Proposed Consolidated Plan

2012 Volume 1

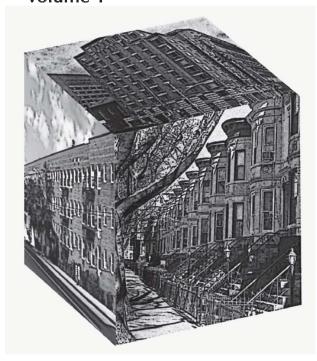




Effective as of November 15, 2011

Proposed Consolidated Plan

2012 Volume 1



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Proposed 2012 CONSOLIDATED PLAN

November 15, 2011

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Credits

Executive Summary Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan

Introduction

The *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* is the City of New York's annual application to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the four Office of Community Planning and Development entitlement programs: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnership (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), and Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA).

The 2012 Plan represents the third year of a five-year strategy for New York City's Consolidated Plan years 2010 through 2014. The five-year strategy was articulated in Volume 2 of the 2010 Consolidated Plan.

New York City's Consolidated Plan Program Year 2012 begins January 1, 2012 and ends December 31, 2012. According to federal Consolidated Plan regulations, localities are required to submit their Proposed Plan no later than 45 days prior to the start of the Program Year (November 15, 2011). The City of New York submitted its Proposed Plan to HUD as required on November 15, 2011.

For the 2012 Program Year, the City expects to receive approximately \$409,852,700 from the four HUD formula grant programs; \$235,438,000 for CDBG, \$110,537,900 for HOME, \$55,968,300 for HOPWA, and \$7,908,500 for ESG.

These funds are primarily targeted to address the following eligible activities: housing rehabilitation and community development to maximize the preservation of the City's housing stock; the City's continuum of care for homeless single adults and homeless families; and housing opportunities and housing support services for persons with HIV/AIDS.

The New York City Consolidated Plan serves not only as the City's application for federal funds for four HUD Office of Community Planning and Development formula programs (CDBG, HOME, ESG and HOPWA), but also as the HOPWA grant application for three (3) surrounding counties within the New York Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area (EMSA): Putnam; Rockland and Westchester. The County of Westchester administers the HOPWA funds for the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, and Yonkers which are incorporated within its boundaries.

The New York City Department of City Planning is the lead agency in the City's Consolidated Plan application process and is responsible for the formulation, preparation and development of each year's proposed Consolidated Plan. City Planning coordinates Plan-related activities between the Consolidated Plan Committee member agencies and the federal government.

The four federal entitlement programs, CDBG, HOME, HOPWA and ESG, are administered by the following City agencies respectively, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), the Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD), the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene – Bureau of HIV/AIDS Prevention and Control (DOHMH-BHAPC), and the Department of Homeless Services (DHS).

In addition, the New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA), using primarily Public Housing Capital funds, administers public housing new construction, rehabilitation and modernization activities, and home ownership opportunity programs, along with a Section 8 rental certificate and voucher program for its tenant population.

Furthermore, the City of New York's Continuum of Care for the Homeless and Other Special Needs Populations is administered by various City Agencies, each according to their respective area of expertise. The supportive housing programs and services are funded primarily with City (capital and/or expense) and/or State funds.

The Department of Homeless Services (DHS) coordinates social and physical services for homeless families and individuals. Programs for runaway and homeless youth and children aging out of foster care are administered by the Department of Youth and Community Development (DYCD), and Administration for Childrens' Services (ACS), respectively.

The Human Resources Administration (HRA) provides a range of public benefits and social services which assist in homeless prevention and/or diversion. These are often delivered in conjunction with government sponsored housing efforts. Through HRA's HIV/AIDS Administration (HASA), HRA provides emergency and supported housing assistance and services for families, single adults and children with HIV-related illness or AIDS. The City's Department of Health and Mental Hygiene - Division of Mental Hygiene, along with the State's Offices of Mental Health (OMH), the Office for People With Developmental Disabilities (OPWDD) (formerly the Office of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities (OMRDD)), and Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services (OASAS); plans, contracts for and monitors services for these disability areas and provides planning support to OASAS in the field of substance abuse services. Several other City Agencies address the concerns of targeted groups of citizens by providing housing information and supportive housing services assistance, such as the Department of the Aging (DFTA) (the elderly and frail elderly), the Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities (MOPD) (persons with a disability), and the Mayor's Office to Combat Domestic Violence (MOCDV) (victims of domestic violence).

Summary of Annual Objectives

For the 2012 Consolidated Plan program year the City of New York is required to use HUD's Performance Outcome Measurement System. The Performance Outcome Measurement System was developed to enable the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to collect and aggregate standardized performance data on entitlement-funded activities from all entitlement grantees nationwide for use in reporting to Congress on the effectiveness of its formula entitlement programs in meeting the Department's strategic objectives.

The outcome performance measurement system includes objectives, outcome measures and performance indicators that describe the intended outputs of the various entitlement funded activities. There are three (3) objectives: creating Suitable Living Environment; providing Decent Affordable Housing; and Creating Economic Opportunities which, combined with the three (3) performance outcome categories, Accessibility/Availability; Affordability; and Sustainability, create nine (9) performance measurement statements. The nine performance outcome measurement statements are:

- Accessibility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing
- Affordability for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing
- Sustainability for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing
- Accessibility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments
- Affordability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments
- Sustainability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments
- Accessibility for the purpose of creating Economic Opportunities
- Affordability for the purpose of creating Economic Opportunities
- Sustainability for the purpose of creating Economic Opportunities

In addition to determining the performance outcome measurement, the System requires entitlement grantees to collect and enter into the HUD Integrated Disbursement and Information System (IDIS) accomplishment data according to eighteen (18) federally-defined Performance Indicator categories. Performance Indicator categories encompass housing construction and rehabilitation, public services and facilities, business/economic development, and homelessness prevention-related activities.

It is important to note that while the eighteen Performance Indicator Categories are designed to capture a majority of the eligible entitlement-funded activities a grantee may undertake, they do not capture every eligible activity. Therefore, due to the limitations of the Performance Indicators there are entitlement-funded activities which the City of New York intends to undertake in the 2012Consolidated Plan Program Year which will not be captured by the Performance Outcome Measurement System. Consequently, the number of households and persons positively impacted by the City's overall efforts are expected to be much higher than can be identified under the Performance Indicator criteria. As a result of the Performance Outcome Measurement System's inability to categorize all eligible entitlement-funded activities, the amount of entitlement funds the City of New York expects to expend according to the nine performance outcome objective statements will be less than the total amount of entitlement funds the City of New York expects to receive for the 2012 Consolidated Plan program year.

For eligible program activities for which there is no appropriate HUD Performance Indicator in the Performance Outcome Measurement System, the City will reflect the proposed accomplishments by identifying the specific activity undertaken by the program. For example, because there is no suitable HUD indicator to reflect the CDBG-funded Land Restoration Program's activities, the Accomplishment Chart in the One-Year Action Plan's Description of Program Variables Table (Section I.C.a) will state: *No Appropriate HUD Indicator (Number of Vacant Lots Cleaned:3,900)*. For these programs, program progress in addressing the City of New York's priorities and objectives as described in its five-year Consolidated Plan Strategic Plan will continue to be measured and reported in the Consolidated Plan Annual Performance Report (APR) by comparing its Proposed Accomplishment as described in the Consolidated Plan Action Plan Accomplishment Chart against its Actual Accomplishment.

Lastly, it is important to recognize that some households may benefit multiple times from various public service activities. Unlike activities such as rental assistance or housing production, where it is reasonable to expect that beneficiaries will not be double-counted, many households may receive multiple forms of assistance through a combination of either entitlement-funded public service, public facility or targeted area revitalization activities. As a result, if the reader attempts to aggregate the number of low-/moderate-income households and persons benefiting from entitlement-funded programs categorized as public service, public facility or targeted area revitalization activities, the aggregated number of households and persons benefiting from these activities may actually be greater than the actual number of low-/moderate-income households and persons residing in New York City. Therefore, the reader is advised to interpret aggregated data with caution.

Summary of Annual Use of Grant Funds

Housing costs in New York City are some of the highest in the country and its housing stock is some of the oldest. The City is committed to easing the financial hardships low- and moderate-income families face in finding affordable decent housing by creating new and preserving existing housing units. As a response to the segment of New York City's housing stock that is older and in substandard condition, the City has devised programs which strive to remediate the City's deteriorating housing stock. To that end, the City of New York allocates a portion of its HUD entitlement grants to increasing accessibility, affordability, and to sustaining decent affordable housing in city neighborhoods. The City proposes to allocate a total of \$72,104,242 during the 2012 calendar year to activities whose mission is to provide accessibility to decent affordable housing units. In

2011, the City will also spend approximately \$113,254,250 to provide affordability of decent, affordable dwelling units and \$143,985,235 to fund activities that work to sustain the City's housing stock.

Although safe affordable housing is a crucial component to improving the lives of New Yorkers, the City allocates a large share of HUD entitlement funds to community redevelopment programs as part of a holistic approach to enhancing the living environment found within the City. The programs are broad in scope but serve to generate vital, healthy, safe city neighborhoods. During the 2012 calendar year, \$32,751,520 in total will be allocated to activities that provide access to a suitable living environment. A total of \$3,292,000 will be used to promote affordable suitable living environments and \$10,160,000 will be used for activities targeting sustainable living environments.

HUD entitlement grant dollars will also be apportioned to activities designed to foster economic recovery and enrich job prospects for city residents through business enhancement grants, education and worker training programs, and targeted commercial revitalization. In 2012, the City will spend \$5,611,000 on activities that provide access to economic opportunity for low- and moderate-income New Yorkers.

The City of New York expects to receive approximately \$235,438,000 for CDBG programs, \$110,537,900 for HOME programs, \$7,908,500 for ESG programs, and \$55,968,300 for HOPWA programs. Housing and Urban Development entitlement grants provided to the City of New York are expected to achieve the following objectives and outcomes:

Community Development Block Grant

- Four programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$1,039,000 for the purpose of providing accessibility to decent affordable housing.
- Seven programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$42,281,000 for the purpose of providing affordability for decent affordable housing.
- Four programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$52,184,000 for the purpose of providing sustainability of decent affordable housing.
- Eleven programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$24,843,000 for the purpose of creating/improving accessibility to suitable living environments.
- One program expects to receive a total of \$3,292,000 for the purpose of creating/improving affordability for suitable living environments.
- Six programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$10,160,000 for the purpose of creating/improving sustainability of suitable living environments.
- Three programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$5,611,000 for the purpose of creating/improving accessibility to economic opportunity.
- Four programs for which there is no appropriate HUD Performance Indicator and, therefore, no applicable HUD defined outcome/objective statement, expect to receive a cumulative total of \$56,757,000 to undertake CDBG-eligible activities.
- The remainder of CDBG funds, \$39,271,000 will be used for program administration and planning and, therefore, is not applicable to HUD defined outcome/objective statements.

HOME Investment Partnership

- Six programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$71,065,200 for the purpose of providing accessibility to decent affordable housing.
- Six programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$19,238,700 for the purpose of providing affordability of decent affordable housing.

- Two programs expect to receive approximately \$9,180,100 for the purpose of providing sustainable decent affordable housing.
- The remainder of HOME funds, approximately \$11,053,800, will be used for program administration and planning and, therefore, is not applicable to HUD defined outcome/objective statements.

Emergency Shelter Grant

• Two programs expect to receive a cumulative total of approximately \$7,908,500 for the purpose of creating accessibility to suitable living environments.

Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS

- Three programs expect to receive a cumulative total of approximately \$51,734,500 for the purpose of providing affordability of decent affordable housing.
- The remainder of HOPWA funds, approximately \$1,600,000, will be used for program administration and planning and, therefore, is not applicable to HUD defined outcome/objective statements.

Summary of Funding

In total, over \$1.637 billion in combined funds is expected to be received in 2012. The four formula grants previously discussed account for approximately \$409.853 million of this figure.

Other Federal Funds include New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA) public housing authority funds, and HUD Competitive Grant program monies.

	Summary Table of Funding Sources				
	Amount City Expects		Amo	Amount City Expects	
	to Receive in 2012		to be	to be Received by Other Entities in 2012	
			Othe		
Total Federal					
CDBG	\$	235,438,000	\$	0	
HOME	\$	110,537,898	\$	0	
ESG	\$	7,908,520	\$	0	
HOPWA	\$	55,968,315	\$	0	
NYCHA Funds	\$	0	\$	273,059,437	
HUD Competitive	\$	TDB	\$	TBD	
Total State	\$	14,500,000	\$	TBD	
Total City	\$	875,722,155	\$	0	
Total Private	\$	0	\$	60,442,840	
Total All Sources	\$	1,300,074,888	\$	333,502,277	

Citizen Participation

In the Consolidated Plan Formulation Process

In accordance with federal regulations 24 CFR 91.105(e)(1), regarding Consolidated Plan citizen participation requirements, the City of New York conducted a public hearing to solicit comments on the formulation of the *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan*, on April 7, 2011.

New Yorkers were invited to attend and participate in the formulation and development of the Consolidated Plan in several ways. Over 1,800 notification letters were sent to New York City residents, organizations and public officials inviting participation in the public hearing. In addition, notices of the previously mentioned activity were published in three local newspapers, one English-language, a Spanish-language, and a Chinese-language

daily, each with citywide circulation. Furthermore, a notice was placed as a public service message on the New York City-operated local cable television access channel. The respective notices included relevant Plan-related information so that informed comments are facilitated.

The summarized citizens' comments and agencies' responses are provided at the end of this Executive Summary.

In the Public Comment Review Period and Public Hearing

In order to notify the public of the release of the Proposed Consolidated Plan for public review and of the federally-required public hearing on the contents of the document, the City utilized the same notification methods as it did to announce the public hearing for the formulation of the Proposed Plan. Furthermore, the respective notices included relevant Plan-related information so that informed comments are facilitated. Lastly, copies of the Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan are mailed to both the Chairperson and District Manager of each of the City's 59 Community Boards.

To provide public access to the document, copies of the *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* could be obtained at the **City Planning Bookstore**, 22 Reade Street, New York, New York 10007, Phone: 212-720-3667, (**Monday 12:00 pm to 4:00 pm, Tuesday through Friday 10:00 am to 1:00 pm**) or any of the New York City Department of City Planning borough offices. (See end of summary for the locations of the Department of City Planning borough offices.)

In addition, copies of the Proposed Consolidated Plan were made available for reference in the City's Municipal Reference & Research Center (the City Hall Library), and the main public library in each of the five boroughs. (The locations of the respective libraries are provided at the end of the Summary).

Furthermore, the Department of City Planning posted the *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* on the Department's website in Adobe Acrobat format for review by the public. The Internet-based version may be accessed at:

http://www.nvc.gov/planning

The public comment period began October 11, 2011 and extended for 30 days ending November 9, 2011.

The public hearing on Proposed 2011 Consolidated Plan was conducted as scheduled on November 3, 2011, 2:30 p.m., in Spector Hall, at the Department of City Planning, 22 Reade Street, Manhattan. The announced question and answer session with City agency representatives in attendance followed.

The public was instructed to submit their written comments on the 2012 Proposed Consolidated Plan by close of business, November 9, 2010 to: Charles V. Sorrentino, New York City Consolidated Plan Coordinator, Department of City Planning, 22 Reade Street 4N, New York, New York 10007, FAX: (212) 720-3495, email: 2012ProposedConPlan@planning.nyc.gov.

A summary of public comments received from the public comment period, the public hearing and agencies' responses was incorporated into the version of the *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* submitted to HUD on November 15, 2011.

Summary of Citizens' Comments/Agencies' Responses

Comments from the Public Hearing on the Formulation of the Proposed Consolidated Plan

The hearing began with opening remarks and the floor was then opened to testimony to those in attendance. However, no member of the public gave testimony. The hearing was concluded after the Consolidated Plan Committee member agencies' representatives waited a sufficient period of time to permit persons who may have been en route to the hearing the opportunity arrive and provide their testimony.

The decrease in participation in the Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan Citizen Participation process in comparison to previous Consolidated Plan formulation public hearings may be attributed to several factors.

First, the formula entitlement funds are used in combination with other funding sources, such as city capital and tax levy funds, and are therefore guided by the City Council's budget formulation process. The city's Charter-mandated budget process provides numerous opportunities for citizens to provide input. The public and not-for-profit organizations use the budget formulation process to advocate for and make recommendations regarding the City's use of HUD entitlement funds as part of a range of potential city, state and federal funding sources to address their needs and the Consolidated Plan is a reflection of the decisions made in that process. The budget formulation schedule is fully described in Volume 2 of the Proposed Consolidated Plan, Part II.A., Citizen Participation Plan.

Second, as a result of the current economic recession which has decreased the City's revenue, and in turn, negatively impacted its Expense and Capital budgets, the public and not-for-profit organizations have used the City's budget formulation process to petition the Council to increase the City's allocation of its federal entitlement monies to various programs in order to offset the reductions in the amount of City funds allocated/budgeted to the respective programs.

Lastly, the steady decrease in federal formula entitlement funds appropriated by Congress for municipalities over the past several years has left the New York City little or no opportunity to fund new initiatives or activities proposed or advocated by the public due to the fact that the entitlement grant monies received are used to maintain the activities of the City's existing programs at or near their previous levels

Comments from the Public Hearing on the Proposed Consolidated Plan

One person provided oral comments and one organization submitted comments.

The one speaker noted she has been trying to find ways to utilize the programs within her communities, Crown Heights and Bedford Stuyvesant. She asked to learn ways to receive training on how to obtain federal funds, although she notes funds may be limited to qualified trained professionals and ones that know how to handle the funds.

The New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development responded that HPD directly administers the City's HOME Investment Partnership grant, which is about \$110 million for Calendar 2012. HPD works in conjunction with qualified partners in the communities around the city to either rehabilitate existing housing or construct new housing. The HOME program is described in detail in the Consolidated Plan. The program is described in a way that will allow the reader to know whether the reader may be qualified him or herself.

If there is a question about one's qualification to receive the funds for development use, HPD staff is available to discuss this. Although many people have an interest, they may lack the professional experience. HPD is obligated, as part of its administrative responsibilities, to be sure that it does not grant funds to parties that lack

prior experience either in management or in construction or rehabilitation of housing, or both. In this way, someone, for example, who may not be part of a professional staff agency, but merely has an interest in providing housing for the community, may not qualify him or herself. Typically HPD asks the party to engage his local council member for help in knowing what community organizations exist in his community. If such person lacks the required experience, he may meet with those community organizations, talk to them about what they are doing, how they are doing it, and whether they themselves have training programs to give people information and seed money, etc. In that way one can start the process of becoming qualified as well.

The City Commission on Human Rights informed the speaker that The Foundation Center offers training programs related to grant writing and information regarding possible funding sources. It was recommended that she visit the Foundation's website at: http://foundationcenter.org to better explore these options.

The Department of Health and Mental Hygiene provided an additional potential resource, The Supportive Housing Network of New York. The Network hosts an annual conference in the second week of June for existing and potential supportive housing developers. In addition, they offer workshops on how to finance and develop new housing.

For more information regarding this type of technical assistance, the speaker could visit its website at: http://shnny.org.

An advocacy organization for the disabled community submitted comments concerning the City's Supportive Housing Continuum of Care for non-homeless, special needs populations. The writer raised concerns regarding housing opportunities for people with disabilities (physical, cognitive and/or mental). The organization was of the opinion that of these subpopulations, only those with physical disabilities were awarded the opportunity to live in an independent (non-supportive), private residence.

The organization characterized the Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan in connection with people with physical disabilities as providing housing in integrated and independent private dwellings in two ways: when the person with the physical disability already lives in such housing and needs renovations to stay there; or, when the person with a physical disability has a limited income and is eligible for a rent increase exemption under the DRIE (Disability Rent Increase Exemption) Program. Otherwise, the writer contended, the only services available for people with physical disabilities are supportive housing or information and referral services.

The writer further indicated that that Continuum included a description of the various supportive housing programs for homeless persons with mental disabilities. However, rhe organization contended additional information as to what specific type of supportive housing settings the respective programs provide needs to be included in the Continuum.

In closing, the organization contended that there is one theme throughout this plan: very restrictive housing opportunities for people with disabilities. According to the writer the 2012 Plan could be found to be in violation of the Olmstead Decision, which requires people with disabilities to be fully, integrated into the community in the least restrictive environment possible. The New York City Consolidated Plan for 2012 must include the needs of low-income people with all types of disabilities, not just those who meet supportive housing criteria. The Plan should: provide rent subsidies for people with disabilities who can live independently (such as a Section 8 voucher set-aside); not limit the housing options for people with cognitive disabilities to People with Developmental Disabilities' (PWDD) supportive or group housing settings. And the Plan should also provide housing opportunities to families that have children and/or spouses with disabilities, not only to the families that have a head of household with disabilities.

Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities (MOPD) is committed to finding housing solutions for people with disabilities. MOPD is constantly working with city agencies to increase housing opportunities, including exploring ways to increase the income limit in the Disability Rent Increase Exemption program and locating other subsidy opportunities, providing outreach regarding the Disability Homeowner's Exemption, and working with city housing agencies on program expansion, including: advocating for an expansion of the Section 8 program and expanding eligibility requirements for housing opportunities to include spouses and children.

Department of Health and Mental Hygiene responded by indicating that participation in services provided in supportive housing settings are voluntary. Supportive housing providers offer these services to those who request them.

Regarding the organization's comments concerning the need for additional clarification as what type of housing would be available for homeless persons with mental disabilities; and the expansion of housing options for persons with cognitive disabilities beyond those provided by OPWDD programs, the Department will take these comments into consideration in the formulation of future Consolidated Plans.

Department of Housing Preservation and Development builds new housing in a variety of low- and moderate-income neighborhoods in New York City. These developments meet ADA standards for mobility impairment access. As part of the marketing process for these housing opportunities, lotteries are held to allocate housing units, including units to qualified applicants with mobility impairments.

HPD is not the City's government housing agency serving the public waitlist for Section 8 in New York City. The New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA) holds the Public waitlist. HPD only serves its Development programs and certain other preference categories as listed in HPD's Administrative Plan. HPD does not have a preference category, or set-aside, for the people with disabilities, although HPD nevertheless serves many households with a person with a disability. However, the matter of Section 8 subsidies is one for NYCHA to administer

Under the Supreme Court's Olmstead decision, the 'integration mandate' of the Americans with Disabilities Act requires public agencies to provide services "in the most integrated setting appropriate to the needs of qualified individuals with disabilities." The Supreme Court upheld that mandate, ruling that the State of Georgia's department of human resources could not segregate two women with mental disabilities in a state psychiatric hospital long after the agency's own treatment professionals had recommended their transfer to community care.

HPD's serves as a preserver of existing housing and also a developer of new housing. The agency's goal is to keep people who are already housed from displacement due to deterioration of their homes, and to create new housing opportunities in new housing that is also wheelchair accessible. Since even with new housing opportunities there is inadequate supply, people with disabilities must also compete with other needy, qualified applicants. But efforts are made by the City (as indicated above) to allocate accessible housing to households of all sizes that include a person with mobility impairments.

Regarding the organization's comments concerning the need for additional clarification as what type of housing would be available for homeless persons with mental disabilities, the Department for Homeless Services will take these comments into consideration in the formulation of future Consolidated Plans.

New York City Housing Authority does not currently have a Section 8 set-aside for persons with disabilities (PWAD).

Comments Received During Public Comment Period on the Proposed Consolidated Plan

The writer, a member of a HIV/AIDS advocacy organization, submitted comments concerning the City's proposed HOPWA grant-funded activities.

The writer indicated the proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan includes a decrease of \$383,508 in the HOPWA funds allocated to DOHMH contracts (from \$17,020,914 to \$16,637,406). She was of the opinion this decrease will surely be detrimental to the DOHMH, as costs to operate each housing unit increase every year.

The writer raised another concern that HASA supportive housing contracts have not received an increase in the per-unit cost for the last few years, making it very difficult for the housing providers to meet their costs. The writer further stated HRA proposed over \$10 million in cuts to HASA during FFY12 budget negotiations, including supportive housing services, food and nutrition services, and housing placement assistance with brokers' fees. She noted that HASA received a \$1M increase in the HOPWA funding for FFY11 (from \$1M to \$2M) for case management and has continued that level of funding for FFY12.

The writer contented this proposal is not new, and this "HOPWA swap" was fought adamantly for good reason by her organizations in previous years, and a return to this funding will mean a decrease in funding that is available to provide housing.

The writer had concerns for HASA clients placed in independent housing. She noted they are not protected by a rental cap that is consistent with HUD regulations (30% of household income). She noted, however, individuals in supportive housing including HOPWA-funded units pay only 30% of their income towards rent. The organization believes that the city and state have a responsibility to prevent evictions by capping the tenant rental contributions in all of its low-income housing programs at 30% of income.

The writer was also concerned that HASA also administers their supportive housing units only for people living with AIDS or symptomatic HIV-illness, which leaves low-income or homeless individuals with HIV who are not yet sick to be ineligible for HASA assistance of any kind. HOPWA units directly administered by DOHMH do not have this restriction. This HASA regulation prevents HIV positive people from accessing housing that could keep them healthy.

In closing, the writer stated the city has not operated a meaningful HOPWA Advisory Board with community input into HOPWA funding allocation process. New York City needs to have a meaningful and transparent process for allocating HOPWA funding, and a way for tenants, providers and advocates to join the discussion.

The City of New York responded by indicating it employs an aggressive, multi-pronged approach to address the housing needs of low-income persons living with HIV/AIDS; including capital development, emergency housing services, transitional supportive housing programs, permanent supportive housing programs, tenant-based rental assistance, and housing-related supportive services. New York City government agencies that receive HOPWA dollars combine this revenue with other Federal, State, and local dollars to fund a continuum of care that includes multiple housing resources to address a broad range of housing needs.

The Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH) is the grantee of the HOPWA formula grant for the New York City (NYC) Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area (EMSA). DOHMH works collaboratively with other City agencies, including the HIV/AIDS Services Administration (HASA), a division of the Human Resources Administration (HRA), and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), to determine the allocation of HOPWA funding across housing programs in NYC. As oversight agency, OMB makes final decisions pertaining to HOPWA funding allocations.

In the 2012 Proposed Consolidated Plan, DOHMH is earmarked to receive \$16,637,406 for housing services targeting low-income persons living with HIV/AIDS. This amount is an increase of \$427,492 from the 2011 HOPWA grant year. The amount listed in your letter, \$17,020,914, is the annual cost of all HOPWA contracts funded by DOHMH. Currently, the variance between actual contract costs and the 2011 HOPWA allocation is sustained through routine under-spending that occurs throughout the grant year.

Both HASA and DOHMH have competitive rates for its supportive housing contracts. In 2009, HASA issued a three percent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) for all supportive housing contract staff. The additional funding also included a concomitant increase in fringe benefits and administrative overhead. In addition, several HOPWA-funded vendors receive additional funding from other sources that supplement and enhance their supportive housing programs.

Funding for HASA case management represents less than four percent of the total HOPWA award (NYC portion) in grant year 2011. The remaining 96% of HOPWA funding is utilized for direct housing services (i.e., supportive housing, housing placement assistance, and rental assistance). HASA case management includes coordination of housing services that assists low-income individuals living with HIV/AIDS obtain and maintain permanent housing.

DOHMH is responsible for ensuring that all programs funded via the HOPWA formula grant are in compliance with applicable federal regulations. All programs that receive HOPWA funding currently meet all requirements of the HOPWA regulations under 24 CFR Part 574 – Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS, including requirements for resident rent payment as defined in 24 CFR Part 574.310. HOPWA-funded supportive housing programs administered by DOHMH and HASA are monitored annually to ensure compliance with resident rent payment requirements.

The regulations governing the use of HOPWA funds allow jurisdictions maximum flexibility to use their funds in the way most appropriate to meet local needs. Services and benefits provided through HASA are guided by federal and state guidelines and were specifically designed to address the needs of people with HIV symptomatic illness or AIDS, as defined by NYS Department of Health – AIDS Institute and the Centers for Disease Control, who require intensive support. All HOPWA initiatives currently funded by the City are eligible activities under the HOPWA grant. HUD has previously reviewed and approved the City's use of HOPWA funds for all DOHMH and HASA services listed in the 2012 Proposed Consolidated Plan.

The City is fortunate to have multiple venues that serve to provide community input on housing issues impacting persons living with HIV/AIDS in New York City. This includes, but is not limited to, the HIV Planning Council, the HIV Prevention Planning Group, and Consolidated Plan public comment hearings. As grantee, DOHMH utilizes this meaningful input in its planning and coordination of HOPWA program design and funding allocations to ensure that it maintains a continuum of care for persons living with HIV/AIDS in NYC.

Additional Information

Copies of the *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* can be obtained at the following Department of City Planning offices:

Bronx Office	Queens Office		
1 Fordham Plaza, 5th floor	120-55 Queens Boulevard, Room 201		
Bronx, New York 10458	Queens, New York 11424		
Contact: Kim Canty (718) 220-8512	Contact: Brunilda Rivera (718) 286-3169		
Brooklyn Office	Staten Island Office		
16 Court Street, 7th floor	130 Stuyvesant Place, 6th floor		
Brooklyn, New York 11241	Staten Island, New York 10301		
Contact: Gleno Holder (718) 780-8297	Contact: Patti Thode-Nolan (718) 556-7240		

Copies of the *Proposed 2011 Consolidated Plan* are available for reference at the following public libraries:

NYC Municipal Reference & Research Center	Science, Industry and Business Library
(The City Hall Library)	188 Madison Avenue at 34 th Street
31 Chambers Street, Suite 110	New York, N.Y. 10016
New York, NY 10007	(212) 592-7000
(212) 788-8590	
Mid-Manhattan Library	Bronx Reference Center
455 Fifth Avenue (at 40 th Street)	2556 Bainbridge Avenue
New York, N.Y. 10016	Bronx, N.Y. 10458
(212) 340-0863	(718) 579-4257
(Brooklyn) Central Library	Queens Central Library
Grand Army Plaza	89-11 Merrick Boulevard
Brooklyn, N.Y. 11238	Jamaica, N.Y. 11432
(718) 230-2100	(718) 990-0778/0779/0781
St. George Library Center	
5 Central Avenue	
Staten Island, N.Y. 10301	
(718) 442-8560	

Any questions or comments concerning the City's Consolidated Plan may be directed to:
Charles V. Sorrentino
New York City Consolidated Plan Coordinator
Department of City Planning
22 Reade Street, 4N
New York, New York 10007
Phone (212) 720-3337

FAX (212) 720-3495

INTRODUCTION To the PROPOSED 2012 CONSOLIDATED PLAN

(Volumes 1, 2 and 3)

This is the City of New York's *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* which serves as the City of New York's official 2012 application for the four U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Office of Community Planning and Development entitlement programs: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG), and the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) for the program year beginning January 1, 2012 and ending December 31, 2012.

The Consolidated Plan was prepared in accordance with the most recent version of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Rule 24 CFR Part 91, et. al., <u>Consolidated Submission for Community Development Planning and Development Programs</u>, originally published in the Federal Register on February 9, 2006, with minor modifications in the years thereafter.

The City has reorganized the document, rather than following the strict order of the HUD Rule, to reduce repetition and to facilitate public understanding. However, all of the required elements are included.

The *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* consists of three volumes: Volume 1. Executive Summary; Part I., Action Plan: One Year Use of Funds; Volume 2. I.E., Supportive Housing Continuum of Care, Part II., Other Actions; and Volume 3. II.M., Summary of Citizens' Comments, and Appendices.

The Executive Summary summarizes the City's: intended performance measurements outcomes and objectives for the upcoming Consolidated Plan program year, the citizen participation process; the public's comments and views received during the public hearing on the formulation of the Proposed Consolidated Plan; and, the Agencies' responses.

The Action Plan must include three elements: 1) the description of objectives the City hopes to achieve during the upcoming program year; 2) the description of the use of federal, state, city, private and nonprofit funding for housing, homeless assistance and prevention, supportive housing services, and community development activities; and 3) the Supportive Housing Continuum of Care for Homeless and Other Special Needs Populations which describes the City's coordination of supportive housing services to the homeless and other special needs populations.

The Action Plan is divided between Volume One and Volume Two: the Statement of One-year Objectives and One-Year Use of Funds is in Volume One; and the Supportive Housing Continuum of Care is in Volume Two. The Action Plan has been designed to reflect HUD's reporting requirement called the Integrated Disbursement and Information System (known as "IDIS").

Volume 1: The Action Plan contains a description of the City's intended use of entitlement funds to address affordable housing, homelessness, supportive housing services and community development needs. A

Summary Table lists the amount expected to be received for each program by the following categories: i) the four HUD formula/entitlement programs; ii) New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA) funds, including the Public Housing Capital Fund Program, and other public housing competitive programs; iii) HUD Competitive Funds, including Section 202 Supportive Housing for the Elderly, and Section 811 Supportive Housing for Persons with Disabilities; iv) State Funds; v) City matching and non-matching Funds; and vi) Private funds.

Included are the Program Descriptions for each program which are described and catalogued according to the six types of funding sources. In addition, a chart has been provided corresponding to each program description on the administrating agency, funding source and amount, program activity, eligible household types, and eligible income type. For each formula/entitlement program, the number of proposed accomplishments, a HUD requirement, have been reported in the charts. In addition, the formula/entitlement program variable tables have been expanded to include the federally-required performance outcome measurement system variable table data: the proposed outcome objective code; the proposed outcome and objective statement; and, the proposed performance indicator, respectively.

As a result of the City's implementation of HUD's Outcome Performance Measurement System in the Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan, the proposed accomplishments listed in the Accomplishment Chart have been modified from the original set of federally-defined accomplishment categories to reflect the accomplishment data required to be collected and entered into the HUD Integrated Disbursement and Information System (IDIS) for use by the Department in its annual report to Congress. Unfortunately, some new indicators do not adequately represent the eligible activities undertaken by certain entitlement-funded City programs. The chart includes a clarification in parentheses where necessary.

The definitions for the variables listed in the charts above the program descriptions can be found in Appendix 4, titled, "Dictionary of Program Description Variables."

Volume 2: The Supportive Housing Continuum of Care for the Homeless describes the activities and the funding allocations which address the needs of homeless individuals and families, to prevent low-income individuals and families from becoming homeless, to help homeless persons make the transition to permanent housing and permanent living. The Supportive Housing Continuum of Care for Other Special Needs Populations addresses the special needs of nonhomeless persons, such as the Mentally III, the Chemically Dependent, and the Mentally Disabled and Developmentally Disabled, Persons with HIV/AIDS, Victims of Domestic Violence, the Elderly and Frail Elderly, and Persons with Physical Disabilities. The supportive housing programs are funded primarily with City (capital and/or expense) and/or State funds; these proposed allocations have been inserted into the Supportive Housing narrative.

Other Actions fulfills the Cranston-Gonzalez Housing Act's Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy statutory requirements that address: A. Citizen Participation, which includes the Budgetary and Community Boards Needs Assessment calendars, and a description of the citizen participation outreach activities conducted by the Consolidated Plan Committee member agencies in their respective areas of expertise; B. Relevant Public Policies that foster and maintain affordable housing, or remove barriers to affordable housing; C. NYCHA activities; D. the Elimination and Treatment of Lead-Based Paint Hazards; E. the City's Anti-poverty Strategy; F. Institutional Structure; G. Governmental Coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies; H. the HOME HUD requirements; I. HOPWA

Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area (EMSA) Grantee requirements; J. the Certificate of Consistency Chart; K. the HUD required Certifications; and L. Monitoring.

Volume 3 contains Other Actions, Section M. the Summary of Citizen Comments, which summarizes the spoken and written testimony from the respective public hearings on the formulation and subsequent release of the Proposed Plan and the Agencies' responses.

The Appendices include: Definitions, Acronyms and Abbreviations, Maps of Community District Eligible Census Tracts and Minority Populations, Dictionary of Program Description Variables, Alphabetical Index of Programs; and, Resources for Prospective Homebuyers.

A public comment period on the *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* began October 11, 2011 and extended for 30 days to November 9, 2011. The public was directed to submit comments by close of business November 9th to Charles V. Sorrentino, Consolidated Plan Coordinator, Department of City Planning, 22 Reade St., 4N, New York, NY 10007 (email: 2012ProposedConPlan@planning.nyc.gov). Comments received were summarized and responses by the appropriate City agencies were incorporated into this version submitted to HUD on November 15, 2011.

I. ACTION PLAN: ONE YEAR USE OF FUNDS

Introduction

The Action Plan: One Year Use of Funds contains a description of the City's use of entitlement funds to address affordable housing, homelessness, supportive housing services and community development needs. The Action Plan is divided into four sections: A) Statement of One-year Objectives; B) Use of and Funding Amounts Expected to be Received; and C) the Program Descriptions, a corresponding annotated description of every program listed in the Summary Table of Funding Sources.

Section A. Statement of One-year Objectives, summarizes the annual objectives the City expects to achieve during the upcoming program year. The proposed activities to be undertaken in the One-Year Action Plan are designed to address a majority of the City's strategic objectives articulated in the 2010 Consolidated Plan, Five-Year Strategic Plan for 2010-2014.

Section B. Use of and Funding Amounts Expected to be Received, is divided into two parts: 1., Funding Amounts Expected to be Received; and, 2., Use of Funds Expected to be Received. Part 1., Funding Amounts Expected to be Received summarizes the funding amounts expected from the various funding sources (federal, state, local and private); and includes the Summary Table of Funding Sources. The Summary Table list the sources by six categories: Formula/Entitlement Programs including, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investments Partnership, Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)(former the Emergency Shelter Grant), and Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA); ii. NYCHA Funds, including the Public Housing Capital Fund, and other public housing competitive programs; iii. HUD Competitive Programs, including the Section 202 Supportive Housing for the Elderly, Section 811 Supportive Housing for People with Disabilities Programs, among others; iv. State Funds, including funds that are provided to match federal and city funds, and non-matching funds; v. City Funds, including city funds to match federal funds, plus non-matching funds; and vi. Private Funds (Total **Funding Sources** is the aggregation of i-vi). Part 2., Use of Funds Expected to be Received provides a summary of the one-year affordable housing goals for the number of homeless, non-homeless, and special-needs households using the formula entitlement funds expected to made available in the upcoming Consolidated Plan Program year.

Included is Section C. Program Descriptions which is divided into two parts: 1., Description of Program Variables; and 2., Description of Programmatic Activities. Description of Program Variables consists of a chart for each program

with the HUD-required variables. This chart includes the funding source and funding amount, the administrating agency, program activity, eligible household types, and eligible income type. For each formula/entitlement program, the number of proposed accomplishments, a HUD requirement, has been reported. In addition, the formula/entitlement program variable tables have been expanded to include the federally-required performance outcome measurement system variable table data: the proposed outcome objective code; the proposed outcome and objective statement; and, the proposed performance indicator, respectively.

The definitions for the variables listed in the charts can be found in Appendix 4, titled, "Dictionary of Program Description Variables."

Description of Programmatic Activities provides a full explanatory narrative discussing the proposed activities for each of the respective programs as listed on the Summary Table of Funding Sources.

A. Statement of One-Year Objectives

For the *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* program year the City of New York is required to provide a summary of its annual objectives the jurisdiction expects to achieve during the upcoming program year. The City's objectives are described in *2010 Consolidated Plan*, Volume 2, Section II, Five-Year Strategic Plan for 2010-2014. The activities undertaken for the 2012 Consolidated Plan One-Year Action Plan are designed to address a majority of the strategic objectives.

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Consolidated Plan regulations require localities receiving formula entitlement funds to implement and use its Performance Outcome Measurement System to report on its proposed activities for the given Consolidated Plan program year. The Performance Outcome Measurement System was developed to enable HUD to collect and aggregate standardized performance data on entitlement-funded activities from all entitlement grantees nationwide for use in reporting to Congress on the effectiveness of its formula entitlement programs in meeting the Department's strategic objectives.

In addition to determining the performance outcome measurement, the regulations require entitlement grantees to collect and enter into the HUD Integrated Disbursement and Information System (IDIS) accomplishment data according to eighteen (18) federally-defined Performance Indicator categories. Performance Indicator categories encompass housing construction and rehabilitation, public services and facilities, business/economic development, and homelessness prevention-related activities. Therefore, the City's proposed entitlement-funded activities for the 2012 Consolidated Plan Program Year were formulated to comply with the new reporting requirements.

The outcome performance measurement system includes objectives, outcome measures and performance indicators that describe the intended outputs of the various entitlement funded activities. There are three (3) objectives: providing Decent Affordable Housing; creating Suitable Living Environment; and Creating Economic Opportunities which, combined with the three (3) performance outcome categories, Accessibility/Availability; Affordability; and Sustainability, create nine (9) performance measurement statements. The nine (9) performance outcome measurement statements are:

- Accessibility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing.
- Affordability for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing.
- Sustainability for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing.
- Accessibility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments.
- Affordability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments.
- Sustainability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments.
- Accessibility for the purpose of creating Economic Opportunities.
- Affordability for the purpose of creating Economic Opportunities.
- Sustainability for the purpose of creating Economic Opportunities.

It is important to note there are limitations with articulating New York City's strategic objectives by the Performance Outcome Measurement System Statements that were not present in the City's 2005-2009 Consolidated Plan Strategic Plan strategic objectives. First, in the 2005 HUD Consolidated Plan regulations regarding the formulation of strategic objectives permitted the undertaking of a variety of activities which

resulted in more than one strategic outcome. However, for the 2010-2014 Five-Year Strategic Plan, as a result of being required to categorize a strategic objective by a specific HUD Performance Outcome Measurement System Statement, the City of New York found it necessary to repeat several strategic objectives according to different Performance Outcome Objective Statements in order to properly assign a given program's activity its Performance Outcome Objective consistent with its intended (additional) outcome.

For the purposes of this section, the City of New York has attempted to collapse, and in certain cases, eliminate several its Five-Year Consolidated Plan Strategic Objectives which would appear to be redundant in order to be consistent with the three Performance Outcome Measurement System objectives.

Second, while the eighteen HUD-defined Performance Indicator Categories are designed to capture a majority of the eligible entitlement-funded activities a grantee may undertake, they do not capture every eligible activity. Therefore, due to the limitations of the Performance Indicators there are entitlement-funded activities which the City of New York intends to undertake in the 2012 Consolidated Plan Program Year which will not be captured by the Performance Outcome Measurement System. Consequently, the number of households and persons positively impacted by the City's overall efforts are expected to be much higher than can be identified under the Performance Indicator criteria. As a result of the Performance Outcome Measurement System's inability to categorize all eligible entitlement-funded activities, the amount of entitlement funds the City of New York expects to expend according to the nine performance outcome objective statements will be less than the total amount of entitlement funds the City of New York expects to receive for the 2012 Consolidated Plan program year. The total amount of funds from the respective entitlement grants and other funding sources (HUD Competitive, State funds, City funds and private funds) the City expects to receive are summarized in Section B., Use of and Funding Amounts Expected to be Received.

For the eligible activities not captured by the Performance Outcome Measurement System, program progress in addressing the City of New York's priorities and objectives as described in its five-year Consolidated Plan Strategic Plan will continue to be measured and reported in the Consolidated Plan Annual Performance Report (APR) by comparing its Proposed Accomplishment as described in the Consolidated Plan Action Plan Accomplishment Chart against its Actual Accomplishment.

Third, it is important to recognize that some households may benefit multiple times from various public service activities. Unlike activities such as rental assistance or housing production, where it is reasonable to expect that beneficiaries will not be double-counted, many households may receive multiple forms of assistance through a combination of either entitlement-funded public service, public facility or targeted area revitalization activities. As a result, the aggregated number of low-/moderate-income households and persons benefiting from these activities may actually be greater than the actual number of low-/moderate-income households and persons residing in New York City. Therefore, the reader is advised to interpret the aggregated data with caution.

Lastly, it should be noted the HUD Performance Outcome Measurement System objectives are not intended to replace the City of New York's strategic objectives which were formulated to address its own diverse, specific needs and requirements.

DECENT HOUSING (DH)

Community Development Block Grant and HOME Investment Partnership

- Continue to promote long-term, community-based residential options with supportive services for the elderly who need help with daily living activities, housekeeping, self-care, social services, and other assistance in order to continue to live independently in the community.
- Continue to fund the removal of architectural barriers in rental dwellings and owner occupied residences, thereby helping people with disabilities to remain in their homes and to maintain their independence.

- Continue to educate builders, landlords, architects, and people with disabilities about fair housing issues as they relate to people with disabilities.
- - Create new markets for affordable housing by strategically investing in new housing construction.
 - Improve neighborhood quality through the elimination of vacant blighted properties and the promotion of greater community involvement and investment through the provision of new homeownership opportunities and stimulation of concerned local businesses to perform housing management and rehabilitation functions. Expand the supply of affordable housing. Facilitate the production of new rental housing for low-income households, including special needs populations; and also the homeless population, through substantial rehabilitation of vacant City-owned properties and new construction. Create new homeownership opportunities for existing renter households through a variety of approaches, including rehabilitation, construction and acquisition. Assistance may also take the form of down payment assistance to first-time homebuyers; employer-assisted housing down payment assistance; and other financing measures to create affordable homeowner units.
- Preserve and improve the existing supply of both occupied and vacant privately-owned affordable housing. Administer a variety of loan and grant programs, through the Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD), to enable nonprofit groups and qualified for-profit owners to rehabilitate and improve the existing supply of occupied and vacant privately-owned residential properties (including the reduction of potential hazards such as lead paint poisoning) for very low-, low-and moderate-income New Yorkers. Pursue a special intervention strategy of education (including education on the City's new Lead Paint law), investment, and enforcement for targeted projects that have been identified as in jeopardy of being abandoned.
- Maintain the stock of HPD-managed, City-owned buildings until they are ready to be transferred to the Property Disposition and Finance (PDF).
- Use CDBG funds to maintain and then City Capital funds to rehabilitate and return the stock of City-owned buildings to a range of responsible private owners in order to improve living conditions in these buildings while maintaining affordability for very low-, low-, and moderate-income tenants. Continue, through HPD, to accelerate the sale of its *in rem* buildings to tenants, nonprofit organizations, and selected for-profit owners.
- Prevent displacement and reduce cost burdens for low- and moderate-income New Yorkers by finding ways to enable special needs populations, such as youth aging out of foster care and formerly homeless households, to afford to live in permanent housing.
 - Use subsidy, in some cases, to help tenants relieve overcrowding or escape substandard conditions and find alternative, more suitable housing. Use subsidy, in other cases, to protect low-income tenants from rent increases and allow them to remain in their existing apartment.
- Implement an aggressive and targeted anti-drug effort in multi-unit residential buildings.
- Rehabilitate and return the stock of City-owned (in rem) buildings to a range of responsible private
 owners in order to improve living conditions in these buildings while maintaining affordability for
 low- and moderate-income tenants. Continue, through HPD, to accelerate the sale of its in rem
 buildings to tenants, non-profit organizations and selected for-profit owners. This initiative focuses
 on clusters of buildings in selected neighborhoods and packages both vacant and occupied
 properties.

