, P.E., Commissioner
K. Alderisio
A. Bader
D. Borchert
K. Cipriano
K. Czarnogorshi/file
S. Freud
C. Glaser
L. Janus, Ph.D.
K. Kane
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L. Occhiluto
A. Reaves
S. Riviere
D. Robinson
P. Rush, P.E.
S. Schindler (hard copy)
D. Warne/S. McCormack
M. Warne
V. Xu ${ }^{+}$

## TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR CD FILES

Microbiological Reports: Summary of Coliform Compliance Samples Coliform Positive Compliance Samples

Coliform Resample for Positive Compliance Samples Summary of Coliform Operational Samples

## Coliform Positive Operational Samples

Coliform Resample for Positive Distribution Operational Samples
Distribution Coliform Monitoring when Source Water Turbidity exceeds 1.49 NTU All Microbiological Results

Free Chlorine Residual (FCR) Reports:
Entry Point FCR On-Line Monitoring Results

## Daily Minimum FCR at Entry Points

FCR and Heterotrophic Plate Count (HPC) Compliance Samples
FCR and HPC of Operational Samples
Summary of FCR of Distribution Samples (Monthly) FCR of all Distribution Sites

Turbidity Reports: Turbidity of all Distribution Sites

Color Reports:
Color for Entry Po
Color for Entry Point Samples
Fluoridation Reports:
Summary of Fluoride Levels of Distribution Samples
Fluoride Daily Entry Point Report for Surface Water Systems
Fluoride of all Distribution Sites
Volatile Organic Contaminant (VOC) and Disinfection By-products (DBP) Reports:
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) \& VOC Monthly Report
Summary of EPA Method 505 Quarterly Report
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) Monthly Report
Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule 4 (UCMR4) Report
Taste \& Odor Sampling Reports from EEA Lab
Summary of EPA Organic Method Reports
Inorganic (IOC), Speciffed Organic (SOC), Metals Monitoring:

# RAW WATER FECAL COLIFORM CONCENTRATIONS (FAD Requirement) 

Environmental Protection

NYCDEP Division of Watershed Water Quality Operations Catskill/Delaware System Raw Water Fecal Coliform Compliance Report

Hawthome Laboratory, ELAP Lab ID No. 10771
15 Skyline Drive, Hawthorne, NY 10532

Deputy Chief: David Robinson
914-345-4973

CatskilWolaware Public Water System at Shaft fP (DÉL18077) - Raw Water
Period: 08/1670:10/18


Ru Rubric

## RAW WATER TURBIDITY (FAD Requirement)



Environmental Protection

NYCDEP Division of Watershed Water Quality Operations
Water Systems Operation Report - Catskill/Delaware System
Hawthorne Laboratory, ELAP Lab ID No. 10771 15 Skyline Drive, Hawthome, NY 10532

Deputy Chief: David Robinson 914-345-4973
Catspill/Delaware Public Water System at Shaft 18 (DELIBDTH) - Raw Water Period: October, 2018

$\therefore$ Aqueduct Shutdown, CONF: Confluent Growth (+ indicates positive coliform growth), LE: Lab Error, FE: Field Error, E: estimated count based on non-ideal plate, >=: plate count may be biased low based on heavy growth, $>$ : observed count replaced with dilution based value

1. Does a raw water turbidity M \& R violation exist?
2. Does the turbidity reading exceed 5 NTU at any time? - Yes $\bar{X}$ No If yes, check for MCL violation, and natty state by the end of the next business day.
3. Minimum number of microbiological samples required per weak: 5
4. A daily microbiological sample is required every day the raw water turbidity exceeds 1 NU.

Additional Comments:


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NYCDEP Division of Watershed Water Quality Operations
Water Systems Operation Report - Qualifiers and Methods Addendum
Hawthorne Laboratory, ELAP Lab ID No. 10771 15 Skyline Drive, Hawthome, NY 10532

Deputy Chief: David Robinson 914-345-4973

Bata Qualifiers and Additional Notes

| Date/Time | Site | Analytes Affected | Qualifier |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $10 / 21 / 1809: 55$ | DEL180T | Total Coliform | QC blank contamination |

10/29/18 09:34 DEL18DT Fecal Coliform, Tolal Coliform No middie control run with analysis.