- Protect, preserve and improve the existing sound housing, including City-owned (in rem) residential structures, privately-owned buildings in deteriorating neighborhoods, and conventional public housing, so that this housing can remain or become stable tax revenue-generating residential stock.

Housing Opportunity for Persons with AIDS

- Ensure the availability of transitional and permanent supportive housing for Persons Living with HIV/AIDS (PLWH) in congregate and scattered-site settings, especially for special populations such as persons diagnosed with a mental illness or a substance abuse disorder that is primary barrier to independent living.
- Ensure the availability of short-term and long-term rental assistance to assist PLWH maintain stable, appropriate housing.
- Ensure the availability of housing information services that assist persons that are HIV-infected who are homeless, unstably housed or at-risk of becoming homeless in finding housing.
- Provide start-up rental assistance (permanent housing placement services) to qualified PLWH so that they may establish permanent housing.
- Ensure the availability of supportive services within supportive housing programs such as case management, counseling, and other related services that ensure that PLWH are connected to HIV primary care.
- Ensure the availability of entitlements coordination and client advocacy services that allow PLWH to access medical insurance, home care, and related public benefits that allow PLWH to access HIV primary care.

Summary of Decent Housing (CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA) CDBG

- Four programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$1,039,000 for the purpose of providing accessibility to decent affordable housing.
- Seven programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$42,281,000 for the purpose of providing affordability for decent affordable housing.
- Four programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$52,184,000 for the purpose of providing sustainability of decent affordable housing.

HOME

- Six programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$71,065,242 for the purpose of providing accessibility to decent affordable housing.
- Six programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$19,238,742 for the purpose of providing affordability of decent affordable housing.
- Two programs expect to receive approximately \$9,180,123 for the purpose of providing sustainable decent affordable housing.

HOPWA

• Three programs expect to receive a cumulative total of approximately \$51,734,500 for the purpose of providing affordability of decent affordable housing.

SUITABLE LIVING ENVIRONMENT (SL)

Community Development Block Grant

- Provide comprehensive community development services to community residents in low- and moderateincome areas through academic enhancement, recreational, cultural, and substance abuse prevention programs.
- Improve the quality of life for senior citizens through the rehabilitation of senior centers.
- Assist mentally ill homeless persons in and around the Staten Island Ferry Terminal and other areas throughout Staten Island to obtain shelter or housing and treat them for psychiatric or substance abuse problems.
- Assist crime victims through counseling, document replacement, court services, and emergency lock repair.
- Help to prevent discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, sex, marital status, age, disability, lawful occupation, sexual orientation, familial status, lawful source of income, alienage, and citizenship status by enforcing the laws which prohibit such discrimination. Accomplish this goal through the investigation and prosecution of individual and systemic complaints.
- Strengthen neighborhoods by fostering positive inter-group relations among residents of diverse racial, ethnic, and religious backgrounds.
- Support operations of adult and family shelters.
- Provide recreational services to low- and moderate-income people by funding staff to coordinate and manage programs at parks facilities.
- Create and maintain neighborhood gardens.
- Support housing and economic development efforts by providing day care services so low- and moderate-income mothers may secure employment.
- Help the elderly maintain and retain their homes through the provision of home repairs.
- Assist local arts organizations that primarily serve low- and moderate-income areas by providing targeted technical assistance to build capacity and better serve their respective communities.
- Promote the preservation of historic residential and non-residential buildings through grants for facade renovation.
- Oversee the revitalization of the Bronx River and educate the public to be environmentally-responsible in its use.
- Improve neighborhood quality through the elimination of vacant blighted properties.

Emergency Solutions Grant

• Provide outreach and engagement services, temporary emergency services, and placement services to reduce the number of people living on the streets.

- Provide employment, mental health, substance abuse, and counseling services in shelters to facilitate a return to independent or supported living in the community.
- Provide housing placement services to assist families and individuals to return to the community and minimize the length of stay in shelter.
- Assist homeless persons in shelters with resolving specific issues to facilitate a return to independent or supported living in the community.
- Support operations of adult and family shelters.
- Through a partnership with HPD, provide case management services to households at risk of homelessness to maintain housing stability.
- Provide recreational services with an integrated educational curriculum to youth in shelters.

Summary of Suitable Living Environment (CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA) CDBG

- Eleven programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$24,843,000 for the purpose of creating/improving accessibility to suitable living environments.
- One program expects to receive a total of \$3,292,000 for the purpose of creating/improving affordability for suitable living environments.
- Six programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$10,160,000 for the purpose of creating/improving sustainability of suitable living environments.

ESG

• Two programs expect to receive a cumulative total of approximately \$7,908,500 for the purpose of creating accessibility to suitable living environments.

CREATING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES (EO)

Community Development Block Grant

- Improve the employment and economic opportunities for low-skilled, low-income New Yorkers through the provision of literacy, educational, or vocational services.
- Facilitate business creation, development, and growth; provide technical assistance; maximize entrepreneurial development services to vendors and other micro-enterprises by providing courses on business basics; creating alternative markets; and developing vacant storefronts.
- Revitalize commercial streets via facade and security improvement of commercial businesses and through the use of market studies, marketing assistance, architectural design, and development strategies.

Summary of Economic Opportunity (CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA) CDBG

• Three programs expect to receive a cumulative total of \$5,611,000 for the purpose of creating/improving accessibility to economic opportunity.

ELIGIBLE PROGRAM ACTIVITIES FOR WHICH THERE IS NO APPROPRIATE HUD PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / APPLICABLE HUD DEFINED OUTCOME/OBJECTIVE STATEMENT

CDBG

• Four programs for which there is no appropriate HUD Performance Indicator and, therefore, no applicable HUD defined outcome/objective statement, expect to receive a cumulative total of \$56,757,000 to undertake CDBG-eligible activities. The remainder of CDBG funds will be used for program administration and planning and, therefore, is not applicable to HUD defined outcome/objective statements.

B. Use of and Funding Amounts Expected to be Received

1. Funding Amounts Expected to be Received

The *Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan* summarizes the City's strategy in utilizing federal, state, city and private funds expected to be received for the 2012 calendar year from HUD and allocated by the City of New York, and other entities for housing, homeless services, supportive housing and community development programs. The Summary Table of Funding Sources lists the amount expected to be received for each program. Consolidated Plan regulations require program descriptions, and other details for the entitlement programs. For most program descriptions, the HUD-required information from HUD's Table of Proposed Projects (a.k.a. Table 3), such as, administrating agency, funding source, funding amounts, program activity, eligible income types, eligible household types and proposed program accomplishments, are provided in a chart in addition to the program description. An Addenda, Description of Additional Program Variables, was submitted to HUD on November 15, 2011, is on file and available upon request. The Addenda, together with the programmatic data contained within the Consolidated Plan satisfy HUD data requirements previously satisfied by the submission of HUD Table 3.

In addition, the fund allocations are presented in two columns, A. and B., of the Summary Table. If Column A is designated, the funds will come directly through a City agency; if Column B is selected, the money will be received by another entity in the City, such as NYCHA or a not-for-profit organization. The figures in the columns refer only to funds expected to be awarded in 2012, not to funds which were previously awarded or still available.

It is important to note that the numbers on the Summary Table of Funding Sources reflect the anticipated 2012 allocations rather than available or previously awarded funds for several reasons. In many cases, while the City expects to receive a 2012 allocation, programs may not be funded in 2012, funding from the federal government may be reduced, or Congress has yet to appropriate funds. And while the City may have received funding in previous years for some programs, it is not yet possible to determine what amount of funds, if any, will be awarded.

The fiscal year for the amounts reported on the Summary Table of Funding Sources depends on which government entity is providing the funds. For the most part, the estimates provided are expected to be made available in the Consolidated Plan Year which is January 1 to December 31. However, each governmental entity (e.g., federal, state, and city) uses a different 12 month period to define its fiscal year, and the various estimates are based on the amount appropriated for that fiscal year of the relevant level of government. For example, the projections for the City's contributions are based on the funding projections for the City Executive Capital Budget for the second half of City Fiscal Year 2012 (January-June 2012), and the first half of City Fiscal Year 2013 (July-December 2012), while the State figures are reported according to the State fiscal year (April 1 to March 31). In the case of Federal HUD Competitive programs, the fiscal year is October 1 to September 30.

Specific priorities for funds budgeted reflect the outcome of the City Charter mandated budget process that began with community board consultations in September 2010 and ended with adoption of the budget by the City Council in June 2011. These specific allocations reflect consensus on the need to achieve the City's annual goals. Funds in the Action Plan originally budgeted in City Fiscal Year 2012 are subject to reallocation in the budget process for CFY12. Please note that the projections in the table should be considered as such. In no event should these initial estimates be misconstrued as a firm commitment on the part of the City to allocate these funds in the exact manner specified. If there are substantial changes, an amendment to the Consolidated Plan will be provided as described in the Citizen Participation Section.

i. HUD Formula/Entitlement Programs

Listed and described are the funds the City of New York expects to receive in Federal Fiscal Year 2012 (FFY 2012) allocations for the four U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Community Planning and Development (HUD-CPD) entitlement programs: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), and the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA).

In 2012, the City expects to receive \$235,438,000 in Community Development Block Grant funds to be used in over 50 programs for housing, supportive housing and community development activities throughout the City; approximately \$110,537,900 in HOME funds to further homeownership opportunities to low- and moderate-income households and to promote rental assistance to households in need; \$7,908,000 in Emergency Solutions Grant funds for homeless prevention and services to the homeless; and approximately \$55,968,300 in HOPWA funds for programs which provide housing opportunities and supportive housing to persons with HIV/AIDS and their families. (For information regarding HOPWA funds expected to be received by the New York EMSA localities, please refer to Volume 2, Part II., Other Actions, Section I., HOPWA Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area Grantee Requirements.) The Summary Table of Funding Sources lists the Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan Year allocation for each program; and the subsequent program descriptions provide the details concerning the program's use of funds. The page number for each program description is provided on the Summary Table of Funding Sources.

The sub-total of HUD Formula/Entitlement funds expected to be received in 2012 Consolidated Plan Year is approximately \$409.853 million (Column A).

ii. NYCHA Funds

In addition to the formula entitlement programs, the City of New York receives Federal public housing funds through the New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA), one of the City's two public housing authorities (HPD is also considered a PHA). Since NYCHA is a quasi-City agency (see NYCHA chapter, Part II), the funds expected to be received by NYCHA are listed in Column B. The Summary Table of Funding Sources lists the Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan Year allocation for each program and the subsequent program descriptions provide the details concerning the program's use of funds. The page number for each program description is provided on the Summary Table of Funding Sources.

For the descriptions of the NYCHA programs, please refer to Volume 2, Part II., Other Actions., New York City Housing Authority. Lastly, NYCHA's lead-based paint abatement activities in its public housing developments are described in Volume 2, Part II., Other Actions., Elimination and Treatment of Lead-Based Paint Hazards.

In 2012 Consolidated Plan Year, NYCHA expects to receive approximately \$237.059 million from the programs listed in the table.

iii. HUD Competitive Funds

Competitive grant program funds augment the City's entitlement funds. Competitive Grants are programs designed to provide funds to specifically address a particular housing, supportive housing, community development, or special needs population concern. Funds are awarded to applicants on a competitive basis through a Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA). HUD releases notices of funding availability several times a year; the allocation of these funds is made on a competitive basis. In addition to the City of New York, NYCHA and not-for-profit organizations are eligible to apply for funds. In some cases, the City of New York has applied for this money and been awarded funds. Listed are the funds expected to be received during the 2012 Consolidated Plan Year. Column A lists the funds that City agencies expect to receive directly, and Column B lists the funds to be received by NYCHA, or a not-for-profit organization.

The programs include: the Homeless Continuum of Care SuperNOFA which includes -- the Supportive Housing, the Shelter Plus Care, and the Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation SRO Programs; Section 202 Supportive Housing for the Elderly; Section 811 Supportive Housing for People with Disabilities; Section 8 Rental Certificates and Vouchers; Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program; and others. The Summary Table of Funding Sources lists the Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan Year allocation for each program and the subsequent program descriptions provide the details concerning the program's use of funds. The page number for each program description is provided on the Summary Table of Funding Sources.

In 2012 Consolidated Plan Year the amount of dollars the City (Column A), NYCHA and not-for-profit organizations ((Column B) expect to receive in competitive funds for supportive housing programs is to be determined.

iv. State Funds

The State of New York provides funding through City agencies and not-for-profit organizations for housing, homeless and supportive housing services. These programs create affordable housing within the City of New York, particularly the Affordable Homeownership Development Program; Homeless Housing and Assistance Program; Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC); Low-Income Housing Trust Fund Program; Public Housing Modernization; and the RESTORE Program. The State funds listed in Column A are administered by a New York City agency. Column B lists the programs which are operated by NYCHA and not-for-profit entities. The Summary Table of Funding Sources lists the 2012 Consolidated Plan Year allocation for each program and the subsequent program descriptions provide the details concerning the program's use of funds. The page number for each program description is provided on the Summary Table of Funding Sources.

In the 2012 Consolidated Plan Year, the City expects to receive \$14,500,000 (Column A) and, Not-for-profits and NYCHA expect to receive in State funds (Column B) remains to be determined.

v. City Funds

Federal guidelines require municipalities receiving HOME and ESG entitlement funds to provide matching funds to the respective grants. The City of New York far exceeds the federal guidelines in its commitment to the production of affordable housing. The matching funds for HOME and ESG are described in this Section. The Summary Table of Funding Sources lists the Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan Year allocation for each program and the subsequent program descriptions provide the details concerning the program's use of funds. The page number for each program description is provided on the Summary Table of Funding Sources.

Most of the City (capital and expense) Funds are described in Volume 2, Part I., Section D., Supportive Housing Continuum of Care for Homeless and Other Special Needs Populations. The Relevant Public Policy subsection of Other Actions describes the City's tax abatement and tax exemption programs, overseen by the Department of Finance (DOF) with the assistance of the Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD), and the Department for the Aging (DFTA). These tax abatement and exemption programs bring the City's contribution to affordable housing and supportive housing services to approximately \$1 billion. Many of the funding amounts have been identified in the text. Please refer to the City of New York Fiscal Year 2012 Budget and the Mayor's Management Report for a description of the City's budget, goals, and accomplishments.

In the 2012 Consolidated Plan Year, DHS, HPD and HRA expect to allocate approximately \$875,722,200 (Column A) in City funds to be used to address the City's needs for affordable housing and homelessness prevention.

vi. Private Funds

Approximately \$60,442,800 in private funds are expected to be received in the 2012 Consolidated Plan Year, as represented in Column B. This figure only includes private funds to be used in conjunction with federal HOME funds, such as private bank loans used in conjunction with tax credit equity.

vii. Total Funding Sources

Total Federal Sources: As seen in, Column A, the City expects to receive a combined total of at least \$409,852,700 in HUD Formula/Entitlement and Competitive Funds. As shown in, Column B, NYCHA expects to receive approximately \$273,059,400 primarily in federal public housing authority funds.

Total State Sources: As shown in, Column A, \$14,500,000 are expected to be received by the City. The amount of State funds expected to go to other entities, such as NYCHA and not-for-profit organizations, as shown in Column B, remains to be determined.

Total City Sources: As seen in, Column A, \$875,722,200 of City tax-levy and City capital dollars are expected to be used in the 2012 Consolidated Plan Year.

Total Private Funds: See private funds above. (Column B, \$60,442,840)

viii. Total All Sources

As seen in, Column A, approximately \$1,300,074,900 in Federal, State, and City funds are expected to be administered by City agencies for housing, homeless, supportive housing services and community development needs.

As shown in, Column B, approximately \$333,502,300 Federal, State, City and Private funds are expected to be received by City Agencies, NYCHA and not-for-profit organizations.

The 2012 Consolidated Plan documents that approximately \$1,633,577,200 (Total All Sources Column A plus Column B) are expected to be used by City agencies, NYCHA, and not-for-profit organizations to meet the housing, homeless, supportive housing services and community development needs within the City of New York.

SUMMARY TABLE OF FUNDING SOURCES

Page	Project Code Project	ogram Name	Amount	Amount City Expects to Receive in 2012 (A)	Amount City Expects to be Received by Other Entities in 2012 (B)
I-55		i. HUD Formula/Entitlement Programs			
I-55	C-OMB-0000	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)		\$235,438,000	
I-55	C-HPD-0085	7A Program	\$1,405,000		
I-56	C-VARIOUS-0204	Adult Literacy Program	\$2,525,000		
I-58	C-HPD-0206	Alternative Enforcement Program	\$7,712,000		
I-58	C-SBS-0026	Avenue NYC	\$2,206,000		
I-68	C-DYCD-0142	Beacon School Program	\$6,300,000		
I-69	C-DPR-0055	Bronx River Project	\$207,000		
I-70	C-VARIOUS-0063	CDBG Administration	\$2,436,000		
I-71	C-DOEd-0165	Code Violation Removal in Schools	\$5,000,000		
I-71	C-CHR-0040	Commission on Human Rights Law Enforcement Program	\$1,953,000		
I-71	C-CHR-0051	Commission on Human Rights Neighborhood Human Rights Program	\$3,735,000		
I-73	C-DCA-0079	Community Arts Development Program	\$233,000		
I-74	C-DCP-0062	DCP Comprehensive Planning	\$12,685,000		
I-75	C-DCP-0061	DCP Information Technology	\$3,037,000		
I-78	C-DFA-0183	DFTA Senior Center Improvements	\$2,174,000		
I-80	C-DHS-0182	DHS Homeless Services	\$4,000,000		
I-80	C-ACS-0042	Day Care Center Services	\$3,292,000		
I-81	C-DFA-0049	Elderly Minor Home Repair Program	\$362,000		
I-81	C-CHA-0039	Elderly Safe-At-Home	\$225,000		
I-81	C-HPD-0171	Emergency Demolition Program	\$4,182,000		
I-82	C-HPD-0009	Emergency Repair Program	\$42,156,000		
I-83	C-DPR-0053	GreenThumb	\$863,000		
I-84	C-HPD-0092	HPD Administration	\$4,413,000		
I-85	C-HPD-0198	HPD Emergency Shelters	\$10,709,000		
I-87	C-HPD-0024	HPD Fair Housing Services Program	\$609,000		
I-87	C-HPD-0060	HPD Housing Policy Analysis and Statistical Research	\$4,403,000		
I-87	C-HPD-0137	HPD Neighborhood Preservation Offices	\$4,824,000		

SUMMARY TABLE OF FUNDING SOURCES

Dogo	Project Code I	Program Name	Amount	Amount City Expects to Receive in 2012	Amount City Expects to be Received by Other Entities in
			¢2 (12 000	(A)	2012 (B)
I-88	C-HPD-0166	HPD Program Planning	\$2,613,000		
I-89	C-DHS-0046	Homeless Outreach and Housing Placement Services	\$553,000		
I-89	C-MAY-0048	Housing Information and Education	\$124,000		
I-89	C-HPD-0090	In Rem Building Maintenance and Repair Program	\$838,000		
I-89	C-HPD-0015	In Rem Building Maintenance and Repair Project Support	\$1,833,000		
I-90	C-HPD-0013	In Rem Material Management and Procurement	\$792,000		
I-90	C-HPD-0014	In Rem Property Management Program	\$4,311,000		
I-90	C-HPD-0012	In Rem Superintendent Contract	\$190,000		
I-90	C-LPC-0202	LPC Planning	\$531,000		
I-90	C-DPR-0054	Land Restoration Program	\$559,000		
I-91	C-LPC-0052	Landmarks Historic Preservation Grant Program	\$176,000		
I-92	C-HPD-0084	Litigation (formerly Housing Litigation Division)	\$7,423,000		
I-94	C-DPR-0095	Minipools	\$636,000		
I-95	C-SBS-0200	NYC Business Solutions	\$880,000		
I-95	C-HPD-0000	Neighborhood Housing Services	\$911,000		
I-96	C-HPD-0114	Neighborhood Preservation Consultants	\$906,000		
I-96	C-DSNY-0031	Neighborhood Vacant Lot Clean-Up Program	\$20,657,000		
I-97	C-MAY-0047	Project Open House	\$240,000		
I-97	C-HPD-0207	Property Disposition and Finance (Formerly In Rem Alternative Management Program)	\$18,018,000		
I-99	C-DPR-0032	Prospect Park Special Administrator's Office	\$536,000		
I-99	C-HPD-0209	Rehabilitation Services	\$553,000		
I-100	C-HPD-0199	Rent Guidelines Board Support Staff	\$530,000		
I-100	C-MOCJC-0037	Safe Horizon	\$3,614,000		
I-101	C-MAY-0203	Scorecard Program	\$451,000		
I-102	C-CHA-0041	Senior Resident Advisor Program	\$450,000		
I-103	C-HPD-0010	Targeted Code Enforcement	\$34,988,000		
I-105	C-DPR-0033	Van Cortlandt/Pelham Bay Parks Special Administrator's Office	\$479,000		
I-105	H-HPD-0000	HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS		\$110,537,898	3

Page	Project Code P	rogram Name	Amount	Amount City Expects to Receive in 2012 (A)	Amount City Expects to be Received by Other Entities in 2012 (B)
I-106	H-HPD-0001	HPD Administration	\$11,053,790		
I-106	H-HPD-0002	Neighborhood Entrepreneurs Program	\$385,301		
I-107	H-HPD-0003	Neighborhood Redevelopment Program	\$3,247,292		
I-107	H-HPD-0004	Participation Loan Program (Gut/Mod)	\$5,076,895		
I-107	H-HPD-0006	The Supportive Housing Program	\$40,341,222		
I-108	H-HPD-0010	Third Party Transfer	\$6,889,141		
I-108	H-HPD-0011	Multifamily Homeownership (formerly Cornerstone Program)	\$210,007		
I-108	H-HPD-0012	Article 8A Loan Program	\$5,011,231		
I-109	H-HPD-0028	HUD MultiFamily Program	\$4,103,228		
I-109	H-HPD-0029	Multifamily Rental Mixed Income	\$2,612,933		
I-109	H-HPD-0031	Low Income Rental Program (formerly New MIRP)	\$16,000,708		
I-109	H-HPD-0033	Senior Housing Program (formerly Section 202 Housing Program)	\$8,181,289		
I-110	H-HPD-0035	HOME Tenant-Based Rental Assistance	\$3,722,265		
I-110	H-HPD-0036	Special Projects (formerly DAMP Special Projects)	\$1,099,208		
I-110	H-HPD-0201	HomeFirst Down Payment Assistance Program	\$2,603,387		
I-111	E-DHS-0000	EMERGENCY SHELTER GRANT		\$7,908,520)
I-111	E-DHS-0002	Services to the Homeless	\$7,288,058		
I-116	E-DHS-0003	Shelter Operating Costs	\$620,462		
I-116	P-HOPWA-0000	Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS		\$55,968,315	5
I-116	P-HRA-0201	HASA Case Management and Support Services-Personnel: Case Management and Support Services	\$2,000,000		
I-117	P-HRA-0204	HASA Housing Contracts	\$33,097,102		
I-118	P-DOHMH-0206	Department of Health and Mental Hygiene - Bureau of HIV/AIDS Prevention and Control	\$16,637,406		
I-119	P-DOHMH-0301	Grantee General Program Administration	\$1,600,036		

^{*} HOPWA Funding includes \$2,633,771 in HOPWA EMSA Funds.

Please refer to Part II., Other Actions, Section I., HOPWA EMSA Requirement.

SUM	MARY TABLE OF FUNDING SOURCES		NEW YOR	RK. NEW YORK
D	D. N.		Amount City Expects to Receive in 2012	Amount City Expects to be Received by Other Entities in 2012 (B)
Page	Program Name	Amount	(A)	
	i. HUD Formula/Entitlement Programs		Φ400 0 50 7 00	
T 100	SUBTOTAL - FORMULA PROGRAMS		\$409,852,733	
I-120	ii. New York City Housing Authority Funds			\$272.050.427
I-120	Public Housing Capital Fund Program			\$273,059,437
I-120	Public Housing Capital Fund - American Recovery and Reinvestment Act			\$0
I-121	HOPE VI		1	\$0
	Subtotal-New York City Housing Authority Funds			\$273,059,437
I-124	iii. HUD Competitive Funds			
I-124	Homeless Continuum of Care SuperNOFA		TBD	
I-124	Supportive Housing Program		TBD	
I-124	Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation SRO		TBD	TBD
I-124	Shelter Plus Care Program		TBD	TBD
I-125	Section 202 Supportive Housing for the Elderly			TBD
I-125	Section 811 Supportive Housing for the Disabled			TBD
I-126	Section 8 Vouchers		\$0	TBD
I-128	Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA Program)- SPNS			\$0
I-128	Lead Hazard Control Program		\$0	
I-129	Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant Program		\$0	
	Subtotal-HUD Competitive funds		TBD	TBD
I-130	iv. State Funds			
I-130	Affordable Homeownership Development Program		TBD	
I-130	Homeless Housing and Assistance Program			TBD
I-130	Low Income Housing Tax Credit		\$14,500,000	
I-131	Low Income Housing Trust Fund Program			TBD
I-131	RESTORE Program			TBD
	Subtotal-State Funds		\$14,500,000	TBD
I-132	v. City Funds			
I-132	DHS CITY FUNDS			
I-132	DHS City Capital in programs that receive no Federal Funds		\$19,060,000	
I-132	DHS City Expense in programs that receive no Federal Funds		\$270,871,579	

SUMMARY TABLE OF FUNDING SOURCES

<u>SUM</u>	MARY TABLE OF FUNDING SOURCES		NEW YOR	K. NEW YORK
Page	Program Name	Amount		Amount City Expects to be Received by Other Entities in 2012 (B)
I-132	DHS City Expense Budget (matching ESG funds)		\$7,908,520	
I-132	HPD CITY FUNDS			
I-132	HPD City Capital with Federal Funds		\$181,129,000	
I-132	HPD City Expense with Federal Funds		\$42,172,342	
I-132	HPD City Capital in programs that receive no Federal Funds		\$214,637,342	
I-132	HPD City Expense in programs that receive no Federal Funds		\$36,743,372	
I-133	HRA CITY FUNDS			
I-133	HRA City Expense with no Federal Funds		\$103,200,000	
	Subtotal-City Funds		\$875,722,155	
	vi. Private Funds			\$60,442,840
	vii. Total Funding Sources			
	Total Federal Sources		\$409,852,733	\$273,059,437
	Total State Sources		\$14,500,000	TBD
	Total City Sources		\$875,722,155	
	Total Private Sources			\$60,442,840
	viii. TOTAL ALL SOURCES		\$1,300,074,888	\$333,502,277

2. Use of Funds Expected to be Received

Proposed Provision of Affordable Housing

i., Section 215 Affordable Housing Goals

For the 2012 Consolidated Plan program year the City of New York is required to provide a summary of its one-year goals for the number of homeless, non-homeless, and special-needs households to be provided affordable housing using funds made available to the jurisdiction and one-year goals for upcoming program year for the number of households to be provided affordable housing through activities that provide rental assistance, production of new units, rehabilitation of existing units, or acquisition of existing units using funds made available to the jurisdiction

Section 215 Affordable Housing refers to housing activities which comply with the definition of affordable housing as described in Section 215 of the HOME Investment Partnership regulations in the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordability Housing Act (NAHA).

The information provided in the following HUD Table 3B., <u>Annual Housing Completion Goals</u> is derived from data provided in Part I.D.1.i., Action Plan, Description of Program Variables - the HUD Formula Entitlement Funds which describes the federally-required proposed accomplishments data for the City's respective formula entitlement-funded activities. It is important to note that while the City's proposed accomplishments for its federally-funded housing programs are designed to benefit low- and moderate-income households and are therefore, considered to provide "affordable" housing under the generally accepted definition (less than 30 percent of the household's gross income expended on housing expenses), they may not meet the more stringent Section 215 affordable housing definition. As a result, the number of Section 215 proposed accomplishments for the respective programs described in the narrative for Table 3B may be less than the number of proposed accomplishments indicated in the Description of Program Variables.

In addition, it is important to note the data on the Table 3B reflect housing goals to be funded with monies from the anticipated 2012 allocations rather than available or previously awarded funds for several reasons. In many cases, while the City expects to receive a 2012 allocation, programs may not be funded in 2012, funding from the federal government may be reduced, or Congress has yet to appropriate funds. And while the City may have received funding in previous years for some programs, it is not yet possible to determine what amount of funds, if any, will be awarded.

Furthermore, funds budgeted in the One-Year Action Plan reflect the outcome of the City Charter mandated budget process that began with community board consultations in September 2010 and ended with adoption of the budget by the City Council in June 2011. These specific allocations reflect consensus on the need to achieve the City's annual goals (housing and non-housing related). Funds in the Action Plan budgeted in City Fiscal Year 2012 are subject to reallocation in the budget process for that year. Please note that the projected affordable housing goals listed in the Table 3B funded with these monies should be considered as such. In no event should these initial estimates be misconstrued as a firm commitment on the part of the City to allocate funds necessary to achieve these goals in the exact manner specified. Therefore, the proposed number of households to be provided affordable housing may be subject to revision. If there are substantial changes, an amendment to the Consolidated Plan will be provided as described in the Citizen Participation Section.

Narrative for Table 3B., Annual Housing Completion Goals

BENEFICIARY GOALS (Homeless and Special Needs Households) (SEC. 215)

<u>Homeless Households</u> - A total of **503** homeless households are expected to be assisted with housing through the following formula entitlement programs: HOME-assisted Supportive Housing Program (**288**) program; and HOME-assisted Tenant-Based Rental Assistance Program (**215**).

Non-Homeless Households - A total of **950** non-homeless households are expected to be assisted with housing through the following formula entitlement programs: CDBG-assisted 7A Program (**79**); HOME-assisted Neighborhood Entrepreneurs Program (**2**); HOME-assisted Neighborhood Redevelopment Program (**18**); HOME-assisted Third Party Transfer (**17**); HOME-assisted Participation Loan Program (Gut/Mod) (**34**); HOME-assisted Multifamily Homeownership (Cornerstone) Program (**4**); HOME-assisted Article 8A Loan Program (**122**); HOME-assisted Low Income Rental Program (formerly New MIRP)(**240**); HOME-assisted HUD Multifamily Program (**103**); HOME-assisted Multifamily Rental Mixed Income (**26**); HOME-assisted Senior Housing Program (formerly Section 202 Housing) (**126**); HOME-assisted Special Projects (formerly DAMP Special Projects) (**5**); and, HOME-assisted HomeFirst Down Payment Assistance Program (**174**).

<u>Total Section 215 Beneficiaries</u> – A total of **1,453** homeless and non-homeless housing are expected to be assisted with housing.

AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING GOALS (SEC. 215)

<u>Production of new units</u> – A total of **608** rental housing units are expected to be produced through the following formula entitlement programs: HOME-assisted Supportive Housing Program (**216**); HOME-assisted Low Income Rental Program (*formerly New MIRP*)(**250**); HOME-assisted Multifamily Rental Mixed Income (**26**); and Senior Housing Program (formerly Section 202 Housing) (**126**).

Rehabilitation of existing units – A total of **452** rental housing units are expected to be rehabilitated through the following formula entitlement programs: CDBG-assisted 7A Financial Assistance Program (**79**); HOME-assisted Neighborhood Entrepreneurs Program (**2**); HOME-assisted Neighborhood Redevelopment Program (**18**); HOME-assisted Participation Loan Program (**34**); HOME-assisted Third Party Transfer (**17**); HOME-assisted Article 8A Loan Program (**122**); HOME-assisted Supportive Housing Program (**72**); HOME-assisted HUD Multifamily Program (**103**); and HOME-assisted Special Projects (formerly DAMP Special Projects) (**5**).

<u>Rental Assistance</u> – A total of **215** housing units are expected to be provided with rental assistance through the HOME-assisted Tenant-Based Rental Assistance Program (**215**).

<u>Total Section 215 Affordable Rental Housing Goals</u> – A total of **1,275** rental housing units are expected to be assisted through formula entitlement program-funded activities.

AFFORDABLE OWNER HOUSING GOALS (SEC. 215)

<u>Production of new units</u> - A total of **4** homeowner units are expected to be produced through the HOME-assisted Multifamily Homeownership (Cornerstone) Program.

<u>Homebuyer Assistance</u> – A total of **174** new homeowners are expected to be provided with homebuyer assistance through the HOME-assisted HomeFirst Downpayment Assistance Program.

<u>Total Section 215 Affordable Owner Housing Goals</u> – A total of **178** homeowner units are expected to be assisted through formula entitlement program-funded activities.

TOTALS

ANNUAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING GOALS by ACTIVITY (SEC. 215)

<u>Production of new units</u> – A total of **612** housing units (rental and homeownership) are expected to meet Section 215 Goals using formula entitlement funds in 2012.

<u>Rehabilitation of existing units</u> – A total of **452** housing units (rental and homeownership) are meet Section 215 Goals using formula entitlement funds in 2012.

<u>Rental Assistance</u> – A total of **215** housing units are expected to be provided with rental assistance using formula entitlement funds in 2012.

<u>Homebuyer Assistance</u> – A total of **174** new homeowners are expected to be provided with homebuyer assistance using formula entitlement funds in 2012.

ANNUAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING GOALS by TENURE

<u>Annual Rental Housing Goals</u> - A total of **1,275** new and existing renter households are expected to be provided with housing assistance using formula entitlement funds in 2012.

<u>Annual Owner Housing Goals</u> - A total of **178** new and existing homeowners are expected to be provided with housing assistance using formula entitlement funds in 2012.

<u>Total Section 215 Affordable Housing Goals</u> – A total of **1,453** housing units are expected to meet Section 215 Goals as outlined in the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990.

Table 3B ANNUAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING COMPLETION GOALS

Grantee Name: The City of New York	Expected Annual	Actual Annual	Resou	irces used	during th	e period
Program Year: Proposed 2010	Number of Units To Be Completed	Number of Units Completed	CDBG	НОМЕ	ESG	HOPWA
BENEFICIARY GOALS (Sec. 215 Only)						
Homeless households	503			\boxtimes		
Non-homeless households	950		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
Special needs households						
Total Sec. 215 Beneficiaries*	1,453					
RENTAL GOALS (Sec. 215 Only)						
Acquisition of existing units						
Production of new units	608			\boxtimes		
Rehabilitation of existing units	452		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
Rental Assistance	215			\boxtimes		
Total Sec. 215 Affordable Rental	1,275					
HOME OWNER GOALS (Sec. 215 Only)						
Acquisition of existing units						
Production of new units	4			\boxtimes		
Rehabilitation of existing units						
Homebuyer Assistance	174			\boxtimes		
Total Sec. 215 Affordable Owner	178					
COMBINED RENTAL AND OWNER GOALS (Sec. 215 Only)						
Acquisition of existing units						
Production of new units	612					
Rehabilitation of existing units	452		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
Rental Assistance	215			\boxtimes		
Homebuyer Assistance	174			\boxtimes		
Combined Total Sec. 215 Goals*	1,453					
OVERALL HOUSING GOALS (Sec. 215 + Other Affordable Housing)						
Annual Rental Housing Goal	1,275		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
Annual Owner Housing Goal	178		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
Total Overall Housing Goal	1,453		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		

^{*} The total amounts for "Combined Total Sec. 215 Goals" and "Total Sec. 215 Beneficiary Goals" should be the same number.

ii., Proposed Provision of Supportive Housing for Persons with HIV/AIDS UPDATED

For HOPWA funds, the jurisdiction must specify one-year goals for the number of households expected to be provided housing through the use of HOPWA activities for:

- short-term rent, mortgage, and utility assistance payments to prevent homelessness of the individual or family;
- tenant-based rental assistance; and
- units provided in housing facilities that are being developed, leased, or operated with HOPWA funds and shall identify the method of selecting project sponsors.

The following table outlines the proposed provision for the New York City EMSA HOPWA-funded programs.

Proposed Supportive Housing Accomplishments for Persons with AIDS New York City Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area (EMSA)

		Fiscal Year:	2012
	Households Served	HOPWA Funds	Leveraged Funds
	(Proposed)	(Year 20)	(Proposed)
1. Tenant-Based Rental Assistance			
- HASA	26,213	\$ -	\$ 350,000,000
- DOHMH - BHIV	327	\$ 3,380,964	\$ -
- Westchester County	95	\$ 1,128,787	\$ -
- Rockland County	34	\$ 285,846	\$ -
- Putnam County	12	\$ 69,754	\$ -
2. Short-Term Rent, Mortgage, Utili	ty Assistance		
- HASA	0	\$ -	\$ -
- DOHMH - BHIV	7	\$ 27,650	\$ -
- Westchester County	12	\$ 15,000	\$ -
- Rockland County	0	\$ -	\$ -
- Putnam County	0	\$ -	\$ -
3. Facility-Based Housing (Operation	ns)		
- HASA	2,851	\$ 33,097,102	\$ 76,500,000
- DOHMH - BHIV	478	\$ 8,284,638	\$ 2,500,000
- Westchester County	35	\$ 135,500	\$ -
- Rockland County	0	\$ -	\$ -
- Putnam County	0	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL	30,064	\$ 46,425,241	\$ 429,000,000

Procurement

All contracts procured by the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH) are governed by the New York City Procurement Policy Board (PPB). The PPB is authorized to promulgate rules governing the procurement of goods, services, and construction by the City of New York under Chapter 13 of the Charter of the City of New York. The underlying purposes of the PPB rules are to:

- Simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing procurement by the City of New York
- Permit the continued development of procurement policies and practices
- Make as consistent as possible the uniform application of these policies throughout New York City agencies
- Provide for increased public confidence in New York City's public procurement procedures
- Ensure the fair and equitable treatment of all persons who deal with the procurement system of the City of New York

- Provide for increased efficiency, economy, and flexibility in City procurement activities and to maximize to the fullest extent the purchasing power of the City
- Foster effective broad-based competition from all segments of the vendor community, including small businesses, and minority- and women-owned and operated enterprises
- Safeguard the integrity of the procurement system and protect against corruption, waste, fraud, and abuse
- Ensure appropriate public access to contracting information
- Foster equal employment opportunities in the policies and practices of contractors and subcontractors wishing to do business with the City

DOHMH adheres to PPB rules and processes HOPWA contracts internally through its Agency's Chief Contracting Officer (ACCO). In addition, the ACCO submits all DOHMH contracts, including HOPWA contracts, through various City oversight agencies, including the City Law Department, Mayor's Office of Contract Services (MOCS), and the City of New York Comptroller's Office. These agencies ensure that contracts are compliant with City, State, and Federal laws and guidelines pertaining to procurement.

C.1. Description of Program Variables

i. HUD Formula Entitlement Programs

Community Development Block Grant

OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment
C-OMB-0000	Community Development Block Grant	\$235,438,000	

Activi	ty Codes/Names	Household Type	Income
03	Public Facilities and Improvements	Renter Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03A	Senior Centers	Renter Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
03E	Neighborhood Facilities	Renter Large Related	Moderate (81 to 95% MFI)
04	Clearance and Demolition	All Other Renter Household Types	Low/Moderate Area
05	Public Services (General)	Homeless Family with Children	Above Moderate 134% or More MFI
05A	Senior Services	Homeless Family without Children	Low/Moderate Housing
05B	Services for the Disabled	Homeless Individual	Slum/Blight Urban Renewal
05D	Youth Services	Homeless Youth	Slum/Blight Spot
05H	Employment Training	Homeowner Existing	Limited Clientele
05L	Child Care Services	Special needs populations	Slum/Blight Area
050	Mental Health Services	Other	Low/Moderate Jobs
06	Interim Assistance	Homeowner First Time	Other Moderate (96 to 133%) MFI
80	Relocation		
14A	Rehabilitation: Single-Unit Residential		
14B	Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential		
14H	Rehabilitation: Administration		
15	Code Enforcement		
16A	Residential Historic Preservation		
16B	Non-Residential Historic Preservation		
18B	ED Direct: Technical Assistance		
18C	Micro-Enterprise Assistance		
19C	CDBG Mon-Profit Organization Capacity Building		
19E	CDBG Operation and Repair of Foreclosed Property		
20	Planning		
21A	General Program Administration		
21B	Indirect Costs		
21C	Public Information		
21D	Fair Housing Activities		

Outcome and Objective Code/Statement

(Jutcoi	ne and Objective Code/Statement
	DH-1	Accessibility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing
	DH-2	Affordability for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing
	DH-3	Sustainability for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing
	EO-1	Accessibility for the purpose of creating Economic Opportunities
	SL-1	Accessibility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments
	SL-2	Affordability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments
	SL-3	Sustainability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments

Performance Indicator

- 1) Public facility or infrastructure activities
- 12) Number of homeless persons given overnight shelter
- 14) Homelessness Prevention
- 17) Businesses assisted
- 18) Does assisted business provide a good or service to meet needs of service area/neighborhood/community (to be determined by community)?
- 2) Public service activities
- 3) Activities are part of a geographically targeted revitalization effort
- 4) Number of commercial facade treatment/business building rehab (site not target area based)
- 7) Rental units rehabilitated
- 9) Owner occupied units rehabilitated or improved

OMB_Code	Funding Source	7A Progra			
C-HPD-0085	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$1,405,00	O Total number of un standard condition	nits brought from a substandard to a	79
Activity Codes/Na	mes	Hou	sehold Type	Income	
14B Rehab; Multi	-Unit Residential 570.202		••	Slums and Blight Area	
				Slum/Blight Spot	
	ective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afford	able Housing			
Performance Indi	cator				
Rental units rehab	pilitated				
	Adu	lt Literacy	Program		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amoun	Accomplishment		
C-VARIOUS-0204	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$2,525,00	O Total number of po access to a service	•	3,150
Activity Codes/Na	mes	Hou	sehold Type	Income	
05 Public Service	es (General) 570.201(e)	Not	Applicable	Limited Clientele	
21B Indirect Cost	s 570.206				
Outcome and Obj	ective Code/Statement				
EO-1 Accessibili	ty for the purpose of creating Economic Oppo	rtunities			
Performance Indi	cator				
Public service act	vities				
Public service act		ve Enforcer	nent Program		
Public service act	Alternati	ve Enforcer Amoun	nent Program		
			Accomplishment	•	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amoun \$7,712,00	Accomplishment Total number of us standard condition	1	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type	Income	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	### Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly	1	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	### Amoun	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type	Income	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer Rer	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related	Income Slum/Blight Spot	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer Rer	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related ter Small Related	Income Slum/Blight Spot	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) CDBG CD	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer Rer All	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related ter Small Related	Income Slum/Blight Spot	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Immes -Unit Residential 570.202 ective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afford	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer Rer All	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related ter Small Related	Income Slum/Blight Spot	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi Outcome and Obj DH-3 Sustainabi	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Immes -Unit Residential 570.202 ective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afford cator	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer Rer All	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related ter Small Related	Income Slum/Blight Spot	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi Outcome and Obj DH-3 Sustainabi Performance India	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Immes -Unit Residential 570.202 ective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afford cator	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer All able Housing	Total number of unstandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related ter Small Related other Renter Household	Income Slum/Blight Spot	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi Outcome and Obj DH-3 Sustainabi Performance India Rental units rehab	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Immes -Unit Residential 570.202 ective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordicator collitated	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer Rer All	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type Iter Elderly Iter Large Related Iter Small Related Iter Renter Household YC	Income Slum/Blight Spot	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi Outcome and Obj DH-3 Sustainabi Performance India	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Immes -Unit Residential 570.202 ective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afford cator	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer Rer All of able Housing	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related ter Small Related other Renter Household YC Accomplishment	Income Slum/Blight Spot Types	1,000
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi Outcome and Obj DH-3 Sustainabi Performance Indi Rental units rehat	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Immes -Unit Residential 570.202 Control of the purpose of providing Decent Afford Control of the purpose of	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer Rer All a able Housing Avenue N Amoun	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related ter Small Related other Renter Household YC Accomplishment	Income Slum/Blight Spot d Types sses assisted	
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi Outcome and Obj DH-3 Sustainabi Performance Indi Rental units rehab OMB_Code C-SBS-0026	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Immes -Unit Residential 570.202 ective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afford cator bilitated Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer All of the Amoun \$2,206,00	Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related ter Small Related other Renter Household YC Accomplishment Total new business Total existing business	Income Slum/Blight Spot d Types sees assisted inesses assisted	0
OMB_Code C-HPD-0206 Activity Codes/Na 14B Rehab; Multi Outcome and Obj DH-3 Sustainabi Performance India Rental units rehab OMB_Code C-SBS-0026 Activity Codes/Na	Alternation Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Immes -Unit Residential 570.202 ective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afford cator bilitated Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amoun \$7,712,00 Hou Rer Rer Rer All able Housing Avenue N Amoun \$2,206,00	Accomplishment Total number of ustandard condition sehold Type ter Elderly ter Large Related ter Small Related other Renter Household YC Accomplishment Total new busines	Income Slum/Blight Spot d Types sses assisted	0

EO-1 Accessibility for the purpose of creating Economic Opportunities

Performance Indicator

Businesses assisted

MB_Code	Funding Source	on School Pro Amount	Accomplishment		
C-DYCD-0142	Community Development Block Grant	\$6,300,000	•	ns assisted with new/improved	16,800
	(CDBG)		access to a service		
Activity Codes/Na	mes	Housel	nold Type	Income	
05 Public Servic	es (General) 570.201(e)	Not Ap	plicable	Low/Moderate Area	
Outcome and Obj	ective Code/Statement				
SL-1 Accessibility	y for the purpose of creating Suitable Living En	vironments			
Performance Indic	cator				
Public service acti	vities				
	Bro	nx River Pro	oject		
MB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-DPR-0055	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$207,000	Total number of person access to a service (Un	ns assisted with new/improved nits of Service)	133,000
Activity Codes/Na	mes	Housel	nold Type	Income	
05 Public Servic	es (General) 570.201(e)	Not Ap	plicable	Low/Moderate Area	
Outcome and Obj	ective Code/Statement	<u> </u>			
	ty for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Er	nvironments			
Performance Indic	cator				
Public service acti	vities				
		G Administr	ration		
MB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-VARIOUS-0063	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$2,436,000	Not Applicable		(
Activity Codes/Na	mes	Housel	nold Type	Income	
	ram Administration 570.206		pplicable	Not Applicable	
Outcome and Ohio	ective Code/Statement				
Julcome and Obi					
N/A Not Applicable					
N/A Not Applicable	eator				
N/A Not Applicable	eator	tion Remove	al in Schools		
N/A Not Applicable Performance Indic N/A Not Applicable	e eator e Code Viola	tion Remova			
N/A Not Applicable Performance India N/A Not Applicable MB_Code	eator	tion Remova Amount \$5,000,000	al in Schools Accomplishment Public Facilities		266
N/A Not Applicable Performance Indic N/A Not Applicable MB_Code	eator Code Viola Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	cator (Number of Code	
N/A Not Applicable	cator Code Viola Funding Source Community Development Block Grant	Amount	Accomplishment Public Facilities No Suitable HUD Indic Violations Removed)	`	36
N/A Not Applicable Performance Indic N/A Not Applicable MB_Code	cator Code Viola Funding Source Community Development Block Grant	Amount	Accomplishment Public Facilities No Suitable HUD Indic Violations Removed)	cator (Number of Code ns assisted with new/improved	36
N/A Not Applicable Performance Indic N/A Not Applicable MB_Code C-DOEd-0165	cator Code Viola Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amount \$5,000,000	Accomplishment Public Facilities No Suitable HUD Indic Violations Removed) Total number of person access to a facility	ns assisted with new/improved	266 36 ⁻ 371,719
N/A Not Applicable Performance Indic N/A Not Applicable MB_Code C-DOEd-0165 Activity Codes/Na	cator Code Viola Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amount \$5,000,000 Housel	Accomplishment Public Facilities No Suitable HUD Indic Violations Removed) Total number of persor	`	36
N/A Not Applicable Performance Indic N/A Not Applicable N/A Not Applicable MB_Code C-DOEd-0165 Activity Codes/Na 03 Public Facilitie	cator Code Viola Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amount \$5,000,000 Housel	Accomplishment Public Facilities No Suitable HUD Indic Violations Removed) Total number of persor access to a facility	ns assisted with new/improved	36

Performance Indicator

Public facilities or infrastructure activities

Activity Codes/Na			investigations carrie	ed over from 2011)	
	ames	Housel	hold Type	Income	
05 Public Service	ces (General) 570.201(e)	Not Ap	pplicable	Limited Clientele	
Outcome and Ob	jective Code/Statement				
SL-1 Accessibility	ty for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Env	vironments			
Performance Indi	icator				
Public service act	tivities				
	Commission on Human Righ	ıts Neighbor	hood Human Ri	ghts Program	
MB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	9.00 1 1 0 9 1 1 1 1	
C-CHR-0051	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$3,735,000	1	rsons assisted with new/improved (Units of Service)	85,000
Activity Codes/Na	amas	Hausal	hold Type	Income	
	ces (General) 570.201(e)		oplicable	Limited Clientele	
20 Planning 570	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	110171		Low/Moderate Area	
J	gram Administration 570.206			2011/11/000141071104	
	Activities (subject to 20% Admin cap) 570.206				
	jective Code/Statement				
	ty for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Env	vironments			
Performance Indi	cator				
Public service act	ivities				
	Community A	arts Develop	ment Program		
MB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-DCA-0079	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$233,000	Organizations		12
Activity Codes/Na	ames	Housel	hold Type	Income	
	profit Organization Capacity Building		pplicable	Low/Moderate Area	
			<u>'</u>		
	jective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Er				
SL-3 Sustainabil	mty for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Er	ivironments			
Performance Indi	cator				
Businesses provid	ding goods or services				
	DCP Cor	mprehensive	Planning		
DMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-DCP-0062	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$12,685,000	Not Applicable		C
	amas	House	hold Type	Income	
Octivity (Codoc/Ni-		1	oplicable	Not Applicable	
		. 101 / 10	,		
Activity Codes/Na 20 Planning 570					
20 Planning 570	jective Code/Statement				

N/A Not Applicable

C-DCP-0061	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
0-001-0001	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$3,037,000	Not Applicable		0
Activity Codes/N	ames	Housel	hold Type	Income	
20 Planning 57		1	pplicable	Not Applicable	
Outcome and Oh	pjective Code/Statement		·	1 ''	
N/A Not Applicab					
Performance Ind	icator				
N/A Not Applicab	ole				
	DFTA Sen	ior Center In	provements		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-DFA-0183	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$2,174,000	Total number of persons as access to a facility	ssisted with new/improved	1,750
			Public Facilities		12
Activity Codes/N	ames	Housel	hold Type	Income	
03A Senior Cent		1	pplicable	Limited Clientele	
	ojective Code/Statement ity for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E	nvironmonto			
SL-1 Accessibili	ity for the purpose of creating Suitable Living L	Tiviloriments			
Performance Ind	icator				
Public facilities o	r infrastructure activities				
	DHS	S Homeless Se	ervices		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-DHS-0182	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$4,000,000	Total number of homeless paths shelter	persons given overnight	480
Activity Codes/N	ames	Housel	hold Type	Income	
<u> </u>	ices (General) 570.201(e)		ess Family with Children	Limited Clientele	
		Homel	ess Family without Children		
		Homel	ess Individual		
Outcome and Ob	jective Code/Statement				
SL-1 Accessibil	ity for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E	nvironments			
Performance Ind	icator				
Number of home	less persons given overnight shelter				
	Day	Care Center S	Services		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-ACS-0042	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$3,292,000	Total number of persons as access to a service	ssisted with new/improved	388
	ames	Housel	hold Type	Income	
			* *		
Activity Codes/N	Services 570.201(e)	1	pplicable	Limited Clientele	
Activity Codes/N 05L Child Care S		1	pplicable	Limited Clientele	

Public service activities

OMB Code	-		pair Program		
OMB_Code C-DFA-0049	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant	Amount	Accomplishment	ons assisted with new/improved	1.000
C-DFA-0049	(CDBG)	\$362,000	access to a service	ons assisted with new/improved	1,900
Activity Codes/	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
_	vices 570.201(e)		owner Existing	Limited Clientele	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement	,			
SL-3 Sustaina	bility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living	Environments			
Performance In	dicator				
Public service a	ctivities				
	Eld	lerly Safe-At-	Home		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-CHA-0039	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$225,000	Total number of pers access to a service	ons assisted with new/improved	2,496
Activity Codes/	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
	vices 570.201(e)		r Elderly	Limited Clientele	
0	shipating Code/Otatement				
	Dijective Code/Statement Collity for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	ible Housing			
		g			
Performance In					
Public service a					
	9	ncy Demolitio	_		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0171	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$4,182,000	Total number of slum	n and blight demolitions	75
Activity Codes/	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
04 Clearance	and Demolition 570.201(d)	Not A	pplicable	Slum/Blight Spot	
06 Interim Ass	sistance 570.201(f)			Slums and Blight Area	
19E CDBG Ope	eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property			Low/Moderate Area	
				Low/Moderate Housing	
	bjective Code/Statement				
SL-3 Sustaina	bility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living	Environments			
Performance In	dicator				
Activities are pa	art of a geographically targeted revitalization effo				
OMD On the		gency Repair			
OMB_Code C-HPD-0009	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant	Amount \$42,156,000	Accomplishment Total number of units	s brought into compliance with	2,500
0111 0 0000	(CDBG)	Ψ+2,130,000	lead-safe housing rul	le	
			Total number of units standard condition	s brought from a substandard to a	15,000
			hold Type	Income	
Activity Codes/	Names	HOUSE			
	sistance 570.201(f)	Rente	r Elderly	Low/Moderate Area	
06 Interim Ass 14B Rehab; Mu		Rente Rente			

Activity Codes/Names	Household Type	Income
06 Interim Assistance 570.201(f)	Renter Elderly	Low/Moderate Area
14B Rehab; Multi-Unit Residential 570.202	Renter Large Related	Slum/Blight Spot
14I Lead-Based /Lead Hazard Test/Abatement	Renter Small Related	Low/Moderate Housing
19E CDBG Operation and Repair of Foreclosed Property	All other Renter Household Types	

Outcome and Objective Code/Statement

DH-3 Sustainability for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing

Performance Indicator

Rental units rehabilitated

		GreenThun	ıb		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-DPR-0053	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$863,000	Total number of persons a access to a service	assisted with new/improved	70,000
Activity Codes/N	lames	House	hold Type	Income	
	ices (General) 570.201(e)		pplicable	Low/Moderate Area	
Outcome and Ol	jective Code/Statement				
SL-1 Accessibil	ity for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E	Environments			
Performance Inc	licator				
Public service ac	ctivities				
	H	PD Administı	ation		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0092	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$4,413,000	Not Applicable		0
Activity Codes/N	lamas	House	hold Type	Income	
	ogram Administration 570.206		pplicable	Not Applicable	
N/A Not Applicat	pjective Code/Statement				
Performance Ind					
N/A Not Applicat		N.E.	71 14		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Emergency (Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0198	Community Development Block Grant	\$10,709,000		given overnight shelter (# of	1,482
C-111 D-0190	(CDBG)	Ψ10,709,000	households)	given overnight sheller (# of	1,402
Activity Codes/N	lames	House	hold Type	Income	
08 Relocation	570.201(i)		less Family with Children	Limited Clientele	
			less Family without Children		
0	in the Oads (Otal see and	Home	less Individual		
	ojective Code/Statement ity for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	hle Housing			
Performance Ind					
Number of home	eless persons given overnight shelter	TT • G	· D		
OMB Code	Funding Source		ices Program		
C-HPD-0024	Community Development Block Grant	\$609,000	Accomplishment Not Applicable		0
0111 0 0021	(CDBG)	φοσο,σσσ	Тосттринавно		
Activity Codes/N	lames	House	hold Type	Income	
	g Activities (subject to 20% Admin cap) 570.20		r Elderly	Not Applicable	
	<u> </u>		r Large Related		
		Rente	r Small Related		
		All oth	er Renter Household Types		
	pjective Code/Statement				
N/A Not Applicat	ble				
Performance Ind	licator				
N/A Not Applicat					

OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0060	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$4,403,000	Not Applicable		C
Activity Codes/N	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
20 Planning 5			pplicable	Not Applicable	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				
N/A Not Applica					
Performance Inc	dicator				
N/A Not Applica					
,,		orbood Prese	rvation Offices		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0137	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$4,824,000	Not Applicable		0
Activity Codes/N	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
20 Planning 5			pplicable	Not Applicable	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement	1			
N/A Not Applica	-				
Performance Inc	dicator				
N/A Not Applica	ble				
) Program Pla	anning		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0166	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$2,613,000	Not Applicable		0
Activity Codes/N	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
20 Planning 5			pplicable	Not Applicable	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement	<u> </u>			
N/A Not Applica	-				
Performance Inc	dicator				
N/A Not Applica	** * * * * *				
· •/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Homeless Outreac	h and Housin	σ Placement Serv	vices	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	1005	
C-DHS-0046	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$553,000		sons assisted with new/improved	800
Activity Codes/N	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
05O Mental Hea	alth Services 570.201(e)		less Individual	Limited Clientele	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement			<u>'</u>	
	ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E	Environments			
OL-1 Accession					

Housing Information and Education

OMB_Code	Funding Source	nformation ar Amount	Accomplishment		
C-MAY-0048	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$124,000	Total number of persons a access to a service	ssisted with new/improved	34,500
Activity Codes/N	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
	ed Services 570.201(e)		r Elderly	Limited Clientele	
	. ,		r Large Related		
		Rente	r Small Related		
		All oth	er Renter Household Types		
		Home	less Family with Children		
		Home	less Family without Children		
		Home	less Individual		
		Other			
		Home	owner Existing		
		Home	owner First Time		
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				
DH-1 Accessib	oility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	able Housing			
Performance Inc	dicator				
Public service a	ctivities				
	In Rem Building	Maintenance :	and Repair Program		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0090	Community Development Block Grant	\$838,000	Total number of units brou	ght from substandard to	241
<u> </u>	(CDBG)	4000,000	standard condition (Estima	ited 01/01/12 in rem	
			occupied building inventor	y: occupied & vacant units)	
Activity Codes/N	Namos	House	hold Type	Income	
	eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property	ı	r Elderly	Low/Moderate Housing	
102 0220 000	Station and Hopain of Foresiooda Freporty		r Large Related	20W/Wodorato Flodollig	
			r Small Related		
			er Renter Household Types		
0	hisativa Cada (Ctatamant	7 111 0111	or romar riadomaia Typos		
	bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	blo Housing			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	bie i lousing			
Performance Inc	dicator				
Rental units reha					
	5		Repair Project Suppo	ort	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0015	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$1,833,000	None		C
Activity Codes/N	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
	eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property		r Elderly	Low/Moderate Housing	
19E CDBG Ope		Danta	r Large Related		
19E CDBG Ope		Rente	. = 4. 90 . 10.4104		
19E CDBG Ope			r Small Related		
19E CDBG Ope		Rente	-		
	bjective Code/Statement	Rente	r Small Related		

Performance Indicator

N/A Not Applicable

In Rem Material Management and Procurement

DMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0013	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$792,000	Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory	ed 01/01/12 in rem	241
Activity Codes/N	Names	Housel	hold Type	Income	
	eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property		· Elderly	Low/Moderate Housing	
.02 0220 0p0			Large Related	g	
			Small Related		
			er Renter Household Types		
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				
	ility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	ble Housing			
Performance Inc	dicator				
Rental units reha					
	In Rem Pro	perty Manage	ment Program		
MB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0014	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$4,311,000	Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory	ed 01/01/12 in rem	241
Anthultus On the M	Name of		, ,		
Activity Codes/N			hold Type	Income	
19E CDBG Obe	eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property		· Elderly · Large Related	Low/Moderate Housing	
			· Small Related		
		1011101	er Renter Household Types		
DH-2 Affordabi	ility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	ble Housina			
	abilitated	<u> </u>			
Performance Inc	dicator abilitated In Rem S	Superintender			
Performance Ind Rental units reha	dicator abilitated In Rem S	Superintender Amount	Accomplishment	uht from substandard to	241
Performance Ind Rental units reha	dicator abilitated In Rem S	Superintender		ed 01/01/12 in rem	241
Performance Inc Rental units rehamance DMB_Code C-HPD-0012	Abilitated In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Superintender Amount \$190,000	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory	ed 01/01/12 in rem coccupied & vacant units)	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N	Adicator abilitated In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Superintender Amount \$190,000	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N	Abilitated In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory	ed 01/01/12 in rem coccupied & vacant units)	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N	Adicator abilitated In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory hold Type	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N	Adicator abilitated In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory hold Type Elderly Large Related	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope	Adicator abilitated In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Total Type Elderly Large Related Small Related	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Total Type Elderly Large Related Small Related	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reh DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Total Type Elderly Large Related Small Related	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Total Type Elderly Large Related Small Related	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reh DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other ble Housing	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Hold Type Elderly Large Related Small Related er Renter Household Types	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc Rental units reha	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda dicator abilitated	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other ble Housing	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) nold Type Elderly Large Related Small Related er Renter Household Types	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other ble Housing	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Hold Type Elderly Large Related Small Related er Renter Household Types	ed 01/01/12 in rem : occupied & vacant units) Income	241
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-LPC-0202	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda dicator abilitated Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other ble Housing LPC Plannin Amount \$531,000	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) nold Type Elderly Large Related Small Related er Renter Household Types Accomplishment Not Applicable	Income Low/Moderate Housing	
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-LPC-0202 Activity Codes/N	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda dicator abilitated Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other ble Housing LPC Plannin Amount \$531,000 Housel	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Thold Type Elderly Large Related For Small Related For Renter Household Types Accomplishment Not Applicable	Income Income Income Low/Moderate Housing Income	
Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-HPD-0012 Activity Codes/N 19E CDBG Ope Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc Rental units reha DMB_Code C-LPC-0202 Activity Codes/N 20 Planning 5	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda dicator abilitated Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names 70.205	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other ble Housing LPC Plannin Amount \$531,000 Housel	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) nold Type Elderly Large Related Small Related er Renter Household Types Accomplishment Not Applicable	Income Low/Moderate Housing	
Performance Inc Rental units reha Rental units reha Performance Inc Rental units reh	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement dicator abilitated Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names 70.205 bjective Code/Statement	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other ble Housing LPC Plannin Amount \$531,000 Housel	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Thold Type Elderly Large Related For Small Related For Renter Household Types Accomplishment Not Applicable	Income Income Income Low/Moderate Housing Income	
Performance Inc Rental units reha Performance Inc	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement dicator abilitated Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names 70.205 bjective Code/Statement	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other ble Housing LPC Plannin Amount \$531,000 Housel	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Thold Type Elderly Large Related For Small Related For Renter Household Types Accomplishment Not Applicable	Income Income Income Low/Moderate Housing Income	
Performance Inc Rental units reha Rental units reha Performance Inc Rental units reh	In Rem S Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names eration and Repair of Foreclosed Property bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda dicator abilitated Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names 70.205 bjective Code/Statement ble	Superintender Amount \$190,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other ble Housing LPC Plannin Amount \$531,000 Housel	Accomplishment Total number of units broug standard condition (Estimat occupied building inventory) Thold Type Elderly Large Related For Small Related For Renter Household Types Accomplishment Not Applicable	Income Income Income Low/Moderate Housing Income	

OMB_Code	Funding Source	Restoration P	Accomplishment		
C-DPR-0054	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$559,000	1	ndicator (Number of Acres	275
A artistica O a da	-01		h - 1-1 T	L	
Activity Code			hold Type	Income	
-	rhood Facilities 570.201(c)	Not Ap	pplicable	Low/Moderate Area	
	ervices (General) 570.201(e) Assistance 570.201(f)				
	Objective Code/Statement				
N/I No Suitab					
Performance	Indicator				
	Landmarks Histo	ric Preservat	ion Grant Progran	n	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-LPC-0052	Community Development Block Grant	\$176,000		r-occupied units rehabilitated or	9
	(CDBG)		improved Total number of comm	nercial façade treatments	1
Activity Code	s/Names	Housel	hold Type	Income	
16A Residen	tial Historic Preservation 570.202(d)	Homed	owner Existing	Low/Moderate Housing	
16B Non-Res	sidential Historic Preservation 570.202(d)			Slum/Blight Spot	
				Low/Moderate Area	
	Objective Code/Statement				
	Objective Code/Statement				
	nability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E	invironments			
	nability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E	nvironments			
SL-3 Sustain Performance	nability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E		area based)		
SL-3 Sustain Performance Number of co	nability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E Indicator mmercial façade treatment/business building rehab		area based)		
SL-3 Sustain Performance Number of co	nability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E Indicator mmercial façade treatment/business building rehabiled units rehabilitated or improved	o (site not target a	·)	
Performance Number of co Owner occup	Indicator Indica	o (site not target a	Litigation Division	n)	
SL-3 Sustain Performance Number of co	nability for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E Indicator mmercial façade treatment/business building rehabiled units rehabilitated or improved	o (site not target a	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households	•	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084	Indicator Indica	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessne	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated).	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessne	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated).	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) S/Names Inforcement 570.202(c)	rly Housing l Amount \$7,423,000 Housel	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessne hold Type r Elderly	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	rly Housing l Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessneed to the control of the control o	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated).	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) S/Names Inforcement 570.202(c)	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessne hold Type r Elderly	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area Low/Moderate Housing	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup OMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er 19E CDBG C	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) S/Names Conference Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessneed to prevent homelessnee	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area Low/Moderate Housing	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup OMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er 19E CDBG C	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) S/Names Inforcement 570.202(c)	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessneed to prevent homelessnee	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area Low/Moderate Housing	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup OMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er 19E CDBG C Outcome and DH-2 Afford	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) S/Names Operation and Repair of Foreclosed Property Objective Code/Statement Abbility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessneed to prevent homelessnee	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area Low/Moderate Housing	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er 19E CDBG C Outcome and DH-2 Afford Performance	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Indicator Indicator Objective Code/Statement Indicator	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessneed to prevent homelessnee	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area Low/Moderate Housing	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er 19E CDBG C Outcome and DH-2 Afford	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Indicator Indicator Objective Code/Statement Indicator	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessneed to prevent homelessnee	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area Low/Moderate Housing	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er 19E CDBG C Outcome and DH-2 Afford Performance Homeless pre	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) S/Names Operation and Repair of Foreclosed Property Objective Code/Statement ability for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab Indicator evention	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessneshold Type r Elderly r Small Related r Large Related er Renter Household Type	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area Low/Moderate Housing	221,215
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er 19E CDBG C Outcome and DH-2 Afford Performance	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Indicator Indicator Objective Code/Statement Indicator	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other	Litigation Division Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessne hold Type r Elderly r Small Related r Large Related er Renter Household Type Accomplishment Total number of perso	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area Low/Moderate Housing pes ons assisted with new/improved 40 swimmers per day in a 69-	
Performance Number of co Owner occup DMB_Code C-HPD-0084 Activity Code 15 Code Er 19E CDBG C Outcome and DH-2 Afford Performance Homeless pre	Indicator Indicator Immercial façade treatment/business building rehability rehabilitated or improved Litigation (forme Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Community of Foreclosed Property	rly Housing I Amount \$7,423,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter All other Minipools Amount \$636,000	Accomplishment Accomplishment Number of households to prevent homelessne hold Type r Elderly r Small Related r Large Related er Renter Household Type Accomplishment Total number of perso access to a service (14)	s that received legal assistance ess (# of cases litigated). Income Low/Moderate Area Low/Moderate Housing pes ons assisted with new/improved 40 swimmers per day in a 69-	221,215

SL-1 Accessibility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments

Performance Indicator

Public service activities

		C Business Sol	lutions		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-SBS-0200	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$880,000	Total new businesses		7,000
	(0000)		Total existing busines		3,500
				ons assisted with new/improved ia Business Basics training	2,400
Activity Codes/I	Names	Housel	nold Type	Income	
05H Employme	nt Training 570.201(e)	Not Ap	pplicable	Limited Clientele	
18B ED Techni	cal Assistance 570.203(b)			Low/Moderate Area	
18C Micro-Ente	rprise Assistance				
	bjective Code/Statement				
EO-1 Accessib	ility for the purpose of creating Economic Oppor	rtunities			
Performance In	dicator				
Businesses ass	isted				
Public service a			~ .		
OMB_Code	Neighbo Funding Source	rhood Housin Amount	ng Services Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0000	Community Development Block Grant	\$911,000		er-occupied units brought from	25
0111 12 0000	(CDBG)	Ψ511,000	substandard to stand		۷,
Activity Codes/I	Names	Housel	hold Type	Income	
14A Rehab; Sir	ngle-Unit Residential 570.202	Home	owner Existing	Low/Moderate Housing	
14B Rehab; Mu	ılti-Unit Residential 570.202				
21A General Pr	ogram Administration 570.206				
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				
	bility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	able Housing			
Performance In	dicator				
Owner occupied	d units rehabilitated or improved				
			on Consultants		
OMB_Code C-HPD-0114	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant	Amount	Accomplishment None		(
C-HPD-0114	(CDBG)	\$906,000	None		'
Activity Codes/I	Namas	Hausal	hold Type	Income	
-	cal Assistance 570.203(b)		h old Type · Elderly	Low/Moderate Area	
TOB ED Technic	cal Assistance 370.203(b)		· Small Related	Low/Moderate Area	
			· Large Related		
			er Renter Household Ty	/pes	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement		•	·	
N/A Not Applica	ble				
Performance In	dicator	-			
N/A Not Applica	ble				
			lean-Up Program		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-DSNY-0031	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$20,657,000	No Suitable HUD Ind Cleaned)	icator (Number of Vacant Lots	3,90
Activity Codes/I	Names	Housel	hold Type	Income	
	sistance 570.201(f)		pplicable	Low/Moderate Area	
	bjective Code/Statement				
N/I No Suitable	-				
Daufaum !	diantau				
Performance In	uiGatOI				

DMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-MAY-0047	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$240,000	Total number of own improved	er-occupied units rehabilitated or	10
			Total Rental Units M Disabilities	ade Accessible for Persons with	10
Activity Codes/	Names	Housel	nold Type	Income	
14A Rehab; Sir	ngle-Unit Residential 570.202	Homed	wner Existing	Limited Clientele	
14B Rehab; Mu	ulti-Unit Residential 570.202	Renter	Elderly		
		Renter	Small Related		
		Renter	Large Related		
		All other	er Renter Household T	ypes	
		Other			
Outcome and C	bjective Code/Statement			<u></u>	
	pility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordate	ole Housing			
Performance In	dicator				
	d units rehabilitated or improved				
Rental units reh	·				
	Property Disposition and Finance (Fo	ormorly In D	m Alternative M	Ignagament Program)	
		Ji ilici iy ili ix		ianagement i rogram)	
		Amount	Accomplishment		
OMB_Code C-HPD-0207	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	Amount \$18,018,000	Accomplishment Estimated PDF occu	pied inventory on 1/1/12	2,810
OMB_Code C-HPD-0207	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$18,018,000		pied inventory on 1/1/12	2,810
DMB_Code C-HPD-0207 Activity Codes/	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$18,018,000 Housel	Estimated PDF occu	•	2,810
DMB_Code C-HPD-0207 Activity Codes/	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names	\$18,018,000 Housel	Estimated PDF occu	Income	2,810
DMB_Code C-HPD-0207 Activity Codes/	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names	\$18,018,000 Housel Renter Renter	Estimated PDF occurrence of the second Type Elderly	Income	2,810
OMB_Code C-HPD-0207 Activity Codes/	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Names	\$18,018,000 Housel Renter Renter Renter	Estimated PDF occur nold Type Elderly Large Related	Income Low/Moderate Housing	2,810

Performance Indicator

Rental units rehabilitated

Prospect Park Special Administrator's Office

•	OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
	C-DPR-0032	Community Development Block Grant	\$536,000	Total number of persons assisted with new/improved 8,863,109	
		(CDBG)		access to a service (Based on user survey)	

Activity Codes/Names	Household Type	Income
05 Public Services (General) 570.201(e)	Not Applicable	Low/Moderate Area

Outcome and Objective Code/Statement

SL-1 Accessibility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Environments

Performance Indicator

Public service activities

	Reh	abilitation S	ervices	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
C-HPD-0209	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$553,000	Number of physica	al inspections performed
Activity Codes/Na	ames	House	ehold Type	Income
14H Rehabilitation	n Administration 570.202	Rente	er Elderly	Low/Moderate Housing
		Rente	er Large Related	
			er Small Related	
		All ot	ner Renter Household	l Types
Outcome and Ob	jective Code/Statement			
N/I No Suitable In	ndicator			
Performance Indi	cator			
	Pont Cuide	olinas Daand	Support Staff	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
C-HPD-0199	Community Development Block Grant	\$530.000		
0 111 12 0 100	(CDBG)	ψοσο,σσο	ТОСТОРНОВЫС	
Activity Codes/Na			ehold Type	Income
20 Planning 57		Not A	pplicable	Not Applicable
	gram Administration 570.206			
21C Public Inform				
	jective Code/Statement			
N/A Not Applicab	le			
Performance Indi	icator			
N/A Not Applicab	le			
		Safe Horizo	n	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
C-MOCJC-0037	Community Development Block Grant	\$3,614,000	<u> </u>	ersons assisted with new/improved 125,0
	(CDBG)		access to a service	<u> </u>
Activity Codes/Na	amos	House	ehold Type	Income
	ces (General) 570.201(e)		pplicable	Limited Clientele
21B Indirect Cos		14007	ррпсавіс	Limited Offertiele
	jective Code/Statement ty for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Er	nvironmente		
3L-1 Accessibili	ty for the purpose of creating Suitable Living En	Tiviloriments		
Performance Indi	cator			
Public service act	tivities			
	Sc	orecard Pro	gram	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
C-MAY-0203	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$451,000		
Activity Codes/Na			ehold Type	Income
20 Planning 57	0.205	Not A	pplicable	Not Applicable
Outcome and Ob	jective Code/Statement	'		<u> </u>
N/A Not Applicab	-			
Performance Indi	cator			

N/A Not Applicable

OMB Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-CHA-0041	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$450,000	Total number of pe access to a service	rsons assisted with new/improved	2,549
Activity Codes/I	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
05A Senior Services 570.201(e)		Rente	r Elderly	Limited Clientele	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement	,		<u>'</u>	
DH-1 Accessib	oility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	able Housing			
Performance In	dicator				
Public service a	ctivities				
	Targe	ted Code Enfo	orcement		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
C-HPD-0010	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$34,988,000	No Suitable HUD In Violations Remove	ndicator (Number of Code d)	500,000
Activity Codes/l	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
15 Code Enfo	rcement 570.202(c)		r Elderly	Low/Moderate Area	
		Rente	r Large Related		
			r Small Related		
		All oth	er Renter Household	Types	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				
N/I NO Suitable	Indicator				
Performance In	dicator				
OMB Octo	Van Cortlandt/Pelham I			tor's Office	
OMB_Code C-DPR-0033	Funding Source Community Development Block Grant	Amount \$479,000	Accomplishment	rsons assisted with new/improved	4 000 000
C-DFK-0033	(CDBG)	\$479,000		(Based on user survey)	4,000,000
Activity Codes/	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
	vices (General) 570.201(e)		oplicable	Low/Moderate Area	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				

Public service activities

DMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
H-HPD-0000	HOME Investment Partnership	\$110,537,898	See HOME funded program	ns
Activity Codes/N	lames	House	hold Type	Income
01 Acquisition			her Renter Household Types	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
•	(Residential)		less Family with Children	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
	and Demolition		less Family without Children	0 to 60% MFI (Tax Credit Income E
	f construction sites		less Individual	o to copo im i (i ax crean meeme =
•	ership Assist (NOT DIRECT)		less Youth	
	ruction Housing	Home	owner Existing	
	eownership Assistance		owner First Time	
	on: Multi-Unit Residential	Rente	r Elderly	
14G Acquisition	- For Rehabilitation	Rente	r Large Related	
•	on Administration		r Small Related	
21A General Pr	ogram Administration	Speci	al needs populations (Persons	3
21E Submission	ns or Applications for Federal Programs			
	ntal Subsidy Payments (subject tp 5% cap)			
	nin/Planning Costs of PJs			
	bjective Code/Statement			
	ility for the purpose of providing Decent Afford	lahla Housing		
		•		
DH-2 Affordabi	lity for the purpose of providing Decent Afford	able Housing		
DH-3 Sustaina	bility for the purpose of providing Decent Affor	dable Housing		
Performance Inc	licator			
	aloutoi			
10) Direct Finan	cial Assistance to homebuyers			
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance			
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base	cial Assistance to homebuyers			
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance uits constructed per project or activity			
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance uits constructed per project or activity	ed with Rehabilitati	on (per project or activity)	
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire	ed with Rehabilitation	on (per project or activity)	
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ed units rehabilitated or improved			
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ed units rehabilitated or improved	ed with Rehabilitation IPD Administr Amount		
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire led units rehabilitated or improved	IPD Administr	ation	
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved H Funding Source HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790	Accomplishment Not Applicable	Incomo
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved H Funding Source HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790	ation Accomplishment Not Applicable	Income Not Applicable
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire fed units rehabilitated or improved Funding Source HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) lames as or Applications for Federal Programs	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790	Accomplishment Not Applicable	Income Not Applicable
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Funding Source HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) James as or Applications for Federal Programs hin/Planning Costs of PJ (subject to 5% cap)	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790	ation Accomplishment Not Applicable	1
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Outcome and O	cial Assistance to homebuyers ad Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity schabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ad units rehabilitated or improved Hunding Source HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) lames his or Applications for Federal Programs hin/Planning Costs of PJ (subject to 5% cap) bjective Code/Statement	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790	ation Accomplishment Not Applicable	1
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr	cial Assistance to homebuyers ad Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity schabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ad units rehabilitated or improved Hunding Source HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) lames his or Applications for Federal Programs hin/Planning Costs of PJ (subject to 5% cap) bjective Code/Statement	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790	ation Accomplishment Not Applicable	1
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Outcome and O	cial Assistance to homebuyers ad Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity schabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Funding Source	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790	ation Accomplishment Not Applicable	1
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Outcome and O N/A Not Applica	cial Assistance to homebuyers ad Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity sehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) Hames his or Applications for Federal Programs hin/Planning Costs of PJ (subject to 5% cap) bjective Code/Statement ble	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790	ation Accomplishment Not Applicable	1
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Outcome and O N/A Not Applica Performance Inc.	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Funding Source HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) Names his or Applications for Federal Programs hin/Planning Costs of PJ (subject to 5% cap) bjective Code/Statement ble dicator ble	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790 House Not A	ation Accomplishment Not Applicable	1
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Dutcome and O N/A Not Applica Performance Inc N/A Not Applica	cial Assistance to homebuyers ed Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity ehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Funding Source HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) Names his or Applications for Federal Programs hin/Planning Costs of PJ (subject to 5% cap) bjective Code/Statement ble dicator ble	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790 House Not A	Accomplishment Not Applicable shold Type pplicable	1
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Dutcome and O N/A Not Applica Performance Inc N/A Not Applica	cial Assistance to homebuyers ad Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity schabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Funding Source	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790 House Not A	Accomplishment Not Applicable Shold Type pplicable neurs Program	1
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Outcome and O N/A Not Applica Performance Inc N/A Not Applica DMB_Code H-HPD-0002	cial Assistance to homebuyers ad Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity sehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) Alames As or Applications for Federal Programs Anin/Planning Costs of PJ (subject to 5% cap) Albertive Code/Statement Albertive Code/Statement Albertive Code/Statement Albertive Code/Statement Albertive Code/Statement Blicator Blicator	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790 House Not A cood Entreprese Amount \$385,301	Accomplishment Not Applicable hold Type pplicable neurs Program Accomplishment Housing units	Not Applicable 3
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Outcome and O N/A Not Applica Performance Inc N/A Not Applica OMB_Code H-HPD-0002 Activity Codes/N	cial Assistance to homebuyers ad Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity habilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Funding Source	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790 House Not A sood Entreprer Amount \$385,301 House	Accomplishment Not Applicable hold Type pplicable neurs Program Accomplishment Housing units	Not Applicable 3 Income
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Outcome and O N/A Not Applica Performance Inc N/A Not Applica OMB_Code H-HPD-0002 Activity Codes/N	cial Assistance to homebuyers ad Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity sehabilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) Alames As or Applications for Federal Programs Anin/Planning Costs of PJ (subject to 5% cap) Albertive Code/Statement Albertive Code/Statement Albertive Code/Statement Albertive Code/Statement Albertive Code/Statement Blicator Blicator	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790 House Not A sood Entreprer Amount \$385,301 House All off	Accomplishment Not Applicable hold Type pplicable neurs Program Accomplishment Housing units chold Type ner Renter Household Types	Not Applicable 3 Income Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
10) Direct Finan 11) Tenant-Base 6) New rental ur 7) Rental units r 8) Homeowners 9) Owner occup MB_Code H-HPD-0001 Activity Codes/N 21E Submission 21H HOME Adr Dutcome and O N/A Not Applica Performance Inc N/A Not Applica MB_Code H-HPD-0002 Activity Codes/N	cial Assistance to homebuyers ad Rental Assistance hits constructed per project or activity habilitated hip Units Constructed Acquired and/or Acquire ded units rehabilitated or improved Funding Source	IPD Administr Amount \$11,053,790 House Not A solution Amount \$385,301 House All oth Rente	Accomplishment Not Applicable hold Type pplicable neurs Program Accomplishment Housing units	Not Applicable 3 Income

Outcome and Objective Code/Statement

Performance Indicator

Rental units rehabilitated

DH-2 Affordability for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable Housing

OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amoun	ppment Program Accomplishment		
H-HPD-0003	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$3,247,29			27
Activity Codes/I	Names ulti-Unit Residential		sehold Type	Income	
146 Renab, Mic	uni-Onic Residential		other Renter Household Types hter Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI) Low (51 to 80% MFI)	
			iter Large Related	2011 (0.110 0070 1111 1)	
			iter Small Related		
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				
	ility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable	le Housing			
Performance In	dicator				
Rental units reh	abilitated				
	Participation	Loan Pro	gram (Gut/Mod)		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amoun			
H-HPD-0004	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$5,076,89	5 Housing units		68
Activity Codes/I			sehold Type	Income	
12 Construction	•		other Renter Household Types	, ,	
	neownership Assistance		neowner Existing	Low (51 to 80% MFI)	
,	ılti-Unit Residential		neowner First Time		
14G Acquisition	n - for Rehabilitation		iter Elderly		
		Rei	iter Large Related		
		Rei	ter Small Related		
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				
DH-3 Sustaina	bility for the purpose of providing Decent Afforda	ble Housing			
D (Market in				
Performance In	******				
Owner occupied	d units rehabilitated or improved				
			sing Program		
DMB_Code H-HPD-0006	Funding Source	Amoun	<u> </u>		200
n-nPD-0006	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$40,341,22	Housing units		288
Activity Codes/I	Names	Hou	sehold Type	Income	
12 Construction			other Renter Household Types		
	ulti-Unit Residential		neless Individual	Low (51 to 80% MFI)	
,	n - for Rehabilitation		cial Needs Populations	25W (61 to 6670 tvii 1)	
		Орк	olar recac r opulations		
	bjective Code/Statement bility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab	ole Housing			
		no i lodoli ig			
Performance In	******				
Rental units reh		1D / T			
		rd Party T			
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amoun	•		
H-HPD-0010	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$6,889,14	1 Housing units		34
Activity Codes/I	Names	Hou	sehold Type	Income	
	of Real Property		iter Small Related	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
•	on of Housing		iter Large Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)	
	ulti-Unit Residential		other Renter Household Types	,	
. 15 Ronas, Mic	S Hoodormal	All	sor realizations in pes	Other	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				
	ility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab	ole Housing			
Performance In	dicator				

Rental units rehabilitated

Multifamily Homeownership (formerly Cornerstone Program)

OMB_Code	Multifamily Homeowner Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
H-HPD-0011	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$210,007	Housing units	-
Activity Codes/I			hold Type	Income
•	of Real Property	Home	owner First Time	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
12 Construction	on of Housing			Low (51 to 80% MFI)
				Low/Moderate Housing Other
				Other
	bjective Code/Statement			
DH-1 Accession	oility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable	e Housing		
Performance In	dicator			
Homeownership	units constructed			
	Article	e 8A Loan P	rogram	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
H-HPD-0012	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$5,011,231	Housing units	243
Activity Codes/			hold Type	Income
14B Rehab; Mu	ılti-Unit Residential		r Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
`			r Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
			r Large Related	Low/Moderate Housing
			owner Existing	
		All oth	er Renter Household Types	<u> </u>
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement			
DH-1 Accessib	oility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable	e Housing		
Performance In	dicator			

Rental units reh			n	
OMD Code		IultiFamily	•	
OMB_Code H-HPD-0028	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	400
Н-НРД-0028	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$4,103,228	Housing units	122
Activity Codes/l	Names	House	hold Type	Income
	ılti-Unit Residential		er Renter Household Types	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
14G Acquisition	- for Rehabilitation		r Elderly	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement	<u> </u>		
	bility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab	ole Housing		
Performance In	dicator			
Rental units reh	abilitated			
	Multifamil	ly Rental M	ixed Income	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
H-HPD-0029	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$2,612,933	Housing units	5
Activity Codes/I			hold Type	Income
	of Real Property		r Large Related	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
12 Construction	on of Housing		r Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
		All oth	er Renter Household Types	
				Other
	bjective Code/Statement			
DH-1 Accessib	oility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable	e Housing		
Performance In	dicator			
New rental units	o constructed			

Low Income Rental Program (formerly New MIRP)

OMD Code	Low Income Rental	U	•	•		
DMB_Code H-HPD-0031	Funding Source HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$16,000,7		Accomplishment Housing units		267
n-nFD-0031	HOME Investment Fattherships (HOME)	\$10,000,7	00	Housing units		20
Activity Codes/	Names	Hou	useh	old Type	Income	
01 Acquisition	n of Real Property	Re	enter	Small Related	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
12 Constructi	on of Housing	Re	enter	Large Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)	
		All	othe	er Renter Household Types		
		Ho	mel	ess Family with Children		
		Ho	omel	ess Family without Children		
		Ho	mele	ess Individual		
	Objective Code/Statement					
DH-1 Accessil	bility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable	e Housing				
Performance In	dicator					
New rental unit	s constructed					
	Senior Housing Progra	am (form	erl)	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amour		Accomplishment		
H-HPD-0033	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$8,181,2	289	Housing units		12
Activity Codes/	Names	Hou	useh	old Type	Income	
12 Constructi				Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
14B Rehab; Mi	ulti-Unit Residential					
14G Acquisition	n - for Rehabilitation					
Outcome and C	Objective Code/Statement					
DH-2 Affordat	illity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable	e Housing				
Performance In	dicator					
New rental unit	s constructed					
	HOME Tenar	nt-Based	Rer	tal Assistance		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amour	nt	Accomplishment		
H-HPD-0035	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$3,722,2	265	Households (Used for House	sing activities.)	26
Activity Codes/	Names	Hoi	useh	old Type	Income	
	ntal Subsidy Payments (subject to 5% cap)			Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
				Large Related		
				Small Related		
		All	othe	er Renter Household Types		
				ess Individual		
		Но	mele	ess Family with Children		
				ess Family without Children		
				ess Youth		
		Sp	ecia	I needs populations		
Outcome and C	Objective Code/Statement				_	
	illity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable	e Housing				
Performance In	dicator					
GITOI III AITCE III	idicato:					

Tenant-Based Rental Assistance

DMB_Code	Funding Source	ormerly DAMP Special Projects) Amount Accomplishment	
H-HPD-0036	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$1,099,208 Housing units	7
A ativitus Carlag (A	Names	Hereah ald Time	lusama
Activity Codes/N	varnes ılti-Unit Residential	Household Type Renter Large Related	Income Low/Moderate Housing
14B Renab, Mu	ini-Onit Residential	Renter Elderly	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
		All other Renter Household Types	
		Renter Small Related	
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement		
DH-2 Affordabi	ility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordabl	e Housing	
Performance Inc	dicator		
Rental units reha	abilitated		
		n Payment Assistance Program	
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount Accomplishment	
H-HPD-0201	HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME)	\$2,603,387 Housing units	174
Activity Codes/N	Names	Household Type	Income
13 Direct Hom	neownership Assistance	Homeowner First Time	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
			Low (51 to 80% MFI)
	bjective Code/Statement		
DH-2 Affordabi	ility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordabl	e Housing	
Performance Inc	dicator		
Direct financial a	assitance to homebuyers		
	Emer	gency Shelter Grant	
DMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount Accomplishment	
E-DHS-0000	Emergency Shelter Grant	\$7,908,520 See ESG funded program	S
		Household Type	Income
Activity Codes/N	Names	nousellolu i vbe	
	Names Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs	Homeless Family with Children	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03T Operation 0			Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
-	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs	Homeless Family with Children	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03T Operation 0	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03T Operation 0 05 Public Serv	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03T Operation 0 05 Public Serv	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General)	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03T Operation 0 05 Public Serv Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living En	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03T Operation 0 05 Public Serv Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living En	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03T Operation 0 05 Public Serv Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter ess Prevention	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter ess Prevention	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne 16) Jobs retaine 2) Public service	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter less Prevention add e activities Services	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth avironments ces to the Homeless	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne 16) Jobs retaine 2) Public service	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter ess Prevention ed e activities Service Funding Source	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth avironments ces to the Homeless Amount Accomplishment	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne 16) Jobs retaine 2) Public service	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter less Prevention add e activities Services	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth avironments ces to the Homeless	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne 16) Jobs retaine 2) Public service DMB_Code E-DHS-0002	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter ess Prevention ed e activities Service Funding Source Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG)	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth avironments ces to the Homeless Amount Accomplishment	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne 16) Jobs retaine 2) Public service DMB_Code E-DHS-0002	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter ess Prevention ed e activities Service Funding Source Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG)	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth evironments ces to the Homeless Amount Accomplishment \$7,288,058 People (General) Household Type Homeless Individual	17,081 Income Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne 16) Jobs retaine 2) Public service DMB_Code E-DHS-0002 Activity Codes/N	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter ess Prevention ed e activities Servic Funding Source Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG)	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth ces to the Homeless Amount Accomplishment \$7,288,058 People (General) Household Type Homeless Individual Homeless Family without Children	17,081 Income Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne 16) Jobs retaine 2) Public service DMB_Code E-DHS-0002	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter ess Prevention ed e activities Servic Funding Source Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG)	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth ces to the Homeless Amount Accomplishment \$7,288,058 People (General) Household Type Homeless Individual Homeless Family without Children Homeless Family with Children	17,081 Income Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne 16) Jobs retaine 2) Public service DMB_Code E-DHS-0002 Activity Codes/N 05 Public Service	costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter less Prevention ed e activities Service Funding Source Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) Names vices (General)	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth ces to the Homeless Amount Accomplishment \$7,288,058 People (General) Household Type Homeless Individual Homeless Family without Children	17,081 Income Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
Outcome and O SL-1 Accessibi Performance Inc 12) Number of h 14) Homelessne 16) Jobs retaine 2) Public service DMB_Code E-DHS-0002 Activity Codes/N 05 Public Service Outcome and O	Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs vices (General) bjective Code/Statement ility for the purpose of creating Suitable Living Endicator nomeless persons given overnight shelter ess Prevention ed e activities Servic Funding Source Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG)	Homeless Family with Children Homeless Family without Children Homeless Individual Homeless Youth evironments ces to the Homeless Amount Accomplishment \$7,288,058 People (General) Household Type Homeless Individual Homeless Family without Children Homeless Family with Children Homeless Youth	17,08 ⁻² Income Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)