## Analytical Aethods

Coliform, Fecal

- SM 9222D (2006)

Coliform, Total - SM 9222B (2006) Turbidity

- SM 2130B(01)


## ENTRY POINT CHLORINE RESIDUAL

 (FAD Requirement)New York City Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Water Supply

[^0]MinCl_3DL: Shaft 3B's minimum chlorine level measured at the shaft and recorded at the location via data logger, in ppm.
New York City Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Water Supply
Daily Minimum Chlorine Readings Recorded at Croton Distribution Entry Points

| Low Service |  |  | High Service |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | MinCl 1 SCL 1 | Remark 1 | Date | MinCl_1SCH3 | Remark 2 |
| 10/01/18 | 0.55 |  | 10/01/18 | 0.08 | Croton waler began feeding entry point al 11:35 EDT on 10/1/2018. The minimum on-line reading of 0.32 ppm al $23: 40$ EDT occurred while the meter was out-of-tolerance. Based on grab samples a correction factor of 0.24 was applied to report a minimum yalue o! 0.08 ppm . |
| 10/02/18 | 0.77 |  | 10/02/18 | 0.21 |  |
| 10/03/18 | 0.80 |  | 10/03/18 | 0.55 |  |
| 10/04/18 | 0.79 |  | 10/04/18 | 0.58 |  |
| 10/05/18 | 0.84 |  | 10/05/18 | 0.56 |  |
| 10/06/18 | 0.94 |  | 10/06/18 | 0.66 |  |
| 10/07/18 | 0.89 |  | 10/07/18 | 0.69 |  |
| 10/08/18 | 0.93 |  | 10/08/18 | 0.67 |  |
| 10/09/18 | 0.86 |  | 10/09/18 | 0.70 |  |
| 10/10/18 | 0.82 |  | 10/10/18 | 0.46 |  |
| 10/11/18 | 0.65 |  | 10/11/18 | 0.47 |  |
| 10/12/18 | 0.98 |  | 10/12/18 | 0.67 |  |
| 10/13/18 | 0.99 |  | 10/13/18 | 0.37 |  |
| 10/14/18 | 0.71 | Croton water slopped entering low serice entry point at 7:40 EOT on 1011422018 | 10/14/18 | 0.43 | Croton water slopped entering eniry point at 5:57 EDT on 10/14/2018. |
| 10/15/18 |  | No Croton water to LS | 10/15/18 |  |  |
| 10/16/18 |  | No Croton water to Ls | 10/16/18 |  |  |
| 10/17/18 | 1.00 | Croton water reached low service entry point at 8:55 EDT on 10/17/2018 | 10/17/18 |  |  |
| 10/18/18 | 0.76 |  | 10/18/18 |  |  |
| 10/19/18 | 0.88 |  | 10/19/18 |  |  |
| 10/20/18 | 0.90 |  | 10/20/18 |  | . |
| 10/21/18 | 0.82 |  | 10/21/18 |  |  |
| 10/22/18 | 0.89 |  | 10/22/18 |  |  |
| 10/23/18 | 0.88 |  | 10/23/18 |  | No Croton water to HS |
| 10/24/18 | 0.90 |  | 10/24/18 |  |  |
| 10/25/18 | 0.74 |  | 10/25/18 |  |  |
| 10/26/18 | 1.04 |  | 10/26/18 |  |  |
| 10/27/18 | 1.04 |  | 10/27/18 |  |  |
| 10/28/18 | 1.01 |  | 10/28/18 |  |  |
| 10/29/18 | 0.69 |  | 10/29/18 |  |  |
| 10/30/18 | 0.94 |  | 10/30/18 |  |  |
| 10/31/18 | 0.93 |  | 10/31/18 |  |  |

[^1]New York City Department of Environmental Protection
City Tunnel Entry Point Residual Chlorine Continuous Monitoring Results

Note: Continuous monitoring of free chlorine residual (FCR) at distribution entry points was maintained. FCR was maintained above 0.2 ppm at all times. Since $3 / 11 / 18$, all online readings, grab and online dial-up readings were recorded in Eastern Daylight Saving Time.
 Sine

New York City Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Water Supply
Croton Distribution Entry Point Residual Chlorine Continuous Monitoring Results


## DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM DISINFECTION RESIDUAL (FAD Requirement)

REPORT
BUREAU OF WATER SUPPLY, DISTRIBUTION LAB (NYSDOH ELAP \#10770; USEPA \#NY01351)
Residual Chlorine ( $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ ) Distribution Samples
October 2018

| All Distribution Sites |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Samples | Min | Max | Average |
| 1381 | 0.00 | 1.29 | 0.57 |


Hach DPD Method (analyte is not ELAP cerlified)

A FCR is to be maintained at representative points in the distribution system and no more than $5 \%$ of the samples can be undelectable in any two months.