Homeless prevention

Number of homeless persons given overnight shelter

	Franchisco Carrasa	A	A		
OMB_Code E-DHS-0003	Funding Source Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG)	\$620,462	Accomplishment People (General)		15,269
2 2110 0000	Emergency cherical craft (200)	Ψ020,402	1 copie (General)		10,200
Activity Codes/I	Names	House	hold Type	Income	
03T Operating	Costs of Homeless/AIDS Patients Programs	Home	less Individual	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
		Home	less Family with Children		
		Home	less Family without Children		
Outcome and O	bjective Code/Statement				
SL-1 Accessib	lity for the purpose of creating Suitable Living E	nvironments			
Performance Inc	dicator				
Number of home	eless persons given overnight shelter				
	Housing Oppor	tunities for P	ersons with AIDS		
MB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
P-HOPWA-0000	Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	\$55,968,315	Not Applicable		
Activity Codes/I	Names Costs of Homeless/AIDS Patients Programs		hold Type	Income	
05 Public Serv	_	Specia	al Needs Populations (Person	S Very Low (0 to 50% MFI) Low (51 to 80% MFI)	
05Q Subsistend	·			LOW (31 to 80 % WIFT)	
	ising Subsidies (if HOME, not part of 5% Admin	Can)			
	ogram Administration	Сару			
	bjective Code/Statement				
	lity for the number of providing Decent Affordel	la Hausina			
DH-2 Affordabl	lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab	le Housing			
		le Housing			
	dicator	le Housing			
Performance Inc	dicator	· · ·	nel: Case Management	t and Support Service	s
Performance Inc Public service a HASA	dicator ctivities	· · ·	nel: Case Management	t and Support Service	s
Performance Inc Public service a HASA DMB_Code	dicator ctivities Case Management and Support Ser	vices-Person	_		
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	vices-Person Amount \$2,000,000	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Se	rvice activities.)	
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	wices-Person Amount \$2,000,000	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Se	rvice activities.) Income	
Performance Inc Public service a HASA DMB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	wices-Person Amount \$2,000,000	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Se	rvice activities.) Income	
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Service	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names vices (General)	wices-Person Amount \$2,000,000	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Se	rvice activities.) Income s Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Serv Outcome and O	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names Vices (General) bjective Code/Statement	rvices-Person Amount \$2,000,000 House	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Se	rvice activities.) Income s Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Serv Outcome and O	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names vices (General)	rvices-Person Amount \$2,000,000 House	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Se	rvice activities.) Income s Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
Performance Inc Public service a HASA DMB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Service Outcome and O	Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names Vices (General) bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab	rvices-Person Amount \$2,000,000 House	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Se	rvice activities.) Income s Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	S 45,000
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Serv Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names Vices (General) bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab	rvices-Person Amount \$2,000,000 House	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Se	rvice activities.) Income s Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Serv Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names vices (General) bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab dicator ctivities	rvices-Person Amount \$2,000,000 House	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Selection Public Selection Public Selection Public Selection Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection Public Selection People (Used for Public S	rvice activities.) Income s Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Service Dutcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc Public service a	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names vices (General) bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab dicator ctivities	rvices-Person Amount \$2,000,000 House Special	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Selection Public Selection Public Selection Public Selection Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection People (Used for Public Selection Public Selection People (Used for Public S	rvice activities.) Income s Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Serv Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc	Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names Vices (General) bjective Code/Statement Ility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab dicator ctivities HASA Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with	A Housing Co	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Semble In Public In Publi	rvice activities.) Income s Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	45,000
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Serv Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc Public service a	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names Vices (General) bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab dicator ctivities HASA Funding Source	A Housing Co	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Semble In Public In Public Semble In Public In P	Income S Very Low (0 to 50% MFI) Low (51 to 80% MFI)	2,851
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Service Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Public service a MB_Code P-HRA-0204	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names vices (General) bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab dicator ctivities HASA Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	House Special A Housing Co Amount \$33,097,102	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Sei hold Type al Needs Populations (Persons ontracts Accomplishment Housing units Households (Used for House	Income S Very Low (0 to 50% MFI) Low (51 to 80% MFI)	2,85
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Service Outcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc Public service a OMB_Code P-HRA-0204 Activity Codes/I Activity Codes/I	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names vices (General) bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab dicator ctivities HASA Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	House A Housing A Housing	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Sei hold Type al Needs Populations (Persons paracts Accomplishment Housing units Households (Used for Household Type	Income Solvery Low (0 to 50% MFI) Low (51 to 80% MFI) sing activities.) Income	2,851
Performance Inc Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/I 05 Public Service Dutcome and O DH-2 Affordabi Performance Inc Public service a MB_Code P-HRA-0204 Activity Codes/I 03T Operating	Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names Vices (General) bjective Code/Statement Ility for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab dicator ctivities HASA Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names Costs of Homeless/AIDS Patients Programs	House A Housing A Housing	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Sei hold Type al Needs Populations (Persons ontracts Accomplishment Housing units Households (Used for House	Income S Very Low (0 to 50% MFI) Low (51 to 80% MFI) sing activities.) Income S Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
Performance Inc. Public service a HASA MB_Code P-HRA-0201 Activity Codes/N 05 Public Service a Public service a Performance Inc. Public service a	ctivities Case Management and Support Ser Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Names vices (General) bjective Code/Statement lity for the purpose of providing Decent Affordab dicator ctivities HASA Funding Source Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	House A Housing A Housing	Accomplishment People (Used for Public Sei hold Type al Needs Populations (Persons paracts Accomplishment Housing units Households (Used for Household Type	Income Solvery Low (0 to 50% MFI) Low (51 to 80% MFI) sing activities.) Income	2,851

Performance Indicator

Public service activities

Department of Health and Mental Hygiene - Bureau of HIV/AIDS Prevention and Control

OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment	
P-DOHMH-0206	Housing Opportunities for Persons with	\$16,637,406	Housing units	667
	AIDS (HOPWA)		Households (Used for Housing activities.)	3,000
			People (Used for Public Service activities.)	3,750

	AIDS (HOPWA)		Households (Used for Housi	ng activities.)	3,000
			People (Used for Public Ser	vice activities.)	3,750
Activity Codes/Na	ames	Househ	old Type	Income	
03T Operating C	osts of Homeless/AIDS Patients Programs	Specia	Needs Populations (Persons	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
05 Public Servi	ces (General)			Low (51 to 80% MFI)	
05Q Subsistence	Payments				
05S Rental Hous	ing Subsidies (if HOME, not part of 5% Admin C	Cap)			
Outcome and Ob	jective Code/Statement				
DH-2 Affordabili	ty for the purpose of providing Decent Affordable	e Housing			
Performance Indi	icator				
Public service act	tivities				
	Grantee Gener	ral Program	Administration		
OMB_Code	Funding Source	Amount	Accomplishment		
P-DOHMH-0301	Housing Opportunities for Persons with	\$1,600,036	Not Applicable		
	AIDS (HOPWA)				
Activity Codes/Na	ames	Househ	old Type	Income	
21A General Pro	gram Administration	Specia	Needs Populations (Persons	Not Applicable	

Outcome and	l Objective	Code/Statement
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N/A Not Applicable

Performance Indicator

N/A Not Applicable

ii. New York City Housing Authority Funds

New York City Housing Authority

Agency	Funding Source	Amount
NYCHA	Public Housing Capital Fund Program	\$273,059,437
	HOPE VI-Program	\$0
	Public Housing Capital – ARRA Grant	\$0

Public Housing Capital Fund Program

Tuone Housing Cupital Luna Hogiam					
Activi	ty Codes/Name	Household Type	Income		
03	Public Facilities and Improvements	Renter Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)		
03A	Senior Centers	Renter Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)		
03E	Neighborhood Facilities	Renter Large Related	Low/Moderate Area		
03F	Parks, Recreational Facilities	All Other Renter Household Types			
03R	Asbestos Removal	Special needs populations			
05	Public Services(General)				
05A	Senior Services				
06	Interim Assistance				
10	Removal of Architectural Barriers				
14B	Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential				
14C	Public Housing Modernization				
14F	Energy Efficiency Improvements				
14G	Acquisition- For Rehabilitation				
14H	Rehabilitation Administration				
14I	Lead-Based /Lead Hazard Test/Abatement				
20	Planning				
21A	General Program Administration				
21D	Fair Housing Activities				

Hope VI

Activity Codes/Name		Household Type	Income
05	Public Services(General)	Renter Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
10	Removal of Architectural Barriers	Renter Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
12	New Construction Housing	Renter Large Related	Moderate (81 to 95% MFI)
14C	Public Housing Modernization	All Other Renter Household Types	
14G	Acquisition- For Rehabilitation		
14H	Rehabilitation Administration		

Public Housing Capital Fund – ARRA Grant

	i ubiic iiousiiig	, Capitai Funu – Mitita Oran	. .
Activi	ty Codes/Name	Household Type	Income
03	Public Facilities and Improvements	Renter Elderly	Low/Moderate Area
03A	Senior Centers	Renter Small Related	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03E	Neighborhood Facilities	Renter Large Related	Low (51% to 80% MFI)
03R	Asbestos Removal	All Other Renter Household Types	
05	Public Services (General)	Special Needs Populations	
10	Removal of Architectural Barriers		
14B	Rehabilitation: Multi-Use Residential		
14C	Public Housing Modernization		
14F	Energy Efficiency Improvements		
14H	Rehabilitation Administration		
14I	Lead-Based/Lead Hazard Test/Abatement		
20	Planning		
21A	General Program Administration		

iii. HUD Competitive Funds

Homeless Continuum of Care SuperNOFA

Agency	Funding Source	Amount
DHS	Supportive Housing	TBD
HPD	Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation SR	TBD
HPD	Shelter Plus Care Program	TBD

Supportive Housing Program

Activity Codes/Name	Household Type	Income
03C Homeless Facilities(Not Operating Costs)	Homeless Family with Children	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03T Operation Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs	Homeless Family without Children	
05 Public Services(General)	Homeless Individual	
05F Substance Abuse Services	Homeless Youth	
05G Battered and Abused Spouses	OTHER	
05H Employment Training	Special needs populations	
05O Mental Health Services		
12 New Construction Housing		
14B Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential		
14G Acquisition- For Rehabilitation		

Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation SRO

Activity Codes/Name	Household Type	Income
05S Rental Housing Subsidies (if HOME, not part of 5% Admin.cap)	Homeless Individual	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
14B Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential	Special needs populations	

Shelter Plus Care Program

Activity Codes/Name	Household Type	Income
05S Rental Housing Subsidies (if HOME, not part of 5% Admin.cap)	Homeless Family with Children	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
	Homeless Individual	

Section 202 Supportive Housing for the Elderly

Agency	Funding Source	Amount
NFP	Section 202 Supportive Housing for the Elderly	TBD
	-	

Activity Code/Name	Households	Income
12 New Construction Housing	Renter Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
14B Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential		
14G Acquisition- For Rehabilitation		

Section 811 Supportive Housing for the Disabled

Agency	Funding Source	Amount
MAY	Section 811 Supportive Housing for the Disabled	TBD

Activity Code/Name	Households	Income
05 Public Services(General)	Renter Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
05S Rental Housing Subsidies (if HOME, not part of 5% Admin.cap)	Renter Small Related	
12 New Construction Housing	Renter Large Related	
14B Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential	All Other Renter Household Types	
14G Acquisition- For Rehabilitation	Homeless Family with Children	
	Homeless Family without Children	
	Homeless Individual	
	Special needs populations	

Section 8 Vouchers

Agency	Funding Source	Amount
NYCHA	Section 8 Rental Vouchers	TBD
HPD	Section 8 Rental Vouchers	\$0

Activity Code/Name	Households	Income
03D Youth Centers 570.201(c)	Homeless Youth	Limited Clientele
21E Submissions or Applications for Federal Programs 570.206		0 to 60% MFI (Tax Credit
31B HOPWA Grantee Administration		Income band)
05R Homeownership Assistance (not direct) 570.204		
18B ED Technical Assistance 570.203(b)		
21F HOME Rental Subsidy Payments (subject to 5% can)		

Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program

Agency	Funding Source	Amount
NFP	Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program	\$0

Activity Code/Name	Households	Income
03C Homeless Facilities(Not Operating Costs)	Renter Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03S Facilities for AIDS Patients(not operating costs)	Renter Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
03T Operation Costs of Homeless/AIDS patients programs	Renter Large Related	
05 Public Services(General)	All Other Renter Household Types	
05Q Subsistence Payments	Homeless Family with Children	
05S Rental Housing Subsidies (if HOME, not part of 5% Admin.cap)	Homeless Family without Children	
12 New Construction Housing	Homeless Individual	
14B Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential	Homeless Youth	
14G Acquisition- For Rehabilitation	OTHER	
	Special needs populations	

Lead Hazard Control Program

Ag	ency	Funding Source	Amount
HF	PD	Lead Hazard Control Program	\$0

Activity Code/Name	Households	Income
14A Rehabilitation: Single-Unit Residential	Renter Large Related	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
14B Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential	Renter Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
14I Lead-Based/Lead Hazard Test/Abatement	Homeowner Existing	
15 Code Enforcement	Homeowner First Time	

Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant Program

Agency	Funding Source	Amount
HPD	Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant Program	\$0

<u> </u>		
Activity Code/Name	Households	Income
14A Rehabilitation: Single-Unit Residential	Renter Large Related	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
14B Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential	Renter Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
14I Lead-Based/Lead Hazard Test/Abatement	Homeowner Existing	
15 Code Enforcement	Homeowner First Time	

iv. State Funds

14G Acquisition- For Rehabilitation

Affordable Homeownership Development Program

		Agency:	Funding 3	Source	Amoun	τ
		OTHER	Affordab	e Housing Corporation	TBD	
Activ	ity Code/Name			Household Type	Inco	ome
01	Acquisition			Homeowner First Time	Vei	ry Low (0 to 50% MFI)
12	New Construction Ho	ousing			Lov	v (51 to 80% MFI)
13	Direct Homeownersh	ip Assistanc	Э		Mo	derate (81 to 95% MFI)
14A	Rehabilitation: Single	-Unit Reside	ntial			
14B	Rehabilitation: Multi-	Jnit Residen	tial			

Homeless Housing and Assistance Program

	Agency: Funding Source		Amount	
	OTHER	Homeless Housing and Assistance Progra	TBD	
Activ	ity Code/Name	Household Type	Income	
01	Acquisition	Homeless Family with Children	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)	
06	Interim Assistance	Homeless Family without Children		
12	New Construction Housing	Homeless Individual		
14B	Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residentia	al Homeless Youth		
14G	Acquisition- For Rehabilitation			

Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC)

Agency:	Funding Source	Amount	
HPD	Low Income Housing Tax Credits	\$14,500,000	
	Hausahald Tura	lucam	

Activi	ty Code/Name	Household Type	Income
12	Construction of Housing 570.201(m)	Renter Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
14B	Rehab; Multi-Unit Residential 570.202	Renter Large Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
14G	Acquisition - for Rehabilitation 570.202	Renter Small Related	
		All other Renter Household Types	
		Homeless Family with Children	
		Homeless Family without Children	
		Homeless Individual	
		Special Needs Populations	

Low Income Housing Trust Fund Program

Amount

Funding Source

Agency:

		OTHER	Low Inco	ome Housing Trust Fund Program	TBD)
Activity Code/Name			Household Type	Inc	come	
04	Clearance and Demo	olition		Renter Elderly	V	ery Low (0 to 50% MFI)
08	Relocation			Renter Small Related	Lo	ow (51 to 80% MFI)
12	New Construction Ho	ousing		Renter Large Related	S	lums and Blight
14A	Rehabilitation: Single	e-Unit Residen	tial	All Other Renter Household Types	S	lum/Blight Urban Renewal
14B	Rehabilitation: Multi-	Unit Residentia	al	Homeless Family with Children	S	lum/Blight Spot
14G	Acquisition- For Reh	abilitation		Homeless Family without Children		
16A	Residential Historic F	Preservation		Homeless Individual		
				Homeowner Existing		

Homeowner First Time

Special needs populations

OTHER

RESTORE Program

	Agency:	Fundi	ng Source	Amount	
	OTHER	REST	TORE	TBD	
Activity Code/Name			Household Type	Income	
14A Rehabilitation: Single-Unit Residential		Homeowner Existing	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)		
				Low (51 to 80% MFI)	

v. City Funds

DHS City Funds

Agency	Funding Source	Amount
DHS	City Capital with no Federal Funds	\$19,060,000
	City Expense with no Federal Funds	\$270,871,579
	City Expense Budget (matching ESG Funds)	\$7,908,520

Activity Code/Name	Household Type	Income
03C Homeless Facilities and Improvements	Homeless Individuals	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
03T Operating Costs of Homeless/AIDS Patients Programs	Homeless Families with Children	
05 Public Services (General)	Homeless Families without Children	
05F Substance Abuse Services		
05H Employment Training		
05O Mental Health Services		

HPD City Funds

City Capital with Federal Funds

City Expense with Federal Funds

City Capital with no Federal Funds

Amount

\$181,129,000

\$42,172,342

\$214,637,342

Agency Funding Source

	City Expense with no Federal Funds	\$36,743,372	
Activity Code/Name	Household	Type	Income
01 Acquisition	Renter Elde	· ·	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI
02 Disposition(Residential)	Renter Sma	all Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
03J Water/Sewer Improvements	Renter Larg	ge Related	Moderate (81 to 95% MFI)
03K Street Improvements	All Other R	enter Household Types	Other Moderate (96 to 133% M
04 Clearance and Demolition	Homeowne	r Existing	Above Moderate
05 Public Services(General)	Homeowne	er First Time	Slums and Blight
08 Relocation	Homeless I	ndividual	Low/Moderate Housing
12 New Construction Housing	Homeless F	Family with Children	Low/Moderate Area
13 Direct Homeownership Assistance	Homeless F	Family without Children	Limited Clientele
14A Rehabilitation Single-Unit Residential	Homeless \	Youth	Slum/Blight Urban Renewal

02	Disposition(Residential)	Renter Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
03J	Water/Sewer Improvements	Renter Large Related	Moderate (81 to 95% MFI)
03K	Street Improvements	All Other Renter Household Types	Other Moderate (96 to 133
04	Clearance and Demolition	Homeowner Existing	Above Moderate
05	Public Services(General)	Homeowner First Time	Slums and Blight
80	Relocation	Homeless Individual	Low/Moderate Housing
12	New Construction Housing	Homeless Family with Children	Low/Moderate Area
13	Direct Homeownership Assistance	Homeless Family without Children	Limited Clientele
14A	Rehabilitation: Single-Unit Residential	Homeless Youth	Slum/Blight Urban Renewa
14B	Rehabilitation: Multi-Unit Residential	OTHER	Slum/Blight Spot
14E	Rehabilitation: Publicly or Privately Owned Commercial/Industrial		Low/Moderate Jobs
14G	Acquisition-For Rehabilitation		
14H	Rehabilitation Administration		
16B	Non-Residential Historic Preservation		
17A	Commercial Industrial Land Acquisition/Disposition		
17B	Commercial Industrial Infrastructure Development		
17C	Commercial Industrial Building Acquisition, Construction, Rehabilitation		
20	Planning		
21A	General Program Administration		
21C	Public Information		
21E	Submissions or Applications for Federal Programs		

HRA City Funds

Agency	Funding Source	Amount
HRA	HRA City Expense with no Federal Funds	\$103,200,000

Activity Code/Name	Household Type	Income
03T Operating Costs of Homeless/AIDS Patients Programs	Renter Elderly	Very Low (0 to 50% MFI)
05 Public Services (General)	Renter Small Related	Low (51 to 80% MFI)
05E Transportation Services	Renter Large Related	
05S Rental Housing Subsidies (HOME Tenant-Based Rental Assistance)	All Other Renter Household Types	
21A General Program Administration	Homeless Individual	
	Homeless Family with Children	
	Homeless Family without Children	
	Homeless Youth	
	Special needs populations	
	OTHER	

C.2., Description of Programmatic Activities

i. Formula Entitlement Programs

Community Development Block Grant

The Community Development Block Grant Program (CD) was established by Congress through the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. CD Program funds may be used to provide housing, economic development, neighborhood facilities and public services that will principally benefit low and moderate income persons, prevent or eliminate slums and blight, or meet an urgent need.

Under the CD Program the City of New York is entitled to receive a grant in each federal fiscal year (October 1 through September 30) for eligible Community Development activities. The City's projected Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2012/CD 38 Entitlement is \$163,359,000.

The City projects that \$71,168,000 in additional revenues will be made available to supplement the CD 38 grant. Additional revenues expected to be available include prior year accruals and program income. Thus, the total CD 38 budget is \$234,527,000. However, it is projected that the Neighborhood Housing Services (NHS) Program will have \$910,837 (rounded to \$911,000) available for loans in 2012/CD 38. Although NHS is not receiving an allocation in 2012/CD 38, the program's available revolving loan funds are added to the CD budget to satisfy the HUD reporting requirements. Therefore, the total 2012/CD 38 budget is listed in the Summary Table of Funding Sources as \$235,438,000.

7A Program

As part of HPD's Division of Property Disposition and Finance, formerly known as the Division of Alternative Management Programs (DAMP), the 7A Program provides loans to fund systems replacement and repair work using both CD and City Capital funds. CD funds are also used to pay for staff within the 7A Financial Assistance Unit.

Article 7A of the Real Property Actions and Proceedings Law authorizes the Housing Court to appoint administrators to operate privately-owned buildings where delinquent owners have abandoned their buildings and dangerous conditions exist that affect the life, health, and safety of the tenants. HPD's Housing Litigation Division, upon referral from the 7A Program, brings legal actions against privately-owned buildings to seek appointment of a 7A Administrator where the owner has neglected to provide essential services and maintain the property for its tenants. Tenants may also bring legal action for this purpose. The 7A Administrator is authorized to collect rents; make repairs necessary to stabilize the building and address hazardous conditions; correct violations; provide heat, hot water, and utilities; and improve rent collections and maintenance services. The buildings that enter the 7A Program are severely distressed and are often buildings in which owners have no interest and, in fact, have abandoned. The 7A Program functions to stabilize and preserve these housing units and provide habitable and affordable housing for the tenants.

7A buildings are generally located in blighted areas. The buildings tend to be under-occupied, and occupants tend to have very low incomes. For the most part, all 7A buildings enter the program after years of neglect and deferred maintenance. In almost every case, serious emergency conditions exist in these buildings, which, if not corrected immediately, impair the ability of the Administrator to collect rent. The conditions contribute to the rapid deterioration of the building and, ultimately, the loss of those units from the housing stock.

7A Intake Liaison

7A Intake Liaison responds to intake referrals by visiting the buildings and conducting an evaluation of the property to determine if the conditions meet the Article 7A Proceeding Law criteria. If a building is recommended for intake, the unit prepares legal documents and refers buildings to HPD's Housing Litigation Division to commence a 7A Proceeding.

7A Financial Assistance Unit

7A Financial Assistance (7AFA) loans are available for 7A Administrators to use for substantial stabilization and repair or to replace systems where collected rents cannot support the cost of this work. The 7AFA loans are exclusive to 7A Administrators who, through their court order of appointment, are authorized to borrow funds from HPD. The staff underwrites the loan for the 7A buildings and prepares loan packages. As work is completed, the 7AFA loan and any emergency repair charges take the form of liens that are placed on the property. In addition, the 7A Financial Assistance Unit manages and services the portfolio and is directly involved in the delivery of services. The staff makes sure liens are recorded with the Department of Finance (DOF) and supplies loan balances to facilitate the discharge of the buildings to the owners. CD funds pay for the loan coordinators and staff whose activities support CD-funded loans.

Counseling Assistance Unit

7A Counselors are involved in reversing emergency conditions and solving building maintenance problems occurring in 7A buildings. These counselors ensure that the buildings do not deteriorate further or develop new emergency conditions. 7A Counselors meet with tenants, coordinate building repair plans, monitor compliance with court stipulations, and work with Administrators to remove Building Code violations. In addition, they conduct emergency inspections as needed and refer Administrators to obtain legal assistance funds to aid them in bringing court proceedings against tenants for non-payment. The staff makes sure that 7A meets all annual building filing requirements such as Lead Local Law 1. The Counseling Unit is primarily Tax Levy-funded.

7A Program Services Unit

The Program Services Unit provides Administrators with legal assistance funds to initiate court actions against tenants for non-payment of rent. The staff also reviews applications from organizations seeking court appointment as 7A Administrators. The staff conducts extensive research on owners seeking discharge of buildings that are under 7A Program management. In addition, the staff makes sure that 7A Administrator buildings are registered annually and submit violations for emergency repairs and prepares preliminary documents for the 7A Regulatory Agreement. This unit is Tax Levy-funded.

Adult Literacy Program

Through the New York City Adult Literacy Initiative (NYCALI), five City agencies provide adult educational services, such as Adult Basic Education and English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESL), throughout the five boroughs.

CUNY-Administered Adult Literacy Programming

The City University of New York (CUNY) and its nonprofit affiliate, the CUNY Research Foundation (CUNY-RF), jointly administer the two programs below. CUNY provides fiscal, legal, and contractual oversight, while CUNY-RF manages the day-to-day operations of the programs. Accordingly, CD funds one position within CUNY-RF and covers administrative costs within CUNY.

English as a Second Language Television Project: We Are New York (WANY)

In response to a large unmet need for English language instruction in the context of important City messages for and about immigrants, the Mayor's Office of Adult Education worked with CUNY to create the *We Are New York* Project (formerly known as the English as a Second Language TV Project). The WANY Project comprises a nine-episode series designed to be broadcast on public television. Each of the episodes presents information on how immigrant and low-income New Yorkers can access City services and other resources related to health, education, and other important needs. The show uses a format that is accessible to limited English speaking adults and helps them improve their English by modeling the language and communication skills needed to access services.

We Are New York airs regularly on television and the project has developed an interactive website that gives users the opportunity to access online materials. Both outlets give viewers a chance to watch at home to learn important information and improve English. The project will expand programming on television both by increasing the number of hours dedicated to the show and by distributing dubbed versions that can accommodate

New Yorkers who speak no English. The project also includes a range of print and web materials, as well as DVDs for use in settings such as classrooms, community centers, and City agency sites. Viewers are able to use "self-study" materials, access content on-line, or visit one of a range of community sites hosting viewer groups facilitated by volunteer instructors.

Recognizing that there are not sufficient formal ESL programs to meet the growing demand from immigrant New Yorkers, the project has moved beyond the traditional ESL system to create opportunities for thousands of New Yorkers to practice English. Specifically, the project is developing partnerships in targeted communities with large populations of immigrants with limited English skills. The community expansion relies on matching 1) trained volunteer facilitators; 2) community organizations with available space and a need for high quality programming; and 3) participants from the 1.6 million New Yorkers who want to learn English. In CFY 2012, the program will expand the number of New Yorkers who practice English by continuing to build a network of community-based conversation groups.

It is anticipated that, through the use of the televised series and the supporting materials, tens of thousands of adults in New York City who are underserved through current classroom ESL programming will achieve greater English language proficiency and will have more knowledge of information important to their lives and those of their families. While the educational impact on these adults will not be as great as being in a formal ESL class with a trained professional instructor, it is anticipated that this low-cost hybrid approach of distance learning, web-based learning solutions, and volunteer-led discussion groups will reach many New Yorkers who are not being served in the current system.

Re-entry Education Pilot Programs

CD funds are used to pay for contracts with four nonprofit providers that offer literacy instruction, college transition support, and vocational education to individuals in the criminal justice system. The goal of this funding, which is administered by CUNY-RF, is to increase the number of formerly incarcerated adults who complete ABE instruction and transition successfully into the next levels of education including post-secondary and/or vocational education programs. The programs will also aid participants in securing stable jobs with decent salaries and potential for advancement. Based on published research, achieving this goal will reduce the recidivism rate and break the cycle of poverty and incarceration among participants and their families.

All programs have demonstrated excellent educational and/or workforce development outcomes and remarkable success in substantially reducing rates of re-arrest and re-incarceration. The reduction in criminal recidivism has a dramatic impact on the lives of participants, their families, and the communities where they live. The pilot programs will use an innovative collaborative outreach strategy and variety of teaching methods including hands-on and contextualized learning modalities, as well as mentoring and peer counseling. All pilot programs will offer educational and career counseling and supportive services to help strengthen outcomes and the students' overall success.

It is anticipated that the reentry education pilot programs will substantially strengthen the bridge between East River Academy, which is a school that serves inmates on Rikers Island, and city- and community-based literacy and vocational training programs. The program will reach an estimated 2,000 inmates and detainees per year with basic assessment and/or referral information as part of discharge planning. More targeted and intensive training and education efforts will serve approximately 500 formerly incarcerated individuals per year, assisting them to improve their literacy skills, find employment, and attend college.

DYCD-Administered Classroom Programming

CD funds are used to pay for contracts with Adult Basic Education (ABE) providers that offer literacy instruction in a classroom setting. The Department of Youth and Community Development oversees this component of the program.

Alternative Enforcement Program

The Alternative Enforcement Program (AEP) is intended to alleviate the serious physical deterioration of the most distressed buildings in New York City by forcing the owner to make effective repairs or have the City do so in a more comprehensive fashion so that emergency conditions are alleviated and the underlying physical conditions related to the emergency Housing Code violations are addressed.

Using criteria set forth in the law, 200 multiple dwellings are designated annually for participation in AEP. The multiple dwellings selected to participate in the program are high consumers of HPD's enforcement services, which includes the Division of Code Enforcement and Emergency Repair Program (ERP). The ERP recidivism demonstrates that owners of the multiple dwellings selected for AEP are not correcting the underlying conditions and that more extensive work may be required. As described in the law, an owner will be notified by HPD that based upon the law's criteria, his or her multiple dwelling has been chosen for participation in AEP. The "Healthy Homes" component of AEP – where mold and vermin violations are specifically identified for correction – is a new component amended to the original legislation at the end of 2010.

An owner will have four months to do the following:

- Correct all heat and hot water violations and all class "C" immediately hazardous mold violations;
- Correct 80% of class "B" mold violations;
- Correct 80% of all vermin violations;
- Correct 80% of all other class "B" hazardous and class "C" immediately hazardous violations;
- Pay all outstanding HPD emergency repair charges and liens or enter into an agreement with the Department of Finance to pay such charges; and
- Submit a current and valid property registration statement.

If the owner fails to meet all of the requirements for discharge within the first four months, HPD will perform a building-wide inspection and issue an Order to Correct outlining the building systems that need to be replaced in order to address the underlying conditions (to minimize recurrence of those conditions). HPD will prepare a scope of work that will address the conditions cited in the Order. Should an owner fail to comply with the Order, HPD may perform the work.

Avenue NYC

The Avenue NYC Program promotes the economic viability of neighborhood business districts. This program is intended not only to help local businesses directly, but also to preserve neighborhoods. The Department of Small Business Services (SBS) funds a limited number of projects that promote commercial revitalization in the areas of planning, commercial development, and district management. The project areas selected for funding are experiencing varying degrees of stagnation, deterioration, or disinvestment, and the income of the areas' populations are low to moderate. The program is based on a public/private partnership model of economic development. Projects usually have a local community sponsor, frequently a local development corporation (LDC) comprised of local merchants, property owners, and other community leaders. The sponsor contracts with SBS to carry out the neighborhood revitalization strategy and set the foundation for the area's long-term prosperity.

The program's goals are to:

- attract, retain, and expand businesses and business opportunities throughout New York's neighborhoods;
- stimulate private investment;
- create and retain jobs;
- foster collaboration among businesses in a neighborhood and between the business community and government on local economic development initiatives.

In meeting these program goals, staff from SBS assigned to this program work with the local sponsor to plan, develop, and administer comprehensive revitalization. Although each project is designed to reflect the unique

characteristics of each neighborhood, the following eligible activities represent some of the basic program elements established to deal with the most common problems confronting commercial streets:

- Placemaking is a comprehensive program that focuses on creating or enhancing a sense of place that captures or reinforces the unique character of the commercial corridor. The program entails developing a new or solidifying a current placemaking strategy that identifies unique attributes of the target commercial district and planning and executing projects that take advantage of or capitalize upon unique or distinct characteristics of the area. All of these efforts have the goal of increasing consumer spending in the district.
- Business attraction efforts will work to attract new businesses and investment into the targeted district.
 Business attraction activities include creation of commercial business/real estate databases; organization of community planning sessions; analysis of retail mix and business growth opportunities; and coordinated events with the real estate community and property owners to highlight opportunities that exist in the commercial district.
- The Façade Improvement Management Program covers costs related only to program design, administration, and marketing for sponsors that have or will have dedicated funding for the capital costs of façade improvement activities. The sponsor will be required to use the services of a design consultant and produce model storefronts with a combination of open mesh security gates, retractable or faux-retractable awnings, high quality storefront signs, and an exterior finish (paint or other material).
- Merchant organizing will have selected sponsors lead the planning, outreach, and organizing efforts for the creation of a new merchants association or the revitalization of an existing organization in their area. Sponsors are expected to develop a plan for organizing merchants and accomplish concrete organizing milestones within the contract year.
- Multi-Neighborhood Initiatives will have selected groups carry out commercial revitalization programs that target commercial districts in more than one neighborhood. Initiatives shall draw on the strengths and distinctiveness of each distinct commercial district and shall produce a measurable improvement in the commercial life of the community. Multi-Neighborhood Initiatives are projects that do not duplicate services available elsewhere. Possible initiatives might include joint projects with multiple organizations; growing new or emerging organizations through capacity building and/or unique technical assistance programs; or any other creative commercial revitalization venture that spans multiple neighborhoods.
- Website Development will have selected sponsors receive a professionally-designed website with design and development services and a series of trainings on how to manage and update a website. SBS will not enter into a contract with a sponsor, but, rather, a website developer.

In selecting streets for the Avenue NYC Program, the City is guided by the following criteria:

Eligibility

• Project must benefit primarily low- and moderate-income areas.

Need

- Indications of decreasing retail activity.
- Deteriorating physical conditions of streets and shop fronts.
- Inadequate public facilities.

Economic Viability

- Population and total family income sufficient to support a viable commercial area.
- Sufficient current commercial activity on which to base a revitalization effort.
- Existence of other activities that could reinforce commercial revitalization.

Local Support and Capability

• Existence of local merchants' groups committed to supporting and participating in commercial revitalization.

- Support of local community groups.
- Evidence of private financial commitment or interest.
- Existence of or potential for local organizational capability to participate in implementation.

Following is a list of those areas/sponsors proposed for funding in City Fiscal Year 2012 (7/1/11 to 6/30/12). The program seeks to identify new areas and sponsors but only after evaluating applications and awarding funds. Additional sponsors may be identified during the program year. The boundaries as shown are subject to change depending on project scope.

Bronx

Bathgate

An area bounded by: Tremont Avenue on the north, Claremont Parkway on the

south, Third Avenue on the east, and Webster Avenue on the

west.

Sponsor: Bathgate Industrial Park Local Development Corporation

Fordham

An area bounded by: 196th Street on the north, 183rd Street on the south, the Bronx

River on the east, and Jerome Avenue on the west.

Sponsor: Bronx Council for Economic Development

Fordham Road District Management Association

Belmont Small Business Association Belmont District Management Association

Highbridge/University Heights

An area bounded by: 161st Street on the south, Cross Bronx Expressway on the

north, Major Deegan Expressway on the west, and Grand

Concourse on the east.

Sponsor: TBD

Hunts Point

An area bounded by: 149th Street on the south, the Bronx River on the north, the East

River on the east, and Bruckner Boulevard on the northwest.

Sponsor: Hunts Point Economic Development Corporation

The Point Community Development Corporation

Kingsbridge

An area bounded by: 240th Street/Van Cortlandt Park on the north, 230th Street on the

south, Jerome Park Reservoir on the east, and Riverdale

Avenue on the west.

Sponsor: Kingsbridge District Management Association

Kingsbridge/Riverdale/Van Cortlandt Development Corporation

Morris Heights

An area bounded by: Major Deegan Expressway on the west, Cross Bronx

Expressway on the south, 183rd Street on the north, and

Webster Avenue on the east.

Sponsor: Davidson Community Center

Morris Park

An area bounded by: Pelham Parkway on the north, East Tremont Avenue on the

south, the Bronx River on the west, and Hutchinson River

Parkway on the east.

Sponsor: Morris Park Local Development Corporation

Association of Merchants & Business Professionals of Westchester Square

Bronx Council on the Arts Morris Park Alliance

Mott Haven

An area bounded by: 167th Street on the north, Bruckner Boulevard service road on

the south, Major Deegan Expressway on the west, and

Bruckner Boulevard on the east.

Sponsor: Bronx Council on the Arts

Norwood

An area bounded by: 211th Street on the north, Amtrak Railroad/East Kingsbridge

Road on the south, Jerome Avenue on the west, and Bronx

River Parkway on the east.

Sponsor: 204th Street/Bainbridge Merchants Association

Mosholu Preservation Corporation

Mosholu/Jerome/East Gunhill Road District Management Association

<u>Parkchester</u>

An area bounded by: East Tremont Avenue on the north, Bruckner Boulevard on the

south, Castle Hill Avenue on the east, and White Plains Road

on the west.

Sponsor: Castle Hill Merchants Association

Pelham Parkway

An area bounded by: Pelham Parkway North on the north, Neill Avenue on the

south, Williamsbridge Road on the east, and Bronx Park East

on the west.

Sponsor: White Plains Road District Management Association

South Bronx

An area bounded by: Cross Bronx Expressway on the north, the East River on the

south, the Harlem River on the west, and the Bronx River on

the east.

Sponsor: South Bronx Overall Economic Development Corporation

HUB Third Avenue District Management Association

161st Street District Management Association

161st Street Merchants Association South Bronx Community Corporation

Southern Boulevard District Management Association

Morrisania Revitalization Corporation

Women's Housing & Economic Development Corporation

Wakefield/Williamsbridge/Olinville

An area bounded by: The City line on the north, East Gunhill Road on the south,

Bronx Boulevard on the west, and Bronxwood Avenue/Barnes

Avenue/Bissel Avenue/East 241st Street on the east.

Sponsor: Bronx Business Alliance

Bronx Overall Economic Development Corporation

West Farms

An area bounded by: Bronx Park South on the north, Cross Bronx Expressway on

the south, Bronx River Parkway on the east, and Southern

Boulevard on the west.

Sponsor: Aquinas Housing Corporation

Brooklyn

Bedford Stuyvesant

An area bounded by: Lafayette Avenue/Broadway on the north, Atlantic Avenue on

the south, Bedford Avenue on the west, and Ralph Avenue on

the east.

Sponsor: Bedford Stuyvesant Restoration Corporation

Bridge Street Development Corporation

Bed-Stuy Gateway District Management Association

Brooklyn Alliance

Brownsville

An area bounded by: Eastern Parkway on the north, Linden Boulevard on the south,

Van Sinderen Avenue on the east, and Rockaway Avenue on

the west.

Sponsor: Pitkin Avenue District Management Association

Brownsville Community Development Corporation

Brighton Beach

An area bounded by: Neptune Avenue on the north, the boardwalk on the south,

Ocean Parkway on the west, and West End Avenue on the east.

Sponsor: Brighton Beach District Management Association

Bushwick

An area bounded by: Flushing Avenue on the north, Cemetery of the Evergreens to

the south, the Queens border to the east, and Broadway to the

west.

Sponsor: Ridgewood-Bushwick Senior Citizens Council

Clinton Hill

An area bounded by: Flushing Avenue on the north, Atlantic Avenue on the south,

Washington Avenue on the west, and Bedford Avenue on the

east.

Sponsor: Pratt Area Community Council

Coney Island

An area bounded by: Neptune Avenue on the north, the boardwalk on the south,

West 37th Street on the west, and West 8th Street on the east.

Sponsor: Astella Development Corporation

Coney Island Development Corporation

Crown Heights

An area bounded by: Atlantic Avenue on the north, East New York Avenue/Lefferts

Avenue on the south, Utica Avenue on the east, and Bedford

Avenue on the west.

Sponsor: Brooklyn Economic Development Corporation

Brooklyn Alliance

Heart of Brooklyn

North Crown Heights Nostrand Avenue Merchants Association

Pratt Center for Community Development

Fund for the City of New York

Cypress Hills

An area bounded by: Jamaica Avenue on the north, Liberty Avenue on the south,

Eldert Lane on the east, and Granville Payne Avenue

(Pennsylvania Avenue) on the west.

Sponsor: Cypress Hills Local Development Corporation

Downtown Brooklyn

An area bounded by: Tillary Street on the north, Schermerhorn Street on the south,

Adams Street on the west, and Lafayette Avenue, South/North

Portland Avenues on the east.

Sponsor: MetroTech District Management Association

Brooklyn Alliance

East Flatbush

An area bounded by: Rutland Road on the north, Clarendon Road/ Ditmas Avenue

on the south, Nostrand Avenue on the west, and East 96th Street

on the east.

Sponsor: Erasmus Neighborhood Federation

Nostrand Avenue Merchants Association Utica Church Avenue Merchants Association

East New York

An area bounded by: Atlantic Avenue on the north, Flatlands Avenue on the south,

Rockaway Avenue on the west, and the Brooklyn/Queens line

on the east.

Sponsor: East Brooklyn District Management Association

Local Development Corporation of East New York

East Williamsburg

An area bounded by: The Brooklyn-Queens Expressway on the north, Flushing

Avenue on the south, Newtown Creek on the east, and Union

Avenue on the west.

Sponsor: St. Nicholas Neighborhood Preservation Corporation

East Williamsburg Valley Industrial Development Corporation

Woodhull Community District Management Association

Grand Street District Management Association

<u>Flatbush</u>

An area bounded by: Parkside Avenue on the north, Avenue H on the south, Coney

Island Avenue on the west, and Flatbush Avenue on the east.

Sponsor: Flatbush Development Corporation

Flatbush Avenue District Management Association Church Avenue District Management Association

Flatbush Nostrand Junction District Management Association

Fort Greene

An area bounded by: Flushing Avenue on the north, DeKalb Avenue on the south,

Flatbush Avenue Extension on the west, and Classon Avenue

on the east.

Sponsor: Myrtle Avenue Brooklyn Partnership

Myrtle Avenue Revitalization Project LDC

Greenpoint

An area bounded by: Newtown Creek on the north, North 12th Street on the south,

the Brooklyn-Queens Expressway on the east, and the East

River on the west.

Sponsor: North Brooklyn Development Corporation

Midwood

An area bounded by: Avenue H on the north, Avenue R on the south, Ocean Avenue

on the east, and Ocean Parkway on the west.

Sponsor: Midwood Development Corporation

Kings Highway District Management Association

Northside Williamsburg

An area bounded by: North 12th Street on the north, Broadway on the south, Driggs

Avenue on the east, and Wythe Avenue on the west.

Sponsor: People's Firehouse

Prospect Heights

An area bounded by: Atlantic Avenue on the north, Washington Avenue on the west,

Franklin Avenue on the east, and Empire Boulevard on the

south.

Sponsor: Heart of Brooklyn

Prospect-Lefferts Gardens

An area bounded by: Empire Boulevard on the north, Linden Boulevard on the

south. Ocean Avenue on the west, and Nostrand Avenue on the

east.

Sponsor: Pratt Center for Community Development

Prospect-Lefferts United for Services

South Brooklyn/Red Hook/Gowanus

Red Hook

An area bounded by: Buttermilk Channel on the north, the waterfront on the west,

the Gowanus Bay on the south, and Clinton Street on the east.

Gowanus

An area bounded by: Fourth Avenue on the east, Court Street on the west, 3rd Street

on the north, and 20th Street on the south.

Sponsor: South Brooklyn Local Development Corporation

Southwest Brooklyn Industrial Development Corporation Gowanus Canal Community Development Corporation

South Williamsburg

An area bounded by: Broadway on the north, Myrtle Avenue on the south, Kent

Avenue on the west, and Throop Avenue on the east.

Sponsor: ODA Economic Development Corporation

United Jewish Organizations of Williamsburg

Sunset Park

An area bounded by: Fourth Avenue on the west, Eighth Avenue on the east, 36th

Street on the north, and 65th Street on the south.

Sponsor: Sunset Park-Fifth Avenue District Management Association

Carroll Gardens Association

Wallabout

An area bounded by:

Park Avenue on the south, Flushing Avenue on the north,

Washington Avenue on the west, and Steuben Street on the

east.

Sponsor: Myrtle Avenue Revitalization Project

Manhattan

Chinatown

An area bounded by: Houston Street on the north, Chambers/Madison Streets on the

south, Broadway on the west, and East River on the east.

Sponsor: Renaissance Economic Development Corporation

Asian Americans for Equality

Chinatown Partnership Local Development Corporation

East Harlem

An area bounded by: 142nd Street on the north, 96th Street on the south, Fifth Avenue

on the west, and the FDR Drive on the east.

Sponsor: East Harlem Business Capital Corporation

Hope Community

Harlem

An area bounded by: 163rd Street on the north, 110th Street on the south, Henry

Hudson Parkway on the west, and Fifth Avenue/Harlem River

Drive on the east.

Sponsor: 125th Street District Management Association

Abyssinian Development Corporation

Harlem Renaissance Economic Development Corporation

Greater Harlem Chamber of Commerce

Harlem Business Alliance

Harlem Congregation for Community Improvement

West Harlem Group Assistance

Harlem Park to Park

Hamilton Heights

An area bounded by: 155th Street on the north, 135th Street on the south, Edgecombe

Avenue on the east, and Henry Hudson Parkway on the west.

Sponsor: Heritage Health and Housing

Lower East Side

An area bounded by: Houston Street on the north, Grand Street on the south, Allen

Street on the west, and the FDR Drive on the east.

Sponsor: Lower East Side District Management Association

Loisaida Development Corporation

Washington Heights/Inwood

An area bounded by: 220th Street on the north, 155th Street on the south, Harlem

River Drive on the east, and Riverside Drive on the west.

Sponsor: Washington Heights Inwood Development Corporation

Washington Heights District Management Association

Audubon Partnership for Economic Development Corporation

Community League of the Heights

Northern Manhattan Coalition for Economic Development

Women's Chamber of Commerce

Queens

Astoria-Ditmars

An area bounded by: Shore Boulevard on the west, Steinway Street on the east,

Grand Central Parkway on the south, and 20th Avenue on the

north.

Sponsor: Astoria Restoration Association

Central Astoria

An area bounded by:

Astoria Boulevard on the north, 36th Avenue on the south, 42nd

Street on the east, and 31st Street on the west.

Sponsor: Central Astoria Local Development Corporation

Corona

An area bounded by: Elmhurst Avenue on the north, Long Island Expressway on the

south, Junction Boulevard on the west, and 108th Street on the

east.

Sponsor: Queens County Economic Development Corporation

Corona Elmhurst Center for Economic Development

Corona Community Action Network

Downtown Flushing

An area bounded by: Northern Boulevard on the north, Sanford Avenue on the south,

College Point Boulevard on the west, and Parsons Boulevard

on the east.

Sponsor: Downtown Flushing Transit HUB District Management Association

Asian Americans for Equality

Downtown Jamaica

An area bounded by: Hillside Avenue on the north, Liberty Avenue on the south, the

Van Wyck Expressway on the west, and 182nd Street on the

east.

Sponsors: Greater Jamaica Development Corporation

Jamaica Center Improvement Association 165th Street Mall Improvement Association

Sutphin Boulevard District Management Association

Jackson Heights/Elmhurst

An area bounded by: 32nd Avenue on the north, 55th Avenue/Queens Boulevard on

the south, 74th Street/Broadway on the west, and Junction

Boulevard on the east.

Sponsor: 82nd Street District Management Association

Jackson Heights Beautification Group

Long Island City

An area bounded by: Queens Plaza South on the north, Newtown Creek on the south,

the East River on the west, and Sunnyside Yards on the east.

Sponsor: Long Island City Business Development Corporation

Queens Plaza/Court Square District Management Association

Hunters Point Community Development Corporation

Long Island City – Queensbridge/Ravenswood

An area bounded by: 34th Avenue on the north, Queens Plaza North on the south,

Crescent Street on the east, and Vernon Boulevard on the west.

Sponsor: East River Development Alliance

Richmond Hill/Ozone Park

An area bounded by: Atlantic Avenue on the north, Rockaway/Linden Boulevards

on the south, Woodhaven Boulevard on the west, and the Van

Wyck Expressway on the east.

Sponsor: Richmond Hill Economic Development Council

Ridgewood

An area bounded by: Metropolitan Avenue on the north, Cooper Street on the south,

Fresh Pond Road/61st Street on the east, and the

Queens/Brooklyn border on the west.

Sponsor: Ridgewood Local Development Corporation

Myrtle Avenue District Management Association

Rockaway Peninsula

An area bounded by: Beachfronts on the north and south, the City line on the east,

and Beach 102nd Street on the west.

Sponsor: Rockaway Development and Revitalization Corporation

Ocean Bay Community Development Corporation

South Jamaica

An area bounded by: 133rd Street on the west, 150th Street/Sutphin Boulevard on the

east, North Conduit Avenue on the south, and Foch Boulevard

on the north.

Sponsor: Rockaway Boulevard Local Development Corporation

Sunnyside

An area bounded by: Sunnyside Yards on the north, Long Island Expressway on the

south, Van Dam Street on the west, and 51st Street/Calvary

Cemetery on the east.

Sponsor: Sunnyside Chamber of Commerce

Sunnyside Shines District Management Association

Woodside

An area bounded by: Northern Boulevard on the north, Queens Boulevard on the

south, the Brooklyn-Queens Expressway on the east, and 48th

Street on the west.

Sponsor: Woodside on the Move

Staten Island

Port Richmond

An area bounded by: Richmond Terrace on the north, Anderson Avenue/Charles

Avenue on the south, Jewett Avenue on the east, and Nicholas

Avenue on the west.

Sponsor: Northfield Community LDC of Staten Island

Stapleton/St. George/Tompkinsville

An area bounded by: Richmond Terrace/Wall Street on the north, Vanderbilt Avenue

on the south, Jersey Street/Victory Boulevard/Cebra Avenue/St. Paul's Avenue/Van Duzer Street on the west, and

the Narrows (water) on the east.

Sponsor: Downtown Staten Island Council

Bayview Community Council

Staten Island Economic Development Corporation

West Brighton

An area bounded by: Richmond Terrace on the north, Post Avenue on the south,

Bard Avenue on the east, and Jewett Avenue on the west.

Sponsor: West Brighton Community Local Development Corporation

SBS will continue its nonprofit management technical assistance programs by expanding the capacity building course offerings for Avenue NYC-funded organizations in 2012. In order to strengthen Avenue NYC-funded organizations and help them to continue to weather the challenges brought on by the economic downturn, SBS will offer trainings in Board Development, Fund Raising, Marketing and Communications, Program Evaluation and additional Planning for Financial Sustainability courses. The goal of these trainings is to help the organizations strengthen their boards, increase their programs' effectiveness, market their programs to constituents, and identify and secure alternative sources of funding in order to increase their stability.

SBS will also provide technical assistance to help local organizations attract new businesses to their retail corridors. The Avenue NYC Retail Leasing Program will provide the opportunity for organizations to participate in tailored training sessions on how retail businesses make site selection decisions and how to attract retailers to sites in their districts. Organizations completing the training will also receive a demographic and market data profile of their districts.

Beacon School Program

The Beacon School Program provides comprehensive services to youth and community residents. Services are provided along major core service areas that include: Academic Enhancement, Life Skills, Career Awareness/School-to-Work Transition, Civic Engagement/Community Building, Recreation/Health and Fitness, and Culture/Art. The core areas are delivered through three distinct activities: structured, drop-in, and community events. Typical program activities include homework help, tutoring, literacy programming, arts and crafts courses, and leadership development opportunities such as the Youth Council. Beacons operate services for youth and community residents year round. All Beacons are required to operate a minimum of 42 hours a week over 6 days, in the afternoons and evenings, on weekends, school holidays, and during school recess. During the summer, Beacons operate for a minimum of 50 hours per week, Monday through Friday. All Beacons have an Advisory Council consisting of community residents, principals, local police officers, and program participants to foster and enhance communication among all stakeholders and improve community resources.

There are 80 operating Beacon programs located throughout the City. CD funds support the following schools, which serve low- and moderate-income areas, and one DYCD staff-member that oversees the program.

School Location **Bronx** I.S. 117 1865 Morris Avenue School of Performing Arts 977 Fox Street Brooklyn 183 South 3rd Street J.H.S. 50 J.H.S. 218 370 Fountain Avenue P.S. / I.S. 323 210 Chester Street 1137 Herkimer Street Mott Hall IV J.H.S. 291 231 Palmetto Street J.H.S. 296 125 Covert Street John Ericsson Middle School 126 424 Leonard Street Dr. Susan S. McKinney Secondary 101 Park Avenue School of the Arts Manhattan 410 East 100th Street M.S. 224 401 West 164th Street M.S. 328 **Oueens** 160 Beach 29th Street P.S. 43 I.S. 10 45-11 31st Avenue

Bronx River Project

The Bronx River Project is an expansion of the activities previously conducted by the Bronx River Restoration. In 2001, the Department of Parks & Recreation (DPR), Bronx River Restoration, and the Bronx River Working Group launched the Bronx River Alliance as the next step in efforts to restore the river and create a continuous greenway along its length. The program has several funding sources including City Tax Levy, private grants, and other federal grants. CD funds are used to purchase education and outreach materials, office supplies, field equipment, and restoration supplies; to print and mail newsletters and brochures; and for the support of program consultants and ecological restoration personnel. The CD funding fully covers the Bronx River Conservation Manager position and two assistant crew leader positions. DPR coordinates closely with the Bronx River Alliance to implement programs along the river as follows:

- Education: The Education Program works to incorporate the Bronx River as a critical component of school and community education curricula through the promotion of the river and its watershed as an educational resource. Guided by a Bronx River Education Team, a committee of teachers, scientists, and community educators, its mission is advanced through three specific programs. The *Bronx River Stewards Volunteer Monitoring Program* supports and trains more than 80 teachers, community educators, and students that collect water quality parameter data; monitor the status of macroinvertebrate, tree, fish, and wildlife species in the watershed; and report pollution incidents and spills. The *Bronx River Classroom* helps teachers and community educators use the river and its watershed as a living laboratory and provides equipment, materials, and services to teachers and community educators to encourage their pursuit of Bronx River educational activities. *Public Education* efforts include educational and recreational canoe tours, slideshows, public events, information tables, and interpretive signage in key Bronx River parks.
- Community Outreach Program: The Community Outreach Program engages community organizations and residents in the restoration and stewardship of the Bronx River. The program offers: river-wide events (including the Amazing Bronx River Flotilla, the Bronx River Festival, Pedal & Paddle the Bronx River Greenway, and the Bronx River start for the annual Tour de Bronx) to increase awareness and offer opportunities to experience the river and the emerging greenway; volunteer opportunities (including clean-ups and planting days); and community engagement in the Bronx River Greenway to

- involve youth and community residents in the process of developing new parkland and implementing greenway projects.
- Ecology Program: The Ecological Restoration and Management Program works to protect, restore, and manage the terrestrial and aquatic resources of the Bronx River corridor through rigorous and sound planning, research, and community stewardship. The Bronx River Alliance Conservation Crew maintains a full-time presence on the Bronx section of the Bronx River corridor and greenway monitoring and managing river conditions. Its activities include implementing ecological restoration projects that improve water quality; stabilizing the banks and improving river habitat; and tackling long-term opportunities and threats to the river's health that result from land use planning and policy issues, such as storm water runoff, pollution incidents, etc.
- Greenway Program: The Greenway Program promotes and supports the implementation and development of a safe and continuous green space along and public access to the Bronx River. The program is coordinating completion of the 10 miles of greenway in the Bronx and is working with Westchester County agencies to make a full connection with the Westchester portion of the Bronx River Greenway. The Greenway Program is guided by an active Greenway Team that brings together community leaders, activists, and government representatives in equal footings to discuss the development of the Bronx River Greenway. The Team plans and builds consensus through the Bronx River Greenway Plan, which clearly describes greenway projects, their status, and the challenges that must be overcome to complete them. The office uses the plan to maintain momentum and support for the Greenway's completion, and to garner the resources necessary for a fully realized and well-maintained trail. The Alliance is committed to making the plan work by tracking and coordinating funded projects to make sure that they are implemented effectively and in the way the community envisions.

In February 2009, DPR began phased consolidation of the parkland along the entire New York City length of the river into a single Bronx River District (District 14). The first phase includes existing parks in the Bronx River Greenway north of Pelham Parkway. The district will expand southward as new, contiguous parks come into being. A single Bronx River District will foster more effective river- and greenway-wide programming, implementation of river-length ecological projects, and maintenance activities to uphold the environmental standards of the greenway's parks and pathways.

CDBG Administration

This function provides administrative and support services for planning, management, and citizen participation necessary to formulate, implement, and evaluate the City's Community Development Program. These activities include:

- Preparation and implementation of the Citizen Participation Plan, including technical assistance to Community Boards and other interested groups and citizens.
- Development of Community Development plans and policies.
- Preparation of the City's Consolidated Plan.
- Preparation of the Consolidated Plan Annual Performance Report.
- Preparation of Environmental Reviews.
- Monitoring of the expenditures for CD-funded programs.
- Delineation of population groups served by CD programs.
- Liaison function with HUD and other federal departments.
- Certification and maintenance of the necessary records that demonstrate that federal requirements for environmental review, relocation, equal opportunity, and citizen participation are met.

In order to meet this mandate, as well as to plan effectively the City's future Community Development effort, a portion of the block grant is used to fund planning and management activities within the Office of Management and Budget, the Department of City Planning, the Landmarks Preservation Commission, and the Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities.

Code Violations Removal in Schools

CD funds are used by the Department of Education to prevent or remove code violations in New York City schools. The activities may include the installation, repair, or replacement of emergency lighting, elevator guards, corridor doors, door closers, fire rated doors and hardware, panic hardware, fire alarm systems, fire suppression systems, fire extinguishers, sprinklers/standpipes, radiator shields, potable water systems, sewage systems, kitchen ventilation/exhaust systems, and heating/cooling/refrigeration systems; flame-proofing curtains; building elevator and sidewalk elevator upgrades; and the repair of bleachers, retaining walls, interior masonry, falling plaster, damaged flooring, ceilings, electrical fixtures, and wiring. To avoid archaeological concerns, playground resurfacing may be performed provided there is no increase in the playground area and no excavation is proposed.

Commission on Human Rights Law Enforcement Program

The Law Enforcement Bureau of the New York City Commission on Human Rights is responsible for the enforcement of the City Human Rights Law prohibiting discrimination in employment, housing, and public accommodations on the basis of race; color; creed; age; national origin; alienage or citizenship status; gender; sexual orientation; disability; marital status; partnership status; any lawful source of income; status as a victim of domestic violence, sex offenses, or stalking; whether children are, may be, or would be residing with a person; conviction or arrest record; lawful occupation; relationship or association; and retaliation. The Law Enforcement Bureau also enforces the law prohibiting bias-related harassment. In accordance with the mandate of the Human Rights Law, the Law Enforcement Bureau provides comprehensive services to members of the public. It addresses their complaints of discrimination through a process that includes intake, investigation, mediation, prosecution, and monitoring. The goal of this multi-faceted enforcement mechanism is to vindicate the rights of those complainants who have been victimized by unlawful discrimination and to prevent unlawful discrimination from playing any role in actions relating to employment, housing, and public accommodations.

Commission on Human Rights Neighborhood Human Rights Program

The Community Relations Bureau of the New York City Commission on Human Rights administers the Neighborhood Human Rights Program (NHRP). The program's goals are to encourage positive inter-group relations among residents of diverse racial, ethnic, and religious backgrounds through community-based activities and reduce discrimination through education, advocacy, and law enforcement. NHRP is implemented citywide through Community Service Centers in all five boroughs.

Staff from the five Community Service Centers operates several projects in school and community settings reflecting the Commission's larger mandate.

- The School Program is available to grades 6-12 and offers classes such as "NYC Human Rights Law", "Sexual Harassment", and "Resolving Conflict". The program also includes presentations for youth organizations. Additionally, Peer Mediation Trainings (8-10 weeks in duration) are available for students at selected middle and high schools throughout the City to establish programs in schools and certify students to serve as peer mediators. These programs reduce conflicts between fellow students before they escalate.
- Immigrant Rights offers workshops to alert immigrant workers, employers, and advocacy organizations to the employment protections provided under the NYC Human Rights Law and relevant federal laws. The immigrant rights curriculum has been tailored to the literacy levels of beginning, intermediate, and advanced adult students in English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) classes and includes workbooks for ESOL teachers and students. The classes are scheduled throughout the 14 community colleges in the CUNY system, the 3 public library systems, and many community service organizations.
- Project Equal Access educates the disabled community, senior citizens, medical professionals, and others about city, state, and federal laws providing for accessibility in housing and public accommodations. The project also negotiates resolution in individual cases, such as structural modifications, and/or policy changes.
- Mortgage Foreclosure Counseling deters discrimination in housing, supports neighborhood stabilization, and detects predatory lending practices through counseling those in danger of defaulting on their mortgages. Groups that are vulnerable to discriminatory lending practices – notably immigrants,

African-Americans, and older people – are targeted for education and counseling by Commission field offices. The Commission is a HUD-certified housing counseling agency.

These programs provide expansive community education and link community relations with the Commission's law enforcement functions. The Centers' staff also addresses situations of community unrest by assisting groups with leadership development, mediation, and conflict resolution.

The Neighborhood Human Rights Program includes the following broad areas:

A. Community Education

- Presentations on the protections against discrimination in employment, housing, and public accommodations to raise awareness of legal rights, increase civic involvement, and help the people in these communities become better connected. The Commission also has an educational web-page titled "Fighting for Justice: New York Voices of the Civil Rights Movement" that features short films about New Yorkers whose early activism contributed to the national civil rights struggle. In addition, photos from the lives of the activists, research resources, a list of project advisors, and links to related collections can be found on the website. It can be located through the Commission on Human Rights' website or by searching "NYC Fighting for Justice."
- School- and youth-based programs, including workshops in school classes and peer mediation training for middle and high school students.
- Training for merchants, landlords, consumers, and community leaders on the Human Rights Law.
- Inter-group and community-based activities.
- B. Fair Housing Through the major project areas of equal access and services and fair lending, fair housing activities reduce discriminatory real estate practices. These activities include:
 - Educating the disabled community and senior citizens about their rights to accessible housing and public accommodations, and advocating, in specific cases, through pre-complaint intervention.
 - Informing homeowners and prospective buyers about predatory and discriminatory lending practices and providing foreclosure-prevention counseling for homeowners in danger of losing their homes. As a certified Housing Counseling Agency, the Commission provides housing and mortgage foreclosure counseling for clients referred by lenders and HUD.
 - Educating housing providers (i.e., real estate agents and landlords) and consumers (i.e., tenants at Housing Court and prospective renters or homeowners) on the fair housing laws.
 - Cooperating with the Commission's Law Enforcement Bureau in housing investigations to determine the extent of discriminatory real estate practices, including testing of illegal rental and sales practices.
- C. Public Outreach Public outreach is the public face of the Commission and is a part of all programmatic efforts. Outreach efforts consist of locating appropriate audience venues, forming partnerships with relevant community organizations, distributing informational materials that summarize the protections under the Human Rights Law, and publicizing the services of the Commission and its Community Service Centers. The materials include newsletters, infocards, annual reports, resource guides, booklets, brochures, and other multilingual materials. Most of these materials are made available on the Commission's website.
- D. Bias Prevention and Response The Neighborhood Human Rights Program addresses inter-group tensions through mediation and conflict resolution, community-based activities that bring people together, and community leadership development. Anti-bias activities are emphasized in neighborhoods with diverse or shifting populations and new immigrants who face isolation and bias. Staff members conduct community mediation and conflict resolution and provide organizing assistance to block, community, business, religious, and neighborhood/tenant associations and groups.
- E. Planning Planning and research activities support the various project areas in the Neighborhood Human Rights Program through:

- Neighborhood- and/or group-specific projects, such as surveys of each borough to locate housing stock or businesses inaccessible to wheelchair users;
- Collaborative research projects, such as a study of the relationship between incarceration, race, and employment discrimination with Princeton University and a study of the expanded role of Human Rights Commissions with Harvard University;
- Ongoing research with the Columbia University Human Rights Institute to integrate human rights principles into the development of policy and programs of government agencies;
- Ongoing analysis of employment data in the advertising industry to assess potential discrimination based on race:
- Publication of research findings, including making current and archival reports available on DVD;
- Grant writing; and
- Public hearings.

The Community Relations Bureau is based at the Commission's central office at 40 Rector Street, Manhattan. Community Service Centers are located at the following addresses:

Office Location

Bronx 1932 Arthur Avenue
Brooklyn 275 Livingston Street
Manhattan 40 Rector Street

Queens 153-01 Jamaica Avenue

Staten Island 60 Bay Street

Community Arts Development Program (CADP)

Cultural organizations play a vital role in creating and maintaining healthy, vibrant communities. This is particularly true when revitalizing low-income, underserved neighborhoods. As communities go through significant physical changes, cultural organizations often take on renovations as well. When managed well, the physical changes can introduce a positive impact on the institution and its community. However, some groups need to be better prepared to meet the operational and financial demands of project planning and implementation, and/or, the challenges of organizational sustainability.

CADP's capacity building initiative, *Building Sustainability*, aims to increase the effectiveness of cultural organizations undergoing a capital project and to prepare them for the challenges ahead. The program takes the position that investment in leadership and planning capacities, timed early in the capital process, can have positive long-term results. Once these core capacities are in place, groups are better equipped to address programmatic, management, and financial issues as well as function as a stable and vital presence in their communities.

It is anticipated that 5 to 6 groups will receive CD-funded grants for capacity building projects that involve working with an arts management consultant over a 12 month period. CADP staff will competitively select a qualified consultant who will work with grantees, first to assess each individual participant's capacity building needs, and then to develop and implement a customized work plan. Additionally, the consultant will convene participants for group workshops and peer exchanges.

In order to be eligible for assistance, an organization must serve a primarily low- and moderate-income community and have a mission and programs that substantially focus on the arts and cultural activities. For further information about program guidelines, including eligibility requirements, please check the DCA website (www.nyc.gov/culture) in late summer 2011.

CD funds pay for one person to oversee the program. By helping organizations improve their own capabilities, the City can increase the organization's productivity. The value created extends beyond the impact of the technical assistance provided and raises the overall effectiveness of the organization's ability to offer services to

its community. Groups emerge better prepared to meet the challenges of sustaining their organizations in the newly renovated facility.

For further information regarding *Building Sustainability*, please contact Perian Carson at pcarson@culture.nyc.gov.

Please note that no new small capital improvement grants will be distributed through this program. However, CD funds are used for DCA staff to monitor projects from prior years' grants that are currently underway, as well as to provide technical assistance to organizations that serve low- and moderate-income areas that are purchasing equipment with City Capital funds.

DCP Comprehensive Planning

CD funds pay for staff that performs citywide comprehensive planning functions within the following divisions:

Strategic Planning

Strategic Planning oversees the Department's functional planning activities and coordinates land use planning policy based on identified planning issues and strategies. Economic, housing, infrastructure, and community facility planning staff help formulate long-term development and policy objectives for the City. Activities also include preparation of key strategic planning documents, directing major citywide studies, and working closely with the City Planning Commission on planning and development issues.

Borough Offices

The Department's five Borough Offices develop zoning and land use policy on local issues and prepare comprehensive neighborhood plans. Borough offices maintain links to the City's varied communities by providing outreach and technical assistance to the borough's community boards, civic organizations, and elected officials regarding zoning and land use. Borough Offices participate in the review of public and private development actions to ensure conformance with local area needs and plans.

Housing, Economic, and Infrastructure Planning (HEIP)

HEIP develops citywide plans and policies addressing housing, economic, and infrastructure issues. It conducts comprehensive economic, employment, and housing analyses and studies. The division reviews and analyzes land use proposals, assists in initiating zoning text and map amendments, and coordinates preparation of the Consolidated Plan and Annual Report on Social Indicators. The Population Section within HEIP conducts demographic studies and advises on demographic, immigration, and census policy issues. It distributes census data, analyses, and maps on the Department's website and is the City's liaison to the U.S. Census Bureau.

Planning Coordination

The Planning Coordination Division is responsible for monitoring and coordinating implementation of the Department's planning initiatives, managing review of community-based 197-a plans, providing analysis and technical assistance for community facility planning, preparing charter-mandated reports including the Citywide Statement of Needs and Community District Needs, and providing support for the Department's strategic plans and priorities.

Waterfront and Open Space

The Waterfront and Open Space Unit prepares comprehensive and local area plans, advises on citywide waterfront and open space policy issues, and reviews proposed actions on the City's waterfront for consistency with the Waterfront Revitalization Program.

Zoning and Urban Design (ZUD)

Zoning is responsible for maintaining the Zoning Resolution, the laws governing land use in New York City. The Division conducts planning studies to modify and update the Resolution so that it better addresses the needs of the City. The planning studies range in scope from those focused on a specific site to facilitate its development to those that deal comprehensively with large sectors of the development and business

communities or with areas of the City where special purposes are identified. These studies result in major modifications to the Zoning Resolution. On a daily basis, the Division provides general zoning information to the public and other City agencies.

DCP Information Technology

CD funds pay for support staff, contractual and professional services, supplies, materials, equipment, and software and hardware maintenance (including subscription services) within the various sections of the Department of City Planning's (DCP) Information Technology Division (ITD).

A. ITD/Geographic Systems Section (GSS)

GSS is responsible for developing and maintaining specialized geographic data processing capabilities that support the planning activities of DCP and other City agencies, including federally-funded programs such as CD. Major products include:

- The Geosupport System: Developed and maintained by GSS as a citywide service, Geosupport is currently used by more than 30 agencies to support their planning and operational activities. Geosupport processes New York City geographic locations, such as addresses and street intersections, standardizes and validates locations, and relates these to various political and administrative districts such as community districts, census tracts, and school districts. The system provides CD-eligibility for any location in the City (whether it is within a census tract that is more than 51% low- and moderate-income).
- <u>GeoX</u>: A powerful tool developed to assist users in connecting to either (or both) the mainframe or desktop versions of Geosupport, via .Net and Java wrapper classes.
- <u>Linear Integrated Ordered Network (LION)</u>: Digital street maps and administrative and political district boundary files are maintained by GSS. Many of the Geosupport System's functions are based on the data in LION. LION is widely used for computer mapping of community facilities, demographic data, and other data supporting planning analysis.
- <u>Property Address Directory (PAD)</u>: PAD contains geographic information about New York City's approximately one million tax lots (parcels of real property) and the buildings on these lots. PAD serves as one of the foreground component files in City Planning's Geosupport System, and it is formatted specifically for use with the Geosupport software. New releases of PAD are usually created four times a year, reflecting tax geography changes, new buildings, and other property-related changes.
- <u>Computer Mapping</u>: Computer maps are generated for planning and presentation purposes and are produced on request internally, as well as for other City agencies. Both LION and New York City Department of Finance's Digital Tax Map files are used as base maps for computer mapping.
- <u>License Agreement:</u> GSS has a license agreement for use of its primary software product, Geosupport. The product is sold on compact disc containing Windows compatible Geosupport files and GSS-developed Geocoding software. The disc also contains a copy of GeoX to aid developers in creating new applications.

GSS provides geographic support to DCP's Population Section in the preparation for 2010 demographic profiles. Work is currently underway to modify GSS' data files to include the 2010 Census Geography and the creations of various geographic equivalency files between the 2010 Census Geography and the City's Administrative Districts.

GSS continues to work with DoITT and the emergency services agencies on the creation of a unified street centerline file called the City-wide Street Center Line (CSCL). The CSCL project is part of the Emergency Communications Transformation Project (ECTP). The main goal of CSCL is to have one centralized street centerline file maintained by a dual agency (DCP and DoITT) maintenance unit called the Centerline Maintenance Group (CMG). The CSCL will eventually feed the various emergency services dispatching systems as well as other City agency systems, including Geosupport.

B. ITD/Database and Application Development (DAD) Section

DAD collects, processes, and provides land use, housing, economic, and demographic data that are used for

developing neighborhood and community development plans, major citywide studies, and tax revenues and economic studies. The data are provided in different formats, including report tables, listings, and data files. Specifically, data files and reports are produced for the Consolidated Plan Annual Performance Report, the Statement of Needs' Gazetteer and Maps, the Community District Needs Statement, and the Agency's Neighborhood Rezoning and Planning Studies. DAD is also responsible for developing and maintaining on-line database systems that provide easy access to data.

These database systems include:

- <u>Land Use and CEQR Application Tracking System (LUCATS)</u>: provides browser-based access to mission critical data entered into DCP's mainframe legacy system, LUMIS. It tracks applications for land use changes through New York City's Charter mandated review processes, including the Uniform Land Use Review Process (ULURP) and the City Environmental Quality Review (CEQR). Links are available to relevant data on other web sites.
- <u>Primary Land Use Tax Lot Output (PLUTO)</u>: contains extensive land use, zoning, and geographic data that are used with micro-computer database and mapping software. Data updates are now completed twice a year instead of once a year.
- <u>Land Use Management Information System (LUMIS)</u>: tracks applications for private and public development that require discretionary approvals through the City's Uniform Land Use Review Process.
- <u>E-Designation</u>: An information system which contains detailed data on Environmental Designations adopted by the City Council.
- <u>Zoning Tax Lot Database</u>: The database contains up-to-date and historical zoning by parcel. The database interfaces with the agency's local databases and the agency's Zoning Application.

During CFY 2010, DAD assisted DCP's Population Section in determining which addresses to appeal in the Census Bureau's Detailed Feedback File, which is part of the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) for the 2010 Census. In addition, DAD assisted DCP's Population Section in creating the New Construction submission for the 2010 Census.

During the past year, DAD has also begun the design and development of LUCATS as a Web application available to the public. The public will have easy access to current and historically reliable information on the status of land use applications through the Uniform Land Use Review Process (ULURP) and City Environmental Quality Review (CEQR). This application is scheduled to be implemented during the coming year.

DAD also maintains the Land Use Application Status Reports on DCP's website. The reports display the status and identifying information, such as project name, location, and description, for land use applications received by DCP. The reports are updated bi-weekly, usually during the first and third weeks of the month.

DAD assists other divisions within DCP involved with citywide comprehensive planning functions by developing and/or maintaining various PC databases. DAD developed and maintains the Waterfront Database, which tracks proposed actions that occur in the coastal zone for consistency with the Waterfront Revitalization Program (WRP). DAD also developed and maintains the Geosupport Systems User Database, which tracks both Geosupport Users and User feedback.

DAD generates CD program income by licensing the PLUTO data and application for use with micro-computer software, and by licensing the PLUTO data merged with tax lot base map data in different mapping software formats.

C. ITD/Web Team

The City Planning Web Team is responsible for designing, building, and maintaining DCP's website for the dissemination of departmental data and information to the general public.

The Web Team coordinates with the Department of Information Technology and Telecommunications to assure adherence with citywide standards and requirements for the website. The Web Team works with professional

staff throughout the agency to assure timeliness and accuracy of the content presented. The Web Team maintains content in six major sections.

- <u>About Us</u>: the agency's strategic plan, contact information, press releases, and employment opportunities.
- <u>Zoning</u>: the full text of the Zoning Resolution, up-to-date zoning maps including sketch maps of proposed and recently adopted rezonings, and general information on zoning concepts, including a reference section with an overview of regulations for zoning districts.
- <u>Land Use Process</u>: calendars and disposition sheets for the City Planning Commission (CPC) public meetings and review sessions; status reports and CPC reports on land use applications; forms and information on the land use review process; information on community-based planning and the Waterfront Revitalization Program; environmental impact statements; and other environmental review documents.
- <u>Projects & Proposals</u>: detailed explanations with text, maps, diagrams, and photographs of City Planning rezoning initiatives and other studies and projects.
- Reference: profiles of community districts and a community data portal for accessing a wide range of information by community district; neighborhood maps; population data from the U.S. Census Bureau and other sources; land use facts; housing, socioeconomic, and transportation planning resources.

In addition, the Web Team is responsible for the design, development, and maintenance of web applications. These include the Address Translator, GOAT on the Web (an intranet application), the CPC Report application, and the Zoning Map Finder.

D. ITD/GIS Team

The City Planning GIS Team maintains the data and application infrastructure used by DCP's planning and other professional staff for desktop geographic inquiry and analysis.

The GIS Team manages the ArcGIS/SQL Server database of geographic data used by over 100 DCP staff in developing plans, analyzing land use applications, and providing related information to the public.

The team maintains resources including versions of LION, districts, MapPLUTO, and GIS representations of zoning and related features. The team members also coordinate with other agencies to provide geographic data resources (such as DoITT's planimetric features and orthophotos, and DOF's Digital Tax Map) that support the agency's work.

Customized applications and interfaces are developed by the team to enhance the access to, and use of, the various geographic resources both within the agency and for the public.

In addition, the team provides assistance in the use of the geographic information and software for agency planning and community development initiatives and leads agency-wide GIS Users' Group meetings.

The GIS Team and the Web Team, working with other sections and divisions of the Department of City Planning, produce a wide range of GIS and related data products under the BYTES of the BIG APPLE heading for free distribution and licensing to other government entities and the general public.

E. ITD/PC and Network Services

PC and Network Services (PCNS) provides services related to all agency computer hardware and software, and is responsible for managing the local and wide area networks at six Department of City Planning office locations. Services include telecommunication with CityNet (mainframe applications), with NYC Share (the intranet for City employees), with the internet, and to agency issued devices.

PCNS is responsible for maintaining network security and has developed various strategies for that purpose. These strategies include maintaining back-up systems on all agency servers and cooperating with City oversight

agencies to protect against deliberate and accidental system corruption. PCNS procures and maintains network hardware and operating systems, which are upgraded as technology changes and new services are required.

PCNS also provides and maintains the personal computers and related hardware and software in City Planning that enable the planners to prepare maps, slide shows, and standard documents. The Desktop Support staff responds to requests for help and assistance with computer-related problems. In addition, PCNS evaluates new needs for hardware and/or software. Technicians research and evaluate products and recommend cost effective solutions.

F. ITD/Director's Office

The ITD Director's Office exercises oversight for The BYTES of the BIG APPLE product line, which is a family of software, data, and geographic base map files for New York City. CD program income is generated through the sale and license of these products. The BYTES of the BIG APPLE Coordinator is responsible for distributing and maintaining the licensing of these products to the public and other city agencies. These products are PLUTOTM and MapPLUTOTM data files, and the Geosupport Desktop EditionTM application.

This Office is also responsible for maintaining the digital master Zoning Resolution text and co-ordinates the timely updating of the paper document with staff in the Zoning Division and the Graphics Division.

DFTA Senior Center Improvements

CD funds are used for the renovation of the physical plant and the rectification of code violations in senior Activities may include relocating centers; plumbing upgrades; the installation of lighting and emergency lighting systems, security systems, air conditioning/heating/ventilation systems, kitchen fire extinguishing systems, hot water heaters, and fire doors; installing ramps; window upgrade/replacement; ceiling and roof rehabilitation; kitchen upgrade; bathroom renovation; rewiring; floor replacement; handicapped access; and security and elevator improvements. Approximately 20 percent of the total allocation will be used for consultant services. Work may take place at the following senior centers in CFY 2012.

Bronx

Location Center

BronxWorks Morris Senior Center CASA Boricua Senior Center **COBO Mount Carmel Center** East Concourse Senior Center Heights Center for Senior Citizens PSS Highbridge Senior Center **RAIN East Tremont Senior Center** Van Cortlandt Village Senior Center

Brooklyn

Abe Stark Senior Center Albany Senior Center Atlantic Senior Center Council Center for Senior Citizens Cypress Hill Fulton Street **Dorchester Senior Center** Fort Greene Grant Square Senior Center Fort Greene Hazel Brooks Fort Greene Remsen Senior Center Fort Greene Trans Nutrition House of Jacob Senior Center

Middle Village Senior Center

10315 Farragut Road 196 Albany Avenue 70 Pennsylvania Avenue 1001 Quentin Road 3208 Fulton Street 1419 Dorchester Road 19 Grant Square 951 Ocean Avenue 648 Remsen Avenue 966 Fulton Street 6222 23rd Avenue 69-10 75th Street

80 East 181st Street 910 East 172nd Street 2405 Southern Boulevard 236 East Tremont Avenue 200 West Tremont Avenue 1181 Nelson Avenue 2405 East Tremont Avenue 3880 Sedgwick Avenue

Ridgewood Bushwick Roundtable Senior Citizens Center St. Gabriel's Senior Center Swinging 60's Senior Center Times Plaza Senior Center 319 Stanhope Street 1175 Gates Avenue 331 Hawthorne Street 211 Ainslie Street 460 Atlantic Avenue

A. Philip Randolph

ARC Fort Washington Senior Center BRC Senior Nutritional Program Carter Burden Luncheon Club City Hall Senior Center COTHOA Luncheon Club CPC Project Open Door

East Harlem Council Nutrition Program

Senior Center

Encore Luncheon Club
Goddard Riverside
Hargrave Senior Center
Kennedy Senior Center
Mott Street Senior Center
Manhattanville-Riverside Center
NY Chinatown Senior Center
Project Find Coffeehouse
Project Find Hamilton House

Sirovich Senior Center Stein Senior Center

UBA Beatrice Lewis Senior Center Washington Heights Community Service Manhattan

108 West 146th Street 4111 Broadway 30 Delancey Street 351 East 74th Street 100 Gold Street

2005 Amsterdam Avenue 115 Chrystie Street 150 East 121st Street

239 West 49th Street 593 Columbus Avenue 111 West 71st Street 34 West 134th Street 180 Mott Street 3333 Broadway 70 Mulberry Street 329 West 42nd Street 141 West 73rd Street 331 East 12th Street

331 East 12th Street 204 East 23rd Street 2322 Third Avenue 650 West 187th Street

Allen Community Alpha Phi Alpha

CCNS Bayside Senior Center CCNS Catherine Sheridan

CCNS Dellamonica Senior Center CCNS Hillcrest Senior Center CCNS Ozone Park Senior Center

CCNS Seaside

CCNS Steinway Senior Center Elmhurst Jackson Heights

Middle Village

JSPOA Theodora Jackson Senior Center

Korean American Senior Center Rego Park Senior Center Robert Couche Senior Center Selfhelp Benjamin Rosenthal

SNAP of Eastern Queens

United Hindu Cultural Council

Arrochar Friendship CYO Senior Guild Lunch Queens

166-01 Linden Boulevard 116-02 220th Street

221-15 Horace Harding Expressway

35-24 83rd Street 23-56 Broadway

168-01 Hillside Avenue 103-02 101st Avenue 216 Beach 8th Street 20-43 Steinway Street 75-01 Broadway 69-10 75th Street

92-47 165th Street 37-06 111th Street

93-29 Queens Boulevard 137-57 Farmers Boulevard 45-25 Kissena Boulevard 80-45 Winchester Boulevard

118-09 Sutter Avenue

Staten Island

85 Jerome Avenue 120 Anderson Avenue Mt. Loretto Friendship Club Center S.I. Community Services Friendship Club

6581 Hylan Boulevard 11 Sampson Avenue

DHS Homeless Services

The Department of Homeless Services (DHS) will use CD funds to provide shelter and services to families and homeless individuals in its shelter system. The program was formerly known as DHS Homeless Families Services.

Through the Family Services component, families in need of assistance receive apartment style units, most of which contain private baths and kitchens. For those apartments that do not have kitchens, DHS provides food service. Services provided to families range from money management, consumer awareness, food management, housekeeping, housing search, transportation, educational planning, job skills, and child care, among others. In their time of crisis, families are placed in a stable environment and given services that are designed to move them toward independence.

Most of the families in the system have active public assistance cases under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program. However, DHS does not receive any reimbursement from the federal government or New York State for the families that do not have active cases. DHS will use CD funds for families without active PA cases who will be in the citywide shelter system.

The Department of Homeless Services' Adult Services provides a continuum of programs, which aim to return clients to permanent housing, for single homeless adults. Adult Services operates temporary, emergency shelter and related social services in nearly 63 facilities, with over 8,100 beds throughout the City. Four shelters are directly operated by DHS Adult Services staff, with the remaining operated by contracted nonprofit providers.

All of the Adult Services programs offer numerous services that meet the needs of individuals who are homeless and help them to achieve permanency as rapidly as possible. Such services include medical, mental health, substance abuse treatment, job training, employment, entitlement/benefits enrollment assistance, and housing placement.

Day Care Center Services

The Administration for Children's Services' (ACS) Division of Child Care and Head Start provides oversight to one of the largest municipal child care systems in the country. Approximately 118,281 children are provided child care services in different types of service settings. The most recent data for group center-based programs operated under contract with the City estimates 30,429 enrollees.

All subsidized programs affiliated with ACS' Division of Child Care are designed to ensure that quality services are provided to children. Individualized and group educational instruction, group play, trips, and special projects are a few of the activities offered. A parent advisory committee is an integral part of the program. Community participation is encouraged by the program staff and parents. The goal is to provide a safe learning environment for the delivery of group and family day care services that are designed to address the developmental, social, educational, and nutritional needs of children from ages 2 months to 12 years old.

The following sites will be funded with a combination of CD and non-CD funds:

Site
New Life Child Development
Rena Day Care Center
Malcolm X Day Care Center

Location
295 Woodbine Street, Brooklyn
639 Edgecombe Avenue, Manhattan
111-12 Northern Boulevard, Queens

Elderly Minor Home Repair Program

Abandonment of privately-owned homes by senior citizens is a serious concern. Such abandonment has a negative impact on individual citizens, neighborhoods, and the cost of local government services. The causes of senior citizen housing abandonment include the homeowner's lack of money to pay for needed repairs and maintenance, their physical inability to handle the maintenance needs of their property, and the lack of information on available resources and services for home maintenance. As the demographic profile of New York continues to age, and as senior homeowners themselves experience declining health, this social problem will require increasing attention and action. As homes fall into ill-repair, often leading to abandonment, there are substantial public costs as the City deals with increasingly deteriorated neighborhoods and increased social service costs for displaced individuals. A cost effective approach is to provide senior citizens with the means to maintain their homes, thereby preserving neighborhoods.

This program, administered by the New York Foundation for Senior Citizens, attempts to address many of the conditions that lead to home abandonment. Some of the services that are included are minor home repairs and outreach and coordination with other agencies handling senior citizen problems. The program is available on a citywide basis to persons 60 or older who are at or below the Section 8 income limits.

Household income is defined as: benefits of Social Security, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), pension, employment, rental income, declared interest/dividend income and contributions from family on a regular basis. Clients must submit photocopies of income and homeownership records (tax bill, mortgage bill, or copy of deed). Condo and co-op clients must have their board's permission for work to be done.

The Elderly Minor Home Repair Program is publicized with the assistance of the Department for the Aging, senior citizens centers, elected officials, and through the use of local newspapers. In addition, flyers are posted in libraries, post offices, and barbershops/beauty salons. Presentations are also given at senior centers, clubs, retiree groups, etc.

Elderly Safe-At-Home Program

This program provides comprehensive crime prevention services, crisis intervention, and general crime victim assistance to combat crime perpetrated against elderly and non-elderly disabled residents in the South Bronx. The goal of the program is to provide maximum services geared to enhance the general quality of life of these residents; improve their safety and security; and enhance their health and well-being in order to enable them to live independently in their homes. The program offers workshops on entitlements, health maintenance, and nutrition, and disseminates information on crime prevention, safety and security, and court proceedings through the periodic distribution of pamphlets and through regularly scheduled meetings at program sites. Elderly and non-elderly disabled residents in need of crime victim assistance are identified and referred to a host of community based and city agencies for a continuum of social services. Monitoring of the health, safety, and well-being of residents is also ongoing.

These services are provided to elderly residents in the following developments in the South Bronx.

- McKinley Houses 731 East 161st Street (Provides services to residents of the McKinley and Forest Houses)
- Butler Houses 1408 Webster Avenue (Provides services to residents of the Morris, Butler, and Webster/Morrisania Houses)
- Jackson Houses 799 Courtlandt Avenue (Provides services to the Jackson and Courtlandt Houses)

Emergency Demolition Program

The Demolition Unit within HPD's Division of Maintenance has the authority to contract out for emergency demolitions when an owner fails to do so pursuant to a Department of Buildings (DOB) declaration of emergency, as established by the New York City Administrative Code. The Code requires the treatment of any structure that may become "dangerous or unsafe, structurally or as a fire hazard, or dangerous or detrimental to human life, health, or morals." Pursuant to DOB guidelines, this would include deteriorated residential and commercial structures determined to be unsafe and/or debilitated in any area, including urban renewal areas.

The Demolition Unit is responsible for surveying the site, providing a scope of work, and overseeing and approving all demolition, cleaning, and grading of land. CD funds are expended for all full and partial demolition of privately-owned residential and commercial properties, and some City-owned properties.

DOB issues Unsafe Building violations for buildings or properties that are dangerous or unsafe throughout the City. If the owner does not correct the unsafe condition, DOB may initiate an Unsafe Building proceeding in Supreme Court. The court may issue a precept, which is an order to correct the condition. Often the precept provides an owner with options regarding how to ensure the safety of the structure. These options include sealing the property, making repairs such that the condition of concern is addressed, or demolishing the structure. When DOB refers the precepts to HPD, HPD engages a contractor to take the appropriate action to correct the condition. Correcting the condition may include demolition (which would be CD-funded), shoring/bracing (which would be funded by Tax Levy dollars), or sealing for commercial properties (which would be funded by Tax Levy dollars).

Emergency Repair Program

The Emergency Repair Program (ERP) works to correct immediately hazardous emergency conditions for which the Division of Code Enforcement has cited an emergency repair generating "C" violations in a privately-owned residential building. In addition, this unit monitors repairs in City-owned properties.

Emergency Services Bureau

The Emergency Services Bureau (ESB) is responsible for contacting owners or managing agents for buildings where "C" violations requiring emergency repair(s) have been issued by Code Enforcement Inspectors. These violations are electronically transmitted to the ESB through the HPD Info computer system. In addition, the Intake Unit of the ESB interacts with outside agencies, such as the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, the Department of Buildings, and the Department of Environmental Protection, when requested to perform emergency repairs such as sewer lines and building seal-ups.

Using primarily property registration information (property owners are required to register with HPD annually), ESB contacts the building owner as soon as a class "C" violation is issued. The staff advises the owner of the condition, of the time to certify correction of the condition, and of consequences of not correcting and certifying the correction of the violation. The staff also contacts tenants to determine whether the owner actually complied. Notices that go out to both the owners and tenants regarding emergency repairs provide contact information for ESB for questions or issues. Whenever HPD cannot certify that the work was done, the violation is forwarded to the Emergency Repair Program (ERP) for corrective action.

Emergency Repair Environmental Hazard

Intake Unit staff are responsible for receiving emergency repair referrals from ESB. Field inspectors are sent to buildings to prepare work scopes for repairs such as boiler repairs, collapsing ceilings, cascading leaks, raw sewage cleanout, and pipe repair. ERP receives lead-based paint hazard violations, issued under Local Law #1 of 2004 by the Division of Code Enforcement, which have not been corrected and certified by the property owner. Under Local Law #1, a "lead-based paint hazard violation" is defined as: "The existence of lead-based paint in any dwelling unit in a multiple-unit dwelling where a child of applicable age resides if such paint is peeling or is on a deteriorated subsurface." As of October 1, 2006, the applicable age is six or under pursuant to New York City Council Resolution §27-5056.18. Within 10 days after the certification of a lead-based paint violation, ERP re-inspects all lead-based paint violations not certified by the owner as corrected. The unit may perform XRF testing to verify the existence of lead paint hazard violations that have not already been tested. If a lead-based paint hazard violation exists and the landlord fails to address the condition as required by Local Law #1, Emergency Repair Environmental Hazard (EREH) may use either in-house staff or contract out for remediation and dust clearance testing. By law, HPD must remediate such conditions not addressed by the owner within 45 days of a re-inspection of the condition. Using the same inspection, scope, and contracting process, EREH also addresses lead-based paint hazards in City-owned residential properties. The field inspectors determine whether the necessary repair work should be assigned to a vendor or to in-house maintenance staff.

Vendor Tracking Unit staff are responsible for monitoring the progress of jobs awarded to outside vendors. Staff maintains contact with the vendors on all open jobs to ensure that they start and complete their work according to dates established by the Procurement Unit. Vendor tracking staff also arranges for technical staff to inspect contractors' work while in progress and upon completion. In addition, the vendor tracking staff attempts to resolve access issues, tracks service charge requests, and obtains vendor affidavits for both refused access and no access situations.

Repair crews perform the more common repairs such as installing window guards, plastering, minor plumbing repairs and minor lead-based paint work (including room preparation, moving furniture, covering surrounding areas with plastic, removing paint, washing down walls, using HEPA vacuums on various surfaces, and removing window sashes and moldings when necessary).

ERP is also responsible for processing referrals received from the DHMH Lead Poisoning Prevention Program (LPPP), scoping and contracting out for lead-based paint abatement, and dust clearance testing.

ERP conducts asbestos surveys, laboratory analysis of bulk material, and asbestos air sampling for City- and privately-owned buildings. Responsibilities include developing specifications and cost estimates for asbestos and lead abatement activities, and monitoring contractor performance and compliance.

ERP also uses CD funds to seal vacant, open, and accessible privately-owned residential buildings that threaten the safety of the public. Accessible openings at these buildings are sealed with stucco, plywood, and/or concrete blocks to prevent illegal entry and occupancy; eliminate associated potential fire hazards; and preserve the physical structure of buildings in low- and moderate-income areas (HPD uses City Tax Levy funds for buildings that are not in CD-eligible areas). Sealing these buildings protects against further deterioration and abandonment of neighborhoods. Boarding up vacant buildings using CD funds is a component of the City's code enforcement effort along with other activities such as public improvement, rehabilitation, and services that are expected to prevent the decline of an area. Sealing activities in *in rem* buildings are eligible for CD funding as part of maintenance initiatives under the In Rem Maintenance and Repair Program.

ERP's Utilities and Fuel Unit responds to violations issued for a lack of electricity, gas, or fuel. The unit works with the utility companies to ensure that basic services are restored to buildings where the owner has failed to provide them. This unit is also responsible for arranging delivery of fuel oil in privately-owned buildings in order to provide heat and hot water to buildings for which Code Inspectors have written violations indicating a lack of fuel. The Fuel Unit works closely with the fuel vendors to ensure completion of any additional repair required for restoration of heat and hot water.

Bureau of Maintenance Procurement

The Bureau of Maintenance Procurement has several tasks, including awarding open market orders to vendors, approving and monitoring a vendor panel, and registering requirement contracts between the City and private vendors with the Comptroller's office.

Research and Reconciliation

Owners are entitled to question repairs made through DOM. The Research and Reconciliation Unit provides an independent review to ensure that all requirements and procedures were followed appropriately. The office examines ESB and ERP records to substantiate the charges/liens imposed against privately-owned buildings where DOM has abated an emergency condition.