## TOTAL COLIFORM MONITORING (FAD Requirement)

REPORT
NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
BUREAU OF WATER SUPPLY, DISTRIBUTION LAB (NYSDOH ELAP \#10770; USEPA \#NY01351)
Results for Microbiological Quality
Free Chlorine Residual and Heterotrophic Plate Count
Compliance Samples
10/1/2018 to 10/31/2018

| Location | Number of Sampling Points | Number of Samples Collected | Number of Samples Tested (Free Chlorine Residual) | Number of Samples Tested (Heterotrophic Plate Count) | Number of Samples with Free Chlorine Residual * |  | Range of Heterotrophic Plate Count (CFU/mL) for Free Chlorine Residual of $0.00 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}^{* *}$ | Number of Samples with Free Chlorine Residual of 0.00 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ and HPC > 500 | Percent of Samples with Free Chlorine Residual of 0.00 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ and HPC > 500 ** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $<0.20 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ | $0.00 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ |  |  |  |
| Bronx | 46 | 141 | 141 | 101 | 3 | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Brooklyn | 70 | 201 | 201 | 144 | 5 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Manhattan | 56 | 173 | 173 | 133 | 23 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Queens $\dagger$ | 79 | 242 | 242 | 181 | 34 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Staten Island | 28 | 84 | 84 | 63 | 13 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Ground Water Supply $\dagger$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 279 | 841 | 841 | 622 | 78 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0.0\% |

[^2]REPORT

## 

| Location | Number of <br> Sampling Points | Number of <br> Samples <br> Collected | Number of <br> Samples Tested | Number of <br> Samples with <br> Positive Coliform | Number of <br> Samples with <br> Positive E. coli ${ }^{*}$ | Percent of <br> Samples with <br> Positive Coliform ${ }^{* *}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bronx | 46 | 141 | 141 | 1 | 0 | $0.7 \%$ |
| Brooklyn | 70 | 201 | 201 | 0 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Manhattan | 56 | 173 | 173 | 1 | 0 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Queens ${ }^{* * *}$ | 79 | 242 | 242 | 1 | 0 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Staten Island | 28 | 84 | 84 | 0 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Ground Water Supply ${ }^{* * *}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 279 | 841 | 841 | 3 | 0 | $0.4 \%$ |

[^3]
REPORT
NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
BUREAU OF WATER SUPPLY, DISTRIBUTION LAB (NYSDOH ELAP \#10770; USEPA \#NY01351)

## Results for Microbiological Quality

 Positive Compliance Samples10/1/2018 to 10/31/2018

* As determined by Colilert Quanti-Tray-18 Method (SM 9223 B). Results expressed in "MPN/100 mL."

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NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION


| Date | Time | Site Number | Boro | Location | Coliform* | E. coli * | Chlorine Residual $(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}) *$ | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10/5/2018 | 08:45 | 11250 | Bronx | SS - N/S E Tremont Ave, biw Honeywell \& Daly Aves | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0.64 | Upstream |
| 10/5/2018 | 09:06 | 11250 | Bronx | SS - IFO 925 N/S E Tremont Ave, 1st SS E/O Daly Ave, 20 inch | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0.85 | Original Location |
| 10/5/2018 | 09:27 | 11250 | Bronx | SS - N/S E Tremont Ave, 1st SS WIO Vyse Ave | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0.83 | Downstream |
| to/10/2018 | 08:31 | 31550 | Manhattan | SS - S/S W 18th St. 1st SS EIO 9th Ave | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0.06 | Upstream |
| 10/10/2018 | 08:48 | 31550 | Manhattan | SS - S/S W 18th St, 2nd SS E/O 9ih Ave (opposite 329), 12" | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0.09 | Original Location |
| 10/10/2018 | 09:05 | 31550 | Manhattan | SS - S/S W 1bih St, 1st SS W/O Bth Ave | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0.28 | Downstream |
| 10/22/2018 | 08:39 | 43050 | Queens | SS - S/S Park Lane South, 1st SS E/O 101st St | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0.02 | Upstream |
| 10/22/2018 | 09:02 | 43050 | Queens | SS - S/S Park Lane South, 1st SS W/O 102nd St, 20* | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0.05 | Original Location |
| 10/22/2018 | 09:20 | 43050 | Queens | SS - S/S Park Lane South, 1st SS E/O 102nd St | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0.04 | Downstream |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- As determined by Colilert Quanti-Tray-18 Method (SM 9223 B). Resulls expressed in "MPN/100 mL.."
-. As determined by Hach DPD Melthod (analyte is not ELAP certified).

Results for Microbiological Quality Resamples for Positive Compliance Samples
10/1/2018 to 10/31/2018


## MICROBIOLOGICAL MONITORING

## REPORT

## NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

 BUREAU OF WATER SLIPPLY, DISTRIBUTION LAB (NYSDOH ELAP \#10770; USEPA \#NY01351)Coliform Monitoring Results at Sample Sites near the First Service Connection When Source Water Turbidity Exceeds 1.49 NTU

October 2018

| Source water |  | Distribution site near first service connection |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durb>1.49 NTU | System | Sample Date | Sample Site | Coliform * | E.coli * |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

No official four-hour turbidity readings from Cat-Del source water were greater than 1.5 NTU this month.