GreenThumb

Established in 1978, GreenThumb remains the nation's largest urban gardening program, assisting 600 neighborhood groups in the creation and maintenance of community gardens aimed at increasing civic participation and encouraging neighborhood revitalization. GreenThumb was initiated in response to the City's severe financial crisis during the 1970's, which resulted in a serious loss of population and housing in

neighborhoods throughout the five boroughs. A tremendous amount of public and private land was left vacant, adding an unattractive and unsafe element to these devastated communities. GreenThumb's assistance helped neighborhood volunteers transform derelict land into active and attractive community resources.

Administered by the Department of Parks and Recreation, GreenThumb provides materials and technical support and manages the license applications for all community garden properties located on City land. GreenThumb offers material assistance only to those groups gardening in CD-eligible census tracts. Most of these properties are under the jurisdiction of the Department of Parks and Recreation, the Department of Housing Preservation and Development, and the Department of Education.

GreenThumb annually sponsors its Spring GrowTogether conference with over 70 garden workshops that attract approximately 1,500 city gardeners. In the fall, GreenThumb hosts its annual September Harvest Fair where gardeners show off their summer bounty and compete for blue ribbons in 30 vegetable, flower, and herb categories. GreenThumb links the distribution of all materials to educational workshops that are developed in partnership with gardeners and other greening organizations. All workshops are designed to enhance gardeners' horticultural, construction, and community development expertise, thus increasing the sustainability of their gardens and communities. In CFY 2012, GreenThumb expects to offer approximately 50 educational workshops and events that will serve approximately 5,000 participants. As part of its educational programming, GreenThumb maintains an informational website, www.GreenThumbnyc.org.

The majority of GreenThumb gardens are located in community districts that request and receive federal financial support for a combination of affordable housing, business development, and open space projects. As a result, active garden sites create a stable force in the community and serve as anchors for area re-development initiatives.

GreenThumb gardeners are interested in public safety, environmental quality, housing, and educational opportunities in their communities. The gardeners either live or work near the garden and many are schoolteachers, students, retirees, local business owners, artists, and/or active community residents. GreenThumb gardens are managed by community and block associations that are interested in improving their neighborhood through a complement of open space, affordable housing, and economic development opportunities.

For over 30 years, GreenThumb has been successful in responding to a crisis and making a positive contribution in the City's neighborhoods and in the lives of people that live and work there. Over 80% of GreenThumb's current inventory is comprised of permanent community garden resources. GreenThumb gardens have a track record of community involvement and accomplishment. Registered GreenThumb gardens offer consistent public programming aimed at improving the quality of life for residents of all ages.

HPD Administration

Staff in the following units performs administrative functions for several of HPD's CD-funded programs:

HLD Administration

The support staff within HLD oversees and coordinates a number of administrative functions. These functions include data operations, management services, office management, bill processing, and supervision of all administrative units within the Division.

Invoice Review

Units within the Division of Accounts Payable are responsible for receiving, reviewing, and approving all contractor invoices submitted for payment related to the Division of Maintenance, which includes repair work for both City- and privately-owned properties. In addition, the Division of Accounts Payable reviews invoices and processes vouchers for work done by the Neighborhood Preservation Consultants, utility and fuel payments for *in rem* properties, advertising, supplies, construction and related contracts.

Fiscal ERP Accounting

Program income from the Emergency Repair Program is generated through the collection of owner payments for billed invoices issued by the Fiscal ERP Accounting Unit. When the bill is not satisfied, a lien is placed on the property. The tax lien is removed when the landlord or purchaser makes full payment.

Bureau of Maintenance Procurement

The Division of Maintenance's Bureau of Maintenance Procurement, through a pre-qualified vendor list and requirements contract, bids out and awards repair work to private contracts for both privately-owned (under the Emergency Repair Program) and *in rem* buildings.

Timekeeping and Payroll

The Timekeeping Unit tracks and inputs timekeeping data for HPD employees, including review, verification, adjustments, and input of employee time. The unit also tracks and monitors leave balances and issues, processes resignations and terminations, and responds to employee inquiries. The Payroll Unit processes payroll changes for employees, including direct deposit changes, refunds or changes of union deductions, processing of assignment differentials and jury duty payments, research and resolution of discrepancy inquiries, processing of monetary settlements for grievances, and processing of requests for changes in federal, state, and city withholdings. The CD-funded Timekeeping and Payroll Unit staff are assigned to work units comprised of employees who perform only CD program functions, such as the Division of Property Management, Division of Maintenance, and Neighborhood Preservation Offices.

Division of Planning Sponsor Review Unit

The Division of Planning is responsible for assuring that all developers and contractors who do business with HPD comply with the agency's standards of integrity and competence. DOP's sponsor review unit performs background checks on the developers and contractors, and oversees the collection and review of disclosure forms, which it then submits to the Department of Investigation.

HOME Program Project Support

CD funds support positions for CD-eligible activities funded under the City's HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME). HOME funds may be used to develop and support rental housing and homeownership affordability through tenant-based rental assistance (which is not eligible as CD project support), rehabilitation, conversion, and acquisition of real property and new construction.

Preservation Planning & Analysis Unit

The Preservation Planning & Analysis Unit (PPA) within the larger Office of Enforcement and Neighborhood Services is responsible for analysis and preservation planning for all operations and initiatives within the Office of Preservation Services. Using performance based indicators, the unit performs various strategic management assessment analyses and forecasting, which are utilized to alter and re-design program planning in order to achieve the agency's preservation and enforcement mission.

HPD Emergency Shelters

The Department of Housing Preservation and Development's (HPD) Division of Property Management (DPM) operates the Emergency Housing Response Team (EHRT) and Client and Housing Services (CHS), which provide temporary emergency shelter and housing relocation services to residential tenants displaced as a result of fires or vacate orders issued by the Department of Buildings, Fire Department, Department of Health, or HPD.

Emergency Response

DPM contracts and coordinates with the American Red Cross (ARC) on emergency response and sheltering services for displaced households. ARC, as a first responder, assesses human services needs, including rehousing and sheltering needs. ARC provides initial shelter services through their contracted hotels for the first two to three days of displacement. During this time, ARC attempts to relocate households back to their units of origin or with friends and relatives. Households that are not relocated by ARC would be referred to HPD or the

Department of Homeless Services as appropriate. ARC hotel costs for households who are eligible for HPD services are reimbursable through the HPD contract.

Shelter Placement

EHRT's Central Intake assesses ARC-referred households for eligibility and assigns shelter placements based on unit and household size, matching school affiliation, other community support systems, and other special needs as appropriate. Households with children are placed in one of three Family Living Centers located in three boroughs (one in the Bronx, one in Brooklyn, and one in Manhattan). Households with no children are placed in privately-owned hotels in four boroughs (Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, and Queens) that have entered into an agreement with HPD for sheltering services.

Case Management and Housing Relocation Services

Storage Services

EHRT Responders coordinate with clients and their case managers to provide storage services through a contracted vendor for clients who have furniture and other items that are not needed during their stay in a shelter. Clients must arrange to remove their stored items upon shelter exit.

Family Living Centers (FLC)

Each FLC is staffed by social service contractors. Contractors provide case management services to ensure a household's housing and relocation readiness. Services include benefits advocacy; employment and/or vocational assistance and support; counseling and referrals for other needed services; documentation gathering; and family support activities.

Hotels

Households residing in participating hotels are serviced by CHS Case Managers who provide case management services to ensure a household's housing and relocation readiness and to assist in identifying and securing alternative permanent housing. Services include housing search and placement, applying for subsidized housing programs and rent subsidies, benefits advocacy, employment and/or vocational assistance and support, counseling and referrals for other needed services, documentation gathering, and family support activities.

Homeless Rental Unit

The Homeless Rental Unit (HRU) under CHS coordinates rental processes for apartment units that have been set aside for homeless households. These units are a combination of renovated apartments and newly-constructed apartments in housing projects that have been subsidized by HPD and/or Housing Development Corporation financing.

Displaced households and homeless households who are income-eligible may apply for these units. HRU works with CHS and other city agencies that manage shelter systems to coordinate all rental processes from application to lease signing.

Special Enforcement Unit

The Special Enforcement Unit (SEU), staffed by housing inspectors, community associates, and real property managers, provides essential code enforcement support to the Emergency Housing Services Bureau (EHSB). EHSB provides housing and social services to singles and families displaced by fire or otherwise evacuated from unsafe housing. The goal of the unit is to decrease the length of stay of EHSB clients by restoring households to their original apartments more quickly. SEU monitors landlords' performance in correcting the hazardous conditions that caused the vacate order. SEU files Code Enforcement vacate orders with the County Clerk's Office to place owners on notice of possible relocation liens that may be filed against their properties as a result of the relocation cost expended by the agency. SEU also makes referrals to the Housing Litigation Division (HLD) to commence litigation against owner who fail to comply with vacate/repair orders in a timely manner. The housing inspectors and support staff are CD-funded.

HPD Fair Housing Services Program

HPD'S Fair Housing Unit provides housing counseling, educational, and mediation services through CD-funded consultant contracts with community-based organizations covering the five boroughs.

HPD's Fair Housing Service Consultants provide counseling to individuals and families of low- and moderate-income. The Consultants assist with housing-related issues such as landlord/tenant rights and responsibilities and housing locator services, including accessible housing for people with disabilities. The Consultants also help clients in determining eligibility for tenancy and/or social service programs. Program clients with jurisdictional discrimination complaints are referred to the New York City Commission on Human Rights for enforcement.

Public awareness of Fair Housing Laws is central to promoting fair housing practices and enforcement. HPD and the Consultants plan and implement an annual Citywide Fair Housing Education campaign. This campaign consists of various elements: informational flyers and brochures, the placement of press releases and ads in local papers to advertise consultant services, radio and television broadcasts, and a grassroots effort to interact with the public through workshops and conferences.

CD funds also pay for HPD staff responsible for the management and oversight of the Fair Housing Service Providers. Responsibilities include counselor training, management of Housing Court schedules, contract compliance, providing information on City-assisted housing opportunities, requisition review/approval, and monthly productivity reports.

HPD Housing Policy Analysis and Statistical Research

The Division of Housing Policy Analysis and Statistical Research (DHPASR) plans and conducts major housing-related research requiring advanced concepts and methods and/or large-scale data collection, processing, and analyses, primarily for the legally required New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey (HVS) and reports on the HVS. DHPASR plans, designs, and implements the projects necessary to conduct the HVS and provides reliable data needed for sound planning, policy analysis and research, and program development. The Division prepares and submits to the City Council the Initial Report on the HVS, presenting and analyzing data on the rental vacancy rate, housing inventory, housing conditions, and other housing market situations required for the Council's determination of whether a housing emergency exists, as the condition necessary for continuing rent control and rent stabilization in the City. The DHPASR prepares the main HVS Report, a comprehensive housing market analysis, presenting and analyzing in-depth data from the HVS on the City's population, households, housing stock, vacancies, housing conditions, and other characteristics, such as household incomes, rents, and neighborhood conditions. The Division provides customized HVS data to other Divisions of HPD and other City agencies (Mayor's Offices, OMB, Department of Homeless Services, Corporation Counsel, etc.) to support planning; program development; defense of the Housing Maintenance Code; legal and legislative analysis; public information; and to respond to federal grant applications and reporting requirements, including annual and periodic Consolidated Plan requirements. The DHPASR provides justification of the need and substantiates eligibility for use of CD and other funds for agency programs. The Division also assists the Section 8 program with analyses of HVS and administrative data. CD funds largely pay for the staff that conducts these activities.

HPD Neighborhood Preservation Offices

The Division of Neighborhood Preservation (DNP) has three Neighborhood Preservation Offices, which are located in the Bronx (also covers Manhattan), Brooklyn West (which also covers Staten Island) and Brooklyn East (which also covers Queens). Based on analysis and planning around HPD violation and emergency repair expenditure data, DNP may conduct site assessments to determine whether buildings are at risk of abandonment or are in disrepair. Individual treatment plans may be developed and monitored to improve building conditions and prevent owner abandonment. Additionally, as part of HPD's initiative to identify distressed buildings citywide, DNP may refer buildings to the Alternative Enforcement Program, Third Party Transfer, and the Proactive Preservation Initiative (a component of the Targeted Code Enforcement Program).

DNP's Neighborhood Preservation Offices also work with community-based nonprofit organizations through the Neighborhood Preservation Consultants Program (NPC). These NPCs are under contract with HPD to identify buildings in distress and then provide early intervention assistance, preservation, and anti-abandonment services throughout the five boroughs.

HPD Program Planning

The Division of Planning, Marketing, and Sustainability (DPMS) is responsible for facilitating housing development and comprehensive neighborhood revitalization through community- based planning. DPMS builds the pipeline for affordable housing by selecting City-owned sites for development, identifying adjacent privately-owned sites, and collaborating with other agencies that have land and buildings suitable for housing development. DPMS secures the approval of housing proposals through the City's land use review process, working closely with local Community Boards and the Department of City Planning. In addition, DPMS is responsible for overseeing HPD's green building policy and reviewing all HPD projects' compliance with sustainability standards.

DPMS is also responsible for marketing HPD's affordable housing developments to prospective tenants and purchasers, by conducting housing lotteries to ensure fair and equitable distribution of available units to eligible applicants. DPMS monitors the developers' tenant selection procedures for programmatic and statutory compliance. (These activities are paid for with HOME funds.)

DPMS is also responsible for assuring that all developers and contractors who do business with HPD comply with the agency's standards of integrity and competence. DPMS's Sponsor Review Unit performs background checks on the developers and contractors, and oversees the collection and review of disclosure forms, which it then submits to the Department of Investigation. This activity has been classified as administration and is changed to that eligibility category under the HPD Administration Program.

DPMS consists of four borough offices, a marketing unit (funded through HOME), a sponsor review unit (funded under CDBG Administration), and a sustainability director. The borough offices coordinate development efforts in Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, and Queens/Staten Island.

Business Technology Services

Business Technology Services (BTS), in HPD's Division of Technology and Strategic Development, is responsible for identifying a specific set of actions (including the establishment and refinement of computerized information systems) to assist HPD in the Mayor's New Housing Marketplace Plan. In the course of this work, the BTS collects a range of data and studies the various processing systems of HPD programs to determine their effectiveness and how they can be amended to better serve the City's housing needs.

BTS participates in the analysis and design of workflow, processing needs, and business operations of the programs across HPD. It participates in the assessment of the current systems of business operations (manual and computerized) and develops appropriate new computer systems based on housing finance methods, municipal ordinances, codes, and regulations pertaining to planning, zoning, community, and economic development programs.

Strategic Planning Unit

The Strategic Planning Group (SPG) facilitates the agency-wide strategic planning process with the Commissioner and the HPD senior management team. This includes the identification of strategic priorities and change initiatives; the creation and reporting of milestones for those initiatives; and the management and implementation of key projects. The scope of these projects vary from large- and small-scale strategic and policy initiatives to operational and process re-engineering, usually all of which have a focus on improving the effectiveness and efficiency of the agency. Often, SPG will work on projects that span two or more divisions across HPD, serving a coordinating and centralizing function that helps direct and report back progress from and to the Commissioner's office.

Homeless Outreach and Housing Placement Services

Through a contract with the New York City Department of Homeless Services, in collaboration with the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, Project Hospitality provides homeless outreach and housing placement services to homeless, mentally ill persons who also may have substance use/dependence problems and occupy the Staten Island Ferry Terminal or other locations throughout Staten Island. The primary goal of the Homeless Outreach and Housing Placement Services Program is to move mentally ill homeless and dually diagnosed clients out of the Ferry Terminal and off the streets into safe havens and/or transitional or permanent housing settings. This represents a difference from the outreach approaches of past years, which focused on treatment and housing preparedness. This program now focuses on providing housing accompanied by wrap-around treatment and support services. The program is designed to respond effectively to the psychiatric and substance abuse issues that impair a person's ability to secure housing by arranging housing and treatment services fairly concurrently. If homeless persons need to come indoors to the Drop-In Center or safe haven first, they are able to receive a full complement of case management, treatment, and support services.

Homeless Outreach and Housing Placement workers approach, engage, and try to intensively work with homeless people to move them out of the Staten Island Ferry Terminal or off the streets. Outreach workers engage and counsel such persons, perform assessments, and refer homeless persons to a variety of services to address their most immediate needs. They organize such emergency services as medical detoxification, psychiatric evaluation, stabilization, bed care, and emergency health care.

The goal of this model is to reduce the number of homeless persons who live in places not meant for human habitation, in and around the Staten Island Ferry Terminal and throughout the borough of Staten Island, and to expeditiously place them in safe havens, transitional settings, or permanent housing.

Housing Information and Education

This program, administered by the Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities, seeks to increase awareness and opportunities for people with disabilities to obtain or retain accessible, affordable housing. It provides:

- Information and referrals relating to housing discrimination, fair housing laws, and barrier removal programs;
- Technical and legal guidance relating to the design and construction of accessible, affordable housing;
- New York City Building Code compliance, modifications, updates, interpretations, and recommendations for architects, engineers, designers, developers, landlords, co-op boards, condominium associations, small neighborhood businesses, housing real estate brokers, etc.;
- Housing referrals to disability advocates and service organizations that operate housing locator programs and maintain a list of accessible affordable housing; and
- Outreach to architects, builders, and community groups.

In Rem Building Maintenance and Repair Program

HPD's Division of Maintenance will utilize in-house staff to perform necessary repairs in *in rem* buildings. Repairs that may require greater skill than is available through in-house staff are let to private vendors through open market orders and requirements contracts. Open market orders are used for repairs that cost up to \$100,000. Repairs include plumbing and electrical work, seal-ups, boilers, and roofs. Funds are also provided to renovate common building areas such as hallways. Finally, CD funds pay for the costs of fuel and utilities in *in rem* buildings.

In Rem Building Maintenance and Repair Project Support

Within DPM, CD-funded support staff is responsible for the oversight of maintenance and repair efforts in *in rem* buildings. Responsibilities include:

- Responding to emergency complaints regarding heat and other essential services;
- Organizing, processing, and filing work order requests;
- Performing field inspections, holding technical interviews with potential contractors, and processing contractor pre-qualification applications and re-certifications;
- Inspecting, monitoring, and surveying repairs for in rem properties;

- Managing the process of bidding, awarding, and processing of publicly competitive sealed bids above \$90,000; and
- Supervising fiscal support operations and processing invoices for inspection and payment.

In Rem Material Management and Procurement

HPD incorporates the stockroom functions for DPM, Emergency Repair Environmental Hazards (EREH), and the Emergency Repair Program (ERP) into the Material Management and Procurement Unit. The Unit utilizes CD funds to procure tools and materials to support HPD's property management, lead abatement, asbestos abatement, and emergency repair programs. To procure and distribute the majority of materials to site locations for CD-eligible programs, HPD obtains maintenance and repair items from the Department of Citywide Administrative Services (DCAS) and private vendors.

Staff develops specifications, orders supplies, and maintains ongoing contact with private contractors and DCAS to ensure prompt delivery of repair materials to stockrooms. Upon receipt of these materials, staff prepares all necessary paperwork to process the payment requests from the contractors. They are also responsible for the timely distribution of the repair materials and tools upon request from the various HPD programs, maintaining the ability to respond to emergencies throughout the year. They account for the integrity and security of all procured items and maintain the computer inventory management system.

In Rem Property Management

CD funds pay for HPD's Real Property Managers (RPMs), who are responsible for coordinating the management and maintenance of the City's occupied *in rem* housing stock. The RPMs and related personnel conduct surveys on the condition of an *in rem* building upon intake, prepare work orders, and respond to tenants' requests. They visit tenants regularly and maintain good tenant relations, attend tenant and community meetings, ensure the installation of health and security measures (window guards, smoke detectors, etc.), respond to emergencies, and maintain superintendent services. They inspect completed repairs, validate invoices for payment, secure vacant apartments, update tenant rosters, and coordinate evictions. CD funds also pay for the rent at HPD's field offices that support the *in rem* operations.

In Rem Superintendent Contract

Under a competitively bid contract with a private vendor, superintendents are employed by the vendor to provide services in City-owned residential buildings. CD funds pay for the salaries and fringe benefits of the superintendents, as well as for payroll services provided by the vendor. The superintendents perform on-site janitorial services and alert HPD's Real Property Managers when building problems arise.

LPC Planning

CD funds pay for Landmarks Preservation Commission staff that conducts various planning activities such as environmental reviews and architectural, archaeological, and historical analyses. CD-funded staff also researches and plans for potential landmark districts, which includes photographing buildings and streetscapes to document significant features.

Land Restoration Program

The Land Restoration Program (LRP) is administered by the NYC Department of Parks and Recreation (DPR). Established in 1982, the program's primary focus addresses New York City's problem of vacant lots within CD-eligible areas.

LRP adopts sites for treatment on a rolling basis as the result of strict inspection parameters and/or at the request of Borough Presidents, Community Boards, and City Council Members. LRP routinely targets sensitive areas near public housing, playgrounds, community centers, and schools for inclusion on the "Target Site List" for vacant lot restoration and site improvements. The vacant lots are often polluted with drug paraphernalia, domestic litter, and industrial debris and frequently contain hazardous materials, rats, and severe vegetative overgrowth. Sites for improvement may additionally have structures to be demolished and removed. The LRP crew works with other City agencies including the Department of Transportation, the Department of Housing

Preservation and Development, and the Department of Sanitation to get sites cleaned and fenced. Sites are then graded, tilled, planted as needed with specialty mixes customized for the City, and put into a rotational maintenance plan or turned over to community groups for continued care. Sites are revisited throughout the season for mowing, cleaning, or other improvements in order to prevent them from falling into disrepair again.

Lot treatment by LRP provides communities:

- Increased safety by removing tall weeds that are often used as cover for illegal activity;
- Decreased harborage for insects, rodents, and the associated diseases;
- Reduction in vacant lot or site health hazards;
- Reduction in the cost of re-cleaning or reclaiming treated sites; and
- Property that is attractive to residents and potential developers.

The site selection and improvement process begins in the fall with the review of requests from various groups, agencies, or individuals. Sites are inspected and compared against the CD-eligible census tract maps and the roster of City-owned property. Site lists are regularly updated through the season to ensure the program reaches the most communities possible. LRP routinely tries to find local community partners to help with site maintenance in between visits.

Due to the changing nature of New York City's vacant lot inventory, LRP has begun expanding its objectives to include partnership projects with other programs such as GreenThumb gardens and other DPR divisions. Some of these projects may include habitat restoration, invasive species removal, debris removal, and other site preparation work. LRP also improves/upgrades established gardens and other City-owned properties that have become run down or damaged, as well as assists the GreenThumb program with community education. LRP is also forming partnerships with other agencies on open space projects that will complement local development efforts in CD-eligible areas. To this end, LRP continues to expand its equipment inventory and staff training efforts.

Landmarks Historic Preservation Grant Program

The Historic Preservation Grant Program provides financial assistance to rehabilitate, preserve, and restore publicly-, privately- or nonprofit-owned or -leased historic properties and sites that are designated or calendared individual New York City landmarks, within designated New York City historic districts, or listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. To qualify for an interior restoration grant, the building's interior must be designated.

Eligible properties cannot have unpaid real estate taxes, water/sewer charges, or un-rescinded notices of violation issued by the Landmarks Preservation Commission or the Department of Buildings.

Homeowners Grants

This component provides grants to homeowners who reside in their buildings, or whose buildings are occupied by low- to moderate-income individuals. The grants are intended to assist homeowners in repairing and restoring the façades of their buildings. Homeowners are eligible to receive historic preservation grants if they meet one of the following criteria:

- Their income, or the incomes of at least 51% of their tenants, does not exceed Section 8 low- or moderate-income limits; or
- The condition of the façade of their home is detrimental to the public's health and safety. Such conditions address HUD eligibility criteria for activities that aid in the prevention or elimination of slums and blight on a spot basis. Homeowners' incomes under this category may not exceed the Area Median Income. In addition, depending on the level of their income, homeowners must contribute at least 25%, 37.5%, or 50% of the value of the LPC grant towards the cost of their project. This contribution may be from owner equity, loan proceeds, or other grants.

Nonprofit Grants

This component provides historic preservation grants to nonprofit organizations organized under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Subject to certain restrictions set forth in the CD regulations, nonprofit organizations that own or have a long-term lease on their designated buildings are eligible to receive historic preservation grants if they meet one of the following criteria:

- They serve a low- and moderate-income area that is deemed to be CD-eligible; or
- Their buildings require work to eliminate specific conditions detrimental to public health and safety. Organizations that do not serve low- and moderate-income areas must contribute at least 50% of the value of the LPC grant towards the cost of their project.

Both homeowner and nonprofit applicants are identified through general LPC outreach and publications, direct mailings, and through staff presentations to block and neighborhood associations. CD also funds staff to administer the program, which is charged to CDBG Administration.

Litigation (formerly the Housing Litigation Division)

This program was formerly known as the Housing Litigation Division. HPD has two units that conduct litigation in the Housing Court of the New York City Civil Court: the Housing Litigation Division (HLD) and the Landlord Tenant Litigation Division (LTLD). LTLD is part of the Office of Legal Affairs and the Housing Litigation Division is in the Office of Enforcement and Neighborhood Services. The Certificate of No Harassment Unit in the Housing Litigation Division also conducts investigations and, where appropriate, administrative hearings at the Office of Administrative Trials and Hearing.

Housing Litigation Division

HLD initiates actions in the Housing Court against owners of privately-owned buildings to enforce compliance with the housing quality standards contained in the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law and the New York City Housing Maintenance Code (the "Housing Code"). The attorneys and support staff assigned to HLD are approximately 75% CD-funded. HLD attorneys also represent HPD when tenants initiate actions against private owners. HPD is automatically named as party to such actions. The goal of all of these court proceedings is to obtain enforceable Orders to Correct, Civil Penalties (fines), and, where appropriate, Contempt Sanctions in order to compel owners to comply with the Housing Code.

HLD institutes a variety of Housing Code compliance cases. When owners do not provide heat and/or hot water to tenants, HPD's Division of Code Enforcement inspectors place violations. HLD then initiates heat and/or hot water cases, seeking orders directing owners to restore the heat and/or hot water. HLD attorneys will also ask that civil penalties be assessed and, in the case of extremely recalcitrant owners, may seek an order of contempt with incarceration.

Comprehensive cases seek the correction of all outstanding violations in a building. Typically, comprehensive cases are initiated against owners of buildings with substantial Housing Code violations or against owners who fail to provide building services. HLD initiates comprehensive litigation against owners of "Single Room Occupancy" buildings (SROs), as well as owners with apartment units.

A comprehensive case could also involve claims against an owner who has filed a false certification or failed to register with HPD as required by law. After a Housing Code violation is placed on a building, the owner has the opportunity to certify that the violation has been corrected. Code Enforcement staff re-inspects the building to determine the validity of that certification. Owners who falsely certify are subject to further fines, and are ordered to correct the outstanding violations. Additionally, owners of multiple dwellings are required to register annually with HPD. This registration requirement is designed to facilitate HPD enforcement efforts by allowing easy identification of building ownership. Owners who fail to register their buildings seriously impede HPD's enforcement efforts.

HLD also brings litigation to have Article 7A Administrators appointed to buildings. The goal of the 7A program is to improve the quality of life for low-income people living in buildings that have experienced severe decay and/or a lack of services because of landlord neglect or abandonment. HLD attorneys seek to have the Court appoint 7A Administrators who will have interim management control, oversee required repairs to privately-owned buildings, and obtain Court authorization for HPD-funded repairs. HLD also represents HPD when the owner seeks to have the 7A Administrator discharged and the building returned to the owner's control.

HLD seeks access warrants based upon violations issued pursuant to Local Law 1 of 2004 by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DHMH) or HPD, where owners have denied access to HPD inspectors to investigate the presence of lead paint in buildings or to contractors and crews sent by HPD's Emergency Services Bureau to correct overdue lead paint hazard violations. In addition, HLD commences false certification cases, where the owners have falsely certified correction of lead paint violations. The attorneys and staff assigned to the enforcement of Local Law I of 2004 are 100% CD-funded.

HLD also seeks access warrants to permit HPD to inspect and, if appropriate, make emergency repairs in buildings where owners have denied access to HPD inspectors to inspect or have denied access to representatives from HPD's Emergency Services Bureau or its contractors to take necessary action to correct immediately hazardous conditions in a building.

Through its Judgment Enforcement Unit, HLD collects money judgments from owners and tracks Orders to Correct (violation correction) compliance for settlement purposes. In many cases, enforcement of judgments entails locating assets of responsible individuals/companies and restraint and/or seizure of accounts and property.

HLD's Data and Records Management Unit is staffed with administrative personnel who track cases, docket files, make inquiries to outside agencies, file and store case records, and receive and file building violation notices.

Code Enforcement Inspectors work with HLD on its cases and tenant-initiated actions. Inspections directly supporting HLD's litigation efforts are requested at various stages of court proceedings to document and support legal positions. The inspectors are responsible for researching complaints prior to court proceedings, providing testimony in court, and doing case follow-up to ensure compliance with court-ordered actions.

HLD Administration

Other support staff within HLD oversees and coordinates a number of administrative functions. These functions include data operations, management services, office management, bill processing, and supervision of all administrative units within the Division. Under the Community Development regulations, these activities are eligible administrative expenses and are thus reflected in the HPD Administration description.

Certification of No Harassment Unit

Under local law, the owner of an SRO multiple dwelling must obtain a "Certification of No Harassment" from HPD before applying to DOB for a permit to demolish or reconfigure the building. This process is intended to ensure that the owner did not further its proposed demolition or construction project by harassing tenants into leaving. HLD investigates to determine whether harassment occurred during the statutory review period. If HPD determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that harassment occurred, an Office of Administrative Trials and Hearings (OATH) hearing is held at which HLD presents HPD's case. A finding of harassment prevents the owner from obtaining a demolition or alteration permit for three years. HPD also performs this function for applications filed with respect to property in various special zoning districts, including the Special Clinton Zoning District, Greenpoint-Williamsburg anti-harassment district, the Special West Chelsea District, the Special Hudson Yards District, and a portion of the Special Garment Center District, which are subject to similar provisions (though not limited to SROs) under the Zoning Resolution. In those districts, a finding of harassment means that any alteration or demolition must include a set percentage of low-income housing.

Landlord Tenant Litigation Division

The Landlord Tenant Litigation Division (LTLD) advises the agency on all legal issues concerning residential and commercial occupants of City-owned properties under HPD jurisdiction. Part of the management of the *in rem* properties involves the collection of rent from tenants and ensuring that a safe environment is maintained. LTLD staff conducts all tenant-related legal actions in buildings managed by the Division of Property Management (DPM). The division litigates Housing Court and Civil Court Cases in which the agency seeks to recover unpaid rent, evict drug dealers or other disruptive tenants, and remove illegal occupants. In addition, LTLD staff handles a small volume of cases defending DPM against actions brought by tenants in DPM-managed buildings. Both the professional and support staff responsible for these actions are paid for with CD funds as part of the cost of operating *in rem* properties.

Minipools

The New York City Department of Parks and Recreation's Minipool Program offers safe swimming opportunities for children ages 6 to 11, as well as for toddlers accompanied by an adult. CD funds are used to pay for seasonal lifeguards, Parks Enforcement security personnel, and the staff that operate the filtration systems to maintain water quality and perform custodial services. The 11 CD-funded Minipools operate during the summer months and are located near New York City Housing Authority developments. These sites are:

<u>Sites</u>	<u>Locations</u>	Adjacent NYCHA Sites
t = th ~	Bronx	
174 th Street Playground	East 174 th Street and Bronx River	Bronx River Houses
	Avenue	
	Brooklyn	
Glenwood Playground	Farragut Road and Ralph Avenue	Glenwood Houses
Jesse Owens Playground	Stuyvesant Avenue and Lafayette	Roosevelt Houses, Stuyvesant
	Avenue	Gardens Houses
Parham Playground	DeKalb Avenue and Clermont	Walt Whitman Houses, Raymond
	Avenue	Ingersoll Houses
		-
	<u>Manhattan</u>	
Lincoln Playground	East 135 th Street and Fifth Avenue	Abraham Lincoln Houses, Jackie
		Robinson Houses
Frederick Douglass	West 102 nd Street and Amsterdam	Frederick Douglass Houses
Playground	Avenue	
Tompkins Square Park	East 10 th Street and Avenue A	Jacob Riis Houses, Lower East
		Side Houses, Lillian Wald
		Houses, Samuel Gompers
		Houses, Baruch Houses
	Quaans	
Astoria Heights	Queens 30 th Road and 46 th Street	Woodside Houses
Playground	30 Road and 40 Street	Woodside Houses
	Staten Island	
Douglas MacArthur Park	Jefferson Street and Dongan Hills	Berry Houses
	Avenue	2011, 110,000
Grandview Playground	Grandview Avenue and	Mariner's Harbor Houses
	Continental Place	
Stapleton Playground	Tompkins Avenue, Hill Street,	Stapleton Houses
	and Broad Street	

NYC Business Solutions

NYC Business Solutions is a suite of services offered by the NYC Department of Small Business Services (SBS) to help entrepreneurs and small businesses start, operate, and expand in New York City. NYC Business Solutions' nine services include business courses; legal assistance through attorneys offering pro-bono appointments on select business matters; assistance finding financing; incentives and contracting opportunities; navigating government; and assistance finding and training qualified employees. CD-funded staff develops a curriculum of business training courses for delivery at seven NYC Business Solutions Centers and provides direct business counseling through outreach conducted by the Business Outreach Team and NYC Business Solutions Center staff.

Curriculum Development

Free training in business planning, marketing, developing and understanding financial statements, and QuickBooks is provided to micro-entrepreneurs and small business owners at the NYC Business Solutions Centers citywide, with the goal of providing customers with the skills they need to effectively plan, manage, and expand their businesses. SBS staff supports the development of effective curricula to meet the business owners' needs, manages consultants who conduct classes, and works with NYC Business Solutions Center staff to market and promote the classes. Classes are currently offered in English and Spanish.

Direct Business Counseling

NYC Business Solutions provides direct business counseling and technical assistance in person at one of six NYC Business Solutions Centers, on the phone via its Customer Service Center, or on-site by its Business Outreach Team (partially CD-funded) and NYC Business Solutions Center staff. The Business Outreach Team assists businesses citywide that serve low- and moderate-income areas. Clients may access a range of services including: business education, financing assistance, legal guidance, workforce development services, and government licensing. NYC Business Solutions staff is able to provide individuals with access to services in English, Spanish, Mandarin, Italian, Russian, Gaelic, Bengali, and Hebrew.

Vendor Market

SBS provides retail space to low- and moderate-income businesses and startups at nominal rates in the Flatbush-Caton Market in Brooklyn. The market is managed by the Caribbean American Chamber of Commerce and Industry. This organization also provides and funds technical assistance, including assistance in marketing, permits and license acquisition, bookkeeping classes, and merchandising, with part of the fees that they charge the vendors. A CD-funded SBS staff-member oversees the Flatbush-Caton vendor market.

Neighborhood Housing Services

Neighborhood Housing Services (NHS) is a nationwide non-profit organization. The aim of the program is to support neighborhood revitalization through housing preservation. NHS of New York City and its divisional offices provide below-market-rate interest financing for the moderate rehabilitation of 1-4 family houses to low-and moderate-income homeowners.

A Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) has been established through prior years' CDBG allocations. The loan fund only consists of program income in the form of loan re-payments and interest from notes receivable. The program is not receiving any new allocation in 2011. The balance of the revolving loan fund on 3/31/11 was \$852,892. Program income during 2012 is projected to be \$57,945. The revolving loan fund balance and program income (\$910,837 rounded to \$911,000) will be used to fund new loans during 2012.

Through this program, NHS operates a variety of loan programs, which are described below. The standards for these loans are approved by HPD.

Emergency Repair Loans – loans not exceeding \$10,000 that are needed to correct an immediate threat to the health and safety of the occupants of the subject building anywhere in New York City.

Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) Core Loans – loans made to borrowers citywide. In order to qualify for a loan the borrower's annual income must be at or below 80% of the area median income, currently \$65,450 for a family of four. NHS also leverages CDBG funds with private funds in order to maximize the productivity of the RLF Core Loan Program.

Home Improvement Program (HIP) Option Loans - Homeowners who have been turned down for a city-sponsored Home Improvement Loan due to their insufficient income or credit history are eligible to apply. Homeowners may borrow a maximum of \$30,000 at below market rates. The borrowers' annual income must be at or below 80% of the area median income.

Lead-Based Paint Remediation Grants – These grants, not to exceed \$20,000, may be used towards the testing for the presence of lead-based paint and risk assessment. The grant may also cover interim controls or abatement activities as determined by the risk assessment. Eligible grant recipients are those whose annual income is at or below 80% of the area median. The lead-based paint requirements at 24 CFR Part 35 will be followed.

The main office of NHS is located at 307 West 36th Street in Manhattan (phone: (212) 519-2500) and neighborhood offices are at the following locations:

Bronx

1451 East Gun Hill Road 848 Concourse Village West

Brooklyn 2806 Church Avenue 1012 Gates Avenue

Queens 60-20 Woodside Avenue

<u>Staten Island</u> 770 Castleton Avenue

Neighborhood Preservation Consultants

The Neighborhood Preservation Consultants Program is aimed at increasing the involvement of local nonprofits in planning and preserving the City's affordable housing stock, particularly by assisting HPD in implementing its Neighborhood Preservation strategy. Through this program, HPD has contracted with community-based organizations to perform a wide range of housing preservation functions including educating owners in housing-related matters to maintain or restore buildings to a structurally and fiscally sound condition. The role of the consultants is to assess buildings to determine if they are distressed, develop and recommend remedial and intervention strategies to prevent owner abandonment, assist owners in improving their properties, and encourage owners to pay their taxes.

Neighborhood Vacant Lot Clean-Up Program

The Department of Sanitation (DSNY) cleans vacant lots and the surrounding premises of abandoned buildings that are littered with garbage, debris, and bulk refuse to meet the city's Health Code standards. The program operates in Environmental Target Areas in all five boroughs. CD funds pay for those cleanings that are performed in CD-eligible areas. Monthly cleaning schedules are keyed to community boards and based on the following priorities: health emergencies, preparatory cleaning for other CD-funded lot-related programs, and community board requests.

The Lot Inspection Unit investigates all requests for lot cleaning services, including 311 requests. Lot Inspectors prepare work orders, eliminate duplicate requests, and, where appropriate, refer non-lot-related conditions to the proper agency for corrective action.

The Lot Cleaning Division cleans vacant lots and services other dump out conditions, known as "diversions", which occur on streets, sidewalks, and uncut/unpaved streets, etc. These occurrences are identified as being in CD-eligible or -ineligible areas and recorded accordingly. Additionally, the Division recently began cleaning the perimeters of private, abandoned structures, such as foreclosed properties.

The program also conducts tire removal operations. In addition to removing a blighting influence, tire removal assists in the effort to battle the West Nile Virus as mosquitoes often breed in water that collects in discarded tires. Tires and metal are recycled to private vendors with a stipulation that they are to be reincorporated as a substitute for goods made from virgin materials. Bulk items such as refrigerators, washing machines, stoves, etc., are diverted to source separation/recycling sites rather than to landfills.

The operational procedure of the recovery of top soil is in compliance with the Department of Environmental Conservation's regulations, which monitors soil being transferred from one property to another.

CD funds also provide private security for the Neighborhood Vacant Lot Clean-Up Program's operations, mechanics to repair the program's equipment, and waste disposal costs for debris removal from CD-eligible areas.

During periods deemed as snow emergencies by the city, CD resources may be re-directed to snow clearing duties. Personnel and equipment will be utilized in CD-eligible areas. Snow clearing work may involve opening streets in the service district to allow for the passage of ambulances, police, and fire vehicles; fuel oil deliveries; food delivery vehicles; public transportation; school buses; and other emergency personnel (non-Sanitation Department) to make emergency repairs to infrastructure such as water mains, sewers, and residential buildings. Personnel and equipment may also be assigned to pedestrian and public safety needs such as the salting and clearing of crosswalks, step streets, bus stops, and fire hydrant areas. When a trash collection backlog develops as a result of a snow emergency, personnel will be used for emergency trash removal for as long as the emergency condition exists. All work will be closely monitored to ensure that lot cleaning resources are used in program areas. A return to lot cleaning duties will be ordered as soon as possible when meaningful and productive work can be accomplished on those properties.

Program income is generated from payments by private lot-owners for the cost of lot cleaning services and from interest (fees charged for late payments).

Project Open House

The Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities operates Project Open House, in which CD funds are used to remove architectural barriers from the homes of New York City residents who have mobility impairments. The extent of the work depends on the physical condition of the applicant and their particular needs. Projects include grab bar installations, main entry components (ramp, chair lift, and door), and kitchen and bathroom modifications. Project Open House affords program recipients greater independence through greater accessibility of their living environment.

The following criteria are used to determine grant recipients:

- Income eligibility under Section 8 income limits.
- Need for increased independence.

Property Disposition and Finance

When tax-foreclosed buildings managed by HPD are ready to be transitioned into ownership by tenants, nonprofit organizations, or private entrepreneurs, they are transferred from the Division of Property Management to the Division of Property Disposition and Finance (PDF), formerly known as the Division of

Alternative Management Programs (DAMP). PDF utilizes the expertise of the community and private sector to provide interim management and project development services, while creating an alternative to City management. The following CD-funded components of this effort help achieve the City's goal of selling the buildings to the tenants, nonprofits, or private entrepreneurs and returning the buildings to the tax rolls.

Tenant Interim Lease

Buildings in the Tenant Interim Lease Program (TIL) program are City-owned properties that have been slated to undergo rehabilitation and to eventually transfer to tenant ownership as cooperative HDFCs upon successful completion of rehabilitation and milestones associated with tenant ownership.

Under the supervision of the TIL program, HPD would terminate existing interim leases with the respective tenant associations and utilize a third party under a net lease structure during the pre-development phase. The third party would then take title of the properties during construction with the responsibility of rehabilitating the building. After construction the third party would transfer the title to the buildings' tenant cooperative HDFCs.

During the predevelopment stage, available rental income is used to cover operating expenses, limited repairs, and management fees. In preparation for the construction phase, HPD and the tenants negotiate an overall building rehabilitation plan. Seed funds granted by HPD to the third party will be used for short term gap financing for repairs and to offset part of the operating costs, including fuel and utilities. HPD will provide training and assistance for tenants to learn how to establish and manage a co-op. The third party intermediary will pay for relocation services and for the rental costs of apartments in other buildings to which tenants have been relocated due to rehabilitation. The ultimate goal of the program is to sell the building to a tenant-based cooperative corporation. Post-sale carrying charges will be set by HPD, if necessary, before the building is sold to the tenants. The responsibility of sale applications and the sale of shares will stay with HPD.

Program Technical Assistance and Support

Program support is especially important in PDF. Professional planning and technical staff provide ongoing assistance to the varied groups under contract with HPD while the rest of the TIL buildings move into the above model. Sales staff oversees the sale of City-owned buildings to tenant associations, nonprofits, and private managers, and provides technical assistance to building tenants after sale. Other staff performs support functions related to the Neighborhood Redevelopment and the Neighborhood Entrepreneur Programs (funded by Federal HOME funds), and the Neighborhood Homes Program. Support staff in TIL work closely with tenants and monitors their activities from the intake stage, where they assist tenants in putting together TIL applications, throughout a building's tenure in the program. In addition, they provide technical assistance during the sales process.

Third Party Transfer – Operation/Repair of Foreclosed Property

In the past, the City's real property tax policy resulted in long-term City ownership and management of large numbers of tax delinquent residential properties. Not only did the policy fail to address the underlying reasons for tax delinquency and abandonment, but the City was unable to quickly resell the properties to responsible private owners. In 1996, as part of its Anti-Abandonment initiative, the City obtained legislative changes that have altered the process by which it forecloses on tax delinquent residential properties. Through Local Law #37, rather than the City taking title to these distressed properties, the City may petition the Court to convey the property to a qualified third party. HPD packages these sites into clusters and, through a Request for Qualifications (RFQ) process, selects the responsible new for-profit and not-for-profit owners who will ultimately take title to each cluster. Until the properties can actually be transferred to a permanent owner, Neighborhood Restore, a non-profit entity, assumes interim ownership and provides technical assistance to and oversees management by the prospective owners. The prospective owners manage the properties and secure rehabilitation financing prior to the final transfer, which is expected within one year of initial conveyance. Rehabilitation financing is generally provided through HPD's loan programs. During the interim ownership period, HPD provides seed loans to Neighborhood Restore to fund property management costs, of which emergency repairs/building stabilization, fuel and utilities, legal and title fees and environmental/property surveys are CD-eligible.

Prospect Park Special Administrator's Office

The Prospect Park Special Administrator's Office provides the following services for the park, which serves the borough of Brooklyn:

- Coordination of conservation and recreation activities;
- Coordination of educational programs;
- Coordination and implementation of volunteer programs;
- Coordination and implementation of special projects and events;
- Administrative and liaison functions with the nonprofit Prospect Park Alliance;
- Public relations and community outreach;
- Coordination of capital planning and investments; and
- Delivery of services to ensure park security and upgrading.

Funds may also be used to purchase equipment when available.

The Prospect Park Audubon Center in the Boathouse has developed a year-round curriculum of urban environmental education programs open to academic groups and the general public. The center combines exhibits, nature trails, and citizen science projects to meet the varying instructional levels required for educators, students, and the public and collaborates with the Department of Education on the provision of educational and vocational assistance to the students at the Brooklyn Academy for Science and the Environment.

The Lefferts Historic House interprets everyday life in the farming village of Flatbush as Dutch, African, and Native American children experienced it early in the Nineteenth Century. Through the development of an Exhibit Master Plan, Lefferts offers the most effective interpretation of the house for Brooklyn's children and families through a series of seasonal special events that highlights the traditions of the period and the people.

The Prospect Park Tennis Center's Junior Development program serves the diverse population within Brooklyn communities, including many underserved youth that participate on a scholarship basis.

A federally-funded user study of Prospect Park indicated the majority of park visitors come from CD-eligible Brooklyn census tracts.

Rehabilitation Services

Asset Management

The Asset Management Group was created in 2001 to monitor HPD's investment and assist affordable housing owners and sponsors in ongoing financial and regulatory management. The group performs three major functions in furthering its mission: regulatory assistance and management; financial management; and physical management. This mission is carried out by a team of asset managers, workout specialists, and building inspectors under the guidance of the Assistant Commissioner of Asset Management.

HPD's CD-funded Building Inspectors and Workout Specialists provide assistance to help prevent building distress in HPD-assisted affordable housing thus preventing neighborhood decline. The staff maintains a discrete portfolio made up of thousands of units grouped by the business entity or nonprofit that sponsored either construction or rehabilitation. Building Inspectors perform physical inspections of properties to identify the buildings in the asset management portfolio which potentially require rehabilitation, and inform the scope of work as rehabilitation proceeds. They look for signs of deterioration as well as building code compliance. In cases of at-risk buildings or multiple-building properties, Workout Specialists coordinate with the inspectors, building owners, lending entities (both private sector banks and HPD development programs), and other stakeholders to actually implement necessary rehabilitation.

HUD Multifamily Preservation Loan Program

HPD's HUD Multifamily Preservation Loan Program provides low-interest subordinate loans to preserve and rehabilitate housing for low- to moderate-income households. It leverages public and private sector financing to

rehabilitate and preserve privately-owned HUD-assisted rental housing throughout New York City. The Program's mission is to ensure long-term affordability, stabilize low-income properties and revitalize neighborhoods. The Program targets buildings that are most distressed due to physical neglect and financial mismanagement, as well as those properties that face expiring HUD use restrictions or are considered "at-risk" of opting out of subsidy programs and converting to market rate housing. CD will pay for preparation of work specifications, loan processing, and other services related to assisting owners, tenants, contractors, and other entities participating in rehabilitation loan programs.

Year 15

The Low Income Housing Tax Credit Preservation ("Year 15") Program aims to ensure the future financial and physical viability and to preserve the long-term affordability of City-assisted tax credit properties that are reaching the end of the initial 15-year tax credit compliance period. This will be accomplished by assessing the needs of each project and by developing a repositioning strategy to address projects' financial and capital needs as part of the Year 15 tax credit investor exit review. The program is designed to benefit low- and moderate-income households and maintain affordability in the housing stock that pass through the program. CD will pay for preparation of work specifications, loan processing, and other services related to assisting owners, tenants, contractors, and other entities participating in rehabilitation loan programs.

Third Party Transfer - Rehabilitation of Publicly-Owned Residential Property

In the past, the City's real property tax policy resulted in long-term City ownership and management of large numbers of tax delinquent residential properties. Not only did the policy fail to address the underlying reasons for tax delinquency and abandonment, but the City was unable to quickly resell the properties to responsible private owners. In 1996, as part of its Anti-Abandonment initiative, the City obtained legislative changes that have altered the process by which it forecloses on tax delinquent residential properties. Through Local Law #37, rather than the City taking title to these distressed properties, the City may petition the Court to convey the property to a qualified third party. HPD packages these sites into clusters and, through a Request for Qualifications (RFQ) process, selects the responsible new for-profit and nonprofit owners who will ultimately take title to each cluster. Until the properties can actually be transferred to a permanent owner, Neighborhood Restore, a non-profit entity, assumes interim ownership and provides technical assistance to and oversees management by the prospective owners. The prospective owners manage the properties and secure rehabilitation financing prior to the final transfer, which is expected within one year of initial conveyance. Rehabilitation financing is generally provided through HPD's loan programs. CD will pay for preparation of work specifications, loan processing, and other services related to assisting owners, tenants, contractors, and other entities participating in rehabilitation loan programs.

Rent Guidelines Board Support Staff

The Rent Guidelines Board (RGB) is mandated to establish rent adjustments for more than one million units subject to the Rent Stabilization Law in New York City. The Board holds an annual series of public meetings and hearings to consider research from staff and testimony from owners, tenants, advocacy groups, and industry experts.

RGB staff is responsible for providing administrative and analytic support to the Board and prepares research regarding the economic condition of rent stabilized and other residential real estate industry areas including operating and maintenance costs, the cost of financing, the housing supply, and cost of living indices. RGB staff engages in research efforts; publishes its reports for use by the public, other governmental agencies, and private organizations; and provides information to the public on housing questions considered by the Board. CD funds pay for the RGB staff and associated program administration costs.

Safe Horizon

Safe Horizon is a nonprofit organization that provides a continuum of services to New York City crime victims, witnesses, and their families in order to reduce the psychological, physical, and financial hardships associated with victimization. The mission of Safe Horizon is to provide support, prevent violence, and promote justice for victims of crime and abuse, their families, and communities.

Safe Horizon offers support and concrete services through its 24-hour Crime Victims Hotline, Domestic Violence Hotline, borough-based community programs in all five boroughs (not CD-funded), family and criminal courts, shelters (not CD-funded), and police precincts and police service areas throughout the City. Services include: safety assessment and risk management; crisis intervention; advocacy; information and referral; individual and group counseling; document replacement; emergency lock repair; assistance in applying for Crime Victim Board Compensation for uninsured medical care, lost income, and funeral expenses; assistance with obtaining an order of protection; restitution; mediation; transportation for the elderly, disabled, and intimidated victims and witnesses; reception centers; and day care for children at court. CD-funded services are targeted to low- and moderate-income persons.

Safe Horizon's headquarters is located at 2 Lafayette Street in Manhattan. The NYC Office of the Criminal Justice Coordinator provides administrative oversight for the program. The CD-funded office locations are:

Brooklyn Criminal Court

Children's Center 120 Schermerhorn Street, 8th Floor Reception Center 120 Schermerhorn Street, 6th Floor

Complaint Room 350 Jay Street, 20th Floor Family Justice Center 350 Jay Street, 15th Floor

Bronx Criminal Court

Complaint Room 215 East 161st Street, Room 3-34 Reception Center 215 East 161st Street, Room M-1

Bronx Family Court

Reception Center 900 Sheridan Avenue, Room 6E-38 Children's Center 900 Sheridan Avenue, Room 7-90

Brooklyn Family Court

Reception Center 330 Jay Street, 12th Floor Children's Center 330 Jay Street, 1st Floor

Domestic Violence Prevention Program (DVPP) Precincts

Staten Island:

120th Precinct 78 Richmond Terrace

Hotlines

Domestic Violence Hotline (800) 621-HOPE (4673) Crime Victims Hotline (866) 689-HELP (4357)

Scorecard Program

Through the Scorecard Program, Service Inspectors employed by the Mayor's Office produce monthly street and sidewalk cleanliness ratings for a sample of streets in City neighborhoods. A visual rating scale is used to determine the percent of acceptably clean streets and sidewalks. Figures are reported monthly to the Department of Sanitation (DSNY), Community Boards, the Office of Management and Budget, elected officials, and outside observers, and quarterly to selected Business Improvement Districts (BIDs) for which ratings have been requested by DSNY or the Department of Small Business Services. The Mayor's Office of Operations has run the program since 1978.

CD funds pay for eight full-time staff members, including seven Service Inspectors. Funds are also allocated for the upgrading of the Scorecard system database, replacement of hand-held computers by which inspection data is collected, and OTPS expenses (e.g., tolls).

The main purpose of the Scorecard Program is to help DSNY develop policy, plan changes to its cleaning and enforcement programs, and evaluate its methods and the performance of its field managers. Community Boards and other members of the public use the data to learn about cleanliness conditions in their neighborhoods and participate with DSNY in planning or negotiating operational and enforcement changes (including Alternate Side Parking regulations, street/sidewalk inspections, vacant lot cleaning, and the placement and emptying of street corner litter baskets). Changes requested by the community are often implemented by DSNY on a pilot basis, with the stated criterion for continuation being no negative Scorecard impact.

Currently, 28 BIDs, Local Development Corporations, and certain Industrial Parks receive quarterly Scorecard ratings to help evaluate their self-funded sanitation programs aimed at raising or maintaining cleanliness levels. These organizations use the data to judge the efficacy of contracted cleaning firms and/or their own cleaning staff, and to work with merchants and other commercial tenants to improve local cleaning practices. The data has been requested by the City Comptroller's office in conjunction with audits of the BIDs, and is currently supplied to them quarterly. Baseline ratings have also been supplied on a pilot basis to organizations that are considering applying for BID status or that are implementing self-funded cleaning programs for commercial areas without BID designations.

Scorecard feedback has been associated with substantial long-term gains in city cleanliness levels overall and in specific neighborhoods. Over 95% of New York's streets are now rated acceptably clean. The citywide trend can be seen on the Office of Operations' website (www.nyc.gov/html/ops) through the "Learn More about Scorecard" link, which also explains inspection procedures and the visual rating scale.

Scorecard has long been a model for other U.S. localities that consider using the "trained observer" approach to performance measurement for sanitation or other services. Information on Scorecard is included in the U.S. Conference of Mayor's Best Practices handbook and in material circulated by the Urban Institute in Washington D.C. on performance measurement techniques for local government.

Senior Resident Advisor Program

This program provides supportive services, crisis intervention, assistance in maintaining independent daily living and case management to elderly residents (ages 62 and over) and non-elderly disabled residents in 12 senior-only developments. The program also provides assistance with accessing public entitlements, advocates with services providers, and monitors the health and well-being of the residents through home visits and telephone check-ups. The ultimate goal of the program is to provide increased services to elderly residents who are aging-in-place and non-elderly disabled residents to help them maintain independent living within the 12 CD-funded NYCHA developments; and prevent premature placement in nursing homes or other forms of institutionalization.

The program also recruits and trains a cadre of resident volunteers, organized into a floor captain / buddy system, to maintain daily contact with residents in their respective developments, check on their well being, and report back to program staff. The floor captains are the eyes and ears of the program and are often the first to detect that something is wrong or identify an incident requiring immediate attention. The additional services provided through the floor captain/buddy system have been effective in helping to prevent isolation amongst seniors through increased networking and socialization.

Following are the 12 CD-funded senior developments in which the Senior Resident Advisor Program operates:

<u>Site</u> <u>Location</u>

Bronx

Bronx River Addition Randall-Balcom West Tremont 1350 Manor Avenue705 Schley Avenue228 West Tremont Avenue

Brooklyn

Palmetto Gardens 85 Palmetto Street

Manhattan

Bethune Gardens
Gaylord White
Caylord White
Barborview Terrace
Caylord White
Caylord White
Caylord White
Caylord Avenue
Caylor

Oueens

Conlon-Lihfe Towers 92-23 170th Street
Shelton 89-09 162nd Street

Targeted Code Enforcement

CD funds are used by HPD for code enforcement initiatives in deteriorated and deteriorating neighborhoods where 51% of the population are at or below 80% of the area median income. HPD has designated areas in the City as deteriorated or deteriorating, each of which exhibits at least one of the following characteristics of deterioration:

- 15% or more occupied rental units in dilapidated multiple dwellings; or
- 15% or more occupied rental units in multiple dwellings with three or more building defects; or
- 15% or more occupied rental units in multiple dwellings with three or more maintenance deficiencies.

In most cases the areas line up exactly with a specific sub-borough area, as defined by the U.S. Census for purposes of the New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey.

Tenants call 311 to lodge their complaints regarding conditions that violate the Housing Maintenance Code or the Multiple Dwelling Law. The 311 operators work for the Department of Information Technology and Telecommunications (DOITT) and are CD-funded under the Targeted Code Enforcement Program for the time they spend on CD-eligible emergency housing complaint calls from these areas. The 311 operator enters the details of the tenant's complaint into the complaint module of the HPD computer system, which classifies the complaints by severity.

CD funds are used by HPD to provide for housing inspectors, clerical staff, and personnel who perform coderelated activities in CD-eligible areas for the Division of Code Enforcement (DCE) and the Division of Maintenance (DOM).

Division of Code Enforcement (DCE)

DCE is responsible for assuring owner compliance with the New York City Housing Maintenance Code and the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law in privately-owned, multiple-unit dwellings and tenant-occupied apartments in one- and two-family houses throughout the City to promote quality housing for New Yorkers. DCE is comprised of the Code Enforcement Unit, which includes the Borough Office, Special Enforcement Unit (paid for under HPD Emergency Shelters), the Lead-Based Paint Hazard Inspection Unit, and the Registration Assistance Unit. Housing inspectors are assigned to both the Code Enforcement and Lead-Based Paint Hazard Inspection Units. With the exception of the Registration Unit, the Lead-Based Paint Hazard Inspection Unit, the Proactive Enforcement Bureau, and those working under the Alternative Enforcement Program, all Division of Code Enforcement units are approximately 78% CD-funded. This percentage is based on a HUD-approved cost allocation plan for the time that inspectors spend on emergency housing complaints in CD-eligible areas.

Clerical staff performs functions such as tenant callback (to verify that a condition still exists prior to sending an inspector out to a building), the processing of owner certifications, and dismissal requests for re-inspection of violations.

Housing inspectors are available 24-hours a day, 7 days a week to respond to emergency conditions; the majority of complaint inspections take place between 12:00 p.m. and 10:00 p.m. Inspectors investigate complaints made by tenants through the 311 system, Housing Court, Community Boards, elected officials, etc. Where appropriate, inspectors issue violations of the New York City Housing Maintenance Code and the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law. Inspectors also re-inspect violations certified as corrected by the owner, conduct dismissal request inspections (for owners wishing to clear their record of existing violations), provide in-office services to tenants and owners, and support the Housing Litigation Division (HLD) and the New York State Housing Court system in tenant–landlord actions. Code Enforcement inspectors also may issue vacate orders and respond to Fire Department- and Buildings Department-issued vacate orders in emergency situations such as fires and structurally unsafe buildings.

During each inspection visit, apart from the complaint condition(s), Code Enforcement inspectors are required to check an apartment for six conditions affecting tenant health and safety:

- Illegal locking window gates or obstruction of a fire escape window;
- Child-proof window guards on non-egress windows;
- Double cylinder locks requiring a key to unlock the door from the inside;
- Local Law #1 of 2004 violations for lead-based paint hazards;
- Missing or inoperable smoke detectors; and
- Missing or inoperable carbon monoxide detectors.

Inspectors are instructed to issue any immediately hazardous violations that they observe in their line of sight. Upon the issuance of most "C" violations (immediately hazardous violations), requests for emergency repairs are transmitted electronically to the Emergency Services Bureau (ESB).

Registration Unit

The New York City Housing Maintenance Code requires that all multiple dwelling owners register their property annually with the Department of Housing Preservation and Development (Housing Maintenance Code §27-2097). With the passage of Local Law 56, owners of one- and two-family dwellings are also required to register if the owner does not live on the premises. The Multiple Dwelling Registration (MDR) process is a pivotal step in the code enforcement and emergency repair process. Without the registration requirement, HPD would be unable to contact owners or managing agents regarding complaints, notices of violation, or emergency repairs. HPD's Registration Assistance Unit has primary responsibility for the MDR process. The Registration Unit retrieves suspected owner information for owners who have sold their property to a new unregistered owner, generates suspected owner letters, explains registration errors, assists owners with correcting registration errors, processes payments for certified copies of registration forms, and certifies copies of registration forms for both owners and tenants.

Lead-Based Paint Hazard Inspection Unit

Housing inspectors are also assigned to the Lead-Based Paint Hazard Inspection Unit. In addition to inspecting for all violations of the Housing Maintenance Code and Multiple Dwelling Law, these inspectors conduct inspections for lead-based paint hazards with X-Ray florescence (XRF) analysis machines. These machines allow the inspector to test peeling/deteriorated painted surfaces for lead content. If the lead content exceeds the level allowed by Local Law #1 of 2004, the inspectors issue a lead-based paint violation, which the landlord cannot contest. These inspectors also re-inspect lead-based paint violations certified as corrected by building owners, as required by Local Law 1 of 2004. Also, a small group of inspectors conduct inspections in buildings where a lead-poisoned child has been identified by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Because these inspectors primarily complete XRF inspections for lead-based paint, the staff assigned to this unit is 100% CD-funded.

Proactive Enforcement Bureau

The Proactive Preservation initiative is a new approach to identifying deteriorating physical conditions in buildings in CD-eligible areas and addressing those issues through a combination of assistance and enforcement. Using data on properties and neighborhoods to identify buildings that are vulnerable or are in decline, HPD expects to use Proactive Preservation to put roughly 500 distressed buildings on a path to stability over the next 12 months. HPD will utilize the information the Division of Neighborhood Preservation (DNP) collects through its efforts to reach out to owners. Based on those initial results and interaction, the agency will determine the appropriate course of action, which might include working with the owner to resolve issues, securing a rehabilitation loan through HPD or one of its partners, or stepping up code enforcement actions through the Proactive Enforcement Bureau (PEB). The PEB is a newly-created unit comprised of primarily Housing Inspectors assigned from the Division of Code Enforcement. For those buildings that warrant it, PEB will perform a roof-to-cellar inspection (after posting notices to tenants) which they will follow-up with a reinspection after 45 days. Throughout this process, HPD field staff is available to work with owners to ensure they understand the process of correcting and certifying violations and to assist with identifying and addressing issues that may be hindering an owner's ability to correct the conditions.

Van Cortlandt/Pelham Bay Parks Special Administrators' Office

The Van Cortlandt / Pelham Bay Parks Administrators' Office provides services for two major parks serving low- and moderate-income residents of the Bronx. The Pelham Bay Administrator is covered by Tax Levy funds and the Van Cortlandt Administrator is CD-funded. However, the two administrators collaborate closely and substitute for each other in the absence of one another, to the benefit of both parks. The CD-funded Natural Areas Manager is solely dedicated to Pelham Bay Park, while a forest restoration team funded by the Department of Environmental Protection is meeting Van Cortlandt's natural area needs. Each park also has a CD-funded position dedicated to the area of special events. The remaining staff supports the efforts of both parks through community outreach and wildlife management. The two administrators jointly supervise the office, which offers the following services:

- Coordination of conservation and recreation activities;
- Coordination and implementation of special projects and events;
- Coordination of natural areas restoration and horticultural improvements;
- Coordination of public programs;
- Coordination and implementation of volunteer programs;
- Administrative and liaison functions with the Van Cortlandt Park Conservancy, the Friends of Van Cortlandt Park, Friends of Pelham Bay Park, and other community and user groups;
- Public relations and community outreach;
- Coordination of capital planning; and
- Delivery of services to ensure park security.

Funds may also be used to purchase equipment when available.

A federally-funded user study of Van Cortlandt and Pelham Bay Parks indicated the majority of visitors to the Parks come from CD-eligible Bronx census tracts. Van Cortlandt Park is adjacent to the Kingsbridge, Norwood, and Woodlawn communities; Pelham Bay Park is adjacent to the neighborhoods of Co-op City, Pelham Bay, and City Island. Both parks are easily accessible by public transportation.

HOME Investment Partnerships

HOME is a Federal grant program designed to serve low-income renters and owners, as well as, homeless families and individuals. HPD estimates that the majority of its grant will be targeted for substantial and moderate rehabilitation activities designed to benefit a range of small and large households, homeless families and individuals, and elderly families. In addition, the HOME grant may be used toward homeownership, rental assistance, planning, administration and to refinance loans. During calendar year 2012, HPD will use HOME funds in the following programs:

HPD Administration;

Neighborhood Entrepreneurs Program (NEP);

Neighborhood Redevelopment Program (NRP);

Participation Loan Program (PLP);

Supportive Housing Program;

Third Party Transfer Program;

Multifamily Homeownership (formerly the Cornerstone Program);

Article 8-A Loan Program;

HUD Multifamily;

HUD Multifamily Rental Mixed Income;

Low Income Rental Program (formerly New MIRP);

Senior Housing Program (formerly Section 202 Housing);

HOME Tenant-Based Rental Assistance;

Special Projects (formerly DAMP Special Projects); and

HomeFirst Down payment Assistance Program.

HUD HOME regulations require municipalities which receive program entitlement funds to disburse the funds within five (5) years from the start of the given year's grant agreement. Therefore, the City is expected to completely expend 2012 program year funds by the end of 2016.

Please refer to the descriptions of these HPD programs in this section of the Consolidated Plan.

HPD Administration

HOME administrative funds are used for overall program management, coordination, monitoring, and evaluation. HOME-funded HPD staff perform primarily HOME-related functions, such conduct the planning reviews to determine which buildings and units should be included in the program; working with contractors to resolve issues related to the rehabilitation of buildings; reviewing information and acting as liaison between tenant and landlord; and coordinating compliance with additional regulations, such as lead paint notification.

HPD staff also perform functions for developing agreements with entities receiving HOME funds; prepare required HOME reports and forms; perform loan underwriting; including all preliminary feasibility reviews based on hard and soft cost estimates and other variables; coordinate various tenant briefing and notice functions; provide advisory and other relocation services to persons temporarily displaced by HOME projects; ensure adherence to all rent, income and affordability requirements; verify that all other federal requirements, such as equal opportunity and environmental reviews, have been met; conduct reviews of outside contractors, perform complete marketing of projects; provide information and other resources to residents and citizen organizations participating in the planning implementation or assessment of projects being assisted with HOME funds; preparation of the Consolidated Plan; coordinate the resolution of audit and monitoring findings; perform accounting and record keeping functions; manage or supervise staff whose primary responsibilities with regard to the program include such assignments as those described above.

HPD also utilizes the administrative funds for fringe benefits and citywide indirect costs for HOME-funded staff.

Neighborhood Entrepreneurs Program (NEP)

The Neighborhood Entrepreneurs Program (NEP) identifies neighborhood based property managers and developers to manage and oversee the rehabilitation and subsequently own occupied and vacant City-owned buildings. By focusing on small locally based entrepreneurs, the program hopes to rebuild local real estate capacity in addition to ensuring quality management and maintenance for the buildings. Buildings selected for this program are net leased to the Neighborhood Partnership Housing Development Fund Company (NPHDFC) who simultaneously enter into a management agreement with the entrepreneurs. During the lease period, the NPHDFC provides financial and technical assistance to the entrepreneurs and links the owners and managers to participating construction lenders. HPD will then sell the buildings to the NPHDFC along with a commitment

for the major portion of its financing. Proceeds from the sale of Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits provide for the remaining portion of the construction loan financing as well as operating reserves to ensure that the tenants can pay affordable rent while the project is economically viable.

Neighborhood Redevelopment Program

The Neighborhood Redevelopment Program (NRP) provides financing to enable experienced locally-based not-for-profit organizations to acquire and rehabilitate occupied City-owned buildings. Federal HOME and City Capital funds constitute the construction loans that provide the financing for the rehabilitation of these buildings. The loans are funded by HPD and serviced by serviced by the NYC Housing Development Corporation (HDC) and carry a nominal interest rate of one percent of which the federally funded portion is for the term of the loan up to 15 years. Buildings and the not-for-profit participants are selected by HPD based on technical and planning criteria. The selected building receive an HPD approved scope of work for substantial rehabilitation, which includes the installation, replacement or repair of building systems, the correction of inadequate, unsafe, or unsanitary conditions and the creation of lead safe apartments. Post- rehabilitation rents are set by HPD at a level affordable to generally low and moderate-income existing tenants and the apartments are then entered into the New York Rent Stabilization System. Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits provide operating reserves to ensure that tenants can pay affordable rent while the project is economically viable. Existing tenants (70% to 75% of total units) are overwhelming very low income households; however, vacant units may be rented to moderate or even middle income families with incomes not to exceed 80% of the area median. All renter types benefit from this program.

Participation Loan Program (Gut/Mod)

The Participation Loan Program provides low-interest loans to private owners for the moderate-to-gut rehabilitation of multiple dwellings with more than twenty units. City funds at one percent interest are combined with market-rate bank financing to provide a below market interest rate loan. Funds may also be used for refinancing in conjunction with rehabilitation.

After rehabilitation, real property taxes may be eligible for abatement through the J-51 Program and all apartments are placed under New York State's Rent Stabilization System. In vacant buildings, depending on the allocation of funding sources, rents are set either at HOME Program levels or up to the area market rate. The program provides an average combined City and HOME subsidy per unit of approximately \$55,000.

The Supportive Housing Program

HPD's Supportive Housing Program (formerly known as SRO Loan Program) funds the acquisition and new construction or rehabilitation of properties by not for profit organizations for the purpose of developing new permanent housing for homeless and low income single adults. Many projects also provide for the supportive services needs of those residents with special needs, i.e., mental illness histories of substance abuse and AIDS related illness.

The required tenant mix of all SRO Loan Program funded projects is 60 percent homeless (referred by DHS's Shelter Placement Division, HRA's HIV/AIDS Services Administration (HASA) or HPD's Division of Relocation Operations) and 40% low income and community referrals. Most homeless rentals are to individuals with annual gross incomes of no greater than 50 percent of median; non homeless rental eligibility requires individual median incomes of no greater than 60 percent of median.

Loans are funded under Article 8, and 11 of the State Private Housing Finance Law and are provided at zero or one percent interest for terms of up to 30 years. Support and operating subsidies are funded through the use of Section 8 and McKinney Program Rental Assistance, DHS SRO Support Services contracts, Department of Mental Health Community Support Service contracts, or HRA contracts for support services for PWAs. In addition, many projects obtain an allocation of tax credits from the Federal Low Income Tax Credit Program. Proceeds of the sale of these credits are used to fund social service and operating reserves.

Third Party Transfer

The Third Party Transfer Program (TPT) is result of landmark 1996 City of New York legislation (Local Law 37) designed to improve real property tax collection while more effectively preserving residential housing in the City. The legislation allows the City, pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure by the court, to transfer title of tax delinquent and distressed residential properties directly from former owners to responsible new owners without ever taking title itself. The new owners remove housing code violations and rehabilitate the properties without permanently displacing existing tenants, thus improving the City's stock of decent and affordable housing.

HPD creates a list of "Qualified Developers" through a Request for Qualifications process. The Qualified Developers obtain HPD financing to rehabilitate the properties generally with Participation Loans, but may utilize other lending authorities, as warranted. Qualified Developers will be required to meet applicable program guidelines and have scopes of work approved by HPD. In addition, projects may be eligible for HPD tax incentive programs. HOME funds may also be used, but their use will be restricted to buildings that are fully vacant during the construction period and whose after rehab rents will conform to HOME guidelines.

Once a loan has been closed and title has been transferred to the Qualified Developers, rehabilitation, lease up, and management of the properties must commence in accordance with the terms and schedules. Upon completion of rehabilitation, rents are established which are affordable to current tenants and all rents will be stabilized.

Multifamily Homeownership (formerly the Cornerstone Program)

Under HPD's Multifamily Homeownership Loan Program, sponsors may be selected to construct buildings to create 1-4 family homes, multifamily cooperative units and developments and multifamily condominium units and developments. The buildings may also contain commercial space and community facilities. The objective of the program is to provide funds to facilitate that creation of low-income, moderate-income and middle-income homeownership opportunities for new construction projects on City-owned land and private property. Eligible borrowers include limited partnerships, corporations, trusts, joint ventures, limited liability corporations, and 501(c) 3 corporations. The development team must have demonstrated a record in successfully developing and marketing the type of facilities proposed.

Construction financing may be provided through loans from private institutional lenders and, in some cases, loans from public sources including, but not limited to, New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD), the New York City Housing Development Corporation (HDC), the New York State Housing Finance Agency (HFA), and the United State Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). For lease-to-purchase projects, financing may also be provided from the syndication of low income housing tax credits (LIHTC).

Upon completion of construction, the sponsor sells the homes to eligible purchasers.

Article 8-A Loan Program

The Article 8-A loan Program provides low-interest funding for the rehabilitation for privately owned multiple dwellings and is authorized by the New York State Private Housing Finance Law. Loan proceeds are to be used for the replacement of systems that prolong the useful life of the building or to remove substandard conditions that are violations of either the New York State Multiple Dwelling Law or local housing code including but not limited to Lead Law 1. They cannot be used for acquisition or debt refinancing. The owner must demonstrate an inability to obtain private financing.

The maximum loan amount is currently \$35,000 per dwelling unit; this cap is inclusive of any of HPD' subsidy, capital or federal funds. The interest rate for the loan is generally 3% with the maximum loan term being 30 years regardless of size or funding level. The owner/developer may leverage any warranted funds in excess of the maximum with private financing sources.

As part of the 8A Program, weatherization assistance will improve the energy efficiency of low income housing. The assistance provides energy conservation assistance to income-eligible households to improve the energy efficiency of their dwellings and to reduce their housing expenditures for fuel and electricity. Funds up to \$6,500 per dwelling unit are provided to weatherize the dwelling units of homeowners and renters with high energy costs in relation to their household income. The funds will be provided as a 0% interest loan to building owners, which will be forgivable at the end of the loan term provided that the project meets all regulatory requirements. HPD is administering this program in conjunction with a joint venture between LISC/Enterprise who are subgrantees. HPD will make the loans directly to building owners. The LISC/Enterprise joint venture will service the HPD loan during construction under the terms of a servicing agreement with HPD.

The Small Owner Repair Program (SORP) provides funding for limited systems replacement or other key repairs in privately-owned multiple dwelling properties, in coordination with another HPD program, such as Primary Prevention Program (PPP), or a planned housing code correction plan. SORP offers a ten-year (10) forgivable loan for up to \$10,000 per dwelling unit for buildings of 3 to 20 units to eligible property owners. In exchange for this forgivable loan, owners will enter into a 10-year regulatory agreement with the City to ensure the financial viability, physical upkeep, and continued affordability of participating buildings. The program is open to both owner-occupied and investor properties. Vacant buildings are not eligible for the program, and a minimum of 50% of the units of each building must be occupied.

HUD Multifamily Program

HPD has created its HUD Multifamily Preservation Loan Program to facilitate workouts of troubled projects with existing HUD mortgages and/or use restrictions that are facing HUD foreclosure, at risk of a market conversion, or facing similar challenges to financing acquisition or rehabilitation while maintaining affordability. As part of the program, HUD requires assisted projects to be restricted to families at or below 80% of Area Median Income (AMI) for extended time periods pursuant to use agreements and/or by requiring long-term renewal of a Housing Assistance Payments contract. HPD's HUD Multifamily Preservation Loan Program will provide a low-interest loan (1%) to preserve and rehabilitate housing for low- to moderate-income households.

Multifamily Rental Mixed Income

Multifamily Rental Mixed Income sponsors the new construction of mixed income multifamily rental projects on public or privately owned land that will be affordable to low income and middle income households up to 165% of New York City's HUD Income Limit. The buildings may also contain commercial space and/or community facilities. HPD will provide a direct subsidy of up to \$85,000 per unit to leverage construction and permanent financing from sources such as private institutional lenders, taxable or tax exempt bond financing from the New York City Housing Development Corporation, and the syndication of low income housing tax credits.

Low Income Rental Program (formerly New MIRP)

Low Income Rental Program sponsors the construction of multifamily rental projects on public or private land that will be affordable to households earning up to 60% of New York City's HUD Income Limit. Projects must have a unit set aside of at least 20% for formerly homeless families or 20% for households earning up to 40% New York City's HUD Income Limit. HPD will provide a direct subsidy of up to \$60,000 per unit to leverage construction and permanent financing from sources such as private institutional lenders, tax exempt bond financing, and the syndication of low income housing tax credits.

Senior Housing Program (formerly Section 202 Housing)

The Senior Housing Program develops permanent affordable housing for low-income elderly individuals. Tenants must earn no more than 50% of the Area Median Income (AMI). Tenants pay 30% of their income in rent and HUD pays for project-based rental assistance to cover remaining operating costs. Eligible Borrowers: Not-for-profit organizations. Terms: Senior Housing Program provides forgivable loans that are repayable only in the event that the sponsor does not comply with the regulatory agreement. The term of the loan is 40 years. Sites: Projects may be on city-owned or privately owned sites. Design: A typical project consists of studio and

one-bedroom apartments. Rehabilitation of existing buildings is also eligible but these cases are relatively rare. An average project is between 60-90 units. Eligible Tenants: 100% of apartments must be for senior citizens earning less than 50% of Area Median Income. Because the Senior Housing Program includes rental assistance, tenant income can be far lower than the 50% of AMI income cap. Rental Assistance: HUD Provides a Project Rental Assistance Contract (PRAC) for HUD Section 202 projects. Sponsors submit an operating budget for HUD's review, and HUD pays the difference between the operating costs and the tenant rent. Typical Loan: Presently the HUD Section 202 maximum is approximately \$124,000 for a studio and \$142,000 for a one-bedroom apartment. Pipeline HPD Subsidy: In the past, HPD subsidy was provided by City Council subsidies. In 2012, gap financing on many projects will be provided through HOME funds.

HOME Tenant-Based Rental Assistance

The New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD) intends to develop a Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) program using HOME Program funds. HPD plans to offer rental assistance to assist approximately 750 eligible families, based on funding availability.

HPD plans to serve only those families who meet all three of the following qualifications: 1) households are very low-income (that is, total adjusted household income is not more than 50% of Area Median Income (AMI)); and 2) households have lost expected rental assistance within the last 15 months through no fault of their own; and 3)households are referred to HPD by other Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) that administer Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) programs in the City of New York.

HPD will offer rental assistance up to 110% of the federally set Fair Market Rent (FMR) for New York City. The program is designed to last for one year, with a possibility that it may be extended one additional year.

Under the program, families pay the highest of the following amounts, rounded to the nearest dollar:

- 30% of the family's monthly adjusted income;
- 10% of the family's monthly gross income;
- Welfare Rent (that part of welfare assistance received from a public agency, specifically designated by that agency to meet the family's actual housing costs); or
- The minimum rent established by HPD for the HOME Tenant-Based Rental Assistance is \$50.

Special Projects (formerly DAMP Special Projects)

Under this program model for Special Projects, a qualified non-profit developer/sponsor typically enters into a Net Lease with the City of New York to manage the building, and/or coordinates the development. HPD provides a portion of the construction financing; the sponsor is also responsible to secure gap financing to rehabilitate the property. The sponsor purchases the building for a nominal price prior to the construction start. The sponsor's duties include the selection of an architect, preparation of construction documents, and facilitating the relocation for the resident.

HomeFirst Down Payment Assistance Program

The Homefirst Program offers down payment assistance to first-time homebuyers. Eligible homebuyers can qualify for a forgivable loan to use toward down payment and/or closing costs on a one- to four- family home, condominium, or cooperative purchased in one of the five boroughs of New York City. The amount of the forgivable loan will be up to \$25,000.

Eligible borrowers must be first-time homebuyers with a maximum annual household income up to 80% of Area Median Income (AMI) (as of May 2010 that amount is \$63,350 for a family of four, adjustable for family size); purchase a one- to four-family home, condominium, or cooperative in one of the five boroughs of New York City; have a satisfactory employment history to qualify for a mortgage loan; have their own savings to contribute toward down payment and closing costs; successfully complete a homebuyer education course with an HPD-approved counseling agency; and occupy the property as their primary residence for at least ten years.

Emergency Solutions Grant

The Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Program, formerly the Emergency Shelter Grant, is one of several federal grant programs authorized by the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act. Unlike other McKinney Programs, it is a formula grant to the City, rather than a competitive award. The administering agency for the City of New York is the Department of Homeless Services. ESG funds are also dispersed to other city agencies and to non-profit providers. There are five categories of eligible activities under ESG regulations: homelessness prevention, rapid rehousing, services to the homeless, shelter renovations, operating costs, and grant administration.

The City will divide the funds among HUD eligible activities as follows: 91 percent for services to the homeless, and the rest (9 percent) to shelter operations. Services for these homeless programs primarily target sub-populations, such as the mentally-ill living on the street, as well as those living in shelters, recovering substance abusers and others, which would otherwise not receive special assistance (for example, victims of domestic violence who are staying in family homeless shelters rather than domestic violence shelters for reasons of space or security). A complete description of ESG-funded programs is in the Supportive Housing Continuum of Care section.

HUD ESG regulations require municipalities that receive Emergency Solutions Grant entitlement funds to disburse the funds within two years from the start of the given year's grant agreement. The City of New York expends ESG funds on a 'first-in-first-out' (FIFO) basis. Therefore, the City will not use 2012 ESG monies to fund homeless shelter-related activities until the 2011 funds are fully expended. However, the requested 2012 ESG program year funds will be completely expended by the end of 2013.

Services to the Homeless

ESG-funded services to the homeless include programs serving a wide range of discrete subpopulations of the homeless, including: programs providing support for recovering substance abusers; substance abuse treatment; mental health services; services for battered women and their children; transitional housing for youth; interim housing for street homeless who are awaiting permanent supportive housing placements; employment services, intensive housing placement service; and other programs that would not otherwise exist to provide special assistance.

These programs are integrated into the City's overall Supportive Housing Continuum of Care, filling gaps in funding and programming. The programs include:

Employment Programs

Manhattan Harlem I/Doe Fund

Citywide DHS Employment/Intake & Assessment

Citywide DHS Employment Counselors

The Harlem I program, operated by the Doe Fund, is expected to be funded at \$266,392. The Employment/Intake & Assessment Program, serving the entire City, is expected to be funded at \$215,000, and the Citywide DHS Employment Counselors are expected to be funded at \$341,853.

The Harlem I program in Manhattan serves 198 adult men in a substance-free environment, and stresses the importance of saving money and behaving responsibly. The program assists residents with employment readiness, including career counseling, job search assistance and placement services. To ensure a smooth and lasting transition to employment, stable housing and substance-free independent living, residents who have moved out of the facility are encouraged to meet with aftercare counselors at least twice monthly. The Performance Incentive Program sets targets for long-term housing placements that are to be achieved annually. Harlem expects to place 198 clients in 2012.

Employment/Intake & Assessment – Four (4) DHS staff members provide employment counseling at various adult shelters throughout the system. Workshops on employment readiness, resume writing, and interviewing techniques are conducted.

Five (5) DHS staff members in the Adult Services Division provide case management and placement services to clients through DHS initiatives to move the homeless single adult population into permanent housing more expeditiously. These initiatives are all focused on reducing the length of stay and averting chronic homelessness in DHS shelters.

Interim Housing Program

Manhattan The Grand Central Drop-In Center

In drop-in centers, clients are provided food, showers/bathroom facilities, clothing, and chairs to rest. Clients are also provided on-site case managers and housing specialists who work with them to provide transitional shelter or optimally, permanent housing. Drop-in centers also provide various support systems to enable clients to live independently and to be reconnected to the community in a positive way. Clients are advised as to the various entitlements they may be eligible and are assisted in navigating the system to attain them. Clients are also provided episodic medical care and psychiatric assessment. Many clients are also linked to the emergency faith bed network system which provides dinner and overnight sleeping accommodations at participating churches and synagogues.

Approximately \$65,550 is requested for this activity at The Grand Central Drop-in Center.

Mental Health Programs

Brooklyn Mental Health Program-Brooklyn Help Women's Center/HELP USA Manhattan Valley Lodge/West Side Federation for Senior and Supportive Housing

Manhattan Project Renewal's Fort Washington Shelter

Manhattan Park Avenue Shelter/Lenox Hill Neighborhood House

Brooklyn Park Slope Shelter/CAMBA

The Mental Health Program at the Help Women's Center - TLC is expected to be funded at \$97,175, Valley Lodge is expected to be funded at \$141,467, Project Renewal's Fort Washington Shelter is expected to be funded at \$286,294, the Park Avenue Shelter is expected to be funded at \$239,549 and the Park Slope Shelter is expected to be funded at \$246,056.

The Mental Health Program at the Help Women's Center - TLC provides intensive clinical case management to seriously and persistently mentally ill residents at the Help Women's Center. Services include individual counseling, therapeutic group work, crisis intervention, psycho-education, community meetings and recreational activities. Program services include entitlement advocacy, psychiatric evaluations, clinical case management, referrals to medical, psychiatric, and substance abuse treatment, medication monitoring and enhancing ADL skills and money management. This program is administered by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene Health (DoHMH). HWC-TLC expects to place 40 clients into permanent housing in 2012.

Valley Lodge is a transitional shelter serving 50 homeless men and 42 homeless women fifty years of age and older, including those with medical problems, mental illness, and a history of alcohol and substance abuse. An array of services is available to residents on-site, including assistance with medication management, a medical team, visiting nurse, psychiatric services from psychiatrists, podiatry clinic, glucose level and blood pressure monitoring, smoking cessation, diet and nutrition information, money management, case management services, entitlement advocacy, referrals for housing placement and recreational activities. Valley Lodge expects to place 92 clients into permanent housing in 2012.

Project Renewal's Fort Washington Shelter provides shelter and mental health services to two hundred adult male mentally ill clients. There are three psychiatric treatment programs on site. These programs include the

Social Service Treatment Team, Project Pride and Project Steps. Each program offers psychiatric and nursing care, case management, individual and group therapy, recreational activities, entitlements advocacy and housing referrals. Each team has its own case managers and psychiatrists. Each client is expected to visit a psychiatrist while at the facility. Case managers work with clients to assist them in achieving therapeutic goals. Fort Washington expects to place 200 clients into permanent housing in 2012.

The Park Avenue Shelter operated by the Lenox Hill Neighborhood House serves 100 homeless adult women 45 years of age and older with a primary psychiatric diagnosis and long-term history of homelessness. Women currently using drugs or alcohol are not appropriate. The goal of the program is to create a safe, clean, and motivating environment to engage women in treatment. A variety of social and recreational services are available for client participation. Park Avenue expects to place 100 clients into permanent housing this year.

The Park Slope Shelter operated by CAMBA is a 70-bed facility for women with serious mental illness and a co-existing substance abuse problem. The shelter provides an array of social services to enable women to stabilize their condition. Medication management, behavior modification, psycho-education, literacy services, substance abuse services, money management, housing readiness skills development, recreational activities, and other therapeutic programs assist residents in making progress towards a goal of independent or supportive housing. Park Slope expects to place 70 clients into permanent housing this year.

Outreach Programs

DHS and DOHMH jointly fund 4 outreach programs that serve all 5 boroughs of New York City (Brooklyn and Queens are combined). The contracts are organized in such a way that provides a single point of accountability for street homeless clients in each borough. These contracts are based on a milestone payment structure where a percentage of program's budget is paid when a retention period in housing is met. Outreach programs are to focus primarily on transitional and permanent housing placement of chronically homeless clients in an effort to reduce the street census. Teams coordinate services and make placements in drop-in centers, safe havens, stabilization beds, reception centers, shelters and many different permanent housing options. Many of these placements also provide homeless individuals with meals, counseling, medical/psychiatric services, showers, laundry facilities, some clothing, recreation space, referrals for employment, assistance in applying for benefits, and other social services.

The projected target for Calendar Year 2012 is approximately 900 individuals, which is calculated based on the number of chronically homeless street clients placed, instead of the number of clients contacted. The projected accomplishment numbers will be a better measure of the work these outreach programs are doing as they now focus on quality contacts and placements rather than just the quantity of contacts.

\$140,798 is requested for the Bronx, \$278,996 is requested for Queens and Brooklyn, and \$362,156 is requested for Citywide.

Program and Housing Placement

Citywide DHS Placement Facilitation Unit

DHS Placement Facilitation Unit is responsible for developing and helping to fund supportive SROs and other transitional and permanent housing options for clients exiting the transitional system. This unit works closely with shelter staff to identify, engage, and place as many shelter residents as possible into programs and housing. The projected target for Calendar Year 2012 is 8000 single adults. DHS Placement Facilitation Unit is expected to be funded at \$347,322.

SCO Family of Services operates a transitional independent living program, which offers services for mothers and their children. The program also provides emergency shelter and other supportive services for young adults between the ages of 16 - 21. DHS contracts out this service to the Department of Youth and Community Development (DYCD). The projected target for CFY 2012 is approximately 30 young people.

DHS Office of Client Advocacy

DHS's Office of Client Advocacy (OCA) provides a voice for clients within DHS by mediating conflicts between shelter staff and clients, assisting clients to overcome barriers to permanent housing, interacting with other agencies and organizations on behalf of clients, and addressing phone and walk-in inquiries. The OCA is responsible for assisting clients in navigating the service system and bringing systemic issues to the attention of DHS and providers. The staff assists clients with a wide array of challenges. The staff encourages clients to first work with caseworkers or shelter staff to resolve individual issues. The OCA also facilitates monthly Client Meetings with both single adults & families. Individuals and families can contact a staff member between the hours of 9:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M., Monday through Friday, and the OCA has a hotline that records messages 24 hours a day. Messages left after hours are responded to the next business day. The OCA works with clients who come to our office for emergencies Mondays through Thursdays from 9-5. Staff is located at Beaver Street. The OCA travels to meet clients at our intake facilities, shelters, drop-in centers and street locations to work with clients make presentations and participate in case conferences. During CFY 2012, the unit had a total of completed 5,000 cases.

This program will be funded at \$914,438.

Substance Abuse Counselors

Citywide Addiction Treatment Counselors

Addiction Treatment Counselors are members of the Clean and Sober Program, serving 63 homeless adult clients, at Barbara Kleiman Residence. These programs stress peer-support and substance abuse counseling in the framework of work-readiness training and job experience. Barbara Kleiman expects to place 63 clients into permanent housing in calendar year 2010.

Family Support Services

Manhattan Regent Family Shelter

Regent Family Residence is a transitional residence for 140 homeless families, providing comprehensive services to help them achieve independence and obtain permanent housing. This program is expected to be funded at \$200,000. EGS fund are used to provide vocational/educational services, substance abuse counseling, and housing placement services. The program expects to place 140 into permanent housing in 2012.

Substance Abuse Programs

Manhattan Kenton Shelter Manhattan Forbell Shelter

The Kenton Shelter is expected to be funded at \$202,952, and the Forbell Shelter is expected to be funded at \$239,761, respectively.

The Kenton Shelter provides substance abuse services to 100 men. These services include substance abuse prevention, education, and drug prevention workshops. Both individual and group counseling are provided. The program expects to place 100 clients into permanent housing in 2012.

The Forbell Shelter provides substance abuse services to 194 men. These services include substance abuse prevention, education, and drug prevention workshops. Both individual and group counseling are provided. The site expects to place 194 clients into permanent housing in 2012.

Next Step Programs

Manhattan Willow Next Step Women's Shelter /Palladia Brooklyn Pamoja House/Black Vets for Social Justice Queens Jamaica Next Step Women's Shelter /VOA Willow, Pamoja, and Jamaica House are Next Step shelters. These programs serve clients in a more structured and service intensive environment, who have not been successful in the completing the goals of their independent living plan. Some of the highlights of the Next Step programs are the establishment of a detailed independent living plan (ILP) with clear, concrete deliverables with specific target dates for completion; a rich array of life skills-building workshops and motivational group work; rewards for compliance with the ILP and consequences for non-compliance; and intensive case management and daily client engagement.

The Willow Next Step program serves 166 clients, and 166 clients are expected to be placed into permanent housing in 2012. This program is expected to be funded at \$220,000.

The Pamoja House program in Brooklyn, operated by Black Veterans for Social Justice, serves 200 adult men. The shelter expects to place 200 clients in 2012. It is expected to be funded at \$218,534.

Jamaica Next Step Women's Shelter provides services to 50 chronically homeless women. This program is expected to be funded at \$212,698.

Diversion Programs

Citywide Single Adult Diversion

DHS proposes to enhance homelessness diversion services at the front doors of the single adult shelter system. We intend to assist shelter applicants to return to available housing resources in the community. Services include advocacy for the applicant to return to a living situation where s/he was improperly excluded, short-term financial assistance to help bridge an applicant back to the community, and family mediation to assist applicants to re-establish relationships with family members who have been hosting them. For CFY 2012, the program expects to serve 500 clients.

This program is expected to be funded at \$798,105.