* As determined by Colilert Quanti-Tray-18 Method (SM 9223B). Results expressed in "MPN $/ 100 \mathrm{~mL}$."


## DISTRIBUTION TURBIDITY MONITORING

REPORT
NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
BUREAU OF WATER SUPPLY, DISTRIBUTION LAB (NYSDOH ELAP \#10770; USEPA \#NY01351) Turbidity (NTU) Distribution Samples
October 2018


## COLOR MONITORING

REPORT
NYC DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
BUREAU OF WATER SUPPLY DISTRIBUTION LABORATORY (NYSDOH ELAP \#107
Distribution Entry Points
October 2018

| DAY | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Catskill/Delaware 1 S03 (Tunnel 1 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 7 |
| Catskill/Delaware 1S03A (Tunnel 2) | 6 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Catskill/Delaware 1S03日 (Tunnel 3) | 6 | 9 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 7 |
| Croton System 1 SCL $1^{(a)}$ | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Croton System $15 \mathrm{CH} 3^{(b)}$ $\qquad$ | - | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^4]

## FLUORIDE MONITORING

REPORT
NYC DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
BUREAU OF WATER SUPPLY DISTRIBUTION LABORATORY (NYSDOH ELAP \#10770; USEPA \#NY01351)

## Fluoride (mg/L) for Distribution Entry Points

October 2018

| DAY | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { Catskill/Delaware } \\ & \text { 1S03 (Tunnel 1) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 0.71 | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.70 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.72 |
| Catskill/Delaware 1503A (Tunnel 2) | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.71 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.74 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 0.72 | 0.71 |
| Catskill/Delaware 1S03B (Tunnel 3) | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.71 | 0.72 | 0.71 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.76 | 0.74 | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.72 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Croton System } \\ & 1 S C L 1^{(a)} \end{aligned}$ | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.71 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.70 | - | - | - | 0.77 | 0.76 | 0.73 | 0.77 | 0.79 | 0.77 | 0.81 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.77 | 0.79 | 0.77 | 0.77 | 0.77 | 0.74 |
| $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Croton System } \\ 1 \mathrm{SCH}^{(b)} \end{array} \\ \hline \hline \end{gathered}$ | - | 0.72 | 0.69 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.77 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Analytical Method SM 4500 FC (97)
The average of two conseculive samples from the same distribution enlry point site is not to exceed the MCL of 2.2 ppm . ${ }^{(a)}$ Croton Syslem online as of 9/28/18 at 1SCL1. No Crolon water to low service from 7:40 EDT 10/14/18 to 8:55 EDT 10/17/18 ${ }^{(b)}$ Croton water began feeding to high service from 11:35 EDT 10/1/18 to 5:57 EDT 10/14/t8.



[^0]:    MinCI_1DL: Shaft 3's minimum chlorine level measured at the shaft and recorded at the location via data logger, in ppm.

[^1]:    MinCl_1SCH3: 1SCH3's minimum chlorine level measured and recorded at the location via data logger, in ppm.
    Note: Croton water fed to High Service time period was determined by specific conductance greater than $150 \mathrm{uS} / \mathrm{cm}$.

[^2]:    - Free chlorine residual is delemnined by Hach DPD Method (analyte is not ELAP certified).
    ** Heterotrophic plate count is determined by method $S M 9215 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{PCA}$ medium, $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 48 \mathrm{hrs}$. HPC result $\leq 500 \mathrm{CFU} / \mathrm{mL}$ is equivalent to a measurable $F C R$.
    *** No more than $5 \%$ of FCR samples shall be undetectable in any 2 consecutive months.
    t There was no groundwater sample this month because no well was in operation to distribution.

[^3]:    * As delermined by Colilert Quanti-Tray-18 Method (SM 9223 B).
    ** If more than $5.0 \%$ of all monthly TCR compliance samples are positive for total coliform, a Level I Assessment must be conducted. ... There was no groundwater sample this month because no well was in operation to distribution.

[^4]:    Analytical Method SM 2120 B. Apparent color.
    The average of two consecutive samples from the same site is nol to exceed the MCL of 15 color unils.
    ${ }^{(a)}$ Crolon System online as of 9/26/18 at 1SCL1. No Croton waler to low service from 7:40 EDT 10/14/18 to 8:55 EDT 10/17/18.
    ${ }^{(b)}$ Croton water began feeding to high service from 11:35 EDT 10/1/18 to 5:57 EDT 10/14/18.