Social Services

Police Athletic League Play Street

Brooklyn Flatlands Fernandez Family Center

Bronx Theresa Haven

Manhattan Jennie Clark Family Center Bronx University Family Center

Bronx Charlie's Place

PAL - Police Athletic League Play Street sites operate at the above shelters. Activities include team sports, arts and crafts, counseling, and training. These programs operate from July through August.

\$12,500 is requested for each of the five PAL program sites for CFY 2012. Each program is expected to serve 20 youth.

Safe Haven Programs

Manhattan BRC Safe Haven

Manhattan The Lexington Safe Haven

Bronx VOA Safe Haven

Safe Havens are a low threshold transitional housing alternative, developed with feedback from clients who repeatedly refused to enter shelter. Safe Havens tend to be smaller, with fewer rules. They also have private or semi-private client rooms. Outreach teams are the sole referral source for these programs.

The BRC Safe Haven program expanded to 52 beds in January 2009, which was originally opened with 19 beds. This program is expected to be funded at \$226,000.

The Lexington Safe Haven program opened in January 2009 as a 36 person facility, which included room for 3 couples. The program recently relocated to a building in the Washington Heights section of Manhattan and now has a capacity for 43 including 5 couples. This program is expected to be funded at \$200,000.

The VOA Safe Haven program was an 80-bed facility in the Bronx. In January of 2011, the VA took over sole funding of 40 beds and DHS funded the remaining 43. The overall capacity of the program went up from 80 to 83. This program is expected to be funded at \$432,651.

Shelter Operating Costs

ESG funds are used to provide basic operating costs for City-operated shelters housing homeless individuals and homeless families. This may include supplies and equipment, food, transportation, or other operating costs other than staff costs. Operating funds are also used to support the operations for the adult shelter programs. Please refer to the Supportive Housing Continuum of Care for more information. DHS is expected to budget \$620,462 for this activity.

Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS

The Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program provides the resources and the incentives to devise and implement comprehensive, long-term strategies to meet the housing needs of persons living with HIV/AIDS and their families.

The HOPWA Program differs from other formula grant programs insofar as the City receives an allocation for the entire Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area (EMSA). The EMSA is comprised of the five boroughs of the City of New York plus five upstate jurisdictions, including the cities of Mount Vernon, Yonkers, and New Rochelle and the counties of Putnam, Rockland, and Westchester. The EMSA jurisdictions expect to receive approximately \$2,633,771 of this grant. The County of Westchester administers the allocation for the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, and Yonkers since these municipalities are located in Westchester County. See the section titled, HOPWA EMSA for a complete description of each jurisdiction's proposal.

HUD HOPWA regulations require municipalities that receive program entitlement funds to commit funds no later than September 30, 2012 and to expend funds within three (3) years of the commitment. Therefore, the City is expected to completely expend 2012 program year funds by September 30, 2015.

Human Resources Administration: HIV/AIDS Services Administration (HASA) Case Management and Support Services

HASA case workers facilitate client access to – and maintenance of – emergency, transitional, and permanent supportive housing, as well as on-going rental assistance. In addition to housing issues, HASA clients and their families often present a multiplicity of other needs. Case management and support staff conduct needs assessments for all clients to determine the need for other appropriate benefits and services, such as cash assistance, nutrition and transportation payments, and housing related benefits (e.g., rent arrears payments, home furnishings, moving costs, and security deposits). Case workers refer clients to Medicaid, home care, homemaker services, Food Stamps, federal disability benefits, and community based mental health and substance abuse programs.

In Grant Year 2012, HASA anticipates supporting over 32,000 cases. HASA's caseload will include over 27,000 single cases, nearly 5,000 family cases, and over 14,000 family members (i.e., non-medically eligible members of cases). As of May 2011, over 32,000 HIV-positive individuals were receiving direct housing services through HASA.

A total of \$2,000,000 in HOPWA funds will support HASA case management and support service personnel. Eligible activities include:

• Housing information services including, but not limited to, counseling, information and referral to assist an eligible person to locate, acquire, finance and maintain housing;

• Supportive services including, but not limited to, assessment, permanent housing placement, and assistance in gaining access to local, State and Federal government benefits and services.

Number of Persons Served and Timeframe: Over 44,500 individuals and their family members will receive coordinated case management and support services in Calendar Year 2011.

Human Resources Administration: HIV/AIDS Services Administration (HASA) Supportive Housing Contracts

Permanent supportive housing remains a significant and necessary components of the continuum of housing opportunities for New Yorkers living with HIV/AIDS. This funding will support contracts administered by HASA for permanent congregate facilities and permanent scattered-site supportive housing programs.

During Grant Year 2012, of the \$35,097,102 HOPWA grant funds awarded to HASA, \$33,097,102 is allocated to HASA supportive housing contracts, while the remaining \$2,000,000 is allocated to HASA case management and support services.

Eligible activities include:

- Operating costs for housing including facility-based rental assistance, maintenance, security, operation, insurance, utilities, furnishings, equipment, supplies and other incidental costs;
- Supportive services including, but not limited to, assessment, permanent housing placement, and assistance in gaining access to local, State and Federal government benefits and services.

Following is a list of proposed project sponsors for funding during the 2012 HOPWA grant year. The program may identify additional project sponsors during the program year, but only after evaluating applications and awarding funds.

- 163rd Street Improvement Council
- Actor's Fund of America
- Addicts Rehabilitation Center
- AIDS Center of Queens County
- Bailey House
- Bowery Residents' Committee
- Brooklyn AIDS Task Force
- CAMBA
- Catholic Charities Neighborhood Centers
- Center for Urban Community Services
- Coalition for the Homeless
- Common Ground
- Community Access
- Comunilife
- DOMI
- FACES NY
- Flemister HDFC & LP
- Food First
- Friends House
- Harlem Congregations for Community Improvement
- Harlem United Community AIDS Center
- Heartshare
- Henry Street
- Heritage Health & Housing

- HOGAR
- Housing & Services
- Housing Works, Inc.
- Housing Works, Inc.
- Institute for Community Living
- Iris House
- Lantern Group
- Lower East Side Service Center
- Narragansett HDFC
- North General
- Odyssey House
- Palladia
- Pratt Area Council
- Praxis Housing Initiative
- Project Hospitalty
- Project Renewal
- Ryer Avenue LP & HDFC
- Schermerhorn House
- Services for the Underserved
- St. Mary's Supportive Housing
- St. Nicholas Neighborhood Centers
- Steinway Child & Family Services, Inc.
- The DOE Fund
- Turning Point Discipleship
- UCC Ehrlich

- Unique People Service
- University Consultation Center

- Volunteers of America
- Westside Federation for Senior Housing

This funding will support an estimated 2,851 permanent supportive housing units.

Department of Health and Mental Hygiene: Bureau of HIV/AIDS Prevention & Control

The NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene – Bureau of HIV/AIDS Prevention & Control (BHAPC) directly administers 22 subcontracts with 15 nonprofit community-based organizations throughout New York City. HOPWA services that will be provided under the supervision of BHAPC in Grant Year 2012 include the following:

Housing Placement Assistance

Bronx Osborne Association
Brooklyn Brooklyn AIDS Taskforce
Manhattan African Services Committee
Queens AIDS Center of Queens County

Staten Island Project Hospitality

The housing placement assistance programs provide housing information services to persons living with HIV/AIDS (PLWHA). These programs assist PLWHA locate and secure permanent housing; however; emergency/transitional housing may be used while permanent housing is being actively sought. Services also include short-term case management services, securing housing subsidies, and providing short-term rental, utility and security deposit payments to prevent or end homelessness as needed.

Administration of a Sustainable Living Fund

Citywide Gay Men's Health Crisis

The Sustainable Living Fund distributes short-term rental subsidies, long-term rental subsidies, and rental start-up. Short-term rental subsidies are provided as emergency assistance to prevent eviction and homelessness.

Emergency Low-threshold Supportive Housing for Adolescents/Young Adults

Citywide Ali Forney Center

This supportive housing program targeting adolescents and young adults provides low-threshold emergency housing for HIV-infected and at-risk homeless street youth. This program links homeless young adults to appropriate case management, medical care, and other supportive services. Other services provided include workshops and training in basic skills, basic educational and literacy, and employment readiness.

Supportive Housing

Queens AIDS Center of Queens County (Dually-Diagnosed/Harm Reduction)

Citywide AIDS Center of Queens County (Parolees/Releasees)
Brooklyn CAMBA, Inc. (Dually-Diagnosed/Harm Reduction)
CAMBA, Inc. (Dually-Diagnosed/Harm Reduction)

Brooklyn CAMBA (Dually-Diagnosed/Mental Illness/Harm Reduction)

Citywide Catholic Charities Neighborhood Services (Difficult to Serve Individuals)

Citywide The Fortune Society (Parolees/Releasees)

Citywide FEGS (Dually-Diagnosed/Mental Illness/Harm Reduction)

Citywide Harlem United (Women with Mental Illness)
Citywide Harlem United (Women with Children)

Citywide Institute for Community Living (Dually-Diagnosed/Mental Illness/Harm Reduction)
Citywide MTI Residential Services (Dually-Diagnosed/Mental Illness/Harm Reduction)

Staten Island Project Hospitality (Dually-Diagnosed/Harm Reduction)

Staten Island Project Hospitality (Dually-Diagnosed/Mental Illness/Harm Reduction)

These adult supportive housing programs identify, secure, and provide appropriate, transitional and permanent housing for the following target HIV/AIDS populations: women with mental illness; women with children; persons with AIDS age 55 and over; difficult to serve individuals; parolees and releasees; dually diagnosed individuals and families in need of harm reduction services; and dually- and/or triply diagnosed individuals and families with mental illness in need of harm reduction services. Other service elements include on-site case management, harm reduction, care coordination, mental health, substance abuse, and other supportive services as needed.

The City of New York intends to allocate \$16,637,406 of HOPWA funding to these programs. Eligible activities

- Housing information services including, but not limited to, counseling, information, and referral to assist an eligible person to locate, acquire, finance and maintain housing;
- Tenant-based rental assistance;
- Short-term rent rental assistance to prevent homelessness of the tenant of a dwelling;
- Supportive services including, but not limited to, assessment, mental health counseling and assessment, drug and alcohol abuse counseling, permanent housing placement, permanent housing placement, assistance in gaining access to local, State and Federal government benefits and services;
- Operating costs for housing including maintenance, security, operation, insurance, utilities, furnishings, equipment, supplies and other incidental costs.

Number of Persons Served and Timeframe: Approximately 3,750 low-income individuals and families will receive assistance during Grant Year 2012 from the array of services provided by 15 community-based organizations under 22 subcontracted programs.

BHAPC programs will include service to the following special needs populations:

- Adolescents/young adults;
- Seniors age 55 and over;
- Non-HASA eligible difficult-to-serve individuals;
- Women with children;
- Women with mental illness;
- Parolees and releasees;
- Dually diagnosed HIV+ individuals and families in need of harm reduction services.

Grantee General Program Administration

The City of New York Department of Health and Mental Hygiene – Bureau of HIV/AIDS Prevention & Control administers the HOPWA program for the New York City (NYC) Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area (EMSA). The administrative component of the HOPWA grant supports the staff of the Bureau of HIV/AIDS Prevention & Control that coordinates, monitors, evaluates, and reports to HUD on the use of HOPWA funds in the NYC EMSA.

The Bureau of HIV/AIDS Prevention & Control also maintains responsibility for negotiation and oversight of the HOPWA programming proposed and implemented by the Lower Hudson Valley jurisdictions, which include the Counties of Putnam, Rockland, and Westchester, and the Cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, and Yonkers. The Cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, and Yonkers programming is administered by Westchester County, since these cities are located there.

ii. New York City Housing Authority Funds

Public Housing Capital Fund Program

The New York City Housing Authority uses funds from the Public Housing Capital Fund Program, an annual grant program administered by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), for major physical improvement work at its 334 developments and for other capital eligible NYCHA activities. Funds are used to bring these developments up to modernization and energy-conservation standards. The largest component of the program involves the rehabilitation of occupied residential structures. The program also provides for the construction of non-dwelling structures, such as community centers, as well as for projects aimed at improving NYCHA's management and technology infrastructure.

The following is a use-of-funds breakdown of the most recent Capital Fund grant (Federal FY 2011 funds):

CF2011 Original Budget as of August 2, 2011

Dwelling Equipment and Structures	\$127,147,314
Non-Dwelling Equipment and Structures	\$15,508,891
Site Improvements	\$3,200,000
Administration and Fees	\$56,768,944
Management Improvements	\$0.00
Relocation Costs	\$30,000
Construction Contingency	\$14,501,588
Bond Debt Obligation	\$40,334,000
Operations	\$15,568,700
TOTAL	\$273,059,437

Public Housing Capital Fund American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 ("Recovery Act") provides \$4 billion in supplemental "stimulus" funding for the public housing capital fund. HUD has allocated \$3 billion of the appropriation using the current formula.

The Recovery Act also provided for a one-time exception to the Faircloth Amendment which prohibits federal support for additional public housing units. It allowed for a one-time opportunity, which expired on March 17, 2010, for public housing authorities to bring additional money in from the federal government to fund public housing if a mix of public and private sector money is used to finance the transaction. NYCHA began pursuing such an agreement in September 2009. On March 15, 2010, HUD approved NYCHA's application to qualify 21 NYCHA developments – and their more than 20,000 housing units – for federal subsidies. In order to qualify for federal assistance, the developments were sold to an entity created and controlled by NYCHA. All 21 developments remain public housing and residents retained all of their rights and protections as public housing residents. NYCHA will continue to work diligently with HUD to secure annual federal subsidies for the remaining 5,018 public housing units that have no source of permanent funding.

On average, as of June 30, 2011, over 70% of NYCHA's 2,602 buildings are more than 40 years old. NYCHA is constantly challenged to maintain these older buildings' systems at a significant expense to the operating budget. NYCHA will use \$423 million in Recovery Act funds to further the Authority's commitment to the preservation of its aging housing stock. NYCHA successfully expended 60% of the formula ARRA grant prior to the March 2011 deadline date. NYCHA is utilizing approximately \$322 million to fund the following major categories of work items: brickwork and roofing replacements, upgrading to more energy efficient refrigerators and elevator

rehabilitation. As of June 1, 2011, NYCHA has expended 78% of the grant totaling \$331.6 million and is on target for the 100 percent expenditure deadline in March 2012.

HOPE VI

Initiated in 1992, HUD's HOPE VI Urban Revitalization Demonstration Program (HOPE VI) aims to address the problem of severely distressed public housing in a comprehensive manner through recommendations for social, economic, and physical improvement, as well as, community service. Permitted activities under the demonstration program include a) funding of the capital costs of major reconstruction, b) the provision of replacement housing, c) management improvements, and d) planning and technical assistance. Other permitted activities include implementation of supportive services and economic development initiatives, and the planning for any such activities

Ocean Bay Apartments

Overview

Ocean Bay Apartments HOPE VI Revitalization Project has a current overall project budget of approximately \$229 Million, including both on-site improvements and surrounding neighborhood investment that are aimed at comprehensively revitalizing the Arverne/Edgemere area of the Rockaway Peninsula, in Queens. The overall project budget is broken down as follows:

Overall Project Budget: \$228.9 Million

Funding Sources: \$ 67.7 Million Hope VI Funds

\$143.2 Million Capital Funds

\$ 5.8 Million NYCHA Reserve Funds \$ 12.2 Million Leveraged Funds

On-Site Physical Improvements

Phase I Work at Ocean Bay, which was completed in 2004, included the modernization and reconfiguration of 1,803 apartments, under a Construction Management/Build firm (CM/Builder) under NYCHA's CM/Build Program.

Phase II Work entails the first stage of new construction, which began on April 22, 2005. This phase is being performed under a CM/Builder. Phase II is completed and included the following:

- Lobby improvements at Oceanside
- Day care center renovation and expansion at Oceanside
- Senior/social center renovation at Oceanside
- Brickwork at Oceanside
- Stair towers at Bayside
- Lobby improvements at Bayside
- Masonry Repair at Bayside
- Exterior Lighting at Bayside

Phase III Work includes new roofs, apartment renovations, and brickwork. This phase is being performed under a CM/Builder. These contracts include:

- Roof Replacement for all 7 Ocean Side buildings (Complete).
- Roof Replacement for the 4 high-rise Bay Side buildings; Buildings 21, 23 and 24 are 100% complete; Building 22 is under construction, currently 80% complete.
- Apartment renovation for 64 E-line apartments: All 64 units are complete and have been turned over to the development for rental.
- Front Entrance Brickwork at the 20 Low-Rise Buildings (Complete.)

A conventionally-bid contract for grounds improvements on the Bay Side, including new exterior refuse compactors, is currently in design and slated for bid in August of 2011.

Off-Site Development

There are a number of off-site work components in the Ocean Bay Revitalization Plan. These are intended to provide new amenities to the residents, as outlined below:

- Retail Sites Development ("Sites A and C"): Development of two retail sites, acquired near Ocean Bay by NYCHA, will be managed through a Development RFP in conjunction with other NYC Agencies; this will bring local convenience retail and office space.
- Addabbo Health Center: A \$12 million neighborhood health facility opened in October 2006;
 NYCHA provided a grant of \$1.5 million in HOPE VI funds towards the hard costs; and
- Home Ownership: A Resident training and subsidy program assisted 13 first-time home-buyers (each received \$25,000 for down payment and closing costs).

Prospect Plaza

In March 1999, NYCHA was awarded a HOPE VI grant for the revitalization of Prospect Plaza located in the Ocean Hill-Brownsville section of Brooklyn. HUD approved NYCHA's Revitalization Plan in November 1999. The project budget for the Revitalization Plan includes: HOPE VI funds, NYCHA Capital Funds, private equity, public and private financing, along with City Capital funds.

The project is divided into three phases. The first phase included construction of thirty-seven two-family townhouses on City-owned parcels dispersed among Dean Street, Saratoga Avenue, and Sterling Place. All townhouses were completed during the summer of 2005, with thirty-two of the homes purchased by first-time home-buying public housing residents. The second phase was completed in the summer of 2009, which included the construction of 150 affordable rental units on Park Place, with forty-five units set aside for relocated Prospect Plaza and other public housing residents.

In June 2010, NYCHA hosted a three-day *Re-Vision Prospect Plaza Community Planning Workshop*, attended by over 100 relocated Prospect Plaza residents and other community stakeholders. The resultant *Re-Vision Prospect Plaza Community Plan* includes a mix of housing types, open space, a community center, and retail space to replace the Prospect Plaza towers. In May 2011, HUD granted a conditional approval of the Prospect Plaza HOPE VI Revitalization Plan Amendment, which includes the demolition of the three remaining vacant Prospect Plaza buildings and describes in detail the *Re-Vision Prospect Plaza Community Plan*.

The cleared sites will be redeveloped as part of a mixed-finance, mixed-income phased development, including public housing and affordable rental units, to be developed and managed by private, third party entities. Preference for the lease-up of the public housing units will be given to relocated Prospect Plaza public housing residents in good standing who wish to return to the redeveloped community. A site-based waiting list created from the Authority's existing public housing waiting list will be used to tenant the public housing units.

Community & Supportive Services

Office of Resident Economic Empowerment & Sustainability (REES)

The Office of Resident Economic Empowerment & Sustainability (REES) was created in 2009 to develop and implement programs, policies and collaborations to measurably support residents' increased economic opportunities with a focus on asset building, employment, advancement and business development. With the formation of REES, an unprecedented agency prioritization and focus on resident economic opportunities, operational enhancements and new partnerships, progress is being made to drive greater outcomes for residents. In 2009, the Office was instrumental in facilitating 662 placements; an increase of 114% from 2008 and 953 placements in 2010; an additional 44% increase. The Department of Resident Employment Services (RES) is under the purview of REES.

In order to drive even greater outcomes, NYCHA, through REES, is implementing a new outcome-driven community economic opportunity platform focused on service coordination, strategic partnerships and leveraging localized resources and services on behalf of residents and public housing communities. As one of the largest landlords in New York and largest purveyor of public housing in the country, NYCHA is an economic engine and is uniquely positioned to support resident economic opportunity outcomes. NYCHA seeks to leverage its assets—including access to jobs at NYCHA and with vendors and other employers, communication channels to NYCHA residents, and opportunities to offer physical space for high-quality programming- as the core component of this new strategy.

Community & Supportive Services- Prospect Plaza

NYCHA's Office of Resident Economic Empowerment & Sustainability (REES) is re-orienting the Community and Supportive Services (CSS) activities for former residents of Prospect Plaza under the HOPE VI grant by contracting with Credit Where Credit Is Due (CWCID) to provide financial education and management services. Through this initiative, interested residents will receive support to become financially-ready and eligible to exercise their right of first refusal for the affordable housing being developed as a result of the HOPE VI grant. Job readiness, workforce development and placement assistance continues to be available for residents through REES and referrals to other agencies and community-based organizations.

iii. HUD Competitive Funds

Homeless Continuum of Care SuperNOFA

Since 2002, DHS has coordinated the City's response to the annual HUD Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) for Continuum of Care Homeless Assistance, working in partnership with the New York Coalition on the Continuum of Care Steering Committee. The New York City Coalition on the Continuum of Care (The Coalition) encompasses an extraordinarily broad range of homeless stakeholders to ensure a decision-making process that is inclusive of and relevant to the City's evolving needs and resources and avoids an overlap, duplication or contradiction of efforts. The Coalition is the representative body of providers, consumers, community members and government that regularly meets to handle all the details involved with the HUD Targeted Homeless Assistance Grants. Representation on the Coalition Steering Committee by the provider coalitions (each of which serves a unique element of the homeless population) ensures that the needs and concerns and the planning activities of all homeless providers are carried to the Steering Committee. The Coalition's overall structure is designed to foster an ongoing exchange of information among consumers, direct providers, advocates, and the committees represented by the Coalition.

The funds made available under the NOFA are designed to help communities create systems to combat homelessness. Funding is provided in the three program areas: Supportive Housing Program, Shelter Plus Care, and Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation for Single Room Occupancy Dwellings.

The Coalition and City's submission to HUD is based upon a single Continuum of Care strategy and funding priorities, but project funding is requested through individual applications submitted by providers. The competition process for the 2011 HUD NOFA for Continuum of Care Homeless Assistance began in August 2011 after the publication of HUD's notice for the FY 2011 competition. The Coalition expects HUD to announce the 2011 grant awards in late 2011.

Supportive Housing Program

The Supportive Housing Program (SHP) promotes the development of supportive housing and services that help homeless people transition from homelessness and live as independently as possible. The components of the Supportive Housing Program include transitional housing, permanent housing for persons with disabilities, supportive services to families and individuals residing in supportive housing, and safe havens. All SHP funding in New York City goes directly to non-profit provider agencies. For the 2011 NOFA, the Coalition has 186 SHP programs applying for a total of \$65,830,136. In 2010, these SHP grantees provided housing and services at a point in time to approximately 10,871 households: 1,562 families and 9,309 single adults.

Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation SRO

The Single Room Occupancy (SRO) Moderate Rehabilitation Rental Assistance program provides rental assistance to specific SRO projects. The assistance is provided in 10-year funding increments that are renewable, at HUD's discretion, on a year-by-year basis. Rental assistance provided under the program covers operating costs for the projects. Eligible participants include homeless individuals.

Since 1988, the New York City Department of Housing, Preservation and Development (HPD) Supportive Housing Loan Program (SHLP) has been awarded Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation rental assistance for 22 projects containing 1,162 contract units. All 22 projects have been completed.

Shelter Plus Care Program

The Shelter Plus Care Program is a Homeless Continuum of Care Program awards have enabled HPD to build new housing with supportive services for homeless individuals with disabilities, including mental illness, histories of substance abuse, and AIDS with incomes of less than 50 percent of the area median. Rental assistance subsidies provided under this program, cover operating costs and exclude the cost of supportive services. Supportive services are provided by sponsoring non-profit organizations and are funded with other government contracts or private funds.

Program guidelines require that the cost of supportive services at least equal the amount of the rental assistance provided by the grant. To date, HPD has received rental assistance of \$100 million through the Shelter Plus Care Program for 61 projects, with a total of 2,693 contract units for the homeless. Of these, 58 projects containing 2,593 units have been completed and 3 projects containing 103 units are in construction or in design.

Section 202 Supportive Housing for the Elderly

Section 202 Supportive Housing for the Elderly is a federally funded program which provides interest free capital advances, (rather than direct loans as previously provided under Section 202), to eligible non-profit sponsors to finance the development, either new construction or substantial rehabilitation, of rental housing with support services for very low income persons age 62 or over. Funding is awarded directly to non-profit developers; the City is not an eligible applicant. Repayment is not required as long as the housing remains for very low income elderly for 40 years.

The program also includes rental assistance contracts to cover the differences between the HUD-approved operating cost per unit and the amount the resident pays, which is one-third of their income. All residents must be very low income. Project based rental assistance contracts for Section 202 projects are initially 3 years, renewable after that time on a yearly basis.

A small portion of the cost for supportive services is provided by the Section 202 program, but the major financing for services provided by the operator. Services offered in some Section 202 sites may include social service coordination, recreation and social activities, transportation services, and other services deemed necessary for maintaining independent living.

In July 2010, HUD announced the Section 202 funding awards from the 2009 SuperNOFA. Three not-for-profit community-based organizations in NYC received a total of \$31,882,600 in Section 202 funding (\$27,673,600 in Capital Advances and \$4,209,000 in rental assistance) for a total of 175 new units for very low income elderly.

The 2010/2011 Section 202 NOFA was released in early March 2011, which allocated capital advance funding for the Section 202 Program within the New York Region (New York City, Nassau, Suffolk, Rockland, Putnam, Duchess, Orange, Westchester, Sullivan and Ulster Counties). The allocation to the region was \$40,399,682 for 247 units. No funding awards have been made as of this writing.

For additional information on the elderly, see the Supportive Housing Continuum of Care.

Section 811 Supportive Housing for the Disabled

HUD provides direct federal capital advances to private, non-profit corporations and consumer cooperatives for the new construction or substantial rehabilitation of City-owned or private sites for accessible housing for persons with a disability. Grants usually cover 100 percent of the project's cost, within HUD limits. HUD also provides Project Rental Assistance Contracts (PRACs) to pay the difference between tenant rents (30 percent of income) and mortgage amortization. The mortgage term is 40 years, during which time the project must operate as supportive housing for persons with a disability. Sponsors must provide at least \$10,000 in equity towards the project.

Either the applicant wishing to reside in a Section 811 development, or a household member aged 18 or over, must have some physical or developmental disability or some chronic mental illness. The income of project residents must be below 50 percent of area median income. Projects may be in the form of group homes of up to 15 units, or independent living facilities of up to 40 units. Sponsors must provide a support service plan appropriate for the target population, and evidence of state, local or other funding for these services. Independent living facilities may also be in the form of a cooperative owned by the residents. Sites must be in close proximity to employment and educational opportunities, shopping, recreation, etc., or be reachable by accessible mass transportation. They should be in a residential neighborhood and integrated into the community. Sites must meet HUD's site and neighborhood standards regarding areas of minority concentration.

At the time the Proposed 2012 Consolidated Plan went to print HUD had yet to announce the competitive grant application guidelines and proposed funding amount that would be available within the New York metropolitan area to develop supportive housing for the persons with a disability. Therefore, the amount expected to be received is TBD.

For additional information on the disabled, see the Supportive Housing Continuum of Care.

Section 8 Vouchers

Section 8 is a Federal program that provides rental assistance to tenants. The City of New York's major rental assistance programs are administered by NYCHA and HPD. The following is a brief explanation of the Section 8 programs administered by these two agencies.

1. NYCHA's Section 8 Program

NYCHA's Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program provides tenant-based assistance to low and very low income households. NYCHA operates the largest Section 8 rental assistance program in the nation with approximately 96,172 vouchers as of May 30, 2011. Under the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program all tenants pay at least 30% of their adjusted gross income for rent, plus any amount the contract rent is above the payment standard. In general, Housing Choice Vouchers are issued for a 180 day period. This includes vouchers issued by other housing agencies outside New York City which are being used in New York City. As of June 30, 2010, the Section 8 waiting list consisted of approximately 125,000 eligible applicants.

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has awarded NYCHA an additional 1,595 Section 8 vouchers specifically for homeless veterans under the Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing (VASH) initiative. These vouchers are being distributed in partnership with the Brooklyn Medical Center, the Bronx Medical Center, and the New York Medical Center. The HUD–VASH program in NYC will combine HUD Housing Choice Voucher rental assistance for homeless veterans with case management and clinical services provided by the Veterans Affairs at the three noted medical centers and in the community. Ongoing VA case management, health and other supportive services will be made available to homeless veterans. To date, there have been 1,145 rentals through this program.

On July 1, 2010 a plan was announced by Mayor Michael R. Bloomberg, Council Speaker Christine C. Quinn, Senator Charles E. Schumer and former Governor David A. Paterson to resolve New York City's Section 8 rent voucher crisis. The plan solved NYCHA's budget shortfall that had put 4,000 families at risk and provide vouchers for the roughly 2,500 families that saw vouchers withdrawn.

Since July 1, 2010, NYCHA transferred 1,944 Section 8 households to the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development's (HPD) Section 8 program. NYCHA was able to save the \$16 million budget gap projected for 2010 since HPD was able to use their budget reserves to support the additional households. The City took several steps to restore vouchers for the 2,500 families that had their vouchers withdrawn. Of the 2,500 families, 1,500 were transferred as Section 8 applicants to HPD in August 2010. HPD offered Section 8 assistance to 750 of these families using voucher authority transferred by the NYS Division of Housing and Community Renewal. The other 750 households were offered participation in a special version of the NYC HOME program that was specially modified to resemble the Section 8 program. NYC City Council provided HPD with an appropriation of \$7 million to compensate for the costs of these apartments.

HPD's outreach to the total group of 1,500 applicants produced about 1,200 Section 8 vouchers or HOME certificates issued for about an 80% issuance success rate. Those 1,200 voucher holders or certificate holders then began pursuing rentals for apartments to be processed and approved by HPD. NYCHA committed to offer vouchers to the remaining 1,000 applicants as soon as its Section 8 subsidy budget permits doing so. As of June 29, 2011, NYCHA has not yet made a decision on whether vouchers can be offered to any of those 1,000 applicants during 2011.

On September 11, 2008, HUD approved NYCHA's Section 8 Voluntary Transition Plan to move 8,400 apartments at the 21 Developments into the Section 8 Program as they become vacant. As of June 26, 2011, there were 2,530 Section 8 rentals in the 21 Developments. The Section 8 Voluntary Transition Plan was expected to reduce the operating deficits at the City and State Developments by \$75 million annually. However, federal budget cuts to the Section 8 program and lower than expected residents transitioning to Section 8 will result in a much lower projected number of Section 8 conversions.

2. HPD's Section 8 Program

HPD operates Section 8 project-based programs for Single Room Occupancy (SRO) Moderate Rehabilitation Rental Assistance Program as well as for its Shelter-Plus-Care Program. It also operates a tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher Programs for its local preference categories of qualified households: these include Homeless/Near-Homeless Prevention; HPD Building Renovation; Relocation and Rent Restructuring; and Homeless and Special Needs Housing. HPD administers enhanced vouchers for tenants whose landlords are opting out of HUD contracts, such as Mitchell-Lama and Moderate Rehabilitation. In addition, HPD administers the Section 8 Family Self-Sufficiency Program and the Section 8 Homeownership Program. Applicants for Section 8 assistance must meet eligibility criteria, which specify the requirements for income qualification, family composition and citizenship status all within Federal guidelines.

Under Section 8, most families pay between 30% - 40% of their adjusted household income toward rent and utilities. HPD then pays the difference, up to a prescribed amount, known as the payment standard. All units that receive Section 8 assistance must pass an annual Housing Quality Standards Inspection. Section 8 families must have income that does not exceed 50% of the area median income (AMI) for New York City (there are exceptions for certain preference categories that allow income up to 80% AMI). Additionally, at least 75% of the households that are accepted into the voucher program (in all New York City programs combined) in a fiscal year must have income that is below 30% of the area median for New York City.

Rules for families receiving enhanced vouchers are different in several respects, including income limits (up to 95% AMI), tenant contribution toward rent (30% of adjusted income, or whatever the tenant was paying prior the building's conversion, whichever is greater), and payment standard (Section 8 will pay up to the gross rent, subject to rent reasonability standards, as described below).

Participating owners must charge rents that are no more than rents charged for comparable unassisted apartments in the owner's building (if applicable), or for similarly sized apartments in the particular neighborhood where the voucher holder intends to rent. Except in the case of enhanced vouchers, tenants are responsible for any amount of the rent approved as reasonable that exceeds the payment standard established by HPD (currently set at 110% of the Fair Market Rent set by HUD for New York City).

Families may use their subsidy in any part of the United States. Moves within HPD jurisdiction are permitted once per year. In administering this program, HPD provides a local preference to low-income occupants with significant rent burdens who reside in buildings that were rehabilitated by a government-sponsored program, so that these tenants can afford either to stay in their existing unit or to relocate to new housing. The program also targets subsidies to homeless families and individuals in an effort to enable them to afford the permanent housing that is available to them, most of which is being produced with city subsidies. Section 8 is also used to address unique and critical local housing needs generated as a result of an unforeseen catastrophe beyond the scope of the individual family, and other unforeseen catastrophes.

The project-based programs listed above allow families to receive rental assistance if they occupy specific apartments in buildings rehabilitated by a government-sponsored rehabilitation program. As in the tenant-based program, all families pay at least 30% of their adjusted incomes on rent and utilities and the program subsidy pays the balance. Unlike the tenant-based program, families with project-based assistance forfeit their subsidy when they move from the building. The next family that is approved to occupy the apartment receives the subsidy. HPD also administers a small Project Based Voucher program that allows participants the opportunity

to move with a tenant based voucher after the first year of project based assistance based on funding availability.

HPD did not receive any additional tenant-based voucher funding in 2010. Nevertheless, HPD continues to receive additional conversion vouchers since 2003.

Additionally, as part of a collaboration between NYCHA, HPD, the New York State Division of Housing and Community Renewal (DHCR), and with approval from HUD, the subsidy for 1,944 Section 8 participants were transferred from NYCHA to HPD on August 1, 2010. DHCR also provided HPD with 750 vouchers to assist NYCHA applicants whose vouchers were withdrawn by NYCHA in December 2010. HPD has offered eligible NYCHA applicants an additional opportunity to apply for these 750 vouchers.

Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)

The HOPWA competitive grant program provides states, localities and nonprofit organizations with the resources and incentives to devise long-term comprehensive strategies for meeting the housing and related supportive service needs of low-income persons with HIV/AIDS and their families. Funds under this program are divided into two categories: (1) grants for Special Projects of National Significance (SPNS) that, due to their innovative nature or their potential for replication, are likely to serve as effective program models in addressing the housing and related supportive service needs of low-income persons living with HIV/AIDS and their families and (2) grants for projects that are part of Long Term Comprehensive Strategies (Long Term) which provide housing and related supportive services for low-income persons living with HIV/AIDS and their families in areas not eligible for HOPWA formula entitlement funds.

Eligible applicants include States, units of local government and nonprofit organizations under SPNS. States and units of local government may apply for projects that will serve areas that are not eligible for HOPWA formula allocations under the Long Term category of grants.

Eligible program activities include: housing information services (including fair housing counseling); project-based or tenant-based rental assistance; new construction of a community residence or SRO dwelling; acquisition, rehabilitation, conversion, lease or repair of facilities to provide housing and services; operating costs for housing; short-term rent, mortgage and utility payments to prevent homelessness; supportive services designed to enhance access to needed services such as health care, AIDS drug assistance, and other services funded through the Ryan White HATMA Act or other Federal, State, local or private funds; administrative expenses; and resource identification to establish, coordinate and develop housing assistance resources and technical assistance in establishing and operating a community residence (if the funded amount is less than 20 percent of the proposed program activity costs). In addition, applicants may request funds for collecting, analyzing and reporting project outcomes.

Recipients may receive up to \$1,300,000 for program activities. An additional 3% may be added for the grantee administrative costs, and up to 7% may be added for project sponsor-related administrative costs. As HOPWA SPNS grants are national competitive grants, applicants apply directly to HUD for this funding.

In May 2011, HUD released a competitive SPNS grant application for \$9,100,000 in funding to provide housing services for persons living with HIV/AIDS and develop local Integrated HIV/AIDS Housing Plans (IHHP). On September 21, 2011 HUD announced the award winners of nearly \$9 million in HOPWA funding for competitive grants. However, no New York City government agency or not-for-profit organization was awarded any funds.

Lead-Based Paint Lead Hazard Control Program

In April 2011 HUD issued a Notice of Funding Availability to fund applicants under HUD's Lead-Based Paint Lead Hazard Control Program. The purpose of the program is to assist states, Native American Tribes, and local governments in undertaking comprehensive programs to identify and control lead-based paint hazards in eligible privately owned housing for rental or owner-occupants.

New York City did not apply to this notice since HUD noted that applicants who were awarded either a Lead Hazard Control Grant or the Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant Program the prior round were ineligible to apply. As New York City was awarded a 2010 Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant, it was ineligible to apply for either grant.

Lead-Based Paint Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant Program

In January 2011, New York City was awarded the 2010 Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant for the maximum award of \$4.5 million.

In April 2011 HUD issued a Notice of Funding Availability to fund applicants under HUD's Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant Program. The purpose of the program is the same as the Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control, but the Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant Program is targeted for urban jurisdictions with the highest lead-based paint hazard control needs.

New York City did not apply to this notice since HUD noted that applicants who were awarded either a Lead Hazard Control Grant or the Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant Program the prior round were ineligible to apply. As New York City was awarded a 2010 Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant, it was ineligible to apply for either grant.

iv. State Funds

Affordable Homeownership Development Program

The Affordable Homeownership Development Program (AHDP) is administered by the Affordable Housing Corporation (AHC), a subsidiary corporation of the New York State Housing Finance Agency (HFA). This program provides grants that can be used for acquisition and/or rehabilitation (both substantial and moderate), home improvements, and new construction of owner-occupied housing units. Most of the new construction and acquisition/rehabilitation activities undertaken with AHDP funds serve first-time homebuyers. The Housing Partnership Development Corporation (HPDC) serves as an intermediary for the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD) and developers in applying for the AHC subsidies.

Most projects serve households at or between 80% and 175% of the area median income. Grants are available between \$25,000 and \$40,000 per unit, depending on income. Funds are awarded competitively based on the AHC's funding availability. AHDP funds are generally used in conjunction with HPD's Partnership New Homes, New Foundations and Cornerstone Programs to increase affordability. Each year, HPD uses the awarded AHDP funds to construct new homeownership units for moderate-income households. These monies in some instances are combined with City capital dollars. In addition, the City also provides the land, which is also considered a subsidy. HPD was awarded approximately \$3.41 million in AHDP funds in 2010. An additional \$5.37 million in AHDP funds have been awarded thus far in 2010. Since AHDP is a competitive grant program, the total amount HPD will be awarded in 2011 and 2012 has yet to be determined.

Homeless Housing and Assistance Program

The Homeless Housing and Assistance program expands the supply of housing for homeless persons through the provision of capital grants and loans for housing development and preservation. Grants are provided to not-for-profit organizations and may be used to develop emergency, transitional and permanent housing for the homeless. Eligible costs include land/building acquisition: capital improvements (rehabilitation and new construction); professional fees (i.e. architectural, legal); and other costs associated with project development.

Approved projects must be operated as homeless housing for a period of not less than twenty-five years and rents cannot exceed the public assistance shelter allowance or 30% of income. In SFY '11 – '12, \$30,000,000 is expected to be available statewide, including \$5,000,000 specifically dedicated for the development of housing for persons living with AIDS. SFY '11-'12 funding will be made available statewide via an Open Request for Proposals process which means that proposals will be accepted for consideration on a continuous basis until funds are no longer available for award. Because applications will be reviewed and awards considered in the order in which applications are received, the level of funding expected to be available for New York City projects and number of units to be developed cannot be estimated.

Low Income Housing Tax Credit

The low income housing tax credit is a means by which the federal government provides funding, indirectly, for the construction and rehabilitation of low-income housing. Developers (and their investors,) who build developments or rebuild buildings and rent to a specified percentage of low-income tenants, receive a credit against their federal income taxes. By federal statue, eligible projects must target at minimum 20 percent of the units to households earning less than 50 percent of the median income or in New York City at least 25 percent of its units to households earning less than 60 percent of the median.

There are two types of tax credits, 4% credits and the more valuable 9% credits. The 4% credits are available to projects that are financed through private activity bonds while the 9% credits that are awarded through a competitive process. To obtain 9% credits developers must apply to the state housing agency in which their project is located, which decides which projects will receive the limited pool of tax credits allocated to their state.

The State of New York delegates a portion of its allocation authority to the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development. HPD received approximately \$14.5 million in 2012 credit authority to

be allocated during the 2011 funding round. Since the State Division of Housing and Community Renewal can allocate credits to projects in New York City as well as throughout the rest of the State, additional projects may receive credits besides those allocated by HPD.

HPD has an Allocation Plan that specifies the criteria used to select projects for allocation. Points are awarded to those projects based on the degree to which they satisfy criteria such as amount of subsidy required, sponsorship by non-profit organizations, and housing those with very low income, and the homeless. Any developer can compete for tax credits available, and credits are awarded on a competitive basis, so it is impossible to know in advance which projects will receive credits in a given year. In practice, most low-income housing projects in New York City require not only tax credits but also additional public funds, such as low interest loans provided by the City.

Among the programs likely to utilize the tax credit as a funding source in calendar year 2012 are the Mixed Income Programs, Distressed Assets Program, Supportive Housing Loan Program and Participation Loan Program (PLP). Typically, HPD's tax credit allocations help fund rehabilitation or construction of approximately 1,000 low-income units per year.

Low Income Housing Trust Fund Program

This program was created to address the shortage of decent, affordable housing for low-income people. It provides funding to non-profit corporations, municipalities, counties, housing authorities, private developers and partnerships to build or rehabilitate housing or convert non-residential properties to house low-income homesteaders, tenants, tenant cooperators or condominium owners. It provides housing for the homeless and those with special needs, large families, the elderly and disabled, and persons with incomes with income less than 80 percent of median in New York City. Applications for funding are processed through the Division of Housing and Community Renewal's Unified Funding Application Process. At the time the Proposed Plan was released for comment, the State had yet to award any Trust Fund monies. Therefore, the total amount expected to be received is to be determined.

RESTORE Program

RESTORE, administered by the New York State Housing Trust Fund Corporation, is targeted to low-income elderly homeowners and provides grants and loans of up to \$7,500 per unit for emergency home repairs. Funds are made available to non-profit organizations and municipalities for projects. Applications are processed through notice of funds available. HTFC had yet to award any RESTORE monies. Therefore, the total amount expected to be received is to be determined.

v. City Funds

DHS City Funds

The City of New York is required to provide a dollar for dollar match to the ESG award. In the Variables chart, these funds are listed as City Expense Budget (matching ESG funds) \$7,908,520.

In addition to the required matching funds, the City of New York provides an additional \$289,931,579 in expense and capital funds. These funds are used for family facilities and for overall agency administration.

Not listed in the chart are the additional monies DHS receives, approximately \$213.8 million in Federal Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF). DHS also receives from the State of New York approximately \$107.3 million in Homeless Assistance Funds. The State dollars, along with the City funds are used for both single adult and family facilities and programs. A combination of all funding sources is dedicated to addressing the needs of homeless families and overall agency administration.

For a detailed description of how the City uses the funds listed above, see the Supportive Housing Continuum of Care for the Homeless section.

HPD City Funds

HPD Capital matching Federal Funds

HPD's total capital budget for calendar year 2012 from all funding sources (including HUD) is approximately \$571,715,000. Of that amount \$395,766,000 comes from the City. Of the City funds, **\$181,129,000** are scheduled for programs that use City funds in conjunction with Federal funds (CDBG, HOME, Section 8, etc.).

The remaining \$214,637,000 of City funds are used in programs that do not receive Federal funds. The City uses a portion of this \$181,129,000 figure to meet its 12.5% requirement to match HOME funds, in addition to using the appraised value of tax exemptions. The latest full year for which match data are available indicate that the City's match was \$41,151,815 as reported in the FY 2010 Match Report, published in the 2010 Consolidated Plan Annual Performance Report (APR). The City thus exceeded the 12.5% minimum, all of which was calculated as the cash value of Capital funds. Estimates for next year's match amount and the portion constituting the cash value of Capital funds are not available at this time.

HPD Expense matching Federal Funds

HPD's total expense budget for calendar year 2012 from all funding sources (including HUD) is approximately \$570,078,521. Of that amount approximately \$78,915,714 comes from the City (tax levy, Inter-Fund Agreement (IFA), and Intra-City). Of the City funds, approximately **\$42,172,342** is scheduled for programs that use City funds in conjunction with Federal funds (CDBG, HOME, Section 8, etc.). The remaining approximate \$36,743,372 of City funds are used in programs that do not receive Federal funds.

HPD Capital without Federal Funds

In Calendar Year 2011 HPD expects to budget approximately \$214,637,000 in programs that receive no Federal funds.

HPD Expense without Federal Funds

In Calendar Year 2012 HPD expects to budget approximately \$36,743,372 in programs that receive no Federal funds.

HPD Capital and Expense

As the primary housing agency in the City of New York, HPD has used both City capital and tax levy funds to develop housing programs to address the needs of low-and moderate-income households. Although the funds received from the federal government are an essential element in the City's housing policy, HPD has created over 10 housing programs with no direct federal funds for the purposes of increasing housing production and maintaining the existing housing stock through the following activities: new construction, substantial and

moderate rehabilitation, code enforcement, operating and maintenance costs, planning and administration, homeless prevention, infrastructure improvements, public service improvements, homeless assistance, rental assistance and other activities.

Non-federally funded HPD Programs

Affordable Housing Preservation (Year 15)

Home Improvement Program

Housing Preservation Initiative

New Housing Opportunities Program (NewHOP)

New York City Partnership New Homes Program

Senior Citizen Home Assistance Program (SCHAP)

Inclusionary Housing Tenant Support Services

Multifamily Rental Mod/Mid Urban Renewal

HRA City Funds

The amounts below reflect the City's FY12 adopted budget and include \$35,206,908 of HOPWA funding. HRA's HASA services are funded with a combination of the funding sources outlined below. In City Fiscal Year 2012, the total HASA budget is projected to be \$224.2 million for case management, housing, support services, and expenses.

In City Fiscal Year 2012, Projected City Tax Levy funding for HASA is approximately \$103.2 million.

HASA is also budgeted to receive the following additional money: approximately \$39.7 million in New York State matching funds; and \$81.3 million in federal funds. The numbers do not include expenditures for rental assistance and enhanced rental assistance, housing related special grants, or nutrition and transportation benefits, all of which are paid through public assistance, and not through HASA's budget.